No.30,923

engust 16 lg

Man : State of the state of the

- -----2 33x <u>cov</u>:

OUTN AFRICE

متنت زرز

Thursday August 17 1989

D 8523A

World News

Moscow and **Estonia** head for clash on election law

Another constitutional clash between Moscow and the Republic of Estonia appeared imminent after the Praesidi of the Supreme Soviet discussed the legality of a recently enacted Estonian elecrecently enacted Estoman elec-toral law. It appeared that the Supreme Soviet would publish a decree today declaring the law invalid. Page 2

Anti-aparthold talks South African anti-apartheid groups have called a national conference on October 7 to discuss holding negotiations with Pretoria over ending apartheid.

Falklands talks.

The UK and Argentina held their first formal talks since 1985 in New York in what British officials said was an effort "to establish the conditions and agenda for direct talks."

Chinese evade taxes China heavily fined CFTIC, the company that symbolises a decade of economic reforms and promotes foreign joint ventures, for tax evasion in a move that could mean hardliners are gaining in a power struggle. Page 3

Iran takes hard line The Iranian parliament chose Hojatoleslam Mehdi Karruhi, a hardliner known for his anti-Western views, as its new speaker to replace Hojatoles-lam Ali Akber Hashemi Rafsanjani, the newly elected executive President Page 3

Czech urges caution Prominent Czech dissident Vaclay Havel appealed to citizens not to resort to streef pro-tests on the August 21 aninver-sary of the 1968 Soviet invasion for fear of provoking street ---violence. Page 2

Contras released

The Nicaraguan Government released some of the 1,515 Contra prisoners held in Govern-

Chinese sinuctions
China's hardine premier Li
Peng, making his first econumic policy speech since the
army crushed a pro-democracy
campaign in June, said the
nation could thice out a tide
of Western spections of Western sanctions.

Republican deported Martin Galvin, the head of Norald which raises money for the IRA in North America. was deported from Britain after defying an order banning him from the UK.

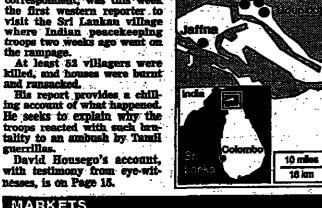
'Drug funds' freed West German police confiscated over \$20m that they believed belonged to Colom bian drug barons after a tip-off from US officials but a prosecutor overruled their action and released the money.

Atrocity in Sri Lanka

David Housego, the FT's Delhi correspondent, was this week the first western reporter to visit the Sri Lankan village where Indian peacekeeping troops two weeks ago went on

troops reacted with such bru-tality to an ambush by Tamil David Housego's account,

with testimony from eye-wit-nesses, is on Page 15.



MARKETS New Zealand Bardays Index

1800 L NTEREST RATES

US lunchtime Federal Funds 9% th Treasury Bills: FFr6.5600 (8.5775) yield: 8.205% (8.3) SFr1.6720 (1.6775 Long Bond: 9912 Y142.15 (98me) yield: 8.147% (8.195) close 1333% (same) \$378.6 (377.5)

STERLING New Y ne York lunch \$1.5820 (1.5775) \$1.5790 (1.5730) DM3.0675 (3.0625) .SFr2.8400 (2.8375) Y224.50 (223.75 DOLLAR

New York isnortime DM1,9888 (1.94) FFr6.5515 (6.5575) SFr1.68835 (1.6725) Y141.975 (141.96) DM1.9425 (1.9465) COLD

New York latest

1,962.0 (1,958.1) Brent 15-day (Argue) \$17.12 (-0.08) (Sept) West Tex Crude \$16,875 (-0.20)

35,084.15 (+273,46)

STOCK DIDICES

Dow Jones Ind. Av.

New York funchti

2.695.56 (+7.78)

345,42 (344,71)

2,345.8 (+19.6)

151.75 (Tue) .

S&P Comp

FT-SE 100

World:

Tokyo -

Franklurt

Business Summary

Wang halts payments on part of \$1bn debt

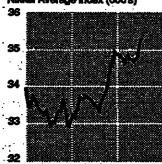
WANG Laboratories, once high-flying US computer company now in financial difficulties, stopped payments on part of its near-\$1bn debt as talks with its leading bankers ran into problems.

The move, which took Wall Street by surprise, raises questions about Wang's survival as an independent company. But analysts doubt that creditors will put the business into

tors will put the business into bankruptcy. Page 17

TOKYO stock exchange: Investors in the Tokyo market shook off the summer dol-drums and pushed the Nikkei

Japan · Nikkei Average index (000's)



Jun 1989 Aug 35.000 level for the first time. The index surged 273.46 to close at 35,084.15. Markets, Sec-

STANDARD Chartered, London-based banking group, reported a 248m (\$76.8m) loss for the half year after a £208m exceptional provision for prob-lem country loans. Page 17; Lex, Page 16

UK manufacturing: Govern-ment statisticians cut their estimate of the underlying growth rate in manufacturing output to 4% per cent a year in June, Page 6

LIBERTY Life, internationally minded South African life assurer, lifted net premium income by more than 20 per cent in the six months to June to R815.4m (\$298.7m) and its attributable profit by over 43 per cent. Page 18

UBE Industries, Japa chemicals, cement and machinery maker, released plans for an Y8bn (\$58m) factory in Mason, Ohio, to produce alu-minium wheels for American luxury cars. Page 4

CIBA-Geigy, Swiss chemmicals and pharmaceuticals producer, reported group net profits of SF11.38bn (\$823m) for the first half to June, the first time it has published interim earnings. Page 18

WESFARMERS, Perth-based agribusiness and industrial group, reported record annual profits of A\$58m (\$43.81m) but warned that less favourable business conditions ahead.

QUEBECOR, partner of Robert Maxwell, British publisher, in several Canadian ventures, hlamed a 24% drop in first-half earnings on declining news-print markets and greater than expected losses at its 16-month-old English language tabloid in Montreal. Page 20

the rampage. At least 52 villagers were

of particular countries. The most detailed complaints are levelled against

W Germany's 'eco-pragmatist'

Joschka Fischer, head

Greens, believes that

in the long-term indus-

try is the best friend of

the ecological move-

of the pragmatic

Page 16

Currencies

seeks greening of capitalism

Japan. The report states: "Formally, foreign banks in Japan enjoy national treatment in

while applying to all banks, hit foreign banks much harder, mainly because of the diffi-

facilities to foreign banks. The US is also singled out for restricting both the type and location of foreign bank operations. Some US states, the report points out, bar foreign banks altogether, or grant them only limited licences.

Technology: Shrinking the leviathan to fit new

UK supermarkets: Shopping around for a Arte: Some big shows at Salzburg Book reviews Hard politics' faustian deal 14 Editorial comments City of London faces up to Europe; Iran's confusing signals

UK competition laws White paper with too many holes Less Queens Moat; Standard Chartered; WH

Financial Futures 34 Raw Materials Stock Markets -Wall Street -London 38 27 Weather 16 38

Solidarity close to ending Communist monopoly on power

By John Lloyd in Warsaw

SOLIDARITY, the Polish opposition movement, last not Mr Walesa would accept night appeared to be on the brink of breaking the 40-year lead the first Polish Govern-Communist monopoly on power in Eastern Europe by leading a government in War-

After two days of intense negotiations, Mr Lech Walesa, Solidarity's leader, returned from Gdansk where he launched the independent trade union movement nine years ago and began a round of talks with his colleagues in Poland's newly-elected Parliament.

Solidarity's parliamentary leadership proposed Mr Walesa as Poland's next Prime Minis-

ter earlier in the day.

The proposal was contained in a statement given by the leadership to deputies of two small non-Communist political parties with which Solidarity has been trained to form a scell has been trying to form a coali-tion government following the collapse of efforts earlier in the week by the country's Commu-nist Party to form a govern-

Yesterday's historic events followed an appeal from Com-munist President Wojciech Jaruzelski for all political parties to come together to break the political impasse.

It was unclear whether or lead the first Polish Govern-ment not to be led by the Communist Party for 40 years. In the nine years since its birth, Solidarity has progressed

from a massive movement of workers' protest which shook the established order throughout Eastern Europe through outlawry to rehabilitation and now the threshold of power. The Solidarity leader guaransolidarity-led government would respect existing alliances (with the other socialist countries) and remain in the Warsaw Pact – a considerable but necessary concession to

but necessary concession to the fears of the Soviet Union, which last week expressed alarm and hostility to Solidarity's earlier proposals.

The Soviet Union gave its

apparent blessing to a Solidari-ty-led government last night. A Soviet government spokesman said in Moscow that Mr Walesa had shown good sense in stat-ing Poland's obligations to the Warsaw Pact, but Moscow was still worried about events "We think the statement made by Walesa was sensible, when he said that Solidarity

would take into account the fact that Poland is a member of the Warsaw Pact." Foreign Ministry spokesman Yuri Gremitskikh told a regular news conference. He noted that Mr Walesa had

WALESA PROPOSED AS POLISH PREMIER AS JARUZELSKI CALLS FOR UNITY

also pledged that the Commu-nists could keep the key defence and interior ministries in a coalition otherwise dominated by non-Communists.
The Executive Committee of

the United Peasants Party, whose 76 seats in the Polish Sejm (Lower House), would give Solidarity a thin majority, said last night that it approved the proposal made on August 7 by Mr Walesa to form a coalition government with the Peas-ants and the smaller Demo-

Shortly after the Peasants' executive issued the statement, the Democrats, with 27 Sejm

seats, followed suit.
The executive of both parties had been locked, in 35 degrees of heat, in day-long meetings and their statements showed every sign of being drafted with a program in a program by with one eye to approval by the formerly ruling Polish United Workers Party. The Peasants' executive

statement recognised a "quali-tative change" in Mr Walesa's position and stressed that this



constitutional crisis with deputy premier Treneusz Sekula during a parliamentary session v

new stance "creates a practical possibility of leading to a reformist government of national responsibility with the participation of all sides of the round table and all forces in Parliament."

This careful formulation would appear to be close to Mr Walesa's concept, which has evolved in the past two weeks from a Solidarity-only element through a Solidarity-Peasants-Democrat coalition to, earlier this week, a grand coalition including Communist ministers in at least the interior and defence ministries.

The Peasants and Demo-crats' statement followed decisions earlier yesterday of their parliamentary groups to collab-orate with Solidarity. The Peasants parliamentary group under Mr Alexander Bentkowski had shown themselves much more pro-Solidarity than

the party's executive under the presidency of Mr Roman Malinowski - although it now seems that the two factions have been brought into agreement thus opening the way to coalition.

Earlier yesterday, Mr Mieczyslaw Rakowski, the PUWP first secretary and former Prime Minister, commented with typical acerbity that the Communists were now locked into a "struggle for power" with Solidarity. However, General Czeslaw

Kiszczak, who resigned on Monday as Prime Minister after two weeks of failing to form a government, said he had done so to save the coalition with the Peasants and the Democrats - an apparent recognition that this could only be done if the Party renounced its hitherto unassailable leading

Philippines and creditor banks move closer on debt deal

By Norma Cohen

THE PHILIPPINE Government and the advisory committee of creditor banks said yesterday they had reached broad agreement on a plan to provide new bank financing and reduce the country's bank debt.

The proposal, along lines suggested in the so-called Brady plan put forward by Mr Nicholas Brady, the US Trea-sury Secretary, is said to differ significantly from a recent package announced for Mexico. In the case of the Manila deal, the options offered to banks call for voluntary participation only - making it unclear how much the Philip-pines will receive. Negotiators were said to have been seeking up to \$1.7bn when talks began

last month. The US Treasury Secretary said the Philippine agreement was expected to promote "significant" debt reduction and to provide new lending. Mr Brady hailed the agreement as further evidence of the workability of the plan for debt strategy which carries his name.

Some analysts noted, however, that the Manila arrange-ment puts less emphasis on debt reduction and more on new lending. Mr Brady said the financial package "demon-strated the versatility of the strengthened debt strategy." "Its ability to resolve financ-

ing needs on a case-by-case basis responds to the needs and circumstances of individual debtor countries," he The programme will consist

of a bond scheme to raise new money as well as a quasi-auc-tion system under which banks could tender their loans for redemption at a discount. The Philippines is believed

to be willing to buy paper back at roughly the current second-ary market price of 51 per cent of face value. The plan calls for all of the Philippines' \$13.2bn in commercial bank debt — which includes about \$3bn in

short-term trade finance - to be eligible for tendering.

Mr David Pflug, senior vice president of Manufacturers Hanover Trust and chairman of the Philippines bank advisory committee, said: "The options of debt reduction and new lending are really directed at two different categories of

Ceasefire call fails to halt Beirut shelling

By Lara Marlowe in West Belrut and Andrew Gowers in London

AN urgent ceasefire call from the UN Security Council failed yesterday to bring an end to shelling between Christian and on a settlement at the UN or in Moslem forces in Beirut, but raised faint hopes at least of a

raises tanti nopes at least of a temporary bull in the fighting. Apparently conciliatory statements from Major-General Michel Aoun, the Christian army commander whose troops have been fighting for a Syrian withdrawal from Lebanon since March, and from Syrian President Hafez al-Assad did little to encourage hopes of a halt to artillery harrages which have killed at least 140 in the

Gen Aoun announced he would respect the Security Conncil's call, issued late on Tuesday night, for an "immediate and total" ceasefire and a lifting of blockades in and

Syria did likewise. He also offered to negotiate with Syria on a settlement at the UN or in his headquarters in east Belrut. Syria, however, has consistently called for his overthrow and is certain to refer such and is certain to reject such

President Assad, in a mes-sage to Mr Giulio Andreotti, the Italian Prime Minister, promised to do his utmost "to silence the guns and promote, as far as possible, an inter Lab-anese agreement." But his mes-sage, replying to an Italian expression of concern about the fighting, made no mention of lifting the Syrian army's five-month-old siege of the Christian enclave centred on east Retrut.

Other Syrian official press

League mediators, who have tried for more than two months to find a political solu-tion to the Lebanese conflict, for not having blamed Gen Aoun for the latest fighting. Syrian Government newspapers vowed that the country would resist all foreign pres-sure to withdraw its estimated

40,000 troops from Lebanon.
"I don't think it will solve anything," Mr Walid Jumblatt, the Druze leader who is allied with Syria, said of the Security Council's appeal. "It changes nothing."
Tuesday night's statement -

the first formal pronouncement on the Lebanese crisis by the Security Council since the latest phase of the conflict began was issued after an initiative by Mr Javier Perez de comments criticised Arab Cuellar, the UN Sec-

The Council appealed "to all The Council appealed "to all the parties to put an immediate end to all operations and to all firing and shelling on land and sea," and to open lines of communication and lift sieges between the two sides of Lebanon's divided capital. non's divided capital. However, the states

retary-General.

not appear to presage a fresh UN attempt at mediation in Lebanon, deferring instead to the efforts of a tripartite Arab League committee, comprising Algeria, Morocco and Saudi Arabia. This group has already admitted failure, and western diplomats acknowledge that there is little prospect of its achieving any more progress in the foreseeable future. There is a chance, however, that it may resume negotiations within the next few days, building on the

design values.

Country by 1993.

Security Council statement's careful wording which did not blame either side.

As usual, the warring parties in Beirut seemed to be taking advantage of the relative calm to prepare for the next round of fighting. A truck leaded

of fighting: A truck loaded with artillery shells could be seen driving towards the Souk al-Gharb front line yesterday morning. Syrian troops were reported to be massing more troops and armour at several positions along the border of the Christian enclave. Traffic on the highway lead-

ing south from Beirut was heavy with refugees from the fighting. Cars were loaded with mattresses, refrigerators, stoves and generators. In the Mar Elias quarter, Shia Moslem refugees were packing bed-Continued on Page 16

banks - those that wish to exit from the process as proposed to those that have determined to maintain their credit rela-Continued on Page 16

EC bankers identify possible targets for reciprocal action

By David Lascelles, Banking Editor, in London

THE European Community banking industry has identified 26 non-EC countries which impose restrictions on the activities of foreign banks, making them possible candi-dates for reciprocal action once the new EC banking regula-tions come into force.

The Second Banking Direc-

tive, being finalised in Brus-sels, will give the EC power to restrict or bar banks from countries which discriminate against EC banks, or do not accord them "national treatment" by putting them on a level with domestic banks. The list of offending coun-tries has been drawn up by the EC's Banking Federation, a Brussels-based trade group representing the interests of banks in the Community. Mr Umberto Burani, the fed-

eration's president, stressed yesterday that the list was intended as a survey of restrictions and not as an indictment

CONTENTS

many fields. For a variety of reasons, however, they have only limited access to the Japa-The report points out that many Japanese restrictions,

culty of accessing local funding markets. As examples it cites interest rate controls which favour local banks with large branch networks, the limitations of the interbank money market, and the denial of certain central bank refinancing

Canada and Australia are cited for imposing tight restrictions on the volume of foreign banking activity, as are Nor-

way and Sweden. In Asia, the report lists a number of countries who either limit foreign bank activity or issue no foreign bank licences at all. These are China, Singapore, South Korea Taiwan, India, Indonesia, Mal aysia, Pakistan and Thailand. In Latin America, Argentina Brazil and Mexico all impose limitations on foreign banks.

The report says that in addition to the countries named, foreign banks are subject in some countries to discriminatory fiscal regulations. The new Banking Directive requires the Commission to

identify countries which discriminate against EC banks and embark on regotiations to obtain equal treatment. If negotiations fail, the EC could then restrict or bar banks from those countries wishing to establish themselves in the EC. However, this action could not be taken retroactively against banks which had already been granted licences.

When vou're planning a new housing development, working from reclaimed industrial land does have its advantages. You're starting with a dean slate — so you can pioneer new quality standards and inventive Our concept for Tividale Quay was inspired by canals. It will feature a newly constructed canal basin and create unique vistas across a landscaped green, to the restored and revitalised quay and canal frontage. And it will contribute some of the 2000 new homes destined for the Black TIVIDALE HOUSING The area's retail and leisure

developments are showing Successful equal imagination; a new multiscreen Showcase Cinema now complements the Habitat/Do It Ali plaza beside the M6. Construction of the Mark developer. Construction of the Mark d you needn't be in a rut. Channel your energies needn't follow into the Black Country. the usual

Black Country House, Rounds Green Road, Oldbury, West Midlands 869 2DG. Tel: 021-511 2000. Fax: 021-544 5710

To: Black Country Development Corporation, Rounds Green Road, Oldbury, West Midlands 869 2DG.

HOUSE TENTINE ADOLE I	manarchic octolopmen	r obbournings and send use long 1200	NOS (icpoir a Accounts
lame		Position Position	FT 17 8 89
Organisation			PT 17 8 82
ddress			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	Telephone	

Poles urged to procure own food amid near-panic

By John Lloyd in Warsaw

CONDITIONS approaching panic among Poland's consumers have stirred the Government to let its citizens supply themselves - it has urged them to drive into the countryside, buy produce from farmers and market it in the towns. The present monopolies over

shops are declared abolished. It has ordered all food stocks to be cleared from stores and put on the market, in an apparent once and for all effort to fill the empty shelves.

The stores include stocks

held in warehouses, farming centres, import depots, and — the deepest cut of all — provisions destined for the special shops where the privileged buy their goods.

The authorities have also exhorted the district councils to keep open enough shops to serve the population, even if what they offer is meagre.

In one particularly horrific case publicised on television,

one small grocery in Katowice was found to be serving the needs of 120,000 people - all the others were shut up for holidays.

The supply of food is now the subject of endless com-plaint and anxiety. Meat prices, which have risen several times since the subsidies on almost all foods were removed on August 1, are expected to go up again sharply in the next day or so. The Government's plea that consumers take matters into their own hands has been echoed by Mr Stefan Bratkowski, a prominent Solidarity commentator. In the movement's daily paper, Gazeta Wyborcza, he called for the destruction of the huge bureaucracy which intervenes between the farm and

Mr Bratkowski said that proportionately there were five times more of these drones than in the West, and 11 times more than in Japan - but Poland had fewer shop assis-tants than anywhere else in

In the past few days both the Solidarity paper and the Warsaw evening paper have carried stories of elderly shoppers dying in queues - and o queuers stepping over them fearful of losing their places. A debate yesterday in the Sejm (lower house) on the nation's finances brought no relief. Mr Jerzy Pakula, presi-dent of Poland's national bank,

By a majority of 244, the Seim decided to reject the budget presented by Mr Andrzej Wroblewski, the Finance Minister Philips of the Private Philips of the Priva ister. This means the Govern-ment now needs the Sejm to

Havel warns on street protests By Leslie Colitt in Berlin

By Tim Dickson in

A ROW is brewing in Belgium which threatens to make the country's language squabble seem like a Sunday afternoon tea party.

At stake is the famous Belgian "frite" (or chip) – a food served in large quantities with everything.

Needless to say the row involves two men, one Flemish and the other Walloon, both of whom claim to have invented

the "hexagonal" chip. The Flemish combatant. according to Belgium's news Stroobandt, a Bruges potato merchant, who invited the press to a first tasting of his

new product yesterday.
It was only then that a certain Giuseppe Bonsignore of Liege chipped in with an angry age explaining with some forcefulness and much documentation that he was the author of the six-sided chip, that he had asked for the invention to be registered in September 1987 and that it had indeed been registered on May 16 this year. He had even received a medal for his efforts at the Eureka 87 exhibition, he

Back in Bruges Mr Stroobandt declared that he had registered his chip at the patent and trade mark office in the Hague. So there.

Belga, meanwhile, also reported yesterday that the University of Gent had carried out a study on the hexagonal chip which concluded that the taste of the new product "is much more pronounced" than its four-sided poor relation, notably "because the contact zones between the chip and the fat are signficantly reduced".

More glasnost in phone book

Muscovites who now have to rely on word-of-mouth for the telephone numbers of foreign embassies will soon be able to let their fingers do the walk-ing, according to the Tass news agency, Reuter reports. The limited telephone books available in Moscow are being expanded by 20,000 entries and will now include embassy numbers, it said.

Telephone books are in short supply and list various establishments but do not include individuals' home numbers. The books will apparently still not include personal numbers for Moscow's estimated 9m res

Armenian archives

Turkey's Ottoman Empire archives on the Armenians. opened three months ago in a ranfare of publicity, have failed to attract a single foreign scholar, Reuter reports. Turkey opened 17 volumes of documents covering the Armenian question from 1691 to 1894 last May, saying they would refute Armenian charges that 1.5m members of the community were massacred earlier this

blamed the worsening budget deficit on the outgoing Govern-ment and said he had "appealed many times to the Government to take a grip on the budget".
Mr Pakula said that the budget deficit stood at the end of June at about Zl 3.4 trillion (million million).

pass extraordinary measures for its financing to be legal.

Chips are down in frites battle

PROMINENT Czech dissident

Mr Vaclav Havel has appealed to citizens not to resort to street protests on the August 21 anniversary of the 1968 Soviet invasion, because he fears the Communist authorities would use demonstrations to provoke street violence.
The Czech authorities had

earlier warned Mr Havel, the country's leading playwright, and many other prominent members of the independent opposition to stay away from Prague on the anniversary of

the Soviet occupation.
Rude Pravo, the party newspaper, carried a statement by the official human rights committee calling on the populational" activities, which it said

would not solve problems. The authorities had earlier told Mr Havel and other opposition members to leave Prague for the anniversary, which trig-gered large demonstrations against the country's conserva-tive leadership last year. Mr Havel has been interro-

gated repeatedly in recent weeks in connection with a petition, signed by more than 15,000, which called for civil liberties and a reass the 1968 invasion.

Meanwhile, Mr Stanislav Devaty, a prominent signatory of the Charter 77 independent human rights movement, was still in custody in Prague. He was detained on August 4, on suspicion of preparing to break

Rotterdam rules on toxic waste

A ROTTERDAM court yesterday ordered that toxic zinc waste turned away by Brazil in July should returned to its original owners - Belgium, Italy and Denmark, Reuter

reports from The Hague.
The court ruled that the Dutch company Magnus Inter-national must remove the 2,000 tonnes of toxic waste from the Dutch port where it has been stored after environmentalists and Brazilian officials prevented its disposal in Brazil.

The court said the company

would be fined \$50,000 a day if it did not remove the danger-ous chemicals within two

Magnus shipped 1,000 tonnes of toxic waste from Denmark and Belgium to Brazil in June. The ship, the Pro Americana, was forced to return to Rotter-dam after Brazilian authorities refused it entry, saying the vessel carried chemicals which the importer was not licensed to process.

Another 1,000 tonnes from Italy and Belgium was pre-vented by Greenpeace, the environmentalist group, from being loaded onto a second vessel destined for Brazil.

The ruling was a victory for the Dutch Environment Ministry, which appealed to the court to have the waste removed.

Belgium and Denmark have already agreed to take back their own waste.

Kremlin in feud over Estonian law THE SOVIET Government last night rushed headlong into a constitutional feud with the

Estonia by decreeing that a new Estonian electoral law was "at odds with the USSR constitution."
The Praesidium of the Supreme Soviet in Moscow passed a decree stating that

"the respective articles of these laws do not correspond to the USSR Constitution and the international legal commit-ments of the USSR." The law, which was passed last week by the Estonian Supreme Soviet, effectively disfranchises ethnic Russians living in the republic from voting in local elections. It is the lat-

est indication by the national-ist leadership in the republic that it does not feel bound by

any ethnic or political ties to the USSR. Last week, the Russian minority in the republic retali-

ated by calling a strike in which 40,000 workers have failed to work for the last seven days at around 40 enterprises in the region, and transport has been severely dis-

The Praesidium's decree, which the Soviet news agency Tass notes was signed by Presi-dent Gorbachev, says that the Estonian laws "violate human

Estonian laws "violate human rights which are recorded in the international legal acts ratified by the USSR."

The Praesidium also indicates that it expects the Estonian law to be submitted for ratification by the national Supreme Soviet before October

Yesterday's move by the Kremlin comes at a sensitive moment in its relations with the Baltic states, where nationalist Popular Front movements are preparing to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the signing of the Molotov-Ribben-trop next Wednesday.

The pact is regarded by the local nationalists as the war-

rant which allowed Stalin to americ the independent states of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania in 1940. Huge demonstrations, even by recent stan-dards, are expected in all three republics on 23 August.

However, by issuing the decree now the Soviet leader-

ship is showing its determina-tion to support the ethnic Rus-sians in the Baltics in the face of harassment from the strong nationalist movements. The Kremlin may also intend

this latest move to show that it will not tolerate more nationalwill not tolerate more natural-ist demonstrations by groups in the republic of Moldavia.

Tass reported last night that workers in the Moldavian city of Tiraspol held a two-hour warning strike in protest at the possibility that Moldavian may

be about to replace Russian as the official language of the republic. That would be a severe blow to workers in sevwii

erai towns where ethnic Russians predominate. In Lithuania, a strike by Russian workers has been planned from September 5 in protest at a proposed law defining Lithuanian citizenship.

Soviet television showed an extensive recording of yesterextensive recording of yester-day's Praesidium session after last night. Among the stron-gest attacks on the Estonian law was one made by Mr Ana-toly Lukyanov, the Politburo member who chaired the ses-

"You can imagine what would happen if each republic limited itself to protecting the rights of the native population only," he said. "It is important to protect the rights of all nationalities before the consti-

Britain seeks new partners for advanced short-range air-to-air weapon project

Bonn pulls out of missile venture with UK

By David White in London and David Goodhart in Bonn

A demonstrator waves the Azerbaijani flag during a rally in Bakn for control over the disputed region of Nagorno-Karabakh

DEFENCE relations between Britain and West Germany have suffered another setback with Bonn's withdrawal from a joint development programme for a new air-to-air missile. for a new air-to-air missile.

The project, Advanced Short-Range Air-to-Air Missile (Asraam), has already suffered long delays and is now in some doubt.

The West German Defence Ministry refused to comment

yesterday on a report in Jane's Defence Weekly, the specialist magazine, that Bonn had given notice it was withdrawing funding from the venture.

British officials confirmed, however, that new partners were being sought to replace the West German contribution.

British Aerospace, the project's

prime_contractor, is due to

meet US and European manu-

facturers in the next few days

HUNGARIAN authorities yesterday gave permission for a tent city to be built in Buda-

pest to house about 100 East Germans seeking to emigrate to the West, AP reports from

Mr Csilla von Boeselager, president of the Hungarian

Maltese Caritas Organisation

said in an interview about 20 military tents would be erected

today on a camping ground in

a working-class district in the Pest part of Budapest.

can shelter up to 350 people

the state news agency MTI said. They will house some of

the hundreds of East Germans

most of them in Budapest illegally after overstaying their visas – who were moved to a churchyard from their make-

shift camp outside the West

German consulate. Some East Germans began

round-the-clock vigils outside

the consulate last month in

hopes of getting help to emi-grate to West Germany.

Bonn Government officials said that 141 adults and 40 chil-dren were in the West German

Embassy. Hundreds more are

said to have gone underground rather than return home.

East Germany and Hungary are Warsaw Pact allies, and Hungarian officials have pri-vately acknowledged that East German attempts to use Hun-gary as a springboard to the West is leading to tensions with East Berlin

Officially, the Hungarian Government insists that the affair is strictly between the

two Germanies. But a West German diplomat said that the Hungarians are doing what they can to help the East Ger-

"The tent city OK comes offi-

cially from the mayor of Buda-pest, but it's clear that the (Hungarian) interior and for-

eign ministries were con-sulted," said the diplomat on

East Germans have a right to West German citizenship under West German law. But

condition of anonymity.

with East Berlin.

man asylum seekers.

The tents, sent with cots by

to try to find risk-sharing part-The officials said the meeting was to "make good short-falls," implying that the UK

was not prepared to assume all

the development costs of the

West Germany had been expected to fund more than 40 per cent of development, with minor participation by Norway and Canada. Bonn has been reviewing its priorities to fit a flat defence budget of DM54.47bn (£17.8bn) for 1990, increasing only in line with inflation. Procurement expen-diture is set to fall by 4.5 per

The missile is planued under a multi-billion dollar US-Euro-pean collaborative programme to meet Nato missile requirements to succeed the current short-range Sidewinder and

Budapest allows tent city for refugees

medium-range Sparrow, known in its British version as Sky

The weapons are part of the armament foreseen for the four-nation European Fighter Aircraft, now under develop-ment. However, the future of the EFA has been called into question as a result of a still-unresolved dispute between the UK and West Germany over the choice of a radar. Reports in Bonn suggest it is

increasingly unlikely that the Government will take the 250 aircraft originally planned. These industrial conflicts have coincided with problems between Bonn and London on

defence policy issues. The two governments took opposite sides in the Nato row on the future of short-range nuclear missiles in Europe, which culminated in a compromany, particularly low-flying by the RAF.

Asraam, a wingless, infra-red guided missile, was originally due for service in the late 1980s, but production is not now scheduled until the mid-1990s. Project definition was completed almost two years ago, but a go-ahead for full-scale development is still

awaited.

Last August, the UK took over the chief role in the project. In exchange, West Garmany was to become the "pilot nation" for European production of the US-developed medians where citator missile. um-range sister missile,

British Aerospace became prime contractor for the short-range Asraam in place of

mise at the Alliance summit in May. They have also diverged on training needs in West German-based joint westure in which it was a partner with Bodenseewerk Gerätener wit technik.

The West German company was to continue in the project, however, as a principal sub-contractor. The two manufacturers have already co-operated on European production of the Sidewinder.

UK officials said then that a decision on full-scale development was expected to take "a

few more months."
One of the main uncertainties hanging over the pro-gramme is that the US has made no commitment to buy

On the other hand, the UK and West Germany are both committed to the mediumrange Amraam, for which Hughes is the US prime con-tractor.

E Germany warns Bonn over asylum

EAST Germany warned Bonn yesterday bilateral relations would suffer if West Germany did not stop sheltering East Germans in its diplomatic mis-sions, Reuter reports from

It was East Germany's strongest protest yet to Bonn over the refugee crisis.

There are more than 150 many's embassy in Budapest and 116 in its mission in East Berlin. Others are in Prague, Belgrade and Warsaw, all seeking exit visas to the West.

The official news agency
ADN said the East German

Foreign Ministry called in Bonn's permanent representative to protest against West Germany's attempts to help East Germans wanting to leave. Despite the sharp pro-test, the East German leadership has signalled readiness to start diplomatic negotiations with Bonn on resolving the refugee crisis, West German gov-

ugee crisis, West German government sources said.

They said East Berlin conveyed the message to Bonn officials by telephone after a meeting of East Germany's ruling Politburo. It was in response to a letter from Mr Heimut Kohl, West German Chancellor, to Mr Erich Honecker, the East German leader urging diplomatic contacts to settle the problem. There have been no talks on formal diplomatic level since the refugee crisis began at the the refugee crisis began at the start of the month.

Ten of the East Germans camped out in Bonn's Buds-pest embassy left the building and returned to East Germany after being assured their emi-gration applications would be seriously treated back home. East Berlin objects to Bonn's refusal to recognise a separate Fact Corman nationality it

East German nationality. It also objects to Bonn's view that all Germans are entitled to a West German passport and residence in the West.

Non-nuclear policy under assault in Sweden

By Robert Taylor in

SWEDEN'S ruling Social Democrats are coming under mounting pressure from their powerful blue-collar trade union allies to change the country's non-nuclear policy under which all 12 atomic power stations will be closed by 2010.

The issue will be discussed tomorrow, when party leaders present a wide-ranging document on the future of social democracy in the 1990s.

The paper - a curtain-raiser for next year's Social Democrat party congress - is not expected to call for the outright rejection of the non-nuclear strategy, but it will almost certainly cast doubt on the wisdom of what has been agreed.

Union leaders have strong representation in the working party which has drawn up the report.

report.
The blue-collar unions, which are co-ordinated by the LO confederation, fear that the Government's commitment to phasing-out nuclear power, due to start in 1995-1996 with the closure of two plants, will have a serious impact on

They also argue that the energy policy has objectives which appear to be

On the one hand, the aim is is also intended to cut, by the mid-1990s, current levels of carbon dioxide and sulphur dioxide emissions as well as prohibiting the exploitation of more rivers in the north to provide hydro-electric power. At the same time, however. the Social Democrats continue to affirm their commitment to the principle of economic

The debate on nuclear power, which has provoked bitter divisions in Swedish politics over the past decade, is likely to be further exacerbated by the union action, which is backed discreetly by private sector Six separate inquiries are already in session, each looking at the most effective alternative energy resources. But, by common consent, time is running out for any significant shift in direction. The crucial decisions will have to be taken by next spring if the closure of the first two power stations at Ringhals and Barsebaeck are to go sheed.

Wallenberg hope

A MEMBER of the group probing the disappearance of Swedish diplomat Raoul Wal-Swemsn diplomat naom war-lenberg at the end of World War Two said yesterday they hoped to press Soviet officials to release more information about his fate, Reuter reports from Stockholm.

European Court gives the bird in case of West German dyke

Hungarian border guards only

allow them to leave Hungary if they have entry visas issued by

Hungarian consulates in West

Germany, making the pass-ports useless so far.

Passports had been issued at the West German consulate

By Tim Dickson in Brussels

FEATHERS WERE well and truly ruffled in Brussels yes-terday when the European Court of Justice rejected a claim by the European Commission that work on a large dyke project in north-west Germany threatened to harm the area's bird life.

The Commission had asked the court to halt construction work immediately on the grounds that the Bonn Government was contravening an EC directive of 1979 relating to the conservation of wild birds. The case concerned the area round the bay of Leybucht, north of Emden, long a breed-

ing and feeding ground for

various species of bird, notably for the avocet. Leybucht was created a special protec-tion zone by the Lower Saxony

in 1985. The Commission in its submission maintained that the work - phase four of a pro-gramme initiated in late 1985 involved significantly reducing the space for wildlife and thus reducing the numbers of certain species covered by the 1979 directive. It was also claimed that plans were afoot for a tourist project. This was denied by the Bonn

Government, which maintained that storms in 1953, 1962 and 1976 had demon-

strated that the dykes were not sufficiently strong and that reinforcements were required. Measures necessary to protect the coastline took precedence over measures to protect birds, even in protec-

tion zones.

A couple walk past East Germans camping near the West German consulate in Budapest yesterday

here until last Friday. But Bonn officials decided to close

the consulate and embassy

indefinitely Monday, saying diplomats there could not han-

dle the crush of East Germans seeking help in leaving their communist homeland.

Giving its reasons yesterday the European Court said that figures produced by the Lower Saxony authorities showed that most of the avocets in question had disappeared before the contested work had begun, and that the Commission had not been able to jus-tify its claim that large num-bers of tourists would disturb the hird life.

Hackers indicted on suspected espionage

THREE West German computer backers have been indicted for providing the Soviet KGB with information from military and industrial computers in the United States, Britain and 10 other countries, AP reports from Frankfurt.

Hungary, one of the most lib-eral Soviet bloc countries, began removing barbed wire and other barriers from its

western border with Austria in May, leading to a rash of illegal

escapes by East Germans to Austria.

Mr Kurt Rebmann, the chief federal prosecutor, said the case represented his office's first prosecution of computer hackers for endangering national security.

Mr Rebmann said the three men were indicted "on suspicion of espionage activities for the Soviet intelligence agency KGR." The West German Gov-ernment has called the break-up of the spy ring "a

major blow" to the Soviets.
The chief federal prosecutor identified the men only by their first name and the first initial of their last name, in keeping with West German

Mr Rebmann said the hackers provided the Soviets with "information from and passwords to a large number of computer systems in the research, industrial and military area.

After the three men were arrested in March, West Germany's ARD television network reported that at the bidding of Soviet agents, the computer hackers gained access to a key US Defense Department computer known

FINANCIAL TIMES

Published by the Financial Times (Europe) Ltd., Frankfurt Branch, represented by E. Hugo, Frankfurt/Main, and, as members of the Beard of Directors, F. Barlow, R.A.F. McClean, G.T.S. Damer, A.C. Miller, D.E.P. Palmer, London, Frinter: Frankfurt/Main, Responsible editor: Sir Geoffrey Owen, Financial Times, Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL. The Financial Times Ltd, 1999.

PINANCIAL TIMES, USPS No 190640, published daily except Sundays and holidays. US subscription rates \$365.00 per annum. Second-class postage and at New York NY and at additional mailing offices. POSTMASTER. send address change to: FINANCIAL TIMES, 14 East 60th Street, New York, NY 10022.

Financial Times (Scandinavia) Ltd, Ostergade 44, DK-1100 Copenhagen-K, Denmark. Telephone (01) 13 44 41. Fax (01) 935335.

OVERSEAS NEWS

Politicians trade insults over Australian budget

By Chris Sherwell in Sydney

AUSTRALIAN financial markets reacted calmly to yesterday's poor balance of pay-ments figures and Tuesday's sober budget, as political lead-ers traded insults over the

Hit-nuclea

FICY under

्र १६ ह. तुसा

ा देवती हैं Sylot ।व

Coming to Coming to Coming to Control to Con

211176

5 1277 Pa

ा भारति विक्

100 263

All and the second seco

5 - 1656 Te

- - ಬಿತ್ರಾಕ

1 × 100 × 150 Eg

215

্ কোন

cauza in

A 7.21

- - - - - - F

1 2 kg

12 Z

TO STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF TH

... तांत्र हा ^{क्रा}

 $a_{i} \approx 10^{-12} \, \mathrm{G}$

The current account deficit was put at A\$1.7bn(£817m) in July, the first month of the new 1989-90 fiscal year. Though high even by recent standards, it was lower than expected and in line with government projections on Tuesday of a record A\$18.5bn for the year. The budget itself, which fore-shadowed a record A\$9.1bn fed-

eral government surplus and longer-term reforms of retire-ment and industry policies, was broadly well received for continuing a firm squeeze on demand while leaving the way open for a future easing of monetary policy. But opinions differed on its

likely impact. Mr Paul Keating, the federal Treasurer, insisted it would ensure a "soft landing", while Mr John Hewson, the shadow Treasurer, said the Treasury had built in the possibility of a recession in the sec-ond half of the fiscal year with unemployment rising.

He also pointed to yesterday's payments figures to underline his assertion that Mr Keating's budget strategy had "no answer" to the balance of payments problem. "The best you can say is that they tried to slow the economy and

pray," he said.

Mr Keating challenged the opposition Liberal and National party coalition to produce its own detailed and costed expenditure and taxa-

tion plans. He lambasted his opponents' record, calling them "emaciated intellectual wrecks".

Some companies did echo Mr Hewson's accusation that Mr Keating was "raping the corpo-rate sector" with his order to them to bring forward their payments of corporate tax and make PAYE payments twice a month instead of once - measures which are boosting the projected surplus by A\$1.3bn.
Figures from Coles Myer, the country's largest retail and biggest employer, suggested it would have to borrow around A\$67m extra to meet the PAYE

requirements, at a cost of around A\$7m net. As for the budget announcement of a halt to government Treasury Bond tenders and the start of a reverse tender programme to repurchase bonds, it was generally agreed yester-day that these moves would entail alterations to key hank liquidity ratios and intensify

interest in semi-government and corporate bonds.
On the foreign exchanges the closely watched Australian dollar finished at 58.9 on a tradeweighted basis (May 1970–100), down from 59.3 on the day but still within the 58-60 range dictated by Reserve Bank interventions since May.

Money market reaction was even more subdued. Interest rates on 90-day bills were unchanged at 17.98 per cent, and the rate on the 10-year bond weakened marginally to 12.96 from 12.98. The weekly Reserve Bank tender saw mar-ginally higher yields on 90-day and 180-day bills.

Kaunda warns Pretoria and ANC on 'collision course'

By Nicholas Woodsworth in Lusaka

PRESIDENT Kenneth Kanada of Zambia has warned that South Africa and the African National Congress (ANC) are headed on a "collision course" and called on the Organisation of African Unity and Western nations to help in defusing ten-

sions in southern Africa. Speaking in the Zambian capital of Lusaka, where the ANC has its headquarters, President Kaunda said in a press conference yesterday that the region had arrived at a critically important moment." Unless positive steps were taken he expected an "explo-sion" in South Africa before

the end of next year.

Mr Kaunda's warning came in the wake of bitter attacks in South Africa on acting President F.W. de Klerk for his decision to hold talks with Mr Kaunda at the end of this month. Mr P.W. Botha, who resigned a president on Mon-day night, and right-wing oppo-

By Maggie Ford in Secui

A recovery in manufacturing

A recovery in manuacturing investment and a pick-up in exports in the second half is likely to produce an annual growth rate for South Korea of 7.7 per cent, according to a report published yesterday.

The Korea Development institute a Government expo-

Institute, a Government eco-nomic think-tank, said the sta-

bilisation of exchange rates and the end of labour disputes

should produce growth in

sition politicians in South Africa, have accused Mr Kaunda of providing protection to the outlawed ANC. Mr Kaunda declined to discuss speculation that he would play a mediating role between the ANC and Pretoria in his talks with Mr de Klerk. But in an interview after the press conference, he told South Africa's state-run radio that the meeting with Mr de Klerk was the beginning of an impor-tant period of bridge-building in southern Africa.

He said that the question of negotiations would be dis-cussed at an OAU committee meeting in the Zimbabwean

capital of Harare on August 21. The President told the press conference that he did not understand why Mr Botha whom he referred to as "my dear old friend," had resigned over Mr De Klerk's plans to meet him in Livingstone, Zam-bia on August 28.

S Korean growth of 7.7% forecast

The South Korean currency.

the won, has appreciated by

more than 20 per cent against

the US dollar over the past two years, reducing price competi-tiveness, especially in low cost export industries such as toys

The surplus on the current

and footwear.

Indonesian growth outstrips expectations

INDONESIA'S economy grew by 5.7 per cent in 1988, Presi-dent Suharto announced yes-terday, outstripping earlier growth forecasts and further underlining the success of the reforms

In an Independence Day

culated at around 4 per cent by Bappenas, the Planning Minis-try. This compared with 3.7 per cent in 1987. Economists say 5 per cent growth is the bare minimum to absorb those joining the job market.

In a two-hour speech broad-cast on state media the President predicted Indonesia's Gross Domestic Product, a measure of a country's output of goods and services, to average 5.9 per cent during the cur-

and finance sectors. The main thrust of reform

has been on efficiency and competition, encouraging the

riers and several trade monopolies have been dismantled.

to foreign investors and invest-ment licensing has been streamlined. In June the Gov-

raised capital adequacy requirements and brought in new limits on inter group lending by private banks. Largely in response to

years. However according to officials new foreign investment commitments also rose in 1988, up 200 per cent to reach reached \$4bn. This compares with a low of just \$826m in 1986. Manufacturing now

speaker By Kamran Fazel in Tehran and Victor Mailet in

London

Rafsanjani

deputy to

be Iranian

THE Iranian parliament yesterday chose Hojatoleslam Mehdi Karrubi, a hardliner known for his anti-Western views, as its new speaker to replace Hojatoleslam Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, the newly

elected executive president. With Iranian clerics and politicians still jockeying for position before a cabinet reshuffle by Mr Rafsanjani, it was not immediately clear whether Mr Karrubi's appointment was

He defeated Hoiatolesiam Ali Akbar Nategh Nouri, the relatively moderate former Interior Minister, by 147 votes to 92 It is possible that the post of Majlis speaker will eventually go to the late Ayatollah Khomeini's son Ahmad, who must first become a member of parliament in a by-election. But Mr Karrubi was a loyal deputy speaker under Mr Rafsanjani and may be able to retain the

The Majlis is always anxious to assert its power, and will probably reject one or more of Mr Rafsanjani's cabinet choices to demonstrate its

independence. Mr Karrubi, aged 52, joined Khomeini's movement in 1963 and was imprisoned six times under the Shah. He is said to have led the anti-Western demonstrations in Mecca two years ago which prompted clashes between pilgrims and Saudi security forces. More than 400 people were killed.

In what appeared to be a swipe at the hardline faction in the Iranian government, a group of MPs yesterday called for the impeachment of Mr Behzad Nabavi, the Heavy Industries Minister, over alleged corruption at a vehicle

assembly plant. Managers at the Tehran fac-tory which assembles Renaults were accused of taking bribes and foreign currency payments to put customers at the top of the waiting list for new cars. Mr Nabavi has already denied that he was involved in any

On Tuesday Ayatollah Khamenei, the new revolutionary leader, appointed Ayatollah Mohammad Yazdi to head the judiciary. He is regarded as a religious conservative, but he also opposes state domination of the economy.

Christina Lamb adds: Mr Yaqub Khan, Pakistan's For eign Minister, arrived in Tehran yesterday where he is expected to mediate in indirect US-iran talks on the issue of Western hostages held by Shias in Lebanon.

Reports that Pakistan, which has good relations with both countries, could act as an intermediary, have been played down by officials in Washing-ton and Islamabad, and the **Bush Administration would** not want to engage in steps that would undermine their position of "no bargaining with

st he is anxious to begin a gest he is anxious to begin a dialogue with post-Khomeini Iran that might lead to the

By John Murray Brown in Jakarta

country's recent economic

address before the National Assembly President Suharto said the economy had recovered "robustly" since the fall in the price of oil, previously Indonesia's leading export and main source of government

Growth had earlier been cal-

rent five-year plan to 1993.

The markedly improved GDP figures follow an official recalculation of the performance of

key industrial sectors particularly in private manufacturing. Bankers say the figures reflect the sharp increase in non-petroleum exports, in response to the Government's recent series of reforms in trade, investment

private sector and reducing the dominant role of the state and a few powerful private interests in the economy. In an effort to reduce trade distortions tariffs have been intro-duced in place of non-tariff barNew areas have been opened

ernment introduced a six-page negative investment list, which is seen as a big step to eradi-cate distortions between foreign and domestic investment. In banking, there is new competition between state and private banks. At the same time the central bank has

reforms manufacturing exports jumped more than 40 per cent in 1988. Many companies are making use of existing plant capacity - the result of over-ambitious expansion plans during the oil boom

accounts for 18 per cent of GDP.

'Guidance' for Chinese

students By Peter Ellingsen in Peking

STUDENTS returning to study at the Peoples' University in Peking were relaxed yesterday as they filed acrose campus to am auditorium where an offi-cial version of the army's attack on Tiananmen Square was being shown.

The film, like most of the Party propaganda on the crushing of the student-led democracy movement, was required viewing. At least it was short, which is not true of the indoctrination being planned for new students at nearby Peking University.

In a move reminiscent of the Cultural Revolution, the col-lege's first year students will have to do a mandatory year's military training before being allowed to begin courses. As part of a trial programme which could be extended to more than 2,000 colleges next year, freshman will be shuf-iled off to the Shijiazhuang Army base in Hebei Province.

Although this is bitterly opposed by students and most teachers, all new undergraduates, including those from Hong Kong and Macau, must enlist for a year so that any lingering western, or "bour-geois liberal" tendencies, can be removed.

The ruling Communist Party is introducing the programme because it believes students have had it too easy, and must learn to appreciate hard work and socialist ideals.

According to Denniy Educa-

According to Deputy Educa-tion Minister, He Dongchang, students have been too influ-enced by western values. "We want to guide students so that they become close to the workers and peasants," he said. Similar but more extr measures marked the Cultural

Revolution when young people were sent to the countryside after education. That tactic succeeded only in destroying the economy and depriving a generation of schooling. Last week the Government

decreed that this year's 35,000 graduates would have to work in the fields for one or two years before they could continne study.

Peking fines companies for tax evasion

CHINA'S hard-line leadership has cracked down on five of its most successful companies which have burgeoned under the economic reform, launch-ing its promised programme of cleaning up high-level financial irregularities and conveniently swiping at businesses which could be considered ideologi-

cally unsound. Peking has fined the China International Trust and Investment Corporation (CITIC) and four other state companies a total of more than Yuan 51m (nearly \$14m) for tax evasion and illegal business dealings, the official New China News Agency reported. It added that the fines – very large by Chinese standards – followed a 10-month investigation.

ment of these companies, Lu Peijian, China's auditor general, was quoted as saying: "Those responsible for the violations of law and discipline would be dealt with by the state supervision and judicial organs."
The biggest fine - Yuan

The biggest tine – Yuan 19.2m (\$5.2 m) was imposed on the Everbright Corporation, a large trading and investment company in Hong Kong. Everbright is run by the elderly Wang Guangying, a former capitalist and brother-in-law of China's former head of state China's former head of state. Liu Shaoqi who died in the Cultural Revolution.
CITIC, virtually a Chinese
multinational with huge inter-

ese standards – followed a ests in trade, banking, weap-one, and satellites, plus invest-ments in China, Hong Kong

and around the world (includann around the work (manufing a 12.5 per cent stake in Hong Kong's Cathay Pacific Airways), was fined nearly Yuan 19m. CITIC is headed by another former capitalist, Rong

Kanghua, set up last year, and linked via tax-free pay-ments to China's Welfare Fund for the Handicapped, run by Deng Xiaoping's crippled son Purang, was fined Yuan 12m. It is believed to have exploited its links to the Deng family. Two smaller companies, the China Industry Commerce and Economy Development Corpo-

ration and the China Rural Trust and INvestment, were given lesser penalties. The news agency said about three fifths of the total had which China has already said would be disbanded - the Deng connection is too embarrassing for it to survive ~ was found guilty of currency violations, profiteering and tax evasion. Rural Trust illegally used savings deposits of government and military units and improp-

CITIC, Everbright and China

Industry were all found guilty of illegal foreign currency deal

ing and tax evasion. Kanghua

western diplomats confirmed that the cases against CITIC and Everbright could be politically significant. "They cannot afford to disband CITIC because the impact on the because the impact on the open door policy would be dev-astating," said one. "But this could be a first step towards building a case against it."

Hong Kong banker cleared of bribery

A SENIOR executive from the Hongkong Bank was yesterday acquitted in a Hong Kong court of four charges of accept-ing gifts in return for extend-ing banking facilities to a local jewellery company owner.
During the hearing the mag-istrate, Mr Michael Jennings,

expressed surprise at the regu-lar flow of gifts from customers to Hongkong Bank officers, and said that even though presents were allowed to be received with the proper approval from a superior officer, he nonetheless did not

approve of the practice. In acquitting the defendant, Mr Richard Medlycott, Mr Jennings said he saw no reason to question his honesty, and was satisfied he had notified superiors upon receipt of the gifts, which included two jade carv-ings, pearl earnings and a gold

During the hearing the col-ony's Independent Commission Against Corruption (ICAC), which brought the charges, revealed that other bank executives in the territory had also

that inquiries were continuing. The four charges stemmed from the 1987 prosecution of jewellery shop owner Mr Kenny Yip, who was jailed for false accounting and gave statements indicating that he had given presents to around 18 employees of the Hongkong Bank and other banks.

Giving gifts to business asso-ciates, usually small but sometimes of considerable value, is fairly common practice in Hong Kong and most of the Far East, and a list produced in court of gifts to Hongkong

Bank_employees during the 1982 Christmas season - around the time that the charges relate to - showed presents ranging from silverware and wine to gold pens and lighters. Bank officials were not encouraged to turn them down for fear of making the donor lose face. The Hongkong Bank has since put a limit on the value of gifts employees can receive. Mr Medlycott was suspended

from his position as a branch manager in June of this year, but is now expected to resume



Queueing Vietnamese refugees in Hong Kong fend off the heat of the midday sun with the plastic bowls used to receive their food

UN warning on boat people wins official review

has responded to warnings of dangers of malnutrition and disease among Vietnamese boat people living in the terri-tory by reviewing daily food allowances and examining the possibility of a mass immunisation programme for several thousand Vietnamese being

THE Hong Kong government detained on the barren Soko islands and on converted fer-ries, Michael Marray writes.

In a highly critical report the United Nations High Commission on Refugees has warned of borderline cases of malnutrition on the Soko islands, and that an outbreak of disease could pose a lethal

threat to children living there. Around 7,000 of the newest arrivals are living in squalid conditions as the authorities work to construct new detention centres. Many of the boat people are in poor health on a diet of dry rations of biscuits and tinned meat and fish. No hot food is delivered to the

islands, but from tomorrow the British army will be attempting to deliver cooked rice, while a charity has offered to provide fresh fruit. The Government is also considering bringing in the voluntary agency Medecins sans Frontières to take over clinical services on the island.

The painful rise and fall of a

hostage-takers". However, recent statements by President George Bush sugrelease of the hostages. Officials in Pakistan's For-

eign Office admit that the hostage issue was discussed on Mr Yaqub's recent trip to Washington. They say it is bound to come and in Tehran if an opening is forthcoming the US would hardly discourage it. Mr Yaqub is expected to fly on to

Where the poor play host to the poor

exports during the second half of 6.5 per cent in volume terms, compared with 14.7 per cent for the whole of last year.

The South Korean currency,

The South Korean currency,

In landlocked and populous Malawi one in 10 people is a refugee, writes Mike Hall

with \$11.5bn in 1988.

The increase in investment by companies in the second

half should bring annual investment growth to 9.7 per cent, according to the Bank of

Korea, the central bank, compared to 10.1 per cent last year.

Tuge cities of tiny mud huts have sprung up across southern Malawi, complete with bustling markets, clinics, schools and churches. They are home to 720,000 Mozambican refugees, arriving at a rate of 20,000 a

For this small, poor and already populous country, that many refugees is equivalent to nearly 9 per cent of its own population of 8m - one of the highest ratios anywhere. The heavy influx began in

1986 when conservative Malawi's relations with its Marxist neighbour were at a low over its alleged harbouring of members of Renamo, the Mozambican rebel organisa-tion. Some of the early arrivals were simply escorted back across the border.

However, by July 1986 it became clear the influx would not stop. The Government asked the Malawi Red Cross to provide relief to 70,000 Mozambicans and set up a Joint Operations Committee to co-or-

dinate government action.

But within months Malawi was forced to ask for international help. By the time the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees established a presence in mid-1987, a quarter of a million people had already sought refuge.

The burden is considerable.



IN SEARCH OF REFUGE

Yet foreign relief workers with experience elsewhere in Africa say they are amazed at how readily refugees have been accommodated and are impressed by the efficiency of the relief effort.

Melowice control was but only

Malawi is coping - but only just. There is still no food. reserve to cope with any sudden transport holdups, a potentially serious problem for a land-locked country whose main route is through Mozam-

Rations had to be cut for several months this year when the food supply pipeline broke down, increasing malnutrition and disease in the refugee camps. Deliveries in remoter areas are erratic or non-exis-

The UNHCR co-ordinates the relief effort formulating policy together with the Malawi President's office and cabinet. The Joint Operations Committee, whose members are aid donors and government ministries, acts as a consultative group. Others involved are the World Food Programme, the French group Médecins Sans Frontières and the International

Rescue Committee.

The cost of the whole programme is difficult to determine. Food alone will cost \$30m this year. About 60 per cent is from WFP, the rest from the US, the European Community and other donors. The UNHCR budget this year stands at nearly \$25m.

The impact of the refugee influx is not only negative. Politically, say western diplomats, it has considerably

improved Malawi's relations

with Mozambique and other neighbouring states. There have been economic benefits too. A significant new source of employment has emerged for Malawians engaged directly in relief work. Transporters, grain millers, textile makers and companies making cooking pots and water containers have also gained, So too have traders, village carpenters and potters. Some aid workers claim that a few estates employ refugees

cheaply at peak times. The influx has also acted as a development catalyst increasing the provision of services from which Malawians also benefit, including new and closer clinics and water points. better access roads, afforestation schemes - even veteri-



nary services.

The government and UNHCR agree Malawians should benefit from the refugee programme. It makes little sense to exclude local people, some of whom are equally in need, and it prevents resent-ment. In a few areas, especially the more remote, this policy the more remote, this policy has even led local Malawians to settle near refugee camps to go back until peace is certain.

take advantage of the proximity of services.

But despite the advantages for some, most aid workers, including a top World Bank

economist, agree that the over-all impact has been negative. Maize reserves were quickly depleted. Local villagers lost cultivable land to refugee huts and received no compensation. Transport costs went up as truckers ran relief supplies. Roads have been damaged and tens of thousands of trees have been feiled for fuel and

building poles. Thatching grass

is now in short supply, and the government has spent its own

cash on administration and services for refugees. A recent joint World Bank and UN report estimates that Malawi will have spent \$14.5m in 1988 and \$10m more in 1989, most of it on hidden costs such as environmental damage. Repatriation is the only solution for Malawi. Despite an agreement between Malawi,

Mozambique and the UNHCR in December last year, the prospect of large numbers returning is still remote. Malawians may have to live with the refugees for many years. Despite signs of an initiative to bring peace to Mozambique, many in Mala-

refugee state within a state By Lara Marlowe in West Beirut REFUGEES from what was

once Palestine have posed delicate problems for Arab governments for more than 40 years whether as political activists, guerrilla fighters or simply as a visible reminder of successive Arab defeats at the

hands of Israel. But nowhere has the effect of their presence been as dra-matic as in Lebanon, where the arrival of waves of displaced civilians and fighters - in 1948, in 1967 and then between 1970 and 1971 - helped to destroy the fragile balance that existed between the country's Moslem and Christian commu-

Until the 1960s, Palestinian refugees in Lebanon were generally poor civilians, living in 17 overcrowded and insanitary refugee camps set up around the country by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA). But the Lebanese Government was not strong enough to prevent the establishment of a Palestinian military force, especially in the south-eastern Argoub region.

Members of the Arab League who did not want to incur Israeli reprisals against their own countries insisted hypocritically that, in the words of the 1969 Cairo Agreement, any Palestinian in Lebanon must

"be permitted to participate in the Palestinian revolution." Syria and Egypt, which did not allow the Palestine Liberation Organisation to use their own territory as a base for cross-border guerrilla raids, enthusiastically endorsed the Cairo Agreement on the PLO presence in Lebanon. Beirut became the PLO headquarters after the Jordanian civil war

ended in 1971. By the time the Israelis invaded in 1982, West Beirut's Fakhani district - with its political offices, military bases and "information bur-eaus" – was the capital of a Palestinian state within the

Lebanese state.
The participation of Palestinian radicals in the early fight-ing between Christian Maronites and Druze, Moslems and leftists that began in Lebanon in 1975, reinforced the Maronite argument that Christian forces were struggling to free Lebanon of foreign, Palestinian domination. After the Maronites besieged and destroyed Palestinian camps, massacring their inhabitants, Mr Yassir Arafat, the PLO leader, com-mitted his Fatah military branch to the war on the side of the "national movement."

In 1982, the Palestinian presence brought more tragic suffering to the Lebanese. After surrounding more than 10,000 Palestinian guerrillas in West Beirut, the Israelis shelled and bombed the Moslem quarter of the city, killing many thou-sands of Lebanese civilians. The Palestinians were evacuated after the two-month siege - but most returned to Leba-non within three years.

Today, the Palestinians are largely forgotten by a Lebanon riven by new wars between Christians and Syrians and between pro-Syrian and pro-Iranian Shia Moslem militias. At the cost of more than 1,600 Palestinian lives and the com-plete destruction of the Sabra and Chatila refugee camps during intermittent "camps wars" from 1985-88, Syria succeeded in destroying the PLO military presence in Beirut.
As many as 8,000 Fatah guer-

rillas are still based in the southern Lebanese city of Sidon, but their freedom of action is severely limited. A Syrian-sponsored agreement in January of this year

effectually banned the PLO from approaching the Israeli border. The eclipse of the PLO's fortunes in Lebanon has not solved the country's problems, but it is regarded with some degree of relief by the

Bush calls for human rights reforms in Cuba

PRESIDENT George Bush see such change, there will be yesterday barred any improvement in US relations with Cuba until the Castro regime reforms its political system and ends human rights abuse. Mr Bush's tough remarks came during a day-trip to Miami, a Cuban-American stronghold, where he cam-paigned for a Republican congressional candidate before

week vacation.
Mr Bush said he would like to normalise relations with Cuba and would look for signs of relaxation at home by President Fidel Castro, "but until I

reading for Maine for a three-

no improvement in relations

The Castro regime has recently made a series of overtures to the Bush administration indicating it would like to co-operate to curb drug-trafficking in the Caribbean. The administration has responded warily, repeating allegations that senior Cuban officials have been involved in the nar-

cotics trade.

President Castro acknowledged this recently by ordering the arrest of a senior army officer and several colleagues, who were later executed. But US

have been driven more by threat of internal opposition than a desire to stamp out drug-trafficking.

Mr Bush was campaigning on behalf of Ms Ileana Ros-Lehtinen, who hopes to fill the seat left vacant at the death of Mr Claude Pepper, the celebrated octogenarian Democrat.

Yesterday, Mr Bush repeated his anti-drug message, saying illicit drugs and violence was "the Number One issue across America". The president is to unveil a comprehensive anti-

Simmering melting pot

Election fuels Miami tensions, writes Nancy Dunne

MERICANS once liked to characterise their country as a melting pot for the waves of immi-grants seeking refuge and opportunity. Miami, goal for thousands of Hispanic immi-grants over the past three decades, is more a simmering brew of Latin Americans, blacks, Jews and wealthy

white retirees.
It was this multi-ethnic mix that Mr Lee Atwater, the Republican Party chairman, threw into ferment when he seat, left vacant by the death of congressman Claude Pepper on May 31, would in future belong to the Cuban-Americans, who comprise the district's largest ethnic group.
The impolitic remark set off

a furore, particularly in Miami, which has endured four black uprisings in the last decade. One Democratic aspirant for the seat, State Senator Jack Gordon, dropped out of the race, asserting: "No statement would more inflame a city that has more tension and antagonism than it can possibly deal with right now...I don't want to get into that kind of divisive

Even the winner of the Republican primary, Mrs Beana Ros-Lehtinen, a Cuban-American, and the likely victor in the August 29 election, called Mr Atwater's interference "ethnically divisive". "Miami," says an observer,

is not typical of Florida. It is

more typical of Beirut." Cuban-Americans have vir-tually taken over Miami, politically and economically. Miami's mayor, Mr Xavier Suarez, is a Cuban-American, as are three of the five-member city commission. With more than a quarter of the state's electorate, Cubans have helped send Republicans to the

White House since 1980.
Conservatism binds the Cuban community to the Republican Party. Its strong entrepreneurial drive has brought prosperity - and a distaste for the social programmes many blacks

any of the 34,000 black voters in the congressional district which also includes Miami Beach, Key Biscayne and parts of wealthy suburbs of Coral Gables and Hialeah — resent the Hispanic hegemony in the Miami area. They believe middle-class Cubans took jobs that ought to have been theirs, and complain that Hispanic bosses tend to hire only Hispanics.
Of the 82,000 white, non-Latin voters, half are Jewish, many are elderly. While fearing the black underclass, they also scorn the growing Hispanic presence. A state referen-

vhelming 84 per cent. Exile politics in the district once centred on anti-Cas-

dum last November, declaring

English the state's official lan-

guage, passed by an over-

troism. Now, the Cubans have begun to focus their consider-able energies more widely – on economic development and local issues. Like the immigrant groups in other big cities

the Irish, Germans, Poles,
Jews, Japanese – the Cubans
are more than ready to claim
representation of their own in Washington.

The race for Mr Pepper's seat has grown increasingly inflam-matory. The Democrats chances were diminished by the party's failure to produce a candidate in the primary elec-tion. The winner of the run-off, tion. The winner of the run-off, on Tuesday, was Mr Gerald Richman, a wealthy Jewish attorney, who exploited the anger against Mr Atwater and the resentment against Cuban-Americans. "This isn't an Anglo seat, it isn't a Jewish seat, it isn't a Cuban-American seat." he declared. "It's an American seat."

American seat."

Democrats have the advantage in registration by 100,000 to 72,000 in the district, but Mr Richman has only two weeks to mobilise apathetic black and Puerto Rican Democrats. Both candidates are laying claim to the mantle of the popular Mr Pepper, a fiery cham-pion of the old and poor. Even the conservative Mrs Ros-Lehtinen swears to press on with his work. Mr Richman insists: The difference between my opponent and Claude Pepper is as stark as the difference between Miami Beach and Anchorage, Alaska."

Figures point to revival in **US** output

By Anthony Harris in Washington

THERE has been a small revival in US industrial production and the housebuilding decline may have bottomed out, figures published yesterday suggest.

At the same time two widely-followed economic forecast-ers have announced that the economy appears to have achieved a "soft landing" and that no recession is in sight. The Federal Reserve figures for industrial production show a rise of 0.2 per cent in July, offsetting small falls in the previous two months. Industrial capacity utilisation is shown as unchanged at 83.6 per cent.
The detailed figures show

The detailed figures show that pressures in durable manufactoring continued to ease slightly, reflecting the inventory work-off in the motor industry, which reduced capacity utilisation to 61.8 per cent in June and 75.7 per cent at the beginning of the year.

However, sales were stronger than expected in July, and are estimated to have risen sharply again to an annual

are estimated to have risen sharply again to an annual rate of 7.8m in the first 10 days of August. Figures from the housing

market point both ways. Housing starts are reported to have consolidated the recovery shown in the June figures, when they rose from an annual rate of 1.3m to 1.4m; but the much more accurate figures for new building permits show a fall from an annual rate of 1.27m, the second lowest figure in two

Mr Sinai said second quarter GNP growth would be in the 2-2.5 per cent range after revisions, instead of the reported 1.7 per cent, and might rise further to 2.5-3 per cent in the current quarter. He concludes that "no recession is in sight" but warus of "uncertainty" about the staying power of business investment spending. The University of Michigan also published its quarterly econometric forecast of the US economy yesterday. GNP will grow 2.6% in 1989, 2.2% in 1990 and 2.9% in 1991, according to the forecast. Inflation is expected to hold steady at



US civil rights activist Rev Jesse Jackson (left) marches with striking New England telephone workers in Boston.

'Give Contras exile in US'

THE Nicaraguan government has begun the release of Con-tra prisoners and called upon the US to give political exile to those Contras who do not want to remain in Nicaragua. Of a total of 1,515 rebel pris-oners held in government jalls, 29 were returned to their fami-

lies on Tuesday as part of a process of reconciliation. Under the Central American presidential summit agreement signed two weeks ago, the 12,000-strong army of US-backed Contras based in Hon-duras is to be demobilised by

The government has, among other measures, undertaken to

release all the Contra prisoners as the demobilisation prog-

In a conciliatory speech made at the northern village of Pantasma, where in 1982 48 peasant farmers of several government-organised co-opera-tives were killed in a Contra attack, President Daniel Ortega called on the rebels to accept "the outstretched brotherly hand" of the government to return in peace to Nicaragua.

Mr Ortega also called upon
the US to support the demobilisation agreement: "As the US government sent them to die, so it should be prepared to give them exile."

Argentine official quits over treatment of army dissidents

By Gary Mead in Buenos Aires

A SENIOR Argentine defence official has resigned after dis-agreements over the handling of dissident military officers. Mr Humberto Romero, effec-tively number two in the Defence Ministry, resigned on Tuesday night from his post as

Defence Secretary following well-publicised differences with Mr Italo Luder, the Defence Minister in the administration

of Mr Carlos Menem. Mr Romero was widely regarded as a spokesman for dissident opinion in the army. Rebellious troops and officers, known as care piniedes or painted faces because of their use of camouflage paint during insurrections, have staged three rebellions since April

1987. Their grievances have not yet been resolved to their satisfaction. Mr Romero is understood to have had serious clashes with Mr Luder since the Menem government took office on July 8. The central issue is over what the government will do with those officers, such as Lt Col Aldo Rico and Col Mohamed Ali Seineldin, who are awaiting military trials for their leading roles during the

However, a further bone of contention was the recent designation of Gen Pablo Skalany as head of the state-owned mil-itary hardware corporation, Fabricaciones Militares (FM). Gen Skalany was nominated by Mr Romero and confirmed by Mr Menem last week, appar-ently against Mr Luder's

wishes. Gen Skalany last December passively sided with Col Scineldin during the last rebellion.

it is thought that Mr Luder and other senior Peronist poli-ticians, together with a group of senior army officers, went to see Col Rico and Col Seineldin resign from the army, as a step towards resolving internal dif-farences. But those close to Col Seineldin say he has no inten-

tion of resigning.
The issue is further compli-cated by President Menem's apparent unwillingness to announce a pardon or amnesty for the rabels or for some 20 senior officers either in prison or awaiting trials on human rights charges outstanding since the "dirty war" of the

Such an amnesty, which Mr Menem informally agreed with army rebel leaders to intro-duce, long before he was elected president, is regarded by Col Rico and Col Seineldin as the first step towards solving the army's internal prob-lems. But now that he is in office, Mr Menem is discover-ing that the political cost of such an amnesty is higher than when he was on the polit-

• Mr Menem has predicted negative inflation for November this year. Argentina's infla-tion in July was 196.6 per cent for the month. According to Mr Menem it will be between 25-35 per cent this month, less than 10 per cent in September, and down to 2 per cent for October.

Brazil seeks interest payment compromise

By Ivo Dawnay in Rio de Janeiro

BRAZII. is stepping up its efforts to reach a compromise with its commercial bank creditors over \$2.3bn (£1.46bn) in interest payments, falling due in the second half of

Contacts have intensified since Mr Mailson da Nobrega, the Finance Minister, warned last month that the payment would not be made if it meant reducing foreign exchange reserves below \$6bn -which is sufficient for four months'

imports.

The banks have made clear that they will be unable to release \$600m - the third and final tranche of lest year's \$5.2bn debt-refinancing agreement - to Brazil if it fails to reach an accord on economic

performance criteria with the International Monetary Fund. Without such an agreement, Brazil would also be unable to draw down some 730m SDRs (\$1bn) needed to meet other liabilities outstanding on its total \$1150n foreign debts. President José Samey last month ordered the centralising of exchange operations at the Central Bank

and the systematic delaying of corporate profit and dividend remittances to protect serves in the run-up to the country's idential elections in November. Both Brazil and its bank creditors have been attempting to head-off what many

are describing as a de facto moratorium by insisting that they are not seeking a con-

mercial bank debts.

Last week, Mr John Reed, president of Brazil's largest single creditor, Citibank, Brazil's largest single creditor, Citibank, told Brazilian journalists he believed the country could still reach a compromise deal with the IMF to unlock the "new money" leading and left make its interest payment on time. But there remain wide doubts as to whether Brazil can agree performance criteria with the IMF.

Mr David Mulford, the US Assistant Treasury Secretary was free in arrive in

Treasury Secretary, was due to arrive in Brazil last night for a five-day visit, as part of a tour of Latin American countries. He is due to meet several officials, including President Samey and Mr da Nobrega.

frontation over the country's \$68bn com-

WORLD TRADE NEWS

Finns to help develop Estonian food processing

By Enrique Tessieri in Helsinki

ETEK, a food processing achinery subsidiary of Hankkija Group Co-operative, a leading Finnish machinery, construction and engineering group, has formed Estonia Engineering, a joint-venture food processing machinery company.

Etek will own 51 per cent of the new company and will be the first Finnish company to have a majority stake in a Soviet company.

The new Tallinn-based joint

venture company will also be made up by Estcompexim and Konstruerimis ja Teknologia Buroo (KTB), which will each have a 16 per cent stake in Estonia Engineering, as well as Mehaaniline Ehituskolonn (ETK), which will own 17 per cent of the new company. Estcompexim is a Soviet-

Swiss joint venture trading group made up by Kompexim of Zurich, a trading company, the Estonian KTB which is a dairy and meat construction organisation and ETK, a leading Estonian agro-industrial planning organisation with interests in the Baltic

Vehvilaeinen, managing direc-tor of Etek and president of the new Estonia Engineering board of directors, "but to develop the Estonian as well as Baltic food processing machinery market by offering capital as well as expertise in know-how and management skills."
"We plan to become a lead-

ing company in the Baltic market and depending on how things go," he added, "we plan to expand our operations to the other Soviet republics as well as to the other [Comecon]

Sectors where Estonia Engineering will be active are: designing, production, construction, installation and ser-vicing: other areas include, trade of agricultural production and processing plants, machinery and equipment. Although Etek did not want

to reveal whether it planned to enter directly into the Baltic food processing market, there is speculation that this may

Etek sources also added that labour shortages and cost makes Estonia, as opposed to cheap-labour countries like "Our purpose in Estonia is Yugoslavia or Turkey, "an are natural partners we not to take direct advantage of ideal place to build a launching cheap labour," said Mr Erkki pad to Soviet as well as Sev and culture unites us."

[Comecon] markets." The new board of directors of Estonia Engineering will be made up of nine members, represented by four Estonians and five Finns. The initial share capital investment of the new joint venture will be equally split by Etek and the Estonians at FM 4m

(5580,000) apiece.
Turnover for Etek last year reached FM 497.4m and it employs 262 people. Hankkija Group Co-operative net sales reached FM 7.5bn in 1988; the co-operative counts with some 70,000 members.

"We are not worried about the rouble not being a convertible currency," Mr Vehvllaeinen explained.

"A number of possibilities are open to us, such as trading

barter goods made in the Soviet Union for hard cash in the West," he added. "Although still uncertain, it may be possible that Estonia may have its own currency in

the future."
"As a Finnish firm, we have to take steps in order to help the Estonians build and develop their economy," Mr Vehvilaeinen concluded. "We are natural partners with the Estonians because language

imports with tax incentive scheme

By Robert Thomson in Tokyo

JAPAN'S Ministry of International Trade and Indus-try (Miti), conscious of continuing international tension over the country's massive trade surplus, has foreshadowed the introduction of a tax relief package and low-interest loans to encourage retailers and wholesalers to buy more for-

eign products.

Miti will announce full details of the incentives late in the year and the measures will take effect from April 1 next year.

But an official at the ministry confirmed some details, saying that companies would be allowed to deduct a small percentage, perhaps 2 or 3 per cent, of the cost of some foreign goods from their overall corporate tax bill.

The tax concessions are estimated to be worth about Y40hn (£18.4m). They are particularly designed to encourage manufactured imports and to help

smaller retailers.

The measures will be supplemented by a broadening of a low-interest loan programme for small retailers and wholesalers, overseen by the Small Business Finance Corporation. It is expected that the range of companies eligible for loans to purchase imported goods will be widened, and that the interest rate will fall from 5.1 per cent to 4.2 per cent.

Miti, on the one hand, does not like to be seen to be controlling Japanese companies for fear of fuelling Japanese for fear of fuelling Japan Inc. conspiracy theories, but the ministry does like to be seen to be doing its bit to smooth out the trade figures, which, this year, have taken a turn for the better.

Japan's merchandise trade surplus fell 16.5 per cent to \$5.9bn in July, on a year-on-year basis, for the third successive month of decline.

According to Ministry of Finance figures, exports increased only 1.1 per cent in the month, while imports rose 9.1 per cent, and imports from the US jumped 21.9 per cent The Miti official indicated

that the new incentives would continue to be debated in coming months in order to produce the most effective package for "the promotion of imports". It is also likely that the Japan Development Bank will be called on to increase its

import promotion loans to small retailers. Significantly, the emphasis on concessions to small retailers comes at a time when the ruling Liberal Democratic Party is attempting to regain support in the country following the negative reaction to the introduction of a 3 per cent consumption tax earlier this

Japanese plan aluminium car wheel factory in Ohio

By Robert Thomson

chemicals, cement and machinery maker, has released plans for an Y8bn (£36m) factory in Mason, Ohio, to produce alu-minium wheels for the American luxury car industry. The Japanese company,

Last year, the share of larger, more expensive cars in

This share increase was dubbed the "Cima phenome-non" because of the striking success of an upmarket Nissan model of the same name.

Japan aims to boost India confronts its trade dependence on the US

K K Sharma on what Super 301 action could do

THE naming of India by the US under clause Super 301 of the Trade Act hangs like a Sword of Damocles over the country. Any retaliatory action by Washington would seriously damage India, whose vulnera-bility has been revealed in a recent official study on trade and commercial contacts between the two countries.

The confidential study,

signed to show a parliamentary commerce committee that the US has considerable access to the Indian market and that US companies freely invest in India, in fact shows the importance to India of the US as a trading partner, especially at a time when the country faces a serious shortage of hard cur-

rency. India, with Japan and Brazil, was named last May as a priority country for action under Super 301, a clause of the US Trade Act which provides for retaliatory action against countries thought to be persistent violators of fair trade practices. The priority trade barriers identified in respect of India are, first, trade-related investment barriers that prohibit or burden foreign investment and, second, barriers to trade in services, in particular the closure of the insurance sector to foreign insurance compa-

India's representatives have made noisy public statements to the effect that the Govern-ment would not hold talks under duress or threat of retaliation. However, the confiden-tial study reveals the impor-tance of the US to the Indian economy.

Despite the substantial

increase in Indo-Soviet trade and economic contacts in recent years, the US remains india's leading trading partner. In 1988, the US accounted for almost 19 per cent of India's exports and more than 11 per cent of its imports, most of which were vital items. On the other hand, Indo-US

trade hardly matters to the US. In 1988, India accounted for a mere 0.6 per cent of total imports and about 1 per cent of total exports. Any cuts in Indo-US trade would thus seriously hurt India and have a negligible impact on the US. In fact, because of its substantial exports to the US, India has been running a surplus in bilateral trade since various items in these categories which rose from Rs3.78bn ries since they are needed for ries since they are needed for modernisation. Any retaliatory

(£157m) that year to a healthy Rs10.9bn in 1987, although it dropped to Rs6.7bn in 1988. sanctions countries would harm India's modernisation This bilateral surplus conprogramme even more trasts sharply with India's sub-Recent contacts between the stantial overall trade deficit of Rs66.58bn in 1988.89. two countries have also led to the softening of the US stand on defence supplies that India needs urgently for such priority projects as its light combat aircraft and fly-by-wire technology. Any US restrictions would seriously hold up this already long-delayed project.

The US is also the largest foreign investor in India. US companies accounted for a fifth of the joint ventures approved by the government since indethe softening of the US stand

The pattern of Indo-US trade is also important for India. Traditional primary items such as coffee, tea and jute have given way to high foreign exchange earners such as diamonds, ready-made garments, cashew nuts, textiles, leather products, carpets and rugs.

The US remains

India's leading trading partner, accounting for almost 19 per cent of its exports and more than 11 per cent of imports. India accounts for a mere 0.6 per cent of US imports and about 1 per cent of exports. Any cuts in trade would thus seriously hurt India and have a negligible impact on the US

The main items are diamonds and garments and any US action against these exports would not only affect foreign exchange earnings but also damage the fast-growing and now firmly established Indian jewellery and garments indus-

vital for India's industrial growth and agriculture since the principal items, according to the report, are specialised industrial machinery, electrical equipment, office machines. metal-ferrous ores, metal scraps and fertilisers. Although India has plans for indigenous manufacture of many such items, the country's

Imports from the US are

liberalised import policy has, in fact, led to higher imports of

transfer arrangements in pref-erence to direct investment, the US is an important contributor to India's modernisation programme. Arrangements for transfer of US technology have been in a wide range of industrial activities including alternative sources of energy, chemicals, electronics, mechanical engineering and textiles. Last year, exports of what are known as "controlled items" by the US were worth \$1bn after an understanding was reached between the two countries in 1985 on transfer of technology. The Indian report also reveals that an export plan drawn up by the Ministry of Commerce for 1987-90 envis-

by the government since inde-pendence in 1947 and of these

75 per cent are manufacturing

concerns. US private invest-ment is estimated at a rela-

tively nominal \$600m but, considering India's restrictive investment policies, this is still substantial compared with that

of other countries.

More to the point, US companies have accounted for more than 20 per cent of agreements with Indian partners for trans-

fer of technology in the past

several years. Since at present India encourages technology

ages a doubling of India's exports to the US in dollar terms by the end of 1990.
This is vital not only for balance of payments purposes but also for industrialisation since many new production bases are planned for exports ear-marked for the US especially in the four most important areas of engineering, electronics (including software), jewellery and textiles.

Mexico eases chemical curbs

By Richard Johns, Mexico City

THE Mexican Government has greatly expanded the scope for private investment in the petro-chemical industry by removing 15 basic categories of chemicals from the list of 34 hitherto exclusively reserved for Petroleos Mexicanos (Pemex), the state oil corpora-

Calculations by the Ministry of Energy, Mines and Parastatals (SEMIP) indicate that the re-classification could generate \$5.9bn (£3.75bn) of extra investment in the 1989-95 period, including \$1.5bn by Pemex. The objective during this period is to gain self-sufficiency in petro-chemicals, saving \$9.7bn on imports over the

same period. Mr Elias Ayoub, an undersecretary at SEMIP, said that private investments amounting to \$800m were already under

Reclassification will also

make it possible for Pemex to concentrate its limited capital resources, which have been drained by the demands of the Treasury and by its own exter-nal debt burden. This would help it to rectify a substantial trade deficit on goods resulting from the primary stage in the transformation of oil and gas.

In 1988 imports of "basic petro-chemicals", as previously defined, amounted to \$663m, while exports were only \$73m. Imports of secondary products, at \$514m, were exceeded by exports valued at \$900m, leaving an overall deficit of just over \$200m.

Mr Ayoub said that the aim was to exploit Mexico's competitive edge. This is based not only on its status as a significant hydrocarbons producer, but also as a relatively modern retro-chemicals industry with a pool of skilled manpower and proximity to the US market.

The move, which is very politically sensitive, was wel-comed by senior executives of foreign companies involved in Mexico's petro-chemical sector. It opens up a new area for for-eign investment, they said. Article 27 of the Mexican

Constitution reserves exclusive rights to the state over "prod-ucts derived from the decomposition of rocks where exploitation requires subterranean work." But the old list of products which this covers has been acknowledged privately by government officials to be chnologically untenable. Added to the list of basic pet-

ro-chemicals reserved for

Pemez, making a total of 20, is the relatively new product methyl tertiary butane ether

(MTBE), which is used to

enhance the combustible quality of petrol and thereby make possible reductions in the lead

UBE industries, the Japanese

which is presently supplying General Motors with lightweight wheels manufactured in Japan, expects that the factory will be completed in July 1991. It will have an annual production capacity of some one million units. General Motors uses the wheels on two of its Cadillac models. The demand for luxury cars in Japan is on the increase, and UBE has already announced that its subsidiary, U-Mold, will double its domestic production to 1.08m units by late next year. This is in expectation of increasing purchases by prestige-conscious

the domestic market rose sharply from 2.5 per cent to 4.5 ON THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

down its threats to burn large quantities of cheap imported coal, after it is privatised, as a substitute for British coal

Yesterday, National Power and PowerGen, the two companies designated to take over the power stations in England and Wales both said yesterday that they expected British Coal to remain a leading supplier and appeared more lukewarm about imports than in the earlier stages of the privatisation

This follows intense lobbying by British Coal and assur-ances by Mr John Wakeham, the Energy Secretary, that after privatisation, the generat-

THE Government has ordered ing companies will be able to the electricity industry to scale pass their coal costs on to con-At the launch yesterday of

the corporate identities of the the two generating companies, Mr John Baker, chief executive of National Power, said he expected imports might run at some 10m tonnes a year. This compares with a figure of 30m tonnes, a year imports which was widely discussed in the Industry during the early stages of the privatisation debate. The industry's contract with British coal is now for the supply of 72m tonnes a year.

After privatisation, both

companies had indicated to

British coal that they thought its market might shrink to 60m

tonnes a year, and plans have been laid into build a new coal import terminal at Killingh-olme on the Humber.

The Government, however, which wants to privatise British Coal after the next election. has told the companies privately that it would like them to limit imports to perhaps 3m to 5m tonnes of coal for the

next few years. Yesterday Mr Baker said National Power wanted to ensure it had a secure domes-tic supplier and he said large scale imports would expose customers to the risk of changes in the rate of sterling against the dollar. The recent strength of the dollar and the rise of internationally traded coal prices may alo have caused the industry to think twice about paying the infrastructure costs needed to bring in more imports. South African coal at the Thame now costs \$45 per tonne, compared with orices on the Rotterdam spot market of around \$32 per tonne a year ago. British Coal's highest priced coal is £42 per

Mr Ed Wallis, chief executive of PowerGen said yesterday that he might wish to import some environmentally more benign low sulphur coal. How-ever, industry observers are pointing out that new anti-pollution laws in the US are likely to increase the international demand for such coal.



Secretive agency leads fight against fraud The SFO is starting to clean up the City, write David Lascelles and David Barchard

HE Serious Fraud Office, the special UK agency set up two years ago to investigate and prosecute cases of complex fraud where sums of more than £1m (\$1.57m) are involved, has until now been a little known body. The SFO, however, now seems certain to grow in public prominence. This summer it has 40 active investigations under way, as well as a further 30 cases were investigations are completed, and nine which have been brought to trial. Though the SFO never admits whether or not it is investigating particular cases, its investigations have spanned the famous financial scandals of the last few years. It looked at Barlow Clowes, the allegations surrounding

the Al Fayed purchase of Harrods, the Guinness affair, and most recently Blue Mr John Wood, a solicitor who was deputy director of public prosecutions until he was appointed the first head of the SFO, two years ago, says that there are many less glamorous cases involving very large amounts of which the

press and the public never hear.

The agency is sited in a back street in the financial heart of London. Its grey offices are decorated in the best featureless government tradition. The agency represents hopes of those who want to see Britain's growing band of fraudsters nervously loosening their sweaty col-

lars.
"We are the surgeons who try to cut the cancer out," says Mr Wood, "Institutions are often reluctant to report fraud. They feel it may indicate a weakness in their systems or reduce investor confidence. I understand that attitude but it worries me."

The establishment of the SFO was a recognition of the fact that fraud is an

extremely difficult crime to nail. Unlike acts committed with blunt instruments, fraud is intricate and often invisible; those who indulge in it are seldom obvious criminals, and the courts which hear fraud cases have trouble understanding them.

Lawyers and accountants working at the SFO are beset by the fear that the evidence they will eventually have to produce in court may be so hard to understand that juries will grow bored. The SFO's working strategy has to include not only complex investigative functions, but also spruced up presentations of evidence, including possible

faded. Coming as it did at a time of mounting scandals, such as Johnson Matthey Bank and Guinness, the committee's recommendation for a specialised agency won strong political sup-port, and it was included in the 1987 Criminal Justice Act.

To make its work effective, parliament gave the office strong investigative powers and a composite structure. When the SFO's complement is at full strength, Mr Wood can call on 26 lawyers, and 19 accountants, some of the latter on secondment from big accoun-tancy firms in the City of London. The

"Institutions are reluctant to report fraud... We are the surgeons who try to cut out the cancer"

embellishments such as the use of videos and graphics.

One constant snag is the problem of defining fraud. There is not even, in statute law, an outright definition of fraud: people are charged not with fraud but with crimes such as embezzle-

"Fraud is theft by lying" is the defini-tion offered by Detective Superinten-dent Donald Randall of the City Fraud Squad, who works closely with the SFO. The SFO grew out of the recommendations of the Fraud Trials Committee headed by Lord Roskill, which pointed up the weaknesses in the way fraud was traditionally investigated and pros-ecuted in the UK, with police and the Director of Public Prosecutions working

separately.

Cases often took so long to get to court that witnesses' memories had

He also works closely with the City Police which has 15 officers working on fraud. Proposals to incorporate the police directly into the SFO were resisted by parliament. Instead the office works closely alongside the police, receiving details of cases from them and drawing upon police man-

"Co-location" is the slightly clumsy official term used to describe this

umusual relationship.

The point about the office, though, is that it brings together under one roof the three people most directly involved with fraud investigation: the policeman, the accountant and the lawyer. The first investigates, the second applies his technical financial knowledge, and the third prepares the cases.

The UK Parliament hesitated to make the SFO a police body because of its extraordinary investigative powers, some of which go well beyond those enjoyed by the police, such as the right to force witnesses and suspects to respond to questions or produce docu-ments on pain of prosecution. People have denounced these powers

as draconian, but they were thought necessary if the office was to break through the ring of dissimulation, deceif or well-intentioned confidential-ity (such as bank secrecy) which cloaks much evidence of fraud. The special powers have certainly proved useful: in its first year, the office used them 233

Mr Wood points out that it is essential to maintain secrecy when companies are under investigation. "The allegations may be false. It could be extremely detrimental to a company and its share price for it to be known

we were investigating it." If an investigation does go ahead, a case team headed by a case controller is named and appropriate specialists allocated. The task of sifting through mounds of accounts — or trying to find if there are any accounts — begins.

According to Mr John Knox, SFO Chief Accountant, the accountancy element usually takes between 3 and 12 months and is not usually the main delaying factor in SFO investigations.

"Very little of my work actually involves looking at the book." says Mr. Michael Carey, a senior accountant from Ernst & Whinney now at the SFO. Fraudsters are unlikely to keep impeccable records. "A lot of judgement is needed in deciding what to accept and which correspondence to look at and develop a line of argument about what has happened to particular sums of

Exchange delays move to paperless share deals

By Richard Waters

THE STOCK Exchange has delayed the first phase of its move to paperless share deal-ing, a project aimed at improv-ing London's international competitiveness and which has been under preparation for several vears

The delay came to light yesterday as the Exchange appointed an outside project director for Taurus, the dealing system – the first time it has used an outsider in such a

The delay will come as a further embarrassment to the Exchange, which has grappled for several years with the Taurus project. Paperless trading is seen by firms and investors as an important element in enabling the London market to compete internationally.

The first phase of Taurus, which is planned eventually to replace the costly and slow paper-based settlement system in London, was due to be implemented on October 27, the third anniversary of finan-

cial deregulation.

It has now been put off for three months, to January 26 next year, even though the original deadline was set as

recently as this spring.

"There are some problems with the implementation of the central system," the Stock Exchange said yesterday. However, it added that the planned water privatisation in November was a more important factor in the delay.

The first phase of Taurus will link institutional share-holders to the Exchange's existing Institutional Net Settlements system. This nets off transactions between large investors and members of the Exchange, enabling them to settle several transactions with just one net payment.

Mr John Watson, a consul-tant from accountants Deloitte Haskins & Sells, was yesterday appointed Taurus project

The latest specification for Taurus was adopted by the Exchange earlier this year and was due for final completion by next summer. However, the Exchange will now only say that Taurus will be implemented by the end of 1990.

Liverpool refuses to accept toxic waste

By Ian Hamilton Fazey, Northern Correspondent

THE SOVIET ship Nedezhada Obukhaba was due to leave Liverpool early today still carrying a container of toxic waste PCBs, which it is returning to Montreal.

Work to unload the non-toxic cargo began soon after the ship docked at about 2:30 pm yester-day, four hours late because of strong headwinds in the Irish

Sea.

The ship was accompanied up the Crosby Channel to the Royal Seaforth Dock by two helicopters chartered by the

At the dock gates there was small demonstration of people from Pontypool, South Wales, where Rechem, the waste disposal company trying to import the PCBs (polychlori-nated biphenyls) for incineration, is based.

The protestors were supported by local residents and handed a letter to a port official asking for the consignment of PCBs to be refused. Mersey Docks and Harbour Company had already decided not to accept the PCBs and it confirmed last night that they had been left on the ship.

Mr Chris Patten, the Environment Secretary, said yester-day, "There is no reason whatsoever why on environmental grounds these cargoes should not be handled - after all, the

port has been handling these cargoes safely for some time." Mr Patten dismissed allegations by environmental groups that Britain was open for any imports of dangerous wastes.
"If waste has come into this

country in a way which breaks our regulations it must go back where it came from," he said. "If people write that Britain is open for everything then perhaps the public will get that impression, but the fact is that we haven't been and we are

not going to be the dustbin for Mr Tim Birch, of the envi-ronmental group Greenpeace, said: "By allowing the importation of toxic waste into this country, the UK Government is encouraging the global toxic waste crisis."

 Mr Patten yesterday hinted that the Government might adopt the principle - advocated in a report published on Tuesday – of taxing polluting products to discourage their

The report suggested that environmental statistics be combined with gross domestic

cost of economic growth.

The report also backed taxes on sources of pollution, including a "carbon tax" to minimise the use of products which con-

FS Assurance to become subsidiary of Britannia

By James Buxton, Scottish Correspondent

POLICY HOLDERS in FS Assurance yesterday voted overwhelmingly in favour of the Glasgow-based mutual becoming a subsidiary of the Britannia Building Society. But an opponent of the demutualis-ation deal, the first of its kind in living memory, still intends

Under the agreement ratified by policy holders, Britannia will pay £14m to FS policy holders. The long-term busi-ness of FS will be transferred to Britannia Life, a whollyowned subsidiary of Britannia

Building Society. Holders of with-profits policies will receive some £1.75m immediately, while the rest will be retained in the policy-

holders' fund and dispensed as policies mature. The demutualisation of FS is being watched closely by other small life assurance companies

contemplating taking the same

At an extraordinary general meeting in Glasgow the pro-posal was carried on a show of hands, with only 11 of the 114 people present voting against. FS, one of Britain's smallest life assurance companies, has

34,000 policy holders. But Mr Colin McLean, managing director of Templeton Investment Management, an actuary who has criticised the deal, said he will challenge it when it comes up for approval at the Scottish high court.

CREA

In recreation projects, you can't miss R&T.

Not only do Rush & Tompkins have extensive experience in the building of sports and leisure centres, pubs and hotels, theatres and cinemas.

We also enjoy the advantage of a separate dedicated leisure company with capabilities far beyond construction skills.

R&T Leisure takes an active role in conceiving, researching, promoting and managing large scale leisure projects, in partnership with local authorities and private developers nationwide.

Partnership is a philosophy that R & T have developed to a fine art: by understanding the objectives of a project, we make a greater contribution to its ultimate profitability. We have a fine reputation for delivering on time, within budget and to the required specification.

To ensure that our clients never feel remote from the team on their project, we maintain a network of regional offices.

So if you have a leisure project on the boards, relax - just talk to R & T.



Partners for the future

Head Office: 18 Savile Row, London W1X 1AE. Tel: (01) 493 4937.

ReL

UK NEWS

Boom in output slows as high rates take hold

By Raiph Atkins, Economics Staff

RAPID GROWTH in UK manufacturing is running out of steam as high interest rates slow economic activity, official figures indicated yesterday.

Government statisticians cut their estimate of the underlying growth rate in manufacturing output to 4% per cent a year in June, the Central Statistical Office (CSO) said. That compared with 5 per cent in the previous month and a peak

of 7 per cent in January.

The figures follow surveys by the Confederation of British Industry and the Association of British Chambers of Commerce pointing to lower output growth and increasing pessi-mism about business pros-

pects.
The steady downward trend in manufacturing growth is in line with hopes of a "soft land-ing" for the UK economy. But the Treasury will be anxious to avoid too steep a fall which could weaken export growth and threaten recession.

Most London analysts remain confident that manufacturing output will remain relatively robust this year.

Figures for the three months to June show actual growth in manufacturing output compared with a year earlier was 5.3 per cent. However, com-pared with the previous three months, output was only 0.1 per cent up.

Sectors reporting falls in the second quarter compared with the previous three months included metals, chemicals and textiles.

Total industrial production which also includes the energy sector, continues to be checked by disruptions in North Sea output. In the three months to June, output was 0.9 per cent lower than the same period a year before.

After allowing for the effects of North Sea oil and other exceptional factors, the CSO estimates total industrial production was growing by about 2 per cent a year in June, com-pared with 2½ per cent in May. The index of manufacturing production stood at 118.4 (1985 = 100) in June compared with 119.2 in May. For total production the index fell to 108.0 from 107.9.

Components market faces slowdown before 1991

By Hugo Dixon

BRITAIN's electronic component market faces a sharp slowdown in growth this year and next, according to a forecast published yesterday by the Electronic Components Industry Federation, the indus-

try's trade association.

The market, which grew 18 per cent last year, will grow by only 5 per cent this year and 3 per cent in 1990, the federation says. In 1991, however, it should start expanding more rapidly again as the effect of inward investment by Japanese and American companies wanting to take advantage of the unification of Europe's markets in 1992 becomes

The predicted decrease in demand for components is partly because of the general slowdown in the economy. But several factors specific to the electronics industry - in par-ticular, the continued retrenchment of defence spend-ing - will contribute to the weak demand.

Moreover, prices for micro-chips, the largest single ele-ment of the £3bn-a-year electronic component market, are expected to fall following a sharp rise last year. The feder-ation predicts that demand for chips will grow only 4 per cent this year and will be flat in 1990, compared with a 47 per cent increase in 1988.

Opposition launches offensive on health plans

By Tom Lynch

THE LABOUR Party yesterday urged the British public to join a postcard protest against the Government's proposed reform of the National Health Service in the opposition party's biggest single issue

campaign since the general election in 1987.

Mr Robin Cook, the party's spokesman on health, said the "summer offensive" was signed to involve all those - even Conservative voters - who were unhappy about the Government's plans. He said the NHS was not the property of any one party.

He said that in the six months since the policy paper was launched, Labour and other opponents had won the argument against the reforms. The public's verdict was clear

no opinion poll showed a
majority against the changes of less than three-to-one.

Labour now planned "to

mobilise that public opinion and give it a chance to express itself." It would focus on proposals for hospitals to opt out of local health authority control and for cash limits on area health anthority and family doctor budgets.

The campaign starts in earnest today with advertisements in three national newspapers and will last three months, ending just before the Queen's speech in November, when the Government is expected to announce a bill to implement the policy paper.

Over the three months, the party will hold public hearings for patients to express their views, it will publish results of a survey on the issue and make statements about the claimed impact of the reforms on groups such as women, the disabled and ethnic minorities.

At the centre of the cam-paign are thousands of pre-printed "post-a-protest" leaflets and postcards addressed to Mr Kenneth Clarke, the health minister, which will be collected at the party's London headquarters and delivered in bulk to the Health Department. There also be camp in Scotland and Wales.

Tunnel vision delays cross-border policing

S THE countdown to the creation of the sin-gle European market in 1992 gathers pace, Britain's police chiefs are caught in a dilemma between two opposing visions over the lifting of tradi-

tional barriers in Europe.

Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the
UK Prime Minister, told an
audience in the old Belgian town of Bruges last September: "It is a matter of common sense that we cannot totally abolish frontier controls if we are to protect our citizens and stop the movement of drugs, of terrorist, of illegal immigrants.

Her nationalism, however, appears to contradict article 8(a) of the Treaty of Rome, which states: "The internal market shall comprise an area without internal frontiers in which the free movement of goods, persons, services and capital is ensured in accordance with the provision of

The UK police force needs assurance that outstanding differences between the EC and British Government will be resolved before tt makes important decisions on technology spending, co-operation with EC forces operating within different legal systems; and the deployment and training of

The UK Government argues that its island status - which will be reduced by the opening of the Channel Tunnel - has given it security advantages. These have included the opportunity to choose the number and location of border controls



The UK stand on frontier controls has held-up EC progress on cross border policing, writes Joel Kibazo

The tunnel should mean

around the country_which allow it to operate effective checks on immigrants, terrorists, criminals, and diseases - particularly those carried by animals, such as

But the UK's EC partners do not appear to attach the same importance to the issue of border controls. The Schengen Group, which comprises Belgium, France, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, and West Germann is allowed. many, is already pushing ahead with plans for removing border controls and increased co-operation by 1990. Italy and Spain have also expressed their

interest in joining the group. UK police forces are anxious that the two positions should be reconciled sooner rather than later to help them prepare for the single market and the opening of The Channel Tun-nel, the under-sea rail link with France due to come into

operation in 1993.

The tunnel starts in Kent, in south east England, where the local police force also has responsibility for the 16m visitors who arrive in the county's major sea ports of Dover and Folkestone.

The Kent Police force is making little distinction France.

between the 1992 deadline and the opening of the Channel Tunnel. In 1988, the Home Office approved plans for three Kent police officers to be sec-

Tunnel government commit-Mr Frank Jordan, Chief Con-stable of Kent Police said: "The idea was to get expertise and to

onded full time to Channel

anticipate policing problems that might arise." Chief Constable Jordan warned that a relaxation of border controls could lead to increased supervision of movements within the UK and to the introduction of identificaThe building of the tunnel and the 1992 deadline has also led to closer co-operation between the separate police, immigration, and Customs and Excise operations in Kent and their opposite numbers in

That co-operation resulted in an agreement to create the so-called "juxtaposition control". When the rail link opens travellers leaving the UK will pass through a UK exit point into the French entry zone, with both areas sited at the British end of the runnel. A similar system will be operated for travellers leaving France.

The agreement is one of the few successes to arise from discussions between the UK and EC partners on the issue of border controls. At New Scotland Yard, head-quarters of London's Metropolitan Police, the UK's largest police force, plans are already underway for a more co-ordi-

nated approach to 1992. There is now a Deputy Assistant Commissioner at the Metropolitan Police in charge of co-ordinating all activity on

At the EC summit in Rhodes last year, a forum of 12 EC national policy co-ordinators was formed to resolve outstanding issues on the creation of the single market but there has been little little headway on the issue of border controls.

Mr John Dellow, Deputy Commissioner of the Metropoli-tan Police, said there were several obstacles remaining before

Engineering firm in £1m claim

A BRITISH engineering company is suing for more than 11m the UK subsidiary of a US computer company for allegedly supplying defective software in what is believed to be one of the largest such claims made against a software house in Britain.

Sacol Powerline, a small company which manufactures hydraulic equipment, has had a High Court writ issued against MAI UK, the UK sub-sidiary of MAI Basic Four, California-based computer group. The 20-page writ refers to software supplied by MAI UK during a three-year period from 1985 which was required to provide a comprehensive information system linked to Sacol Powerline's shopfloor. The writ claims loss of earn-

ings of £912,000, increased costs and loss of management time at £82,500, and cost of remedial work and expenses at £73,500, making a total of £1.07m. Sacol Powerline, which employs 90 people and has a 25m yearly turnover, uses MAI hardware, however, and says it is fully satisfied with it. MAI UK said yesterday the matter was in the hands of its legal advisers and, for that reason, could not comment.
Such disputes rarely go to court in the UK. Settlements

have usually been agreed out of court and for much more modest sums than that claimed by Sacol Powerline. Software suppliers usually put up robust fights against

laims. Because specifications by users are often vague it is usually difficult for users to prove that software failed to meet required specifications.

Government on course for big debt repayment

By Raiph Atkins, Economics Staff

THE GOVERNMENT repaid El.4bn of public sector borrowing last month, setting the course for another large debt repayment this financial year, Treasury figures yesterday

The debt repayment in July was slightly larger than expec-ted by London analysts and the biggest yet this financial year. However, the rate at which debt has been repaid in 1960-90 is markedly slower than the same time last year.

In June there was a modest public sector borrowing requirement (PSER) that com-pletely wiped out debt repaid earlier in the financial year. That meant the cumulative debt repayment in July was

also £1.4bn.
In the 1988-89, some £3.2bn of debt had been repaid by July and £14.4bn by the end of the financial year. Higher-than-ex-pected inflation and wages growth are likely to add to tax

The sailboat "Corum II" in To give you a tang of the sea... The Corum Admiral's Cup Watch

dmiral's Cup. Name approved by the Royal Ocean Racing Club, London, A registered model with enamelled nautical pennants marking se hours, water-resistant, in solid gold or steel/gold, for men and women. For further information or brochure, write to Corum, 2301 La Chaux-de-Fonds, Switzerland.

FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES WORLD **SHIPPING** THE 90s

Amsterdam 14 & 15 November, 1989

a major conference timed to coincide with the Europort 89 Exhibition

Speakers include:

Mr Henk Rootliep Royal Nedlloyd Group

Mr Rainer Vogel United Nations Conference on Trade & Development

Mr Jeremy M S Smith Liberian Shipowners Council Ltd

Dr Thomas A Mensah International Maritime Organization

Mr Paul Vogt The Baltic Exchange

Mr Erik Tønseth Kværner Industrier A/S

Mr Hiroshi Takahashi

Mr Paul Slater First International Financial Corporation

Sir Roderick MacLeod Lloyd's Register

Mr Hans Jakob Kruse Hapag-Lloyd AG

Financial Times Conference Organisation 126 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 4UJ elephone: 01-925 2323

telex 27347 FTCONF G Fax: 01-925 2125

UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS ECONOMIC ACTIVITY- indices of industrial production, manufacturing output (1985–100); engineering orders (2 billion); retail sales volume (1985–100); retail sales value (1985–100); registered unemployment (excluding school leevers) and 198.3 198.5 198.5 198.5 198.5 198.5 198.5 198.5 198.6 107.8 110.1 114.0 116.0 117.0 117.0 117.8 117.8 117.8 117.0 117.0 118.0 118.0 118.0 118.0 118.0 117.2 129.3 123.7 124.3 124.9 126.0 125.0 125.1 136.0 126.0 126.0 126.0 126.0 126.0 126.0 126.0 126.0 126.0 -1,991 -2,744 -3,438 -5,483 -729 -2,342 -1,612 -1,489 100.4 100.7 100.4 100.2 100.5 100.9 100.7 4,173 3,162 3,163 1,173 621 1,553 766 818 96.8 97.8 96.5 196.1 96.6 196.6 196.6 196.6 196.9 196.7 196.7 196.7 196.7 183.7 184.2 184.8 189.9 186.4 189.5 116.0 116.3 116.6 118.2 116.4 116.8 117.2 117.3 118.9 118.9 111.7 114.9 111.6 111.8 112.3 114.3 116.0 115.4

TECHNOLOGY

David Fishlock reports on a UK company's miniaturisation of a fault-finding machine

Shrinking the leviathan to fit new markets

lderly airliners and ageing hearts could resonance, provide a fruitful market for a portable superconducting cyclotron developed by the Oxford

Instruments Group.
"Portable and affordable" is how Peter Williams, chief executive, describes this miniatur-ised version of the atom-smashing machine that won a Nobel prize for its inventor, Professor Ernest Lawrence of the US, in 1939. The cyclotron has since become one of the leviathan instruments of physics.

Oxford Instruments has developed the world's first miniature superconducting cyclotron for the Japanese engineering group NKK, which expects to receive it this autumn for installation in its hospital for employees. The machine will make short-lived radio-isotopes to illuminate dis-ease with minimum damage to

THE RESERVE THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PAR

a course

Par Vinent

NDICATORS

Williams points out that now the cyclotron has been shrunk to this size - little more than a metre across - it is small enough to be swung alongside a large structure, such as an aircraft or bridge, to search for cracks or corrosion damage. The recent spate of break-

downs in ageing airliners could help open the way for this pow-erful new tool for non-destructive testing. Previously a nuclear reactor was required to generate the beam by which cracks could be Illuminated. The miniature cyclotron looks rather like the superconducting magnets which Oxford

scanning by nuclear magnetic

Packed into a ring only 1.1 m in diameter is a proton accelerator of 17 MeV (million electron volt) energy, wound from niobium-titanium superconductors cooled in liquid helium. The entire atom-smasher with its cryostat weighs a mere four

Oxford Instruments' interest in producing such a machine began with a bid in 1983 to build a new cyclotron for Amersham International, which uses cyclotrons as process equipment making short-lived radio-isotopes by transmutation - bombarding one kind of atom with another. In the event, Amersham elected to stay with a conventional design because it needed a machine quickly and had no time for development.

But discussions between Martin Wilson, Oxford Instru-ments' expert on cyclotron design, and his counterpart, Martin Finlan, at Amersham led the pair to the idea that two new opportunities were opening for a compact cyclo-tron. They were for positron emission tomography (PET) in medicine and engineering, and for neutron radiography in

In 1987 the pair presented a paper at a conference in Tokyo showing how Oxford Instruments' medical imaging mag-net technology might be used to make a smaller, cheaper superconducting cyclotron. NKK responded with the

Compact Cyclotron Beam exit Diffusion pump Outer vacuum .Сгуоритр RF feeds Intermediate RF cavity Iron sector radiation screen

tron-beam system of flaw detection in engineering structures. Instead, what emerged was a \$1m contract to make a prototype superconducting cyclotron for PET in NKK's hospital. The idea now is that it will act as a precursor for further technological develop-ments, which the company hopes will help it to diversify into the new markets identified by Wilson and Finlan.

PET is a process for producing an image using very short-lived radio-isotopes to delineate features of interest. In medicine, it has proved a powerful way of eliciting metabolic information about the brain and central nervous sys-

tem, and about tumours. PET detects gamma rays given off by the disintegrating radio-isotope in the organ under inspection, then constructs a computer image by tomography from these emis-

The technique has also been used in engineering, notably by Rolls-Royce, to trace organic materials such as Iubricants in aero-engines while they are running, to show up the places that are

poorly lubricated.

The power of PET depends on having a radio-isotope which is intensely active but very short-lived; the shorter the better. Useful radio-isotopes have a half-life of only minutes or even seconds. This is essential to get high resolu-tion of the images without overdosing patients with radiation, or creating radioactivity problems for the engineer.

It means that the cyclotron must be part of PET imaging, not a remote commercial oper-

ation with daily deliveries such as Amersham might provide. Ten miles is about the limit, says Williams.

The same considerations apply to the use of PET in diagnosing engineering faults They also apply to neutron radiography of engineering structures, where a reactor or cyclotron is required to generate a sufficiently intense neu-tron beam to find corrosion in fuel tanks buried in an air-

Few can afford a conventional cyclotron, even a small one costs £4m to £5m. "The attraction of a superconducting machine is not only that it is small and light, but its ancil-lary equipment is trivial," says Finlan Oxford Instruments is selling the miniature cyclotron to NKK for about \$1m - the same as an NMR medical imag-

The small size of this cyclo-tron allows it to be shipped as a complete assembly, on wheels, "small enough to go through a hospital door," says Williams. The company is wheeling the machine into the nuclear physics laboratory of Oxford University for final tests at full power.

Williams believes that a new medical market is opening up. Cardiologists are beginning to talk of using PET not only to learn more about the biochem istry of a damaged organ, but also to monitor a patient's heart and check how it is responding to treatment.

Skating without the bruises

Paul Abrahams looks at a novel method of travel in the modern city

he London Underground is suffering delays, commuters' cars are bumper to bumper, the buses are full, it is too far to walk and your bicycle was stolen last time you forgot to lock it.

One answer to such difficulties ought to be roller-skates, but they are inherently unsta-ble on the uneven pavements of a modern city.

The grey-suited roller-skat-ing businessman, speeding through the streets of New York with a whistle in his mouth to warn unsuspecting pedestrians, may move pretty fast. But he looks decidedly uncool when he trips over a flagstone. However, roller-skates with

the commuter in mind have been designed by Joseph Wheelwright, a Massachusetts sculptor, who took to skating when it was fashlonable in the early 1980s.

The main problem with traditional roller-skates is the pain. They're too short there's nothing to stop the feet getting in front of the body and falling over backwards," says Wheelwright. "And once you've fallen on to a pavement a few times you don't want to do it again."

In co-operation with the ology consultants, Arthur D. Little. Wheelwright dealt with the stability problem by lengthening the base and adding six-inch wheels which

ride easily over gaps in the pavement.
Brakes were added at the back of the skate rather than the front. This means the skater does not fall forwards when he tries to stop and can even slow down on hills. For convenience, bindings fastened by Velcro were added which hold down any shoe with a flat

For the older commuter, Wheelwright is designing another product called "on golden skates." These have outrigger wheels rather like those for a child's bicycle. Although they are highly sta-ble, he admits there is a risk of what he describes as the Charlton Heston effect. Thus skaters may lock the skates' outriggers together rather like the chariot

wheels in the film Ben Hur.

The commuting skates are selling well, says Wheelwright, and the first production run has sold out. Most of the initial customers were in the south-east US and southern Calif-

John Budz, professor of psy-chology at Framingham State College, Massachusetts, has been using a pair on campus for eight months and says they are sensational once the user has adjusted to them. Initially the action can be tricky.

The only other drawback he has discovered is that they are of limited use in snowy New

Beer at 2,000 cans a minute

he Bass brewery at Burton-on-Trent has a new way of making visitors feel dizzy — the sight of 33 cans of beer per second shoot-ing along its £25m high-speed can line, which is being com-

missioned this summer. The line is the first in Europe capable of filling and packaging beer cans this fast, says Bass chief engineer, Tony King. This rate has, however, been achieved by several brew-ers in the US and Australia and by some soft drinks com-

panies in Europe.

Design work on the line started in spring 1987 when Bass executives decided, on the basis of visits to can lines overseas and discussions with equipment manufacturers, that filling and packaging technology was sufficiently

Let the power

PEOPLE in glass-clad

buildings may soon appreciate the

enjoying the views.

power-generating properties of the walls as well as

The latest developments

In solar panels are taking the technology out of the realms

of the ecology enthusiast and into mainstream architecture

Chronar of the US, is intende to complement the glass

curtain wailing now prevalent in city buildings. Translucent panels incorporating

hotovoltaic cells have been designed to replace initially the curtain waiting between

window areas — next to

Eventually, the solar panels

could replace the upper sections of the windows. The

by 21/2 ft sheets.

Peak power from the pane

is five watts per sq ft. Chrona believes that the initial use

for the solar panels will be to provide lighting.

Few words but

many actions

AN AMERICAN robot is

proving that a little goes a

long way in the language

manipulator) is a robot arm
of few words — 127 common
English words in fact. But by
understanding them Sam can

respond to 300 billion billion

Sam was initially developed by AT&T's Bell Laboratories

questions and instructions.

as a research tool to bring together two technologies:

speech recognition and robotics. Instructions can be

telephone line, and the robot

mans fear to tread — in

an area where there has been

toxic spillage, for example,

'Dating agency'

MOST European technology

markets is the US. But setting

one of their largest single

up distributors or agents

nies are aware that

for exporters

equipped with two cameras

given to Sam over the

— carries them out, for example by moving an object. Researchers believe the

technology could be

or even in a second .

Chernobyl

nels are available in 5 ft

floors and cellings.

and building.
PV Wall, developed by

shine in

advanced to specify 2,000 cans per minute. The line is designed for either 440 millilitre or 500 ml cans, with a common diameter of "211" (211 inches in the industry's

quaint terminology).

Metal Box Engineering of Worcester (now part of the CMB group) won the main development and installation development and installation contract. The line capacity and efficiencies were worked out using Metal Box computer simulations, and Bass and Metal Box jointly selected machines for the line from a wide range of suppliers. Much of the equipment comes from the US and West Germany.

"The line is laid out in a

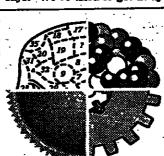
"The line is laid out in a way that allows the people who run it to be the personal managers of their areas," King

from the concept of machine minders."

The centrepiece of the project is the can filling machine. Its manufacturer, Holstein & Kappert of Dortmund, has made a special effort to ensure that the Bass filler squirts exactly the right amount of beer into each can and that none is lost. Beer is more valuable at this stage in Britain than in most other countries, because UK brewers have to pay excise duty on it before

The filler purges the can with carbon dioxide (the gas that gives beer its fizs) in two stages to drive out any oxygen-picked up from the air during filling. This guarantees a long shelf life.

Clive Cookson



WORTH WATCHING

Edited by Della Bradshaw

and the results erratic. To help companies go wast, Tachnology Markelforce, of Malibu in California, has set up a database with the names of more than 1,200 companies which act as representatives or distributors for European

The service matches the European product with the US sales force using similar tachniques to a computer dating agency. The company specialises in finding outlets for communications

A reciprocal service. tailored for companies bringing US products into Europe, is offered by Technology Marketforce's sociale Kontact Europe, of London. It reports that US companies moving into Europe, there is a growing

A way round

One way of doing this is to use a magnetometer, which in the brain. Among the companies competing to produce the most sensitive

IBM says its newest instrument is about four times as effective as its previous models. The machine uses 24 detection pick-up coils. each of which is placed on the skull and attached by

wires to the machine. The map of the brain.

to track brain activity in people in comas, or to enab a prompt diagnosis to be made when unconscious ts are wheeled into hospital casualty departments. It will have to

THROWING good money after bad is a nightmare of credit managers, be they in high street banks, retailing or rental organisations. Should concerns in the US.

while most of its clients are number of UK companies looking for partnerships on the Continent in the run up

brain surgery

GETTING information about damage to the human brain is a delicate task, so any method which can replace exploratory brain surgery is good news for both doctor and patient.

measures the magnetic fields magnetometers is the US computer glant IBM, working with the Helsinki University

data collected are processed by computer to give a contour

The machine could be used dergo medical trials before

The chances of debt recovery

it can be marketed.

the company pursue the debtor to court, or will that prove an expensive flasco? It may be possible to answer this question with a bureau service which advises on the chances of debt recovery. The service is based on a data scorecard,

similar to that used to decide

whether consumers are

creditworthy. The scorecard has a list of questions: Do you know the debtor's address? Does the debtor aiready have a county court judgment a him or her? What is the amount? That information, together with data on the type of loan, enables the computer to calculate the chances of

retrieving the money. The service has been devised jointly by Legal & Trade, the consumer debt recovery agency, Scorex, which developed the scoring system, and the co company Wescot Data.

A budding butter substitute

MANY people may think that the perfect butter substitute
has already been invented
— and is called margarine. Not so, according to Boyle-Midway, of the US, which has developed a granular butter substitute called Butter Bud Sprinkle.

Aficionados of the baked potato comprise one of the target markets for the substance. The company claims butter bude have only four calories per serving, are cholesterol free and very low in sodium.

CONTACTS: Chroner: US, 805 799 8800. Bei Labe: US, 201 584 4290. Technology Market-teres: US, 213 455 2727. Kontact Europe; London 904 0544. IBM: US, 514 765 1900. Legni & Teade: UK, 9772 202050. Boyle-Mid-way: US, 212 986 1000.



ALL THOSE WHO'VE NEVER BEEN INSIDE A CITATION III, PLEASE STAND UP.

Stroll along the aisle. Or sink into a boardroom-sized leather recliner and kick off your shoes.

You're aboard the all-new cabin of the Cessna Citation III. The most spacious ever offered in any Citation. And one of the most thoughtfully designed and handsomely crafted interiors ever offered on any business jet.

Everything you see is new. Everything. In creating this elegant environment, Cessna designers started from scratch — with the objective of making the best possible use of every cubic inch of available space.

They succeeded beautifully. There is more head and shoulder room when seated in the luxurious new recliners. More countertop area and floor space in the

private lavatory. More smooth, uninterrupted expanses of specially dyed fabrics and handrubbed woods.

The lines are clean and crisp throughout, adding to the open, spacious feeling. But this new cabin doesn't just feel roomier.

It actually offers far more usable living space than its nearest competitor, the BAe800. The Citation cabin's seating area is three feet longer. And while much of the BAe800 cabin is sacrificed to store baggage, the Citation holds up to two station-wagon loads of luggage in a heated, easy-to-load external compartment.

In fact, the new cabin is only the latest in a long list of reasons to choose Citation III over any other midsize business jet.

The Citation III is much faster than the

BAe800. It's more fuel efficient. It flies higher than the BAe800. It's a far more advanced design, certified to more rigorous standards. And it's backed by the finest worldwide service center network in the industry.

Small wonder more businesses fly Citation IIIs than any other midsize business jet.

For more information, write Ernest J.Edwards, Cessna Aircraft Company, Executive Jet Centre, Heathrow Airport-South, Hounslow, Middlesex TW6 3AE. Tel: 759-2814. Fax: 759-2187. Telex: 896015 Cessna G.

CITATION III



ACCOUNTANCY COLUMN

Plan to clarify auditing role creates confusion

standard report was that once readers become familiar with

the words they tend to stop

The Commission suggested an eight-paragraph report that would also have stated the

auditors' opinion on internal

controls and other financial

information. It would have removed words such as "fairly"

as a subjective opinion of an individual. It would also have required both the auditors and

management to state their responsibilities explicitly.

The Cohen recommendations

were by and large ignored. Meanwhile, after large illegal payments to foreign officials and the financial difficulties of

Lockheed and Penn Central

became public in the early 1970s, the US Congress authorised a series of investigations that culminated in a private-sector report by the Treadway Commission in October 1987, which come are in the control of the cont

which once again urged a new format to better communica-

tion between auditors and

By Pratap Chatterjee

USERS of US annual reports have confessed to being con-fused by a new report format that was supposed to have clarified auditor and management responsibilities as well as doubts about a company's financial health.

A year ago the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) substan-tially overhauled the format for annual reports for the first time for 40 years by issuing nine Statements of Accounting Standards (SASs). The idea was to put more emphasis on the auditor's role in detecting fraud or difficulties where pos-sible and bring them to the attention of the reader.

Two of the SASs set forth the auditor's responsibilities in the detection of fraud and errors. Three of them explain how those are to be detected by now those are to be detected by improving existing guidance on internal control and analytical review, while adding new guidelines for auditing accounting estimates. The reports of those findings to the public and to management take up another two guidelines

Until last year, company financial statements were accompanied by a two-para-graph report from the auditor giving them a clean opinion. If the auditor was not satisfied, the audit was qualified by adding paragraphs that explained that it was signed

"subject to" certain conditions.
Audits are now no longer qualified with a "subject to" clause. Instead, all reports include a third opinion paragraph. That paragraph is expected to flag any one or more of three items - problems such as legal disputes or illegal activity, "going con-cern" questions of whether the

The idea was to put more emphasis on the auditor's role in detecting fraud

company can continue in busi-

company can continue in busi-ness and an "except for" clause used to highlight unusual accounting practices.

Mr Robert Temkin, a mem-ber of the Auditing Standards Board that prepared the new format, does not believe that the change has been for the better "Removing the red flag better. "Removing the red flag does not improve communica-tions between the auditor and users. They were better served by the subject of opinion," he

For instance, the 1987 Deloitte, Haskins & Sells audit of Armco, a steel and insur-ance company, stated that "subject to" the adjustments in profits after the sale of a property and casualty insurance subsidiary, the financial state-ments would "present fairly"

the financial position of the company. The 1988 audit simply said that Armco's ability to recover its investment . . . is dependent on cer-

tain future events." While users complain that they find it hard to understand such semantics, auditors in smaller firms are now com-plaining that the seemingly simple "going concern" state-ment demands too much of

In their opinion, it is all very well for the large companies that have internal auditors to prepare their financial reports but their clients, such as the small family business, expect

small family business, expect auditors to play a leading role in the preparation.

Mr Harry Brown, a professor of accounting at Canisius College, New York, and a sole practitioner, said: "It appears that the element of judgment is being replaced by a plethora of rules."

He points to SAS 59, which

He points to SAS 59, which requires the auditor to evalu-ate doubts about the ability of ate doubts about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern rather than merely qualify the audit hecause of the doubt. "You don't know what's at the tip of the iceberg. It's both impracti-cal and expensive," he said. According to Mr Lee Seidler, an accounting analyst at Bear Sterns, reports are "all jargon and quite meaningless nor-

The AICPA claims that it and quite meaningless nor-mally to readers. Most people was not unaware of the diffi-culties, but it took a long time

to act. Finally, last year they came out with the new SASs skip them." Adoption of a sin-gle standard report will simply reinforce that, he said. which they took pains to-advertise in local newspapers Mr Seidler was deputy chairman of the Cohen Commission and through seminars. on auditors' responsibilities which reported to the AICPA in 1978. They noted in their report that the effect of using a

Mr Dan Guy, the AICPA's auditing vice president, said: "The purpose of an audit is to guarantee financial statements and reduce information risk. not to reduce business risk. We

The public will not be set at ease if they are confused by auditors' reports

don't tell people whether to buy or sell a company's stock."
Unfortunately, the public expects much more. Earlier this year, after a number of savings and loans associations savings and loans associations (S&Ls) went bankrupt, the General Accounting Office, the investigative arm of the US Congress, issued a report blasting a number of accounting firms for slipshed work. The Government will now have to pay out over \$100bn to bail out the S&Ls.

the S&Ls.

Mr Philip Chenok, president
of the AICPA, testified before
Congress's house banking committee in January on the S&L
crisis, where he defended the
role of the profession by listing a number of occasions on which he said they bad warned regulators as well as Congress

about the dimensions of the problem.

In many of the audits, he said, auditors did highlight the problems and the AICPA itself issued warnings about them. However, Mr Brian Smith, director of regulatory affairs for the US League of S&L Institutions says: "The language that is used is very cautious. The AICPA itself reads a great deal into the phraseology in the boilerplate of reports. For the ordinary mortal; the auditing reports look as clean as a whistle. They have to be bold

faced."

The AICPA issues guidelines on specific industries. The guide on S&L audits was issued in 1979, but changes have since been made. After the GAO report was issued, the AICPA decided to speed up the preparation of a new guide. faced." reparation of a new guide.
They now expect to have an exposure draft by the end of the year. Now they also plan to rewrite all other existing

rewrite all other existing industry guides into a loose-leaf format and add annual updates.

Will that put the public at ease and shield auditors from criticism? Not if they are confused or if they get used to a standard format. "They can reword their reports until they're blue in the face but the auditor's role is set by statute." anditor's role is set by statute," said Mr Seidler. "An auditor's report that isn't read is no

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

c£30k+Benefits FMCG Retail A division of a major international Leisure group, this company is committed to a new concept in niche retailing, with a doubling in the scale of operations forecast by 1990. The management team now requires a young qualified accountant to embrace the control and development of the finance function and ultimately of the business. Experience of a multi-unit accounting environment and strong pe skills would be advantageous.

YOUNG CONTROLLER

c£27,000 + car Professional Services Leading firm of Management Consultants offers superb controllership experience for a young qualified accountant looking to develop a fast-track career within a prestigious forward thinking company. Systems review, presentation of reports and control of a small staff form part of this challenging brief. A first rate benefits package is also offered.

ACCOUNTING MANAGER

Publishing £25,000 + car
High growth printing and publishing group seek a
dynamic and practical accountant for their software and publishing division. Keen technical skills together with sharply defined business acumen are the qualities our client seeks. Candidates aged to 35, should be able to demonstrate a clear record of achievement in their career to date.

For further details of these and other career opportunities please call Lee Acton or **Fergus Hooley** on 01-831 2323.

HUDSON SHRIBMAN VERNON HISE-SICILIAN AVE LONDON WCIA 20H TEL: 01-831 2323 MANCIAL RECRUITMENT

ACCOUNTANCY APPOINTMENTS

MEDICAL INSURANCE **MANAGER - PRICING AND DEVELOPMENT** c. £.50,000 + car Tunbridge Wells

Private Patients Plan is the UK's fastest-growing medical insurance group. Over 1.5 million people are covered by PPP and our annual premium income now exceeds £200 million. Building on almost fifty years of success, we are currently planning further ambitious growth and diversification in core and related businesses. We now wish to appoint an individual who will make a

fundamental and decisive impact on our performance in the future. As the prime authority on pricing and development issues, you will lead a team which develops, costs and prices both new and existing products within the PPP portfolio. You will be responsible for initiating and implementing strategies aimed at achieving the crucial balance between profit and growth on which our business depends.

You must have impressive experience of pricing and developing products (preferably insurance or closely-related) in a marketing-led environment. Good academic/professional qualifications, a high degree of numeracy, squad management skills and considerable personal authority are obviously essential.

The remuneration package will reflect the importance of the role and will include a comprehensive package of valuable finance-sector benefits.

Please apply in the first instance under reference SHLP/MG with full career and salary details to: The GKR Group Limited, 32 St. James's Square,

Finance Director

Prestige Catering

To £50,000 plus high bonus plus benefits Thames Valley

A leader in the outdoor event and prestige catering market, this privately owned company is seeking further expansion and diversification whilst retaining their long established reputation for providing quality service to quality contracts.

An exceptionally commercially minded and business orientated Finance Director is now required to work closely with the Chief Executive and executive team in driving the organisation forward. Contributing fully to strategy and business development, including client contract negotiations, the role carries total responsibility for the financial

and administrative functions, heading a team of 35 staff. The successful candidate will have the ability and drive to bring a fresh perspective to current operations; to review and strengthen existing manpower structures and financial, administrative and data processing systems in line with future growth.

Applicants should be qualified accountants aged 30 to 45 with prior experience at Director level seeking an entrepreneurial, but quality-conscious, non-traditional environment within an energetic and ambitious management team. Strong preference will be given to

those with experience gained in the the catering, leisure and hotel industries with a high degree of direct client contact. A strong personal presence, resilience and high-level communication and leadership skills are essential.

· For further information please contact Janet Stockton on 01-334 5743, or write to her enclosing a CV and details of your current salary, quoting MCS/3023 at: **Executive Selection Division** Price Waterhouse Management Consultants No. 1. London Bridge London SE1 9QL

Price Waterhouse



SMALL COMPANY ACCOUNTANT

Full responsibility for Finance and Administration, and prospects of promotion to the Board. Around £25,000 + car and bonus.

Finance Director

Until now the accounts have been prepared by the Directors but we now need more specialist expertise. The books are simple and manual but there is a full P & L, Cashflow forecasting, performance evaluation and budget control model on Lotus 123, giving us reasonably sophisticated financial information. Current turnover is about £1.5m having grown by at least 60% in each of the last three years. The Company's main activities are in Management Recruitment and other areas of Consultancy.

Your first job will be to take over the accounts and establish suitable new methods. At this stage you will personally prepare books; pay and issue invoices; manage Bank balances; and undertake similar dayto-day tasks. You will also manage administrative functions including premises, equipment purchases,

and control of main overhead budgets. You will be involved in evaluating new ventures and potential acquisitions and as we grow so will your function.

To be a candidate you should preferably be qualified with substantial previous experience of small company accounts, have a thorough working knowledge of Lotus 123 and other computer systems for accounting and general business use.

We offer a good salary, a profit related bonus and company car, plus the opportunity to play an important part in the development of a well-managed business.

To apply please telephone John Sears, Summit Management Company Limited, 01-222 7733 or write to 2 Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Dartmouth Street, London SWIH 9BP, Fax: 01-222 3445.

Financial Planning Manager

London W1

c.£40,000+car

Our clients are a well-known high-profile group with clearly focused interests in the service and leisure sectors. With a turnover in excess of £1.5bn, an expanding presence abroad and a record of quadrupled profits over five years, they are well placed to continue their programme of organic growth and targetted acquisitions. Operations are managed on a de-centralised basis with reliance on a strong finance function to review performance and input strategic concepts. The role of Financial Planning Manager, who reports to the Finance Director, is central to this process. He/she is expected to make a constructive contribution to the budgets and long-term plans, influencing local and corporate management through an understanding of operational realities and group strategies. Qualified Accountants in their 30's will need to have a sustained record of academic and business achievement, including time spent at the centre of a substantial Group. The commercial orientation of the job suggests that future career moves will be towards operational Financial Management, Ref. 1704/FT. Send CV (with current salary and daytime telephone number) or write or phone for an application form to R.A. Phillips ACIS, FCII, 2-5 Old Bond Street, London W1X 3TB. Tel: 01-493 0156 (24 hours).

Phillips & Carpenter — Selection Consultants

Leisure/Entertainment c£37,000+Bonus+Car

Hampshire

Our client, a highly regarded and successful UK Group, seeks a young dynamic Finance Director for its Gaming Division, which operates a rapidly expanding chain of casinos and bingo clubs throughout the UK. It is the Group's strategy to continue to develop these businesses both organically and

through acquisitions. The nature of these businesses requires strong financial controls together with accurate and timely management information. You will provide the financial guidance necessary to en-

in the profession. You must be flexible, committed and change-oriented, with a strong commercial bias, good management and communication skills, If you match this profile, please write enclosing a comprehensive CV with daytime telephone number,

sure appropriate policies are formulated and will play a key role in implementing growth strategy, working closely with each of the Managing Directors of the operating companies. You should ideally be a qualified accountant aged early/mid 30's with a service industry background or be at manager level

quoting Ref: 356 to Barry Ollier, BA. ACA, Whitehead Rice Ltd. 43 Welbeck Street, London W1M 7PG. Tel: 01-637 8736. Whitehead Rice

MANAGEMENT SELECTION

Financial Directors

To secure the best appointments at senior level needs more than good advice, accurate career objectives and succinct presentation. Interfixet SMI not only provides career advice to successful executives but also retains the unique facility of our subsidiary company interfexe to bridge the critical gap between counselling and the right job. The service offered by InterMex is free.

InterMex maintains a unique data base of some 6,000 unadver per armum, providing the only confidential inplacement[®] Service.

If you are considering a move or need a new challenge them telephone for an exploratory meeting without obligation.

Landseer House, 19 Charing Cross Road, LONDON WC2H OES. Telephone: 01-930 5041. InterMex can be used independently of the Counteding Service. Senior Financial Managers

ideally within finance institution.

SENIOR MANAGER Investment Bankers require an ACA/ACCA 2 years pge, to assume reponsibility for opertaions and treasury functions. Previous UK banking background preferable

AUDITORS c34,000 + Benefit Opportunity for young career minded Top 8 qualifier to join Major Banking group. Audit and investigations of money market, Securities and venture capital. Long term career

¢25,000 + Car Newly created position has arisen due to expansion within this multi national merchant Bank for an Assistant Manager - Finance . You will be qualified with 2 years pge

For further details please contact in complete confidence:-

Noel Accountancy, 8 Moorfields Moorgate EC2Y 9AA. Tel: 01 588 9988

THIN

The state of the s

15.000 to

. 20.50m 25.

West Midlands

c.£23,000 + car

Our client is a highly respected and profitable building and property development group with a young, professional and successful management team. The company has a remarkable growth rate which will provide excellent prospects for the high flier.

You will have both group and subsidiary company responsibilities which will include management and financial accounts, cash and profit forecasting and a variety of special projects. In the property development subsidiary you will work closely with the MD in acquisitions, disposals, joint ventures and funding.

It will be an exciting and stimulating environment and you will need creativity, commercial flair, confidence and strength of character in addition to well developed accounting skills and experience. You should be recently qualified, probably in your mid twentles, and familiar with

In addition to negotiable salary the benefits package will include car, bonus, pension and relocation expenses if

Please telephone or write with career details in complete confidence, to Philip Withey, the client adviser, quoting

Withey& Dunning

Harico House, 44 London Road, Staines, Middlesex TW184HD. Tel: 0784 461737 or 458317.

PROSPECTS REQUIRED. QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

itancy prospects aimed at improving financial reporting impanies large and smail. We will help you develop/ ent strategic plans and profit reporting models.

Call now to Frank Hovell FCCA

Westwind Management Services Ltd

Tel No 0753-78825/876100

Pension Funds Accountant

Basingstoke £17,000-£20,000 **Newly Qualified or Part-Qualified**

Blue Circle is the largest cement producer in the UK and in addition the Group is a major supplier to the Building Industry. It is seeking to fill a position within the Pensions department located in prestigious offices in Basingstoke which are adjacent to shops, bus and rail station and with easy access to the M3.

The Pension Funds Accountant will be fully responsible for the accounting and financial control of pension schemes and a common investment fund currently amounting to £375 million. Further substantial growth as a result of recent and future acquisitions is expected.

The job requires a person confident and experienced in handling the financial affairs of large organisations and able to work well with colleagues in other aspects of pensions including lawyers, tax accountants and personnel managers. The ability to operate and develop further p.c. based accounting and reporting systems is essential. The Pension Funds Accountant will have a small staff of experienced book-keepers and cashiers, but will undertake many of the tasks personally.

The role would ideally suit a person moving into industry for the first time or seeking a significant upwards career move upon attaining a professional qualification in accountancy or in the final stages of study. The offer would include normal large company benefits

Applications with brief c.v. to Mr M D M Hampton, Pensions & Salaries Manager, Blue Circle Industries, Churchill Plaza, Churchill Way, Basingstoke, Hants, RG21 1QF

Blue Circle Industries PLC



Group Financial Controller

Investment Holding Plc c.£45,000

London/Bucks

Unusual blend of responsibilities with emphasis on acquisition appraisal. Excellent career potential with Main Board appointment envisaged in 2-3 years.

Highly profitable 526m turnover investment group with existing interests in manufacturing and property and with advanced plans for the development of a professional services division.

Track record of successful investment and improved performance. Rapidly expanding group with entrepreneurial management team.

THE POSITION

 Reporting to Group Finance Director, responsible for management of accounting, treasury, tax and company secretarial functions. 50% analysis, evaluation, negotiation and integration of target

A new and important position created by the continuing growth of the

Group's activities.

QUALIFICATIONS

Chartered Accountant aged 30s, with relevant post qualification

experience, possibly MBA. Finance trained but with demonstrable leadership and commercial

Hard worker, self-starter, energetic and determined to succeed.

Excellent base and benefits including a performance related bonus.

Please reply in writing, enclosing full ev. Reference H2672. 54 Jermyn St, London SW1Y 6LX.



LONDON • 01-493 3383 BIRMINGHAM • 021-233 4656 SLOUGH • (0753) 6948+1 HONG KONG • (11K) 5 217133

Financial Controller

Near Heathrow

c.£32,000 + car

Our client, a successful and expanding international group of companies with interests in manufacturing, distribution and financial services, is looking to recruit a Financial Controller.

Reporting to the Group Managing Director, the position will take responsibility for the preparation of financial accounts for the group companies, the provision of timely management Information, including management accounts, cashflow forecasts and advice on group financial and taxation matters. Additionally the Controller will act as Company Secretary for the group.

The group, with a trunover in excess of £13m for the year ended 30 April 1989 and a pre-tax profit of £1.6m, is situated in a convenient location close to Heathrow Airport with excellent communications via the M25/M4/M3.

Applicants for the position should be Chartered Accountants, aged 26/34, with a minimum of two years post-qualification experience, ideally in a commercial environment, and be used to working to strict deadlines.

Interested candidates should write enclosing a detailed curriculum vitae with salary details quoting reference 9008 to:

Pannell Kerr Forster Associates
Pannell Kerr 78 Hatton Garden London ECIN 8JA





nstruction Industry Training Board

Our client, the CITB, the largest managing agent for the Government's Youth Training Scheme, provides a comprehensive training service to the construction and allied industries. It has now reached an exciting stage in its development and is looking for two high calibre people to help manage what will be a period of considerable change.

Chief Accountant c.£25,000+car

The incumbent will be responsible for the on-going management of the Accounts Department (31 people), for the production of financial and management accounts and other statistics required by the Board. The successful applicant will report to the Director of Financial and Planning Services. He/she will be expected to contribute

positively to the commercial growth of the enterprise.

Candidates must be qualified accountants (ACA: ACCA: CIMA; CIPFA) with experience of staff management, computerised accounting systems and have a 'hands on' approach to work. They should have at least five years relevant experience with a strong financial accounting

Management Accountant

The main amphasis of the post lies in responsibility for budget preparation, monitoring and control, and the development of financial and management reporting to the Board, its committees and budget holders. A wide range of ad hoc duties, including project appraisal, is envisaged. The successful candidate will report to the Chief Accountant.

Candidates must be qualified accountants (ACA; ACCA; CIMA; CIPFA) with a strong management accounting background and an understanding of financial accounts. They should be computer literate, have a 'hands on' approach to work and be able to respond quickly to change. They should have at least three years relevant experience, again preferably in a commercial enterprise, Ref. L2089.

BDO Please write, enclosing a full CV, quoting the revelant reference number and day-time telephone number to Charles Knell, Benefits for both posts include a car, contributory pension (index linked) and Life Assurance. Where necessary, generous assistance with relocation will be given.

BDO Binder Hamlyn Management Consultants, 21 Queen Street, Leeds LSI 2TW.

Deputy Group Tax Manager

c.£35,000 + Car Central London

With a turnover of £2½ billion, our client is one of the UK's largest companies, it possesses a strong diversified industrial base of activity. manufacturing in and exporting to many countries in the world.

Their tax department has traditionally adopted a strongly proactive and high profile image. They are presently seeking an up and coming number two, to run the day to day operations of the department

and generally play an active role in co-ordinating the group's worldwide

tax affairs. Reporting to the Group Tax Director, and responsible for three staff, you should ideally possess a couple of years solid tax experience, on top of a related qualification.

The role is ideally suited to a selfmotivator keen to gain the high level exposure to the intricacies of tax strategy for a major multi-national

which the job will provide.

Those interested in exploring the above further should either write quoting reference MCS/4039 enclosing full CV and salary details, or telephone Hamish Davidson. **Executive Selection** Price Waterhouse

Management Consultants No. 1 London Bridge London SE1 9QL **Telephone 01-334 5833**

Price Waterhouse



A CONSULTING APPROACH TO AN INVESTIGATIVE ROLE

INTERNAL AUDITORS

£ GENEROUS + FULL BENEFITS · RETAIL ENVIRONMENT

Budgens is a fast growing supermarket chain with a proven formula for success which centres on a combination of locations, layout and quality.

To ensure that we maintain the highest management standards we are establishing a special Internal Audit team which will report directly to the Chairman of the Company. This presents the opportunity for Auditors to gain greatly enhanced experience in a stimulating environment where there will be a liberal helping of special projects to augment routine audit processes.

We want to meet qualified and part qualified auditors who are not only thorough, but whose analytical and intellectual skills allow them to adopt a consulting approach to the discipline leading to continual improvements in the way we manage our business. Salaries will be highly competitive and the range of benefits includes a car and BUPA.

Please write with details of career to date to Alastair Graham, Personnel Director, Budgens, Stonefield Way, South Ruislip, Middlesex HA4 OJR.

Group Financial Planning Manager Midlands



c£30,000 + Car

Bass PLC is one of the largest groups in the UK, with revenue exceeding £3.7bn and 84,000 employees. The Group's major activities encompass brewing, drinks, pub retailing, hotels, restaurants and leisure.

Owing to an internal promotion, a vacancy has occurred for an analytical and planning orientated individual to manage the Group Financial Planning team. Reporting to the age the Group Financial Flanting team, reporting to the Group Financial Control Manager, but with considerable opportunity for exposure to the highest level of management, your responsibilities will include co-ordinating the development of financial strategy, establishing guidelines for the preparation of the Group three year plan and advis-ing the Executive Committee on the strategies and financial implications of investment proposals. There is an impressive track record of career progression from this

You will be aged 28-40 and a graduate accountant or a numerate business graduate, with at least 5 years post qualifying experience. Areas of experience with particular relevance would be business planning, capital expenditure appraising and financial modelling. You must be a self starter with a confident manner and excellent presentation skills. A small amount of international travel will be required. A fully expensed executive car will be provided as part of an attractive overall salary package. interested candidates should write enclosing a comprehensive C.V. and daytime telephone number,

Tel: 01-637 8736.

quoting ref. 358 to Philip Rice MA, FCMA, Whitehead Rice Ltd., 43 Welbeck Street, London W1M 7PG. Whitehead Rice



Finance Director (designate) to £32,000 + bonus & car

Our client is the small but rapidly expanding European sales and distribution HQ of a well established multinational manufacturing group of industrial micro electronic components and fashion watches. The dynamic young management team have developed an extensive European and UK network with ambitious plans including geographic expansion and increasing sales direct to major

This new role, as head of finance, is initially responsible to the Board of Directors. Key projects include review of computerised accounting systems. the subsequent development and integration of computer based systems in other departments and preparing business plans for raising capital. Key requirements are provision of fast, accurate information, staff development

(3 juniors) and international banking.
You will be a graduate qualified accountant, probably 28-32, with 2 or more years relevant commercial experience in a hands-on role. You have a strategic view and will be ready for directorship in a small, lively team within one year. Rewards include a good basic salary, a performance bonus of up to 10% and a quality car. A profit related directors' bonus will apply after promotion.

Please write, in confidence, to Barbara Robertson giving full

career and salary details and a daytime telephone number, BDO quoting reference 1594 and explaining why you are ready for this role. Or telephone 01-583 3303. BINDER

HAMLYN
8St. Bride Street, London EC4A 4DA

MANAGEMENT SELECTION

TAX PROFESSIONALS

Newly Qualified to Partner

London and Regions

Price Warterhouse has an outstanding tax practice with some of the best tax professionals in the country. They are excellent people with excellent prospects and we need more of them as we expand.

Whether you are already a partner in a professional firm, an experienced tax consultant or newly qualified we can offer you a challenging career with outstanding prospects. You will have substantial client contact, comprehensive

technical training and could specialise in:

 Corporate tax consultancy

VAT consultancy

 Mergers and acquisitions International Tax consultancy Personal tax planning
 Independent Business consultancy

We have vacancies in most of our U.K. offices especially in Birmingham, Bristol, London and Manchester.

Please write in confidence with details of your qualifications, experience and career interests to: John R Townend, Head of Tax Recruitment, Price Waterhouse, Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London SE1 9SY.

Price Waterhouse



GK

-

Treasury Accountant

City

c£35,000 Package

Our client is a major international banking group with an impressive balance sheet and extensive operations worldwide. Its strength in the London markets is reflected in the success of its treasury operations, whose recent growth has created a new opportunity within the treasury support function.

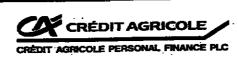
Based in the financial control area you will join a team of specialists as deputy to the head of treasury accounting. You will be involved in the review, development and implementation of procedures and controls for both new and existing treasury products. This will include the analysis of information for senior management and involvement in ad hoc projects, necessitating a high degree of liaison with traders and systems specialists.

Applicants should be qualified accountants, aged 26-29, with experience of treasury instruments gained either in public practice or within a banking environment. A sharp analytical mind and the ability to handle complex technical matters should be evidenced by a strong track record to date. Equally important are a pragmatic approach, good interpersonal skills and the confidence to deal with management at the highest levels.

For further information call Janet Bullock on 01-831 2000 or write to her at Michael Page Finance, Financial Services Division, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH enclosing a full curriculum vitae.

Michael Page Finance

International Recruitment Consultants London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birming Manchester Leeds Newcastle-upon-Tyne Glasgow & Worldwide



Senior Management Role

Finance Development and **Business Appraisal**

Richmond

Crédit Agricole is Europe's largest and leading bank for personal

Crédit Agricole Personal Finance was recently established specifically to take full advantage of the opportunities that exist it the UK consumer finance market. The company has already established a growing and formidable presence in the Mortgage narket and in the medium term plans to market a wide range of

in order to strengthen the management team, the company is kee to recruit a high calibre individual to take control of the ment aspects of the finance function. Reporting to Di evel, key responsibilities of this newly-created role will inc appraisal of business and product perform

 controlling the business and budgetary planning process investigations and ad hoc projects

c.£30,000 Package+Car+Bens

This is viewed as a key role in the business and offers clear uities to directly contribute to the development and growth

The successful applicant will be a graduate Char aged 27-32, with experience in the financial services sector. Personal qualities will include strong communication, interpersonal and ment skills and the drive and ambition to suc

ed applicants should send their CV to Sajid Baloch MBA, ar Michael Page Finance,
Cygnet House, 45-47 High Street, Leat
Surrey KT22 8AG or telephone him on

Michael Page Finance

INTERNATIONAL OIL **INDUSTRY**

SENIOR ACCOUNTANT

London based

Excellent salary + benefits



Sun International Exploration and Production Company Ltd is an expanding company with extensive oil and gas interests both internationally and in North-West Europe.

In line with this expansion we need to additional SENIOR ACCOUNTANT.

You will report to the Corporate Accounting Manager, who has prime responsibility for managing all aspects of the Company's corporate financial function for international exploration and production activities outside North America. Management contact is at a high level and involves liaison with our parent company in the USA.

Ideally, candidates will have at least 2 years' post-qualification experience either in the oil business, or a closely related industry. A proven ability to communicate well is essential,

We are offering a competitive salary that will match your qualifications and experience. The total package includes the excellent benefits that you would expect from an international oil company, including a matching share plan.

Interested? Please send your full CV with a covering letter to Chris Rogers, Sun International Exploration and Production Company Ltd, Sun Oil House, 80 Hammersmith Road, London W14 8YS, or call Sarah on 01-603 2090 extension 4344 for an

like to talk to individuals who are accustomed to

working in a well structured group environment

Career prospects within the group are

for an application form or send a full CV quoting

Ref: 1235 to M R Safter, Director,

34A Jewry Street, Winchester,

Hampshire SO23 8RY.

Hales & Hindmarsh Associates Ltd.,

Tel: (0962) 841851, Fax: (0962) 840436.

Applicants of either sex should telephone

yet have the skills necessary to manage the

financial affairs of a small, growing company.

c.£23,000 plus car

Sun International Exploration and Production Company

COMPANY ACCOUNTANT

Financial control in a fast moving

component distributor

EXCHANGE

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER London: £25-30,000 + Car + Benefits

The International Petroleum Exchange is one of London's youngest and fastest growing futures exchanges. The Exchange trades futures and options contracts in crude oil and petroleum products. It has established a consistent growth pattern and turnover is expected to double this year to 3.6 billion barrels.

This is a new appointment which is part of the Exchange's development. The appointee will report to the Chief Executive and be responsible for leading the development of the Exchange's financial policy. Duties will include the preparation of budgets, maintenance of the statutory accounts, management accounts and management of the treasury function.

Candidates, ideally up to age 30, should be qualified chartered accountants with at least 3 years post qualification experience.

Please apply to: Peter Wildblood, Chief Executive, The International Petroleum Exchange of London Ltd., International House, 1 St. Katharine's Way, London E1 9UN.

FINANCE DIRECTOR

£40,000 + CAR

WINCHESTER

INTERNATIONAL TRAINING COMPANY

Linguarama is one of the world's largest executive language training companies with over 40 centres in 9 countries. Its turnover exceeds £13m with pre-tax profits of around £1m. It is set to enjoy exceptional growth in the 1990s.

An opportunity now arises to appoint a chartered accountant, aged 30 to 35, as finance director. The appointment is based in Winchester. Relocation costs of up to £5.000 will be paid.

Linguarama is the principal subsidiary of BPP Holdings plc, a fully listed group with a market capitalisation exceeding £40m. The successful candidate will immediately join BPP's executive share option scheme, in recognition of the importance attached to the appointment.

Applications, with CV, in confidence to: Charles Prior, Managing Director, BPP Holdings pic, Aldine Place, London W12 8AA. Telephone 01-740 1111



INTERNATIONAL INTERNAL AUDITORS

The Corporate Auditor at Philip Morris is part of a professional team known for its state-of-the-art approach to auditing and its significant contribution to the success of the Company. The ideal candidate should have

- a university degree - minimum 2-3 years experience with an international public

fluency in English and at least one other European language preferably Italian or German

 a stimulating opportunity to use and develop your skills in a large and successful company
 excellent career prospects
 first class salary and employment conditions. The Company offers

Please send your curriculum vitae to M.P. Calalezzi Blvd du Souverain 207 - bt.8 1160 Brussels Belgium

CONSOLIDATED DISTRIBUTION LTD. are seeking a MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT due to continued expansion.

Consolidated Distribution is part of the Consolidated Group of Companies, an international television, film, production and distribution group, with offices in London, Washington and Los Angeles, and we are now one of the major European independents. Assert in our London office, you will work closely with the Financial Accountant and report directly to the Group President. This position will be very much a proactive role requiring excellent business communication skills and lots of initiative, together with the freedom to travel.

A minimum of 4 years experience is envisaged particularly in the areas of budget and cashlow monitoring, date collation, analysis and presentation and cost control. A knowledge of US GAAP is

preferable, but not essential.

In return we can offer you excellent career prospects and a salary circa £30,000 - £35,000. Interviews will be held the week commencing Monday,21st August(Day & Evening).
Interested applicants should please apply in writing enclosing a full

Ms. Jenny Lancaster Consolidated Distribution Ltd. 5 Jublice Place, London SW3 3TD

MARK SCOTT GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

This successful medium-sized Company has an established high profile presence and is poised for expansion through its operating

Reporting to the Finance Director, the position carries responsibility for Management and Statutory reporting and the development and improvement of computerised systems to maximise financial control and information reporting throughout

The person appointed will lead the Accountants Department and possess a versatile and flexable approach, be a good communicator with a personal style that will blend well within a

Candidates should be recently qualified accountants and previous staff management experience is desirable.

Salary will not be an obstacle for the successful applicant and a comprehensive range of fringe benefits will also be offered.

Please write with full personal and career details to:

R A Davies' esq. Mark Scott Group, 15 The Broadway, Penn Road, Besconsfield, Buckinghamshire HP9 2PD.

PROJECT ACCOUNTANT £28k+Car+Benefits

Excellent opportunity for young F/O ACA in Corporate Finance Dept. of well known Travel Co. based in London.

Call Melanic or Amanda 01-863 9990.Rec.Com.



THAMES VALLEY

example, stock and cash,

My client, part of an international group.

The Accountant is a key member of the

executive team who are responsible for further

company. Responsibilities include budgetting and

provides a specialist service to electrical/

electronic equipment manufacturers.

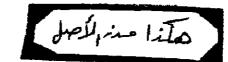
developing this already highly successful

monthly reporting together with the development of PC based systems for the

effective management and control of, for

Applicants, aged 30-50, should ideally be qualified CIMA/ACCA. We would particularly

Hales&Hindmarsh CONSULTANCY · SEARCH · SELECTION



Financial Accounting Manager

technology.

London

m Role

ir+Bens

a. a. Dutore

 ~ 684.33

Our client, a rapidly expanding financial services organisation, seeks to appoint a Financial Accounting

Reporting to the Controller - Accounting Services. the successful candidate will manage 20 staff and be responsible for treasury and various accounting operations.

Candidates will need to demonstrate a successful track record, gained within a large commercial organisation, of managing an

curriculum vitae and daytime telephone number to:
Jonathan Ross at Michael Page Finance, 39-41 Parker Street London WC2B 5LH. Michael Page Finance

International Recruitment Consultants

Landon Bristol Windson St Albans Leatherhead Birming

Audit Manager

Refinery - Middle East

Our client is a diverse international industrial group. Besides other activities, it is engaged in the management of a refinery in Saudi Arabia.

The immediate need is for an Audit Manager to establish and head the audit function in the refinery. The appointee will assume responsibility for management and control for all aspects of operational audit and business review within the refinery complex.

The ideal candidate will possess a professional accounting qualification with at least five years as head of an audit function, preferably in the oil or processing industry. A working knowledge of Arabic would be an asset.

c£37,500 + Expatriate Benefits

This position should be regarded as a high level entry into this progressive group and a broad career path would be offered in the future within the Group's activities in the UK, Europe, Middle East or North America. The initial remuneration package (tax free) is negotiable and will reflect qualifications and experience.

Interested individuals are invited to discuss the organisation and the position with Gerard Davies on 01-831 2000 or to apply to him in writing at Michael Page Finance, 39-41 Parker Street,

London WC2B 5LH. Complete confidentiality is assured.

Michael Page Finance

International Recruitment Consultants

FINANCIAL

CONTROLLER

GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER c £32,500 inc. Bonus + **Car** Surrey

Our client is a leading subsidiary of one of

the UK's largest and most successful multinationals. Group annual turnover is several billion pounds. The subsidiary itself has a turnover of around £25 million pa, 450 employees and is the world leader in its area of specialised manufactured products, it has smaller operations in the USA. Germany and

The Group Financial Controller will be a member of the management committee of the company and is expected to make a full contribution to the commercial management and strategic development of the business. Reporting to the Managing Director, you will manage a department of 25 staff responsible for all the financial, administrative. management information and company secretarial functions within the company.

Career development opportunities within the MKA EXECUTIVE SEARCH AND SELECTION LIMITED. MKA House Ring Street Maidenhead Berks SL5 1EF Tetephone (0628) 75956 Fax:

Helland.

Group are outstanding. Candidates for the position should be qualified accountants with line management experience in a manufacturing company and, probably, at least 28 years old. You should have experience of staff management, computerised systems development,

standard costing and the exercise of strong

c£30,000 + Car + Benefits

accounting function employing modern information

This is seen as a high profile role involving significant

contact with senior management and accordingly, well developed interpersonal skills, maturity and technical

Interested applicants should send a comprehensive

competence are essential prerequisites.

financial control. The remuneration includes a basic salary around £27,000 - 28,000, profit related borus, company car, pension scheme and life assurance. The location is within easy commuting distance of the M25 and M3

Please send your career and current salary details, including a daytime telephone number, to Barry C. Skates at our Maldenhead office.

MARKETING SERVICES

London W1

c. £35.000 + benefits

This is a tremendous opportunity to join a fast-growing marketing services company with a wide range of below-the-line activities such as sales promotion, public relations and corporate sponsorship to blue-chip companies. The client list and turnover are impressive for a company which has been established for only a little over

The Financial Controller will be responsible for the whole finance function, strengthening the team in preparation for expansion and implementing a sophisticated computerisation programme. Reporting to the Managing Director, you will help him drive the company forward, advising on acquisition and business strategy.

The environment is stimulating, informal and friendly. Candidates will be young, graduate chartered accountants with at least 3 years' experience in a creative, dynamic service industry. Ambitious candidates should anticipate promotion to the divisional board in 6 months with a main board appointment and share options in due course.

Please send a comprehensive c.v. including salary history and daytime telephone number, quoting Ref. 3064, to Vivienne Hines, Executive Selection Division.

∆'Iouche Koss

Thavies Inn House, 3/4 Holborn Circus, London EC1N 2HB. Telephone 01-363 7361.

Group Financial Accountant (Beds/Bucks Border)

c£26K+Bonus+FX Car

This company, a major plc, is a household name with a turnover in excess of £200m. Its business activities cover a broad range of Business and Consumer Services.

It has grown significantly in recent years through both acquisition and organic growth and has ambitious plans

Working as part of a high calibre team in a small Corporate Head Office, your responsibilities will include: Development and implementation of the Corporate

· Providing a key lizison role with Divisional Finance - Manager

 The development and implementation of group accounting policies and providing

advice on technical accounting issues · Group consolidation and reporting including the

annual published accounts

Assisting in optimising cash and asset management.

The requirement is for a high calibre graduate ACA aged 25-30 with 'Top 20' firm experience who has excellent communication and technical skills and the ability to deal directly with senior executives in an informal working environment. The prospects are superb and an excellent relocation package is available.

Interested applicants should contact John Zafar at Michael Page Finance, Centurion House 136-142 London Road, St. Albans AL1 1SA or telephone him on (0727) 65813.

Michael Page Finance

INANCIAL CONTROLLER

YOUR INVOLVEMENT WILL SHAPE OUR DIRECTION

CAMBRIDGESHIRE

Baron Meats has developed an outstanding reputation for producing a range of high quality cooked meats and speciality bacon products sold through the major retail multiples. With a turnover of £35m we have expanded considerably in recent years - a trend which is set to continue well into the future.

A major factor in this success is the substantial autonomy we enjoy from our parent company, Sutherland Holdings PLC. It allows the Company's senior management to effectively direct the business and, as an influential member of the team, you will be expected to contribute significantly to our overall development.

Reporting to the Managing Director, you'll have every opportunity to implement your own ideas in managing our Finance Department. Responsibilities will cover the full spectrum of the function including budgeting; production of weekly, monthly and annual accounts; internal systems development; and cash flow control.

Young and fully qualified, preferably CIMA, you should have the maturity to deal with senior management throughout the Group. You will have developed a strong commercial awareness within a manufacturing environment, ideally in the food industry.



An excellent salary, company car and attractive benefits package, including generous assistance with relocation, reflect the seniority of the role. With the continued growth of both the Company and the Group, there will be ample opportunity for career progression. Please write, enclosing full career and salary details, to Mike Grimwood, Group Personnel Manager, Baron Meats Ltd., Weasenham Lane, Wisbech, Cambs PE13 2RD.

Finance Director Airline Industry

South of England c.£60K package, car etc. and equity opportunity

My client is a medium sized and profitable airline flying charter freight and passengers in Europe. Some 400 people are employed in two divisions operating and maintaining the company fleet and there are substantial forward contracts with blue chip clients. The successful candidate will provide the full financial disciplines through a staff of 15 and address two key objectives. The first will be to enhance organic growth through much improved cost, cash, management, MIS, pricing, reporting and treasury controls. The second will be to guide the company through an acquisition programme and prepare for a public flotation.

Ideally applicants will be graduate qualified accountants aged 35-45 from the freight forwarding, transport and distribution, travel or allied industries. Airline experience is not a must but involvement in acquisitions, disposals, mergers and stock market requirements is. They should understand the problems of moving people and parcels and the accompanying pricing complexities. The benefits package is excellent and includes an attractive opportunity to acquire substantial equity.

Male and female candidates should apply to Ref. RMM 850 enclosing an up to date c.w. Initial interviews will be held in London in early September.

44 Wellington Street, London WC2E 7DJ

FINANCIAL & MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT

with Board aspirations Generous salary + Company Car

We are a dynamic, high technology retail organisation operating in the mid to upper market sector, well established with major locations in Berkshire, Hampshire, Oxfordshire and Surrey.

Reporting to the Managing Director, this key appointment in our development plans is the new post of Financial & Management Accountant.

You will need to be professionally qualified and able to:-- demonstrate a successful track record in managing changes to systems.

appraise the system needs of a medium size business (ideally with retail oriented or associated experience), manage and implement the necessary changes to upgrade and further computerise the accounting

 produce and interpret management accounts and
 be able to demonstrate the qualities required for growth to Financial Director.

Please apply with CV and current salary to:-

Personnel Director Sewards (Electrical) Limited 115, Reading Road,

Surrey. GÚ17 7LR

Divisional Financial Director

East Midlands

Our client is a major growth organisation providing high quality distribution services to European blue chip clients. Further rapid growth is envisaged. A challenging new role exists for a

commercially oriented manager who can combine creativity with practicality. You will be responsible to the Chief Executive for the development of financial policies, systems and controls to support the continued development of the business. You will also take an active part in implementing the company's aquisition strategy.

Our ideal candidate will be 35-50 and preferably CIMA qualified with the ability to provide positive leadership and make things happen. You will have a progressive management record and your

£45k Package + Car

experience will embrace substantial exposure to systems development, working to tight deadlines, forecasting, strict cash reporting and effective credit control procedures. Exposure to managing change in a multi trading

environment would be beneficial. The benefits package will reflect the importance of the position and personal growth prospects are excellent.

Please write with comprehensive curriculum vitae quoting reference number 1530 to: Andrew Wilkinson, Moxon Dolphin & Kerby Limited, Gilbert Wakefield Lodge, 65 Bewsey Street, Warrington WA2 7JQ.

Applications will be forwarded to the client. Please state on a separate sheet any companies to whom your application should not be sent.

MOXON-DOLPHIN-KERBY

MANAGEMENT: Marketing and Advertising

FIVE companies dominate the British food retailing scene with nearly 60 per cent of the market between them. J Sainsbury and Tesco are the clear leaders, and appear to have carved themselves unassailable posi-

But there is much jostling between the next three players as to which will join the top two, if not strictly by market share, then in terms of quality. Of these three, Argyll and Asda have both undergone radical changes in recent years, and both have staked a claim to become the third force in food retailing.

Fifth-placed Asda has been attempting to re-establish the strength it had in superstores in the 1970s and lost in the early 1980s. It is in the final stages of a deal to buy 62 superstores from third-placed Gateway, recently the subject of a £2bn leveraged takeover, which will also

mean the two swap places.

Meanwhile Argyll, ranked fourth at present, is half way through a programme to make the most of its purchase of Safeway in February 1987 and the conversion of its own Presto stores to the Safeway format.

A need for change

uperstore retailing in Britain was invented by Asda in the 1960s, in its Yorkshire heartland. The formula was simple. In a large, warehouse-like shop with a big car-park, customers were offered cut-price gro-ceries, with limited fresh food and cheap non-food items.

The basic formula was rolled out through Asda's home territory and ever-rising profits flowed in. But in the 1970s the likes of Tesco and Sainsbury overtook Asda in developing superstores, making their shops more attractive and with wider food ranges, including fresh foods.

In 1984 John Hardman, now chairman, took charge of Asda. having been finance director since 1980. By then, he says, "the business was about to fall off the edge of a cliff." Asda had lost its consumer fran-

chise, he says. The Asda management attitude was "arrogant and ignorant", he says, with no intention of adjusting the formula despite changing customer demands. And it was so complacent that store openings had dropped to the point where only 11 came on-stream in

three years. Hardman says his first task ise the need for change. He says: "I did a deal with the Old Swan Hotel in Harrogate and spent a year dining every one in the company who mattered. I spent night after night there explaining the corporate plan individually."

As well as changing management attitudes the plan

re-vitalising the store open-

ing programme;
redesigning and refurbishing the stores to make them more appealing to customers: developing a range of own label goods and bringing in more fresh foods, while paring the non-food ranges;

bringing in information

technology; and building a dedicated distribution network. Implementation of the vari-

ous parts of the strategy began in early 1985 and was planned to be complete in five years. A visit to Asda stores now reveals a sharp contrast between the old and new styles. The old "brown" stores. so called because of the pre-valing colour in the decor, are being replaced by "green" stores, with a fresher look. At the same time Asda has been extending its geographical cov-erage to the south of England where it has been less well

known.
In Pudsey, a town to the west of Leeds, one of the original control of nal Asda superstores, built in 1967, is still a brown store. Clean and tidy on a Tuesday morning, but distinctly tired looking, the 48,000 sq ft store takes £325,000 a week and makes a good return, if only because it is "in the books at bugger all," as Hardman puts

Although the store has been tinkered with - chill cabinets, an in-store bakery and a delicatessen counter have been put in - shoppers are still presented with a view of the cheese counter across racks of T-shirts

By contrast a store at Morley, to the south of Leeds, which opened just before UK supermarkets

Shopping around for a bigger basket

Maggie Urry assesses the strategies of both Asda and Argyll as they seek to expand their geographical bases and become a credible third force after Sainsbury and Tesco



Christmas, looks more welcom ing. The 45,000 sq ft store is taking £500,000 a week selling the same goods. It is broken up into clear colour-coded sections for different types of products. The clothing department is car-peted. "The same merchandise has much greater authority."

Hardman says.

Own-label products on the shelves are attractively packaged, giving a sense of quality and value. Low prices are still, however, a fundamental part of the "offer" to customers. The "brown" stores were in

the majority last year, but this year refurbishments and new stores have meant that more than half the 130 store chain is "green". Electronic point of sale technology will be in every store by next year. The new distribution network is almost complete. Store openings are back up to around 14 a year, and the proposed pur-chase of 62 Gateway superstores will amount to four years' growth at once.

Asda can claim success in

managing to keep profits mov-ing up despite the massive investment involved in the changes that have taken place. However, critics argue that Asda has lost its dominance in its northern heartland and is still uncertain whether its appeal is based on low prices as evidenced by bouts of

has moved up-market.

They say Asda has failed with its non-foods ranges, and some even argue that nonfoods cannot be sold in food shops at all. While there is still much to sort out, they say, Asda should not be taking on the daunting task presented by

the Gateway superstores.

Hardman denies these charges, believing the new store formula works well both north and south. He hopes that the recent tie-up with George Davies, of the Next fashion retailer fame, and the introduc-tion of new clothing and footwear ranges in the spring will enhance non-food sales.

As for the Gateway deal, Hardman is convinced it will more than pay for itself by giv-

Asda is nearing the end of a five-year refurbishment programme. It also decided to increase its range of fresh produce (right). Argyll must now ensure that Saleway's proven formula (above) is adapted to keep abreast of

sales, improving buying power, filling the distribution network more quickly, and leading to

marketing economies.
"If we did not do the Gateway deal," says Hardman, "it would not be the end of the world. But we could not hope to get higher than number four. We would have to concentrate on being a very good quality number four."

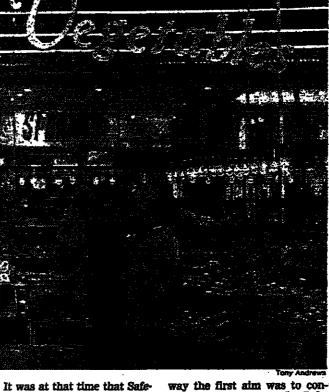
Taking tact to culture

gic strength is the cul-ture in the business, according to Alastair Grant, the chairman of Argyll. "Starting that would be a very tough task now." Much of that culture comes down to team-work and training, he says. It has taken a high degree of tact to combine Safeway with Argyll's Presto chain, without damaging that culture.

Grant has long experience of putting businesses together. Argyll was built up in the

1980s through a series of takeovers, unlike Tesco, Sainsbury and, until now, Asda, which have largely been built up

organically. By 1986, says Grant, Presto had combined a number of trading identities under the Presto name and pushed trading margins up. The next phase was to make its marketing more effective. Even so, Grant then reckoned that, four or five years on, Presto would still be substantially behind the industry leaders.



way's American parent put its British subsidiary on the mar-ket, and in February 1987 Argyll bought it. Grant took the bold decision to switch the Presto name for Safeway, in effect throwing away the work done on Presto. "Safeway gave us a brand into which we could

us a brand into which we could inject our assets," Grant says. Safeway is a business which had a performance-based consumer franchise, Grant says, with skills in operating the stores and providing customer service. He holds up Sainsbury as an example of a business with a product-based consumer with a product-based consumer franchise, offering good own

"If we can combine the per-formance franchise with the product franchise we will have a well-differentiated, unassalla-bly good retail format," Grant says. He realises Argyll is unlikely ever to overtake Sainsbury and Tesco. But says the "Safeway route is to be the BMW of retailing by 1995." After the purchase of Safe-

vert Presto stores to the Safe-way style and make sure the switch worked. So far sales gains from converted stores have more than justified the move, and as the programme rolls out through the Presto chain each conversion becomes an easier task.

Now the push on conver-sions has moved to Scotland. where Safeway was already a market leader, and to introducing the Safeway name into other areas where it was less well known.

For example, a three-year old Presto store in Bathgate, a mis-erable post-industrial town halfway between Edinburgh and Glasgow, is about to turn into a Safeway. Conversion work has been going on at night for some weeks, and already sales have picked up. The conversion cost is expected to be paid back in a year. Grant says the Safeway for-mula - which some perceive as typically southern and middle-class as personified by

actress Hannah Gordon in the company's television adverts does well in down-market

- does well in down-market
Scottish areas.
In St Helens, Merseyside, a
brand new Safeway has been
opened on the site of an old
glass works — its entrance a
glass pyramid. This is the first
example of an Argyll-built
Safeway. At 40,000 sq ft it is
much larger than the average
Safeway and will set a standard for further larger stores.
Now "conversions are not

dard for forther larger stores.

Now "conversions are not the point of stress in the business," Grant says. He is moving on to address longer term marketing issues. In 1987 he promised Terry Spratt, head of Safeway, that nothing would be done to change the Safeway. saleway, that nothing would be done to change the Saleway format for two years after the takeover, without Spratt's say so. The wine and meat ranges were improved, but by and large Saleway was left

Argyll must now ensure that Argyll must now ensure that the Safeway formula is adapted to keep up with the competition and get across to customers the idea that Safeway offers good value for money, as well as its traditional virtue of service, a term which encompages many agreets of the passes many aspects of the stores' operations such as the wide range of goods and stock availability as well as help at the checkout.

One of the main lines of One of the main lines of attack is own brands. Although Safeway's own label goods represent about 35 per cent of packaged goods sales, the name does not have much impact. On the packages the Safeway name is often small, is written in a variety of colours. saleway name is often small, is written in a variety of colours, and appears most striking on a can of baked beans whose label screams of being a "generic". It does not convey to the shopper the idea of a quality product at a polyne-for-monay write that it a value-for-money price that is the aim of most own brands.

With annual sales now heading for a combined £4bn, in contrast to Safeway's £1bn at the time of its takeover, there are more resources for product development, and national marketing will have a bigger impact as more stores carry the Safeway fascia. Improved information systems will help with getting the merchandise range right. Safeway only had one store with electronic point of sale scanning when it was taken over, by the year end 60 per cent of its sales will be

We have not taken one ounce out of the Safeway culture," Grant says. Indeed, it is clear that the Presto's more aggressive business approach is proving complementary to Safeway's brand strength.



COUNTY TREASURER

Up to £38,660

(Plus performance related supplement)

Following the appointment of the previous County Treasurer to the post of Chief Executive, the County Council is seeking a successor. The County Treasurer is the Council's principal adviser on financial policy and financial management issues, supported by a Department of 125 staff. This is a key post in the Council's senior management structure calling for the Treasurer also to participate actively in the corporate management of the Authority. The task calls for leadership and creative management and provides both a major challenge and opportunity to face the substantial demands and changes of the 1990's.

We can offer:

salary up to £38,660 (pay award pending)

performance related pay supplement

relocation package up to £4,900

excellent working conditions

subsidised leased car

If you can demonstrate:

- a proven track record of financial and management experience at a senior level
- possession of a relevant professional accountancy qualification
- experience in corporate management a forward looking approach to financial
- management requirements capacity to manage change
- · motivation, imagination, commitment and ability to communicate effectively

Applications are invited from persons filling the above criteria.

County Hall is located in Bedford, a pleasant town on the River Ouse situated midway between London and the Midlands, with excellent road and rail links with the rest of the Country.

A comprehensive information package and application form can be obtained from the County Personnel Adviser. County Hall, Bedford MK42 9AP or by ringing Bedford (0234) 228288 (24 hour answerphone). For an informal discussion about the post you are invited to 'phone Vernon Phillips on (0234) 228000. Completed applications to be returned by 7th September 1989.



The Council is an Equal Opportunity employer and welcomes applications from members of ethnic minority groups, disabled persons and all other sectors of the community.

GRADUATE RECRUITMENT

The Financial Times proposes to publish a Survey on the above on

WEDNESDAY 1 NOVEMBER 1989

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact: **Louise Hunter**

Appointments Advertisement Manager on 01-873 4083 or write to her at:

ber One, Southwark Bridge **FINANCIAL TIMES**

GROUP ACCOUNTANT A key role with a fast growing financial team in Satellite TV

WH Smith TV is a leading player in the Satellite TV Revolution. A progressive young company, expanding through organic growth and acquisition, with involvement in satellite, broadcast, OB and production.

Due to dramatic growth we are now seeking an experienced ACCA or ACA qualified accountant with strong technical and communication skills and a high level of commitment to join our dynamic financial team in our prestigious West

- * Principal responsibility will be for co-ordinating the production of all financial information for the Group and Sub Groups within the company
- * You will also implement and maintain uniform financial procedures throughout the Group and deputise for the head of Finance where
- This is a hands on role involving considerable personal contact at all levels, requiring excellent interpersonal and decision making skills and the energy to undertake a number of projects simultaneously.
- We offer an attractive salary, a large company remuneration package and the opportunity to develop a fast-moving financial career in Satellite

Please send a full career history and salary details to Caroline Burn, Personnel Manager, W H Smith Television, 180 Wardour Street, London W1V 4AE.



Accountant/Fund **Administrator**

A rare opportunity in International Fund Management City **£Highly competitive**

& banking benefits This is a key role within the small but expanding team of UBS Phillips & Drew International Investment - the international arm of UBS Asset Management, a

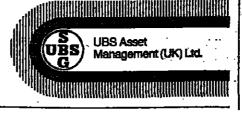
leading name in institutional fund management. We are now seeking an accomplished accountant with 2-3 years' post qualification experience to control all aspects of fund administration. Essentially you will prepare client and company accounts, liaise with international brokers and custodians, provide internal reports and deal with compliance issues. Responsible for a small, dedicated team, you will ideally have experience within the securities industry preferably including US compliance.

In addition to the highly competitive salary the excellent benefits package includes

<u> १ मार्ग २५८१५ (१ गाण्स</u> १८४६ ५५ ४५ ५ १ १ <u>१ प्रमृत्सकृत</u>सम्बन्ध

subsidised mortgage, private health insurance, non-contributory pension and genuine prospects for career progression. Some international travel is also involved.

Please send brief career details to:-M.P. Gostick, Personnel Manager UBS Asset Management (UK) Ltd, Triton Court, Finsbury Square, London EC2A 1PD.



Computer Audit Specialist

Bahrain c.£34,000 (Tax Free)

Caltex Oceanic Limited has a vacancy for a Computer Audit Specialist to be seconded to their associates. The Bahrain Petroleum Company BSC (Closed).

The successful candidate will be responsible for all aspects of Computer Auditing and must be able to carry out technical and special audits in line with established procedures and with a view to analysing and improving the Company's existing financial and operating controls.

Applicants should be graduates with either a professional accounting or computing qualification, and a minimum of five years post qualification experience including at least two years relevant computer audit experience.

The Company operates IBM 3083 and 4341 mainframes under MVS and supports an extensive communications network. Systems are developed using a Company wide TOTAL database. This is a challenging tole and offers the opportunity to develop both your professional and technical skills in addition to enjoying the pleasant lifestyle which Bahrain offers with few of the

restrictions found elsewhere in the Gulf. In addition to the attractive tax free package we provide free furnished accommodation and utilities

free primary schooling in Company school and generous assistance towards secondary education

excellent recreational facilities home leave at least once a year.

Caltex Services (UK) Limited

Griffin House, 161 Har

London W6 8BS.

Employment is initially for 2 years and renewable by mutual agreement Forward full CV to: Human Resources Department





FINANCIAL DIRECTOR Essex.c£40,000 package + executive car

We are a highly profitable and expanding privately owned Steel Stockholding/Distribution Company with a turnover in the region of £15M. We are seeking to appoint a dynamic, tough, "hands-on" Finance Director as a No. 2 to our Chairman/Managing Director who will be able to demonstrate a high level of technical ability backed by the commercial awareness to make an early contribution to the continued development of the Company. The right individual will be an ACMA qualified accountant, aged 28 - 35, have a well developed business sense and sound interpersonal and communication skills to compliment our entrepreneurial Chairman/ Managing Director. Your main strengths must include the ability to determine commercial priorities, react fast to resolve issues, and have a good commonsense commercial background. In addition to the usual benefits, the rewards for success in this post will be equity participation and top league remuneration.

Please write with full CV and passport size photograph to Mrs S. Broom, Director, Rainham Steel Company Ltd., Rainham House, Manor Way, New Road, Rainham, Essex RM13 8RE.

Mad as a hatter

"All I ever wanted was an ordinary life," sighs Bernadette Peters in Slames Of New York. Ah yes. Such has been the plaint of Bohemian heroines through the ages. Somehow they all end up coughing blood in an attic or drafted in funny ciothes into Woody Allen films or signed up, as here, by director James Ivory (A Room With A View) for a movie that re-defines the word "skittish." Drastically.

The day before I saw this comedy of Manhattan manners I had had a tooth extracted. The morning I saw the film, I found myself longing for the simple pleasures of the dentist's chair. Ivory approaches his material without anaesthetic. He has taken a book of stories by Tama Janowitz, depicting the wacky pleasures of the artistic set in New York's Greenwich Village, and turned them into a single narrative with Miss J's own help as screenwriter.

as screenwriter.
Did I say "help"? Not the mot juste, I fear, for the service she has provided. A swim with weirdos, the film resembles a giant, demented fish traits one in which the wonders of human nature (present-day, though more resembling the 1960s) glide across our vision in exotic apparel, mostly in opposing directions and on obscure quests.

Miss Peters plays the kooky young thing living with paint-er-philanderer Adam Coleman Howard and determined to "find herself" as a human being Fellow fauna who aid or aggravate her include boyfriend-seducing sexpot Made-line Potter, neo-classical artist Nick Corri (who wants Peters to pose nude), and Chris Sarandon and Mary Beth Hurt, both top-billed but in roles so tiny they must have fallen to the

cutting room floor.

Newspaper sub-editor by trade, Miss Peters is a hat designer by ambition. (The hats are the best thing in the film, variously inspired by butterflies, concertinas and ashtrays). She is clearly supposed to be the charm bracelet that jingles us through the film.

QUEEN ELIZABETH HALL

Tuesday's concert of Bach

Tuesday's concert of Hach keyboard concertos given by the Canadian pianist Angela Hewitt and the 11 string players of Divertimenti fitted snugly into the timespen of the current "Towards Rach" festival now unfolding on South Bank and at St Jehn's, but was in fact not part of that enterprise.

It was a pity: Miss Hewitt, winner of the 1985 Toronto

Bach Competition, is a Bach pianist of high distinction, and

even so fashionably

authenticist a programme as that collected into the "Towards Back" schedule ought to be able to make

house-room for someone of her

She played and directed five

concertos, including the A minor with flute and violin

(BWV 1044). Her limpid,

singing line remained a

constant pleasure throughout

the evening; there is a special

sense of the lyricism

connecting up every melodic unit that marks out the born

Bach player from the merely studious one, and Miss Hewitt

In the wonderful slow

instrumental aria over pizzicato strings that forms the heart of the F minor concerto, BWV 1056, she spun

out a song that held the listener intent on every curve and corner, every movement of

ssesses it richly.

Hewitt's Bach

But she is seldom more than an adenoidal pain in the neck. Both her voice - belonging to the Madeline Kahn School of Diselemented Nasality – and her "Help me, help me" personality seem designed to drive friends to the other end of New York And Januarity has assem-

York And Janowitz has assembled her life story like pieces of a puzzle that will not add up. (If she hates parties, why does she throw them? If she is the mad hatter of Manhattan one moment, why is she a fright-ened dormouse the next? These things may not be inexplicable. but they are never explained.)
James Ivory's films have a nasty habit of falling apart whenever he forsakes the safe

SLAVES OF NEW YORK Curzon West End

MY LEFT FOOT (PG) Curzon Mayfair

PHYSICAL EVIDENCE (18)

NEW DIRECTORS Metro

KICKBOXER (18) Cannons Panton St and Cheksea

and narrow of either period India (Autobiography Of A Princess, Heat And Dust) or the Forster/James school of great English novel Like Jane Austen in Manhattan, or Savages before it, Slaves Of New York is the work of a painstaking min-iaturist playing at mayhem. It is horribly unconvincing -

is horribly unconvincing—
even the split-screen experiments are so half-hearted they
suggest creative jitters—and
singularly charmless.

The film may well be Ivory's
hid to answer those critics who
denounce his best movies as
dressed-up Eng Lit. But he
does dressed-up Eng Lit better
than anyone else, and he is
unlikely to persuade us that he
has a larger range simply by has a larger range simply by stepping out of a high window

harmony and expressive detail of ornamentation.

The same can be said of the minor-key "Passion aria" that affords the D minor concerto

(BWV 1052) its centre; throughout this work, the treatment of repeated phrases was deliciously fleet and

witty, and marked by the

rhythmic springiness no less important in Bach than the lyrical gift already mentioned.

However, Miss Hewitt is evidently far less experienced

in instilling the same qualities in her small-orchestral partners. The performances tended to begin and end in

decent ensemble, but in

between those points there was too much straggling,

particularly in the first work on the programme, the A major concerto (BWV 1055).

And even when more reliable accord had been established, one missed a true sharpness of

overall rhythmic definition the general effect was of bright-focus piano set amid well-meaning hiur. Miss Hewitt should

persevere with her performances of the Bach

keyboard concertos: a promising start has been made, and she herself has a great deal to offer in them, but

there is much work still to be

Max Loppert

in Greenwich Village and going free-fall.

Daniel Day Lewis is astonishing in My Left Foot, the story of Christy Brown. Any English actor who tackles the role of an Irish painter afflicted with corelect relays in either years. cerebral palsy is either very brave or very insane. In Day Lewis's case, I pick the first. A tantalising actor, he has tended to underwhelm in "straight" roles; whether playing Hamlet on stage or Bars and The Unbearable
Lightness Of Being. But allow
him the disguises of a character role – in My Beautiful Laundrette, A Room With A View or My Left Foot – and he lets rip like a chameleon given

With yawing face, jutting chin, rolling eyes and dialogue consisting chiefly of groans and growls, the role of Christy Brown could have been played as if it were amateur talent night at the Long John Silver society. Instead, we seldom believe Day Lewis is not Christy. Caught between shock and compassion, we watch his pitiful writhing for utterance — a Laocoon lost in the coils of self-expression — and his self-expression - and his pained clasping of paintbrush between toes, a tragic parody

his own one-reptile show.

of artistic striving. When Christy bursts the banks of his own frustration, at a wedding luncheon when his own loneliness wells up in misery and abuse, Day Lewis is heat-the line. breathtaking. It is as if an actorly talent that cannot be won by the wooings of unencumbered heroic roles suddenly leaps towards greatness when weighed down with an armoury of handicaps.

The film built around him, alas, co-written and directed by Jim Sheridan from Christy Jim Sheridan from Christy Brown's own antobiography, is less triumphant. Sheridan, unlike Day Lewis, has no flair for panning truth from cliche. The early dialogue has a stupe-fying expository crassness: "He's a terrible cross to the poor woman," burbles a neigh-bour of Christy and his Mun: bour of Christy and his Mum; half an hour, it dismounts.
"Yes, he has the mind of a Physical Evidence, directed by

The second 1989 operatic super-spectacle in the Grosses Festspielhaus is Tosca. It was first given at this year's Easter Festival, produced and conducted by Herbert von Karajan. Though even before his death Karajan had planned to hand the differently-cast summer lestival revival to his directorial assistant

to his directorial assistant.

Peter Busse, and the baton to

Georges Prêtre, this Tosca, like

the new Ballo in maschera, is in all particulars a Karajan

"For Salzburg," said the critic of the Salzburger Nachrichten, "Herbert von Karajan's estate carries a heavy mortgage." Via Günther Schneider-Siemssen's immense, fancy-per-

spective sets the production

hands the audience a You-Are-There message: a Sant'Andrea della Valle interior almost in

scale with the real thing. Scar-pia's apartment endlessly deep and wide, a gigantic winged statue towering upon the pan-oramic Castel Sant'Angelo

ramparis. Some aspects of the

design prompt momentary interest, some mild dismay; essentially the feelings solic-ited in the audience are these

There may also be an artistic motto concealed within the

massive design concept "Two little people don't amount to a hill of beans in a

of the operatic tourist.

bequest.

The second 1989 operation



Michael (Westworld) Crichton,

resembles an attempt to saddle up Jagged Edge and ride it in

the general direction of Sus-pect, hoping that a mating mir-acle will produce a box-office

champion. No such luck. The

film gurgles with implausibility; all the way from the spectacle of Reynolds trying to reenter stardom by the back door

Bernadette Peters (left) and Mercedes Ruehl in Slaves of New York

three-year-old," answers her pal. And when the film feels it is letting up on stating the obvious, it hits us with a mel-odramatised moment like that when Mum falls downstairs, to the accompaniment of Psycho-like music as young Christy (Hugh O'Conor) struggles to her rescue. A cast of brave Gaels — Ray McAhally, Cyril Cusack, Fiona Shaw — strug-gle to rescue the film. But only Day Lewis has the role and the range to make a stuttering vehicle seem like a Rolls

Meanwhile, in Hollywood, triviality reigns. Burt Reynolds is wanted for murder in *Physical Evidence*. The whisky-bibbing ex-cop has no alibi for the night a hoodlum acquaintance's throat was perforated. It happened on a Boston bridge and the victim was found dead by a would-be suicide (who, nothing if not impressionable, called off his suicide). Beauti-ful Theresa Russell, a public defender, will defend Reynolds. But only if he comes clean. Will he? Did be do it? Didn't he? The tension mounts.

Unfortunately, after about

Some big shows at Salzburg

But this has never been a point difficult to establish in a Tosco

peopled by vivid characters operating in a genuine theatri-cal framework. Against such overweeningly grand sets even Callas, Gobbi, and Di Stefano

might pale into insignificance.
This is Karajan's estate—
and probably the most practi-

cal thing any successor thereto could do would be to set about

dismantling his hideously inar-

tistic Grosses Festspielhaus theatre and its Cinerama stage

Meanwhile, the 1989 Tosca is made up of Anna Tomowa-Sin-

tow, Peter Dvorsky, and James

Morris - three honourable, well-intentioned, dramatically

medium-horsepower perform-ers. Morris's Heldenbariton splendour of tone and physical

height could perhaps make

him even a Karajan-production Scarpia, but he lacks strong

personality.
The guibūrgerlich Dvorsky tries gamely to establish him-

self as Cavaradossi, only to be let down by the uncouth qual-ity of his tenor in middle

range. Tomowa-Sintow is a

lovely artist, versatile, serious,

warm and tender of manner

her fast vibrato-coloured

soprano sailing out with spe-cial bloom in high phrases;

Tosca's sensual appeal and the-atrical background are really

not hers to call upon.

brick by brick.

- this part, the PR announces, is the actor's first "victim role" - to that of Ms Russell trussor that of MS Russell trussing up her erotic allure (Black Widow, Track 29) in the pin-stripes-and-platitudes of a Hollywood attorney. Hurrah for the British Film Institute's decision to go public with the fruits of its New Directors scheme. Having bankrolled a series of short

films by first-timers - £20,000 apiece - the BFI has put the year's produce on display. Now we have the chance to throw brickbats or bouquets, and to take an informed interest in the future of British cinema.

shown - Patrick Keiller's *The Clouds*, Gurinder Chadha's *I'm British But...* and Graham Young's The Long Way Round - the last is best. Turning an office building into a maze of

conducting of the Vienna Phil-

harmonic, which substituted

arty phrasing for dramatic pulse-sustainment. The over-

acting of the veteran lialo Tajo as the sacristan was

Another big show in the same

setting was the Vienna Phil-

harmonic concert of Mahler

and Beethoven (a smoothly

denatured Pastoral) conducted

by Claudio Abbado. Jessye Norman and her compatriot

Norman and her compatriot Thomas Hampson worked through 12 of the *Knaben Wunderhorn* songs, both in excellent voice (Mr Hampson's clean, youthful, wide-ranging baritone is a splendid musical instrument), both unerringly directing our attention to the

directing our attention to the

broadest and most obvious fea-

tures of each song.

In "Verlo'ne Müh" Miss
Norman's pleading young
country lover carried

through each comic emphasis with bulldozer insistence; Mah-

lerian lightness and sweet-sour

irony got buried underneath. The connivance therein of

Abbado, a fine Mahler conduc-

Salzburg is also, of course, an important theatre display-case.

This year's main offerings

Every year since 1920 (apart

were by Schnitzler, Nestroy, and Hugo von Hofmannsthal

from the period of Nazi over-lordship) Hofmannsthal's Jed-

tor, was a surprise.

intolerable.

visual deceptions, it is Tati's Playtime re-made for the age of high tech. (The dog which keeps "vanishing" between video monitors is a special joy.)

Chadha's documentary about Anglo-Asian cultural entente in modern Britain — if it's bhangra, is it British? — seems too much like half an-hour sliced at random from the Channel 4 schedules. And I am definitely doubtful about The definitely doubtful about The Clouds, panning across Britain's dark Satanic hills while uttering self-important geological metaphors for human existence. Perhaps I will compromise between bouquet and brickbat and throw a briquet. That way the BFI can briquet. That way the BFI can hold an inquest-cum-barbecue on a scheme that is wonderful on paper but, on this year's evidence, shaky on celluloid.

Kickboxer is the week's idiot item. Go to Bangkok with a large piece of Belgian beefcake (Jean-Claude van Damme). Compete in a kickboxing con-test. And then return with a film resembling a cross between a Bruce Lee epic and "Come To Thailand." Daft

Nigel Andrews

ermann, the morality fable spe-

cially devised for the place and

the festival circumstances, is given in the Cathedral square. Max Reinhardt's original pro-duction is carefully revived;

the leading German-speaking actor of the day — in recent times Helmut Lohner (who

now plays Death), Curd Jur-

gens and Maximilian Schell -

spends a period of incumbency

Since 1983 Everyman has been Klaus Maria Brandauer,

whose thrilling physical and

vocal presence expands to dominate every inch of the per-

forming space. The play itself,

given in a somewhat cut form, is a curious piece of sophisticated naivety, and the production, though joyfully active

(and musically "stereophonic") across the open stage, now

But unlike the luxury art-

works that became a Karajan-

era trademark, this Jedermann

continues to tap its power from a wide range of "real," human-

scaled Salzburg themes and

experiences. After three horri-bly overblown musical experi-

ences and one engrossing the

atrical one, I long now for this festival to undertake the hard

graft of getting back its roots. The time is surely right; and Jedermann is there to show the

looks a bit fustian in places.

in the title role.

EDINBURGH FESTIVAL

Schism in England

The National Theatre studio company has come to the Festival with a turgid early play by Calderon, newly translated by John Clifford. Schism in England documents an official mainland European Catholic view of events leading to the

Reformation.

Probably first performed at the court of Philip of Spain in 1627, the chief interest lies in what Calderon might make of the philosophical decision, or rather excuses, for the split with Rome. But this never comes. Instead, Geoffrey Bateman's virile monarch conforms to all the traditional nonsense "the bloat king," ditches Catherine of Aragon (Linda Bassett) and succumbs finally to the persistent prostrate assault of a scheming Anne Boleyn (Miranda Foster). Catherine reminds Henry that schism and heresy are

always perpetrated in the name of piety, but the political consequences of the Reformation are barely mentioned. The tragic centre lies in the down-fall of Cardinal Wolsey, whom Michael N. Harbour plays like a dyspeptic bullirog, rolling his eyes and throatily declaiming the aspirations of a butcher's son with an itch for the papal diadem. Jane Seymour (Kate Gielgud) flutters in the back-ground, the subject of one of the longest, most tedious speeches I have heard in a theatre, delivered by Jeremy Flynn as her French suitor.

John Burgess's production is boringly acted and politely arranged on a blood-red but nebulous setting by Alison Chitty on which is painted a vaguely sensual crucifixion. As an event, it compares badly with the Traverse's production

of John Clifford's Ines de Castro, a more vital exploration of religious and political expediency a century or so earlier, before the breach was healed between Spain and Portugal. And as a contribution of the National Theatre to a major international festival, it simply will not do.

At least we have the unfamiliar sight of Henry VIII as a devoted papist and scourge of the Lutherans, but not his changes of heart and course. After the discovery of some love letters of Boleyn, the ambitious waiting woman is reviled as a witch, basilisk and tigress, and promptly beheaded. It is made clear that the break with Boleyn has been pushed through by the heretical new queen, Princess Mary (Hilary Dawson), while the long-suffering Aragon is consigned to cheerless oblivion. A spark of dramatic interest is nearly ignited when the tight-lipped, incipiently twitchy Miss Bassett encoun-ters the fallen Wolsey, stripped of his official robes and

travelling incognito.
The shadow of Boleyn is mentioned by Henry at the start, and there are persistent intimations of doom. Clearly the women are to blame, though the clownish Pasquino. Calderon's curious approximation of King Henry's court jester, Will Summers, spreads around his disaffected accusations quite evenly. Karl Johnson's playing of Pasquino as an acrid malcontent is disappointingly half-hearted, though, to be slightly fair for a change, he is saddled with some excruciating lines.

Michael Coveney

Kresnik's Macbeth

KING'S THEATRE

The new German dance theatre - political, committed, more concerned with social than choreographic commentary – has arrived in Edinburgh with a bold and bloody deed. Johann Kresnik has, for 20 years, been making pieces that challenge even the conventions of today's dance-theatre, and in the Mac-beth showed by the Bremer Theatre, Bremen, the Scottish play is radically and brilliantly

re-worked.

Blood pumps, spurts, stains the white of bath-tubs, of setting, of human nature. A blood-red front curtain rises to reveal a stage draped in white plastic sheeting, round which thin arterial tubes convey blood to the orchestra pit. At the back of the stage are vast steel doors. Fourteen white bath-tubs are there, with bod-ies in them. A priest in soutane and shovel hat, black-faced, enters and pours a bucket of blood and visceral remains into the pit. He leaves, closing the steel doors with a clang like the crack of doom. A series of "red-outs" present us with photographic aphorisms about violence, the quest for power,

death. Thus the staging begins. It seems wilful, compelling, intensely pertinent to the drama. Dress is modern - the witches like mad air-hostesses at moments - and faces are daubed, disfigured, with smears, stains, gouts of blood, the only colour in a black and white production. For 105 minutes Kresnik builds up a text of references, hypnotic repetitions of imagery, that form a gripping commentary as the play is transmuted but never betrayed. Duncan's murder, the scene with Banquo's ghost, have a demonic energy and imagina-tive resonance. Lady Macbeth, perched half-way up the doors, watches Duncan's death; Banquo, a Kabuki figure, rears beneath Macbeth and carries him on his shoulders. The most shocking moment comes when the entire stage picture changes. Gone the black fig-ures, the blood, the menace. We are in a nursery, the cast (as children) dwarfed by a giant chair and table. Three white-clad doctors watch them benignly (but why those climbing irons on their feet?), and then suddenly assault and kill them in most brutal fashion. And Macduff brings on Mac-beth for the closing scenes.

Kresnik's is a theatre of allusions performed by dancers. His skill lies in the dramatic vigour and pertinence of what he does. Choreography is not in evidence in the conventional sense, but the theatrical passion and blood-holtered ferocity of what he achieves needs dance as a language to give essential stylisation. The effect is astonishing, unforgettable.

Company performances are of total integrity, led in tre-mendous fashion by Joachim Siska as Macbeth and Susana Thanez as his wife Siska tireless, gives an innocence to the Thane then makes him appallingly a victim. Miss Ibanez, tense, domineering, then lost in madness, is no less powerful. There is an accompanying score for two pianos by Kurt Schwertsik. It should be seen.

Clement Crisp

crazy world," as the Bogart character put it in Casabianca. None of these three was helped by Prêtre's rubato-laden

ARTS GUIDE

EXHIBITIONS

London

The National Gallery. The Artist's Eye — this year the abstract painter, Bridget Riley's turn to take her pick of the collections. She observed a mena lections. She chooses a mere seven works, but all of them masterpieces — great figure com-positions by Titian, Poussin, Veronese, Rubens, El Greco and Cezanne.

Cezanne. The Whitechenel Gallery. Eusn Uglow - a retrospective of the

Gross dividend per unit

Darier & Cle

paintings of the nude by a painter who is at once the most severely objective and the most seductive of our painters of the figure. Closed Mondays.

The National Gallery. The Article Part of the patient of the patient of the shortest. The National Gallery. The National Gallery is the per this year the abstract painter, Bridget Riley's turn to take her pick of the collections. She chooses a mere seven works, great figure compositions by Tritan: Poussin, Veronese, Rubens, El Greco and Cézanne.

Paris The Louvre. Les donateurs du Louvre. Aptly, the newly refur-

RICHEMONT

COMPAGNIE FINANCIÈRE RICHEMONT AG

RICHEMONT SA

bished museum inaugurates the 1,200 square metres of space created underground for temporary exhibitions by expressing grati-tude for the generosity of donors throughout its existence. All days except Tuesdays, Hall Napo-leon, Niveau Accueil.

KB Gallery James Ensor Etchings: works from the Franck Collection. (Ends Sept 10) 19 Grand Place.

Beaux - Arts. Le passe vivant Eben Ezer, works by Robert Gar-cet, drawings by Giorgio de Chir-ico (Ends Aug 19) 20 Rue Ravenico (Ends Aug 19) 20 Rue Raven-stein 513 67 77.

Halles St Gery - Avanti, Ber-trand Neuman (Ends Sept 9), Place St Gery.

L'Ecnyer, 20th Century Crystal, ends August 30th. 187, Avenue

Louise. Musée du Costume et de la Den-telle: Women and Equality 1789 - 1889, Ends Sept 24.

Amsterdam

<u>Amsterdam Historicel Museum.</u> A selection of 70 design drawings from the private collection of art dealer Lodewijk Routhakke spanning four centuries. A fabled collection of more than 1,100 sheets. Ends 17 September.

Schira, Kunsthalle, Am Römer-berg Sa. A Wassily Kadinsky retrospective (1886-1944). Wassily Kadinsky, initiator and founder of the famous Blue Horse style also created a new form of abstract painting. He left Russia four years after the revolution and was forgotten for many years. To rehabilitate him 45 years after his death, 20 muse-ums from all parts of the world have lent about 170 oil paintings, watercolours and drawings for this unique exhibition, only to be seen in Frankfurt, Ends Aug

Secession. Never to be accused of neglecting the younger genera-tion of Austrian and internascene during 1969 as well as a marvellous photographic exhibi-tion by Astrid Klein. Until August 27.

exhibiting the Vienna artistic

Galleria Nazionale d'Arte Moderna. The Sonnabend Collectic contains a little of everything from pop-art with some of the best-known works of Warhol, Lichtenstein, Jim Dine, followed by examples of American minimal art (Flavin, Judd, Morris), to conceptual artimit, morris), to conceptual art and Arte powers, with works by Gilbert and George, Paolini, Merz, Pistoletto and Kounellis, ending with some curious examples of German neo-expressionism. Until Oct

Venice

Museo Correr. French impres-sionists from the Mellon collec-tion at the National Gallery of Art in Washington: more than 40 works, among which are delights such as Courbet's seascapes, Senrat's Le grande Jatte, and Renoir's Madame Monet and

New York

Museum of Modern Art. A retrospective of the work of Helen Frankenthater covering 40 years in 40 paintings explores the development of abstract expressionism since the war. Ends Aug

National Gallery. The first exhibit of the complete set of Mary Cassatt's colour prints

August 11-17 includes familiar images of mothers and children from the American impressionist's ceuvre. Ends Aug 27.

Max Loppert

Tokyo

National Museum. Hetjokyo Exhibition. Important archaeo logical finds excavated in the past 30 years in Nara, where Japan's capital and imperial pal-ace were located in the eighth century. Closed Mondays.

Idemitsa Museum. Hoan Kosugi. Kosugi's early work was influenced by Impressionism, but in later years be created a more Japanese style in sumie and watercolour. His favourite subjects were flowers, birds and people. Closed Mondays.

National Museum. Heijokyo - Dis-covery of a Lost Capital. Japan's first permanent capital and its imperial palace have been excarated extensively over the past 30 years. This significant exhibition features artefacts, reconstructions and models to give a vivid picture of 9th century life from a wide variety of angles. Closed Mondays,

National Museum of Modern Art. Art of the Showa Era. Paint-ings, sculpture, prints and photos by Japanese artists, all executed during the reign of the late Showa Empeter (1926-1989). Closed Mondays.

Teien Museum. Takeji Fujishima (1867-1943). Fujishima's work reflects the course of European Modernism but remains quintes-sentially Japanese in its delight in decoration for its own sake. The paintings on show include, landscape, still life and portraits. Closed Mondays.

Master Peter's Puppet Show GEORGE SQUARE THEATRE

The National Youth Music Theatre has brought to the main Festival their double bill of Falla's Master Peter's Puppet Show preceded by The Magistrate, a misleading English title for El Corregidor y la molinera, the mime play soon trans-formed into the ballet The

Timee-Cornered Hat.
For the opera NYMT uses not puppets but young performers wearing stylised masks – masses of masks, working well up to the moment of Don Quixote's assault on the tiny figures under the delusion that they are real, where the full pathos is lost. John Wright and Jeremy James Taylor are joint directors, the designer is Sarah Ashbole, the masks are by Michael Chase. The Puppet Show is sung in English in the old translation

of J. B. Trend with some updating. Diction is excellent. Special praise to Tuesday's player, Paul Renison (who shares the role with Thomas Rogers) of Master Peter's boy, who has the job of narrating the action, which he does with infectious enthusiasm. Just one point the first few announcements should go faster. The boy leads off automatically, only becom-ing involved himself later on. The change should show. Rob Milner gives an unusually sharp portrait of Master Peter. As a youthful Quixote in a Ronald Searle mask, Justin Harmer sings boldly and well. Quixote's presence in the stage

audience must never be over-

looked - this one deserves more help from the lighting. The non-singing characters, usually played by small pup-pets, form and re-form flexible groups on various levels as scene melts into scene. The decision to put the orchestra at the back of the stage may be inevitable in the kind of theatre in which NYMT usually performs, but although the conductor, Richard Dacey, and the ad hoc orchestra strove with a will, too much of Falla's expertly and exquisitely contrived sonorities went for little or nothing.

For The Magistrate the three

sisters forming the Triple Threat Dance Company, who are responsible for choreography and staging, also make use of masks. With some ingenuity they impersonate all the characters - the randy Corregidor, the miller, his desirable wife, a policeman and an oriental style scene-setter. Unfortunately, in the process a rumbustious Spanish small-town comedy becomes daintified.
Falla's score is filled with

illustrative detail worked with great skill - he described it as "musical dialogue" - too sel-dom reflected in this slimmeddown treatment. The orchestra for El corregidor is smaller than the one required for the Puppet Show. Surely the same players could manage both and abolish the tape? The sponsors are Nationwide Anglia.

Ronald Crichton

The state of the s

A DERICH Trickle bygg executive!

Same of Marie Control of the Control

The annual general meetings of Compagnie Financière Richemont AG, Zug and Richemont SA, Luxembourg which were held on August 16, 1989 have resolved that the following dividend be paid to unitholders of Richemont:

Monday, September 4, 1989 Coupon No.1

Payable on In respect of The dividend will be paid to unitholders by Richemont SA, Luxembourg and represents a dividend of 4.5%, including the preference dividend, on the amount of the reserve established in respect of the participation certificates issued by that company. The dividend is payable free of charges and without deduction of withholding tax.

Coupons may be presented for payment at any branch of the following banks: Union Bank of Switzerland
Darier & Cie Bank J. Vontobel & Co AG

Pictet & Cie Compagnie Financière Richemont AG

6300 Zug, Switzerland

Anlage- und Kredithank AKB

Hentsch & Cie

Richemont SA Luxembourg

Hard politics'

ast year, Candidate George Bush fought a

shallow, negative cam-

paign to win the US presidency. This year, President George Bush is trying, with some success, to be a hiparti-

His ambivalence is more

than just the rough and tumble

win. It is revealing not only about his character but also

san national leader.

BOOK REVIEW

FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday August 17 1989

City faces up to Europe

regulatory system for the investment industry, installed under the Financial Services Act, is being brought into full working order, it is becoming evident that the regulators are facing another upheaval. They are going to have to come unexpectedly quickly to terms with a European dimension.

It seems odd that the 1986 Act was developed almost without regard to the internawithout regard to the interna-tional implications. That is, of course, the traditional approach. Financial supervi-sion has in the past been regarded by most countries as a wholly domestic subject. Until recently, European

seen as very long-term pro-jects. For example, the direc-tive on collective investment funds took something like 15 years to negotiate. Since the Single European Act was passed in 1987, however, the pace has accelerated astonish-ingly. City of London practitioners were alarmed when the Second Banking Directive and the Insider Trading Directive sped through earlier this year. In the event, the final drafts were regarded as satisfactory. But earlier versions were not, and the UK's financial services industry is now anyious that industry is now anxious that the same information gap between the City and Brussels should not exist in respect of further important EC legislation, including the draft Invest-ment Services Directive and the planned associated direc-tive on capital adequacy.

Different rules

The Investment Services Directive, as it stands, is only designed to tackle half the problem. It provides for home country authorisation for investment firms, but it has proved impracticable to harmonise the radically different conduct of business rules of different member states in the near future. These rules will therefore continue to be set by the host country for the time being. This still poses poten-tially significant problems for British firms. If it proves cheaper and simpler for firms cheaper and simpler for firms to become authorised in other countries, and thereby to become entitled to a Community-wide "passport" after the beginning of 1993, then the British could find themselves labouring under a handicap. At the very least, the cum-bersome method of authorisa-tion by different self-regulatory organisations for different categories of investment business will need to be modified. Plans are being drawn up for banks to be given blanket authorisation for various investment activities by the Bank of England (which will need new powers). Otherwise British banks operating their investment businesses through vari-ous subsidiaries, which need separate authorisation, would not be able to enjoy the single passport for operation throughout the Community which will be available to the likes of

Cost and complexity

But this will not tackle the underlying problem of the cost and complexity of the UK's reg-ulatory system. It is regarded in Brussels as the Rolls-Royce of investor protection struc-tures, elegant and comprehensive in a legalistic way, but not a recommended model for the mass market. British firms are becoming uncomfortably aware that over the next few years they could be put at a

competitive disadvantage.

When members of the EC's
Economic and Social Committee visited the City of London
in June to sound out British
ophnion on the Investment Services Directive they were given a strong message that not enough harmonisation had been provided for. The EC representatives said politely that they agreed. But the question nains: who is going to harmonise with whom?

It is still too early to say whether really serious prob-lems will flow from this. But the regulators in London will from now on have no choice but to consider the European implications of all rule

The approach of the Commission in Brussels to harmonisation is to set minimum standards. If the UK chooses to set up an expensive system of reg-ulation and then finds it difficult to compete with lower cost systems elsewhere in the Community, that will be a problem for the British to solve.

Iran's confusing signals

the international community and restore its fortunes after the eight-year Gulf war with Iraq, it needs a reasonably consistent foreign policy and sound economic planning. So far, 10 years after the Islamic revolution which overthrew the Shah, it has neither.

The existence of a genuine public debate in Iran, even if restricted to a narrow political arena, is one of the few positive benefits left by the revolu-tion and should not be lightly sacrificed. Nor do realistic observers in the outside world expect Mr Rafsanjani, the newly elected president, to abandon the revolutionary Islamic ideals of the late "Imam" Khomeini. But it is difficult for anyone in the outside world to conduct business with Iran when the people suppos-edly in charge of government policy are flatly contradicting each other in public, especially on an issue as sensitive as the

Sometimes Mr Rafsanjani and his allies offer to help free the hostages and suggest a deal with Washington; at other times Mr Ali Akbar Mohtashemi, the hardline Interior Minister – and even Ayatollah Khamenei, the nominal successor to Khomeini – pour scorn on the idea of negotiations with the US and appeal to the Imam's memory to endorse their hatred of the "Great Satan". These inconsistencies are those of a still unfinished revolution, not a mature system of government.

Statesmanlike noises

Mr Rafsanjani has made statesmanlike noises in recent weeks, particularly towards the US, but disturbing signs of inconsistency in the Iranian leadership remain. Tehran took a confrontational approach towards the Saudi Arabian authorities before this year's pilgrimage to Mecca, ensuring the exclusion of Iranian pilgrims, and is suspected of involvement in the assassination of three Kurdish leaders in Vienna in July. Doubts persist about Mr Rafsanjani's goodwill, and more seriously about his ability to control his colleagues. When the presidential elections were brought for-ward by three weeks to July 28, it was assumed that this would allow him to take con-

trol as quickly as possible. But the process was delayed by constitutional confusion fol-lowing the failure of Ayatollah Khamenei officially to resign in his capacity of outgoing

In the short term, the compo-sition of Mr Rafsanjani's new cabinet, which he is expected to announce in the next few days, will say a great deal about his intentions, although it may also expose the limits of his political power. The best hope must be that Mr Mohtashemi will be dropped, or at least shunted into an appropriately insignificant job. He helped establish the pro-Iranian Hiz-bollah organisation in Lebanon which has been linked to the kidnapping of foreigners, and has publicly been urging it to stick to an extremist course.

Lebanon policy Mr Rafsanjani's attitude

towards Lebanon and the hos-tages will be closely watched. So far he has won some Western gratitude by leaning on the Hizbollah factions to dissuade them from killing any more of their captives, and apparently he hopes to resolve the hostage crisis by a deal which would be beneficial to Iran without obliging Western governments to renege too blatantly on their proclaimed principle of not bargaining with terrorists. But his intentions in Lebanon as a whole, where Iranian and Syrian-backed Moslem groups have joined forces against the Iraqisupplied forces of the Christian leader, General Aoun, remain unclear. Meanwhile, a quick way for him to improve his image internationally would be to order the release on humanitarian grounds of Mr Roger Cooper, the British businessman held without trial since 1985, in time for him to attend his mother's funeral in Britain later this week.

What matters about Mr Rafsanjani is not his alleged "moderation" but his apparent realism. To a greater degree than most of his fellow-clerics, he seems to understand the limits of Iran's military power and international influence and the need to rebuild them. He will need all his realism, and all his authority, in the coming

- 46 power stations (of which 5 nuclear Advanced Gas-cooled
- Total capacity 35,592 MW. Last year's output: electricity worth £4bn
- @ 31,000 staff, with main offices in London, Swindon, Bristol and Knutsford (Cheshire)
- Alms include: "to be more sexible and skillful than the competition...

ple making mistakes."
Mr John Baker, chief execu-

mr soun baker, chief executive of a very large electricity company which hardly anyone has heard of, is reflecting on the task of breaking away from ingrained habits of subservious to ministers into

ence to ministers into a

harsher world of risk, enter-

His company, National Power, is the largest of the three created when the govern-ment partitioned the Central Electricity Generating Board for privatisation. Even after the break on National Power

the break-up, National Power will be the world's second larg-

will be the world's second largest electricity generator, its little sister PowerGen will have enough plant to supply the whole of the Netherlands. The third part, the National Grid Company which will run the transmission network, will also be a multi-hillion pound enter.

be a multi-billion pound enter-prise jointly owned by the 10

distribution companies.

The generating companies are technically still divisions of

the CEGB. They expect to become state-owned companies

in January in preparation for sale in 1990 or later. Yesterday was the day of the image mak-

ers who have been packaging

the two generators for the sale. In blues and red, yellow and slatey green, with bold sans and tastefully italicised serifs, they expounded the new "corporate identities" of these

born-again purveyors of power. Then came videos of cornfields,

horses and racing cars to "create awareness" of names which, surveys show, are still

The old CEGB scorned such frippery. Bullied by ministers, yet technically strong, finan-

cially secure and proud of its

itself up for bankers and inves-

and its attitude to its custom-

ers, the 12 area distribution

boards, was at best school-masterly, at worst disdainful -

managers six months ago,

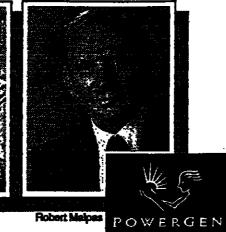
The area boards are looking

to settle several scores after

prise and profit.



National Power



9,500 staff, with head offices in London and Shirley Chairman:
Robert Malpas (ex 8P)
Chief executive:
Edmund Walls (CEGB)

Aims include:
"to become the UK's lowest cost producer of electricity"

"WHEN THE avoidance of political embarrassment is no longer one of our primary management objectives, we can be releved about peoof the dinosaurs

has continued, with powerful effects on the strategies of both generating companies and on the prospects for the entire £12bn to £13bn flotation.
Difficulties in the contract

negotiations between the gen-erators and the distributors erators and the distributors have now run far beyond the bickering of estranged cousins. While these disagreements — some fundamental — are being sorted out under the new Energy Secretary, Mr John Wakeham, the sale is likely to be nectioned for at least civ be postponed for at least six

Perhaps surprisingly, it was National Power, inheritor of the lion's share of the CEGB, which first moved into competitive battle earlier this year, not the smaller PowerGen. which the Government hoped would be a sort of guerrilla force against the bastions of corporatism.

PowerGen, with 26 per cent of the CEGB's power stations, was spun off with a new chairman, Robert Malpas, head-hunted from British Petroleum, and a "young and fit" management team, one in four recruited from outside.

In contrast, National Power – to be run by Lord Marshall, mission from Parliament to keep the lights burning at least cost, it never thought to doll the CEGB's chairman, with Mr Baker, formerly the CEGB's managing director, still in his old office at Sudbury House near St Paul's – looked deceptors; nor for anyone else. It was little known by the public near St rain's - looked deceptively like the old mammoth minus a couple of limbs. This was, indeed, how many of the staff regarded their new employer, internal surveys showed. Even after the videos, and greatly resented. As Mr Baker wrote in a draft of a old CEGB hands are dubbing speech to National Power's the launching party for staff in the Natural History Museum, London, this evening as the "dance of the dinosaurs."

decades of what they see as But National Power proved being kept under the CEGB's anything but extinct. In the late spring and early summer, domineering and arrogant thumbs." Although Mr Baker lowered at a critical stage in contract the voltage of his phrasing after press leaks blew a minisnegotiations with the area boards, it unloosed a pack of terial fuse, the historic feud aggressive salesmen to hunt

down their biggest customers, offering to cut out the middle-man and deal direct. It has now talked to 300 of the largest industrial companies, held six seminars and, according to Mr Baker, is pursuing a range of projects including joint ventures for the combined produc-tion of heat and electricity. This surprised, even dis-

mayed, PowerGen, which - according to Mr Ed Wallis, its chief executive - had been spun off with only one member of the CEGB's commercial department. (He promptly defected to the City). As National Power's commercial onslaught began, PowerGen wanted to get their own back on the CEGB's most obvious successor, National Power.

To Mr Baker's alert mind, if was quickly obvious that National Power was indeed in danger of becoming a declining species if it became tied by very tight contracts to area boards which then gave all new business to PowerGen or independent companies. The new competitive spirit he fos-tered was accompanied by a different way of organising and planning the business. The ability to take risks was devolved even to the level of power station managers. In the old CEGB, Mr Baker explains, projects were evalu-

ated in terms of optimising costs for the whole nation and long-term economic analysis. The timing of cash flows was almost ignored. But now, every project must be evaluated in terms of its profitability, cash generation and the precise mix of services and financial package which might suit particular customers: for example, an oil company seeking a market for its gas or a big industrial

capacity.

• Weaknesses have been exposed in the original idea for

● An industry which has become a battleground for market share will be difficult to sell shares in. Bankers would much prefer a cosy long-term relationship between distributors and symplicing an that tors and suppliers, so that large capital costs can be

The Government may be forced to step into the ring to limit the extent of this commercial aggression which it had itself created. One possibil-ity is that regulations will limit the scope of open competition to the largest 300 or so indus-trial customers rather than, as the original proposals suggested, to the thousands whose requirement is for 1 whose requirement is for 1 megawatt or more. Meanwhile, the Area Boards are fighting

As Mr Wallis says: "Until the

electricity as a by-product of raising steam.

PowerGen quickly followed suit, joining the battle for direct sales to the large industrial sector, some 10 per cent of total electricity demand. However, Mr Wallis seems a little ambivalent about the strategy, saying that although his company should be seen as more entrepreneurial than National Power, he would not want to follow the larger generator in "cutting the throats of its customers," the area boards.

The spectacle of Mr Baker and Mr Wallis turned corporate gladiators should have delighted ministers, except for three uncomfortable facts.

The area boards have become terrified of losing important parts of their market and are refusing to sign contracts which oblige them to Jack Germond and Jules

ket and are refusing to sign contracts which oblige them to pick up the capital cost of plant, unless they are pro-tected from the risks of over-

an hour-by-hour market in power based on these contracts. It is now being reas-

smoothly apportioned.

back by trying to set terms for the use of their wires which would deter competition, some-thing explicitly forbidden by the new regulations, but diffi-cult to police.

rules become clear, it is a pho-ney war." Never the less, it has become clear to all who watch the early struggles for position that an irreversible change has taken place in the industry. Many earnest engineers still regret the old sense of public service and the certainties of running a national electricity machine. But whether they mourn it or not, all agree the CEGB is dead, and natural selection reigns.

of politics, the compromises every candidate has to make to company wanting to make electricity as a by-product of

about the constraints under which he is operating as presi-

Witcover, who have succeeded the late Theodore White as the established chroniclers of US presidential elections, argue that "when George Bush took the cath of the presidency at the Capitol on January 20 1989 and repeated his vision, first expressed in his acceptance expressed in his acceptance speech in New Orleans, of a 'kinder, gentler nation,' he was, in effect, asking for the American electorate to understand that getting elected required one George Bush, and governing the country effecgoverning the country ener-tively required another. He was telling the voters that the campaign could be discounted as a dependable guide to what his behaviour would be in the White House."

The two authors, who disapprove, vividly recount the role and influence in the campaign of Roger Alles and campaign manager Lee Atwater, who is now chairman of the Republi-

can National Committee.

They persuaded an initially reluctant George Bush that if he was going to win his party's nomination and then the November election, he would have to adopt an aggressive approach.
It seemed at times that the

election was about the attitude of Michael Dukakis as Gover-nor of Massachusetts to the pledge of ellegiance to the flag in schools; about a prison release programme (introduced by a Republican predecessor) under which a convicted black murderer fled and then raped a white woman (the racial theme was implicit); and about his opposition to the death pen-

alty.
This strategy was devised early in the campaign to define Mr Dukakis as soft on national defence and crime - and to drive up his negative ratings -before he could define himsel or focus on Mr Bush's weak

In general, the approach worked though sometimes it backfired, as when Mr Bush visited a flag factory in New Jersey for the second time to proclaim that "flag sales are doing well and America is doing well." This brought almost universal ridicule and Atwater conceded it was "one flag factory too many."

Mr Bush was helped by hav-

ing a battle-hardened team which included many veterans of the Nixon and Reagan cam-paigns, while Mr Dukakis was hindered by the inexperience

faustian deal STRIPES AND BRIGHT STARS? The trivial pursuit of the Presidency 1988 By Jack Germond and Jules Witcover

Warner Books, \$22.95 of his advisers fighting their

first contest. Perhaps none of this mat-tered and, with peace and apparent prosperity, it was always likely, if never certain. that voters would prefer the continuation of the Reagan years they expected under Mr Bush. Yet not only was last year's process demeaning in terms of enabling voters to terms of enabling voters to take an informed decision, but it has also affected what Mr Bush has been able to do as president. The focus on negative campaigning — aided by television's need for the snappy and the visual — meant that there was little serious discussion about how to tackle the budget and trade deficits, the problems of the inner cities, education and the environment. By contrast, the 1987 campaign in Britain was a model of open debate.

Above all, there was Mr Bush's constantly repeated

Bush's constantly repeated refrain "read my lips, no new taxes." This pledge has imposed a straitlacket on his administration's freedom of manoeuvre in reducing the fed-eral deficit and in fulfilling any of his "kinder, gentler nation"

Negative campaigning has not been abandoned as a necessary evil to introduce and promote policies. Mr Atwater's associates have been responsible for smears against Demo-cratic leaders. Actively encouraged by his advisers, President Bush has also sought to play the patriotism card again by championing a constitutional amendment to correct a bizarre Supreme Court decision permitting the burning of the

American flag.

Some have seen a conflict between Bush's eastern establishment decency and belief in public service, and a tougher, anything-goes approach devel-oped during his many years in Texas. Maureen Dowd of the New York Times, a shrewd observer of the president's character, has asked, "Is he George the Ripper or George the Gentles Can he ever escape that some have called his what some have called his Faustian bargain on negative campaigning and be a conciliation president?"
Political analyst William

Schneider has argued that Mr Bush "offers bipartisanship in one hand and a knife in the wield the knife and acts surprised and disappointed when things get nasty. You just can't have it hoth ways." However. as Germond and Witcover argue, Mr Bush has so far found that you can: negative campaigning works.

Peter Riddell

Diplomatic service

■ The absence of diplomatic relations between Britain and Argentina has not, it seems, made the Buenos Aires posting quite the career backwater one might expect. Indeed, the four diplomats housed in what is now called the "British Interests Section of the Swiss Embassy" in one of Buenos Aires' nicer suburbs, have one of the service's more challenging jobs, even if the talks in New York yield little this

The cavernous building of 1960s prefabricated concrete and glass can house dozens of diplomats. But the four care takers have discovered that life for a British envoy in BA is not all barbecues and whis pered meetings with the (frequently hostile) Argentine press. There is also time for

Alan Hunt, a keen tennis player, is head of the team. Roger Golland, head of chan cery, only arrived in March and has yet to reveal his sporting forte. Robin Wallis is a cricketer, while the squash-playing Frank Baker runs the administration side of the out-

They face a difficult challenge from the multi-talented President Menem who, besides running Argentine diplomacy, plays tennis (reputedly poorly) and football, drives in cross country rallies, flies his own jet, and squeezes in the occasional modelling photo-ses-

Hunt's hope, so gossip has it, is that the talks go well not merely for the sake of improved relations, but also so that he can prove his ace services against Menem.

Power grid

■ In the warm-up to electricity privatisation, there have been suggestions that the two new owners of the nation's power stations - to be known as

Observer

National Power and PowerGen will not be the most determined of competitors.

Yesterday's grand presentation of the two companies' corporate identities - curiously enough, at a joint press conference - showed the situation to be more even complex than

PowerGen's new chairman, Bob Malpas, is on the board of BOC, Britain's third biggest customer for electricity. His boss at BOC, Richard Giordano, is on the board of the rival National Power. Malpas is also on the board of Eurotunnel, whose head, Alastair Morton, is another National Power director.

A central plank of the priva

tisation argument is that dissatisfied customers for electric ity can go elsewhere. One look forward to some lively board meetings.

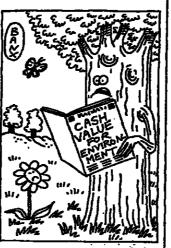
Entrancing

■ As British families await the arrival of their offsprings' A level results this week, they might consider one of the more bizarre exam-related products to help them through the ordeal next time.

Candidates who suffer from exam nerves can in future hypnotise themselves to success with the help of a tape record-ing marketed by Nirvana, a little-known concern located in Aldermaston.

For £4.99 ("marginally more than three packets of king-size cigarettes"), and half-an-hour a day with the tape, anyone can enter this transcendental state. Just heed the warning issued by Neil Bodger, Nirvana's managing director: it's best not to hypnotise yourself while on the motorway or in

The tape consists of intonations from John Griffin, Mem-



I think this means we'll be called infrastructure.

ber of the International Associ-ation of Hypno-analysts. "When I've taken you into this very relaxed state, I will plant suggestions into the deepest part of your mind." he intones to a background of funereal organ music. "Any-time in the future that you feel yourself become tense, uptight or anxious about anything, you can think of me, the sounds and rhythms of my voice."

Who needs a national curriculum when such help is at

Befuddled

■ I displayed my ignorance in suggesting yesterday that Shearson Lehman Hutton's beverage analysis had mixed their drinks when they said whisky was made from beer. One of them, John Wakely, assures me that the basic ingredients of beer and whisky are identical: malted barley.

The starting mixture for whisky is a weak beery mix-ture called wash, and the similarities at this stage extend to the supervisor being called a brewer. It is only later, at the distilling stage, that the

ways part. "Whisky makers like to surround it with enormous mystique, but it's really not a very complex business," says Wakely. One theory is that whisky originated when beer-makers tried to give their prod-uct a hit more kick.

Bad trip

■ One person who remains unamused by the nostalgia created by the 20th anniver-sary of Woodstock is William Bennett, President Bush's chief official in the campaign-

against drug abuse.
Bennett, 45, a one-time guitar player and self-confessed fan of early rock-and-roll music, complains about "mem ory distortion" surrounding the 1969 rock concert in upstate New York, and recites what he called the "casualty list from Woodstock."

This includes Janis Jophin

the rock singer who died from a drug overdose the following year. Others are Jimi Hendrix (1970), Keith Moon, the drummer of the Who (1978), and Paul Butterfield of the blues band of the same name (1987). But at least Woodstock has given Bennett some pre-public ity for Bush's \$60n anti-drug

strategy which has been approved in principle and will be unveiled early next month.

Bank raid

■ A film crew turned up at Standard Chartered bank in the City and said: "We have come to shoot the chairman. According to Rodney Galpin, the man they had come to see, they were admitted with unnerving speed.

David Lascelles

REGUSEXECUTIVE OFFICES—RENTAL BY THE HOUR

Why do business in a hotel room, when you could do it in your own office?

For the out-of-town businessman, the hotel bedroom is certainly a great place to start the day and end the day — but, it's hardly the perfect venue to carry out the business of the

Now, there is an alternative to files scattered on beds and uncomfortable meetings around cramped coffee tables. The Regus Centre on Trafalgar Square at No. 1 Northumberland Avenue - a prestigious centre for business where high quality executive offices are available to rent by the hour, the day or the week, according to the needs of the visiting businessman. A fully integrated corporate environment including a

conference centre and recruitment agency, where professional multi-lingual staff are on hand to take care of anything from sending a fax to arranging a business function for you and your colleagues in the 5 star club restaurant.

Next time, let your hotel be your temporary home, and let Regus be your temporary office. For further information, telephone Susie Lindsay on 01-872 5959, today.

NO 1 NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE LONDON WCZN 58W

EXECUTIVE OFFICES • CONFERENCE CENTRE BUSINESS BUREAU • CLUB RESTAURANT

governments have long known that a price to be paid in fighting guerrilla conflicts overseas is that their armed forces get drawn into acts of barbarity which domestic public opinion finds unacceptable. India possibly the first non-gligned nation to mount a major peacekeeping operation abroad, is running into the same experience in Sri Lanka.
On Tuesday I was the first
western reporter to visit Velvettiturai, a small coastal town near Jaffna, where Indian troops carried out reprisals on August 2 after the Tamil Tigers, the Tamil guerrilla movement, ambushed one of their nexts. their patrols close to the main square, killing six Indian soldiers and wounding several others. After 4% hours of walk-ing around the town and questioning many people, it becomes clear that angered sol-diers deliberately shot dead unarmed civilizas, burnt a large number of houses, and brutally beat many of the boys and men they caught. The local Citizens Committee has identified 52 bodies and says that over 120 houses were burnt - making it by far the worst atrocity alleged against Indian troops in the two years they have been in Sri Lanka.

Most of the killings took place in the hours after the ambush, but the burning and ransacking continued for another two days while Velvettitural was under curfew and surrounded by Indian troops. What is also certain is that the official Indian explanation for the deaths — that civilians were caught in crossfire in the wake of the ambush - has no credibility. Mr. S. Selvendra, the president of the Citizens Committee and a chartered accountant, is calling for a public inquiry.

Almost a fortnight after the event, a smell of charred remains hangs over Velvettiturai. Of the 15,000 people per-haps half have left in fear or despair. Many who remain are distraught over the loss of reladistraight over the loss of relatives or belongings, and uncertain how to begin again or where. What seems to have happened on August 2 is that two patrols of Indian Peace-keeping Force (IPKF) troops — about 30 men in all—approached the centre of the town on foot in parallel coltown on foot in parallel col-umns at about 11.15 in the morning. This was market time, when the streets were most crowded. They were ambushed by firing from the roof and the street. Six soldiers were killed and 13 injured, including an officer. Even by Tiger standards of brutality, these were heavy casualties to

David Housego visits the scene of killings by Indian soldiers in northern Sri Lanka

After the ambush, the reprisals

inflict at a time when peace negotiations are underway. What follows are abbreviated eyewitness accounts of four particular incidents that occured after the ambush.

• Mr N. Senthibadibel, 50, was in his photographer's shop

overlooking the square when the firing began. He threw himself to the ground. Later he was taken out and made to sit crosslegged with about 25 people on the square. From there he saw soldiers set fire to some of the shops and throw kerosene to add to the flames. At about 2pm a soldier came

along and said in broken English that he was going to shoot them. Two Jeeps arrived and firing began. The soldier then turned round to those seated and fired on them. Two people, Mrs K. Sivapackiyam, a washerwoman, and Mr K. Tahangaraja were killed and 10

more injured.

• Mrs S. Rajeswary, 52, is the wife of the head of the divisional land survey office. After the firing about 50 people sought shelter in her house well over 200 yards from the square – because it has a con-crete roof and thus offers pro-tection against shelling. About 1.30pm, four soldiers broke into the house. She came out of the kitchen into the hall

with her husband; they were holding their hands up. She pleaded with her husband not to step forward but he advanced to speak to the sol-diers. They shot him. They then called for the other men and shot four of them. and snot tour of them.

After that they sprayed bullets killing four more people and injuring nine. Apart from her husband, Mrs Rajeswary also lost her eldest son, 28, who was trapped in his shop which had been set on fire.

• Mr A.R.Sibaguru, 68, a retired postmaster. With some 70 other people he took shelter in the house of Mr Sivaganesh which also has a concrete roof.

About 4pm, some six soldiers climbed over the back wall of the house and entered the courtyard. Women fell at their feet crying and pleading with them not to shoot but were kicked aside. A sergeant then separated off the young men ages ranging from 18-35 - and told them to sit in front of the cowshed next to the house. The soldiers then fired on them, killing four. When one woman screamed at her husband's death she was told to be silent otherwise she would be killed. Mr Nadarajah Anantharaj, principal of a local school and secretary of the Citizen's Committee, still bears the mark on his face of wounds he received. This account of his treatment at the Udupiddy IPKF camp nearby is taken from his sworn affidavit. "There (at the camp) I saw many people who came along with me bleeding and crying. Four Sikh soldiers then started beating me with heavy wooden rods and with their

"One soldier dashed my head against the wall. One soldier pressed a wooden rod on my throat and was standing on the rod which was preventing my breathing. At that time I heard a voice shouting "Kill him, kill him," I was almost losing consciousness when I meased to sciousness when I managed to push the rod on my throat away, toppling the person who

was standing on it ...
"The next day, the Commanding Officer of Vadamaradchi (region), Brigadier Shankar Prasad, the deputy Commander, Col Aujia, and the Udupiddy Commanding Officer Colonel Sharma met me cer, Colonel Sharma, met me and expressed their apolo-gies... The Brigadier told me I had been ill-treated by mistake . .

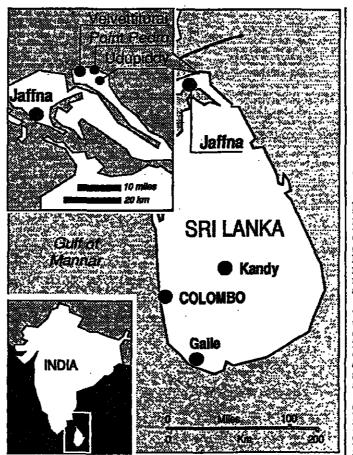
Several questions remain. Why did the Tigers launch such an ambush? The Indians believe it was a deliberate provocation by the Tigers, intended to trigger off an over-

hardest, but the most neces

Your paper, Sir, as the leading business journal in the world, has foreshadowed this, and I trust you will continue to illustrate and press this fundamental alteration in the business attitudes habits beliefs

ness attitudes, habits, beliefs

Blacknest House Sunninghill, Berkshire.



whelming Indian response. The Tigers were thus hoping to negotiations the IPKF's image as a force able to provide security for the Tamils.

It is unclear exactly how much support the Tigers have got in Velvettitural, which is one of their strongholds and the birthplace of many of their leaders, or how many of their men were killed in the action. Why did the Indians respond

so brutally? Part of the answer is that their troops have been under great strain in the Vada-maradchi region, with isolated patrols coming under attack and the Tigers firing rockets into the IPKF camp. This has left officers and men with nerves on edge. Velvettiturai itself had been

free of incidents – the result of an unexplained understanding between the IPKF and the Tigers. But some Indian officers believe that the Tigers have abused this understanding by encouraging their cadres to seek shelter in the town. Thus when the Tigers broke what was seen as their side of the bargain, the Indians took their revenge. The wounding of an Indian major also provoked

Were the killings and the brutality the result of soldiers running amok or did they have

the approval of their officers? With substantial reinforcements brought into Velvettitural in the wake of the ambush, officers were certainly present in the town during the shootings and the burning of homes. Some inhabitants believe that senior officers gave their tacit approval to the reprisals, if not

claimed that he had heard a senior officer say in anger not long before "I will burn Point Pedro" (a neighbouring town where there has also been trou-ble). "I will kill everybody." These may have been ill-cho-sen words of intimidation, not meant literally. But other Jaffna residents believe that the IPKF sees fear as an impor-tant weapon in the control of

The IPKF now hopes that the incident will be forgotten as quickly as possible. Its officers are against a public inquiry because they do not believe they would get a fair hearing. They say, with justifi-cation, that no Tamils would dare support the Indian army in public while the Tigers will intimidate witnesses in their favour. But it is difficult to see how, without some judicial inquiry, the record can be set **UK** competition law

A white paper with too many holes

By A.H. Hermann

he legislation outlined by the Government in last month's white paper Opening Markets: New Policy on Restrictive Practices is likely to bring a radical change in the enforcement of competition rules in the UK-Many companies will have to revise their way of trading or risk heavy fines and private actions for damages.

The legislation would pro-vide for "civil penalties" of up to 10 per cent of the total turn-over of the business or £250,000 if higher. Directors and managers responsible for negotiating or implementing a prohibited agreement will be liable to penalties of up to £100,000.

The new legislation is designed to replace the cozy Restrictive Practices and Resale Price Acts of 1976 by a domesticated version of that half of Community competition law which is derived from Article 85 of the EEC Treaty. The white paper therefore deals only with cartels and other restrictive agreements other restrictive agreements and not with abuses of market power, prohibited by Article 86, where the UK rules remain unchanged.

The transplanted EC cartel law will be improved in some respects and worsened in others. It will certainly be

ers. It will certainly be enforced with greater respect for due process but not freed from its contradictions and uncertainties.

In line with the recent decision of the European Court in Wood Pulp it is also proposed to reverse the UK's historical insistence on the territorial limits of jurisdiction and explicitly adopt the "effects doctrine" (the view that a country has jurisdiction over acts of foreign parties made abroad which have effects in the country concerned). So far the country concerned). So far this has been used mainly by the US courts in the pursuit of long-arm tactics against for-

eign companies.
The legislation will have wide scope, applying also to services and professions, though the much advertised impact on the legal profession is likely to be limited. As in the EC system, statutes and regulations as well as international treating and provides around the services are serviced. treaties will provide special immunities, so that anti-com-petitive practices could con-tinue in steel, coal, transport and agriculture.

The proposed legislation would accomplish the long overdue switch from a legalistic system to one where the behaviour of enterprises is judged according to its eco-nomic effects. There will be a broad prohibition, not only of formal agreements (as in present UK law) but also of concerted practices which have the object or effect of restricting or distorting competition. The UK's Director General of Fair Trading will be given wide powers of investigation, equal to those of the EC Commission. But - unlike the current EC system - his investigations would be quite separate from the subsequent adjudication. This would be in the hands of

three members of the enlarged Monopolies and Mergers Commission. These "troikas" could impose fines up to £Im. Higher fines could be imposed by the High Court, which would also deal with appeals. Private actions for damages – the main instrument of enforce-

ment in the US - would be

independent decision-making units composed for each case

given an important role.

These substantial improvements of the EC model are off-set by a number of controver-sial features. Of these, the most serious seems to be the exclusion of price fixing agreements from the exemption of agreements between parties with a combined turnover of less than £5m (or £30m for each party in case of a vertical

An important improvement on the EC system seems to be that only the offending parts of prohibited agreements would be null and void, and not the entire agreements as in EC law. It is, however, regrettable that the Government feels obliged to adopt one of the greatest drawbacks of the Brussels system, namely that application for clearance or exemption does not provide the suspect agreement with provi-sional validity.

On the contrary, over-ruling protests, the Government goes

ADVERTISEMENT.

the other way, proposing that such an application should not even bring about an immunity from fines (something that the EC system provides). Further-more, exemptions need not always be backdated to the date of application (for example, when an exemption is dependent on changes to the agreement) so a successful applicant may still suffer pen-alties for the period before the

exemption is granted. Such harshness can be explained only by the desire to deter as many people as possi-ble from making agreements which would require clearance or exemption. This would cer-tainly make life easier for the authorities, but is bound to result in considerable commercial uncertainty. It adds to the harm caused by the Govern-ment's reluctance to ease the making of vertical, mainly dis-tributive agreements. These, though restrictive, are often

pro-competitive.

The combined effect of such severity may well be that agreements which could open new markets – the encourage-ment of which is a declared objective of the legislation - will never be made for fear of the penalties, bother and legal costs involved.
All this will be offset, it

might be argued, by the more equal conditions of trade to be achieved through a greater uniformity of competition laws in the Community. However, such uniformity will be on paper only as long as respect for law differs from country to country. In any case, harmoni-sation of competition laws in Europe alone does not meet the most pressing problem. which is the need for harmonisation between Europe, the US and Japan. The urgency of this task is all the greater in view of the growing international ambitions of US courts and regulators, a problem not even mentioned in the white paper but well illustrated by the difficulties which British-based mergers have encountered in US courts.

The author is D.J. Freeman & Co Senior Research Fellow in International Trade Law at Queen Mary College, University

Not so 'perfectly simple'

From Sir Charles Villiers. Sir, I was sad to read Hugo Dixon's interview with Lord Weinstock (August 14), whom I have enormously admired (and, perhaps, assisted, in the English Electric merger, as managing director of the old Industrial Reorganisation Cor-

poration in 1977). Lord Weinstock says: "The object of our policy is to increase our earnings. It is per-

1.1

Esmes

1300M

e ildo

Small businesses are no small matter

From Mr Harry Kleeman. Sir, As the owner-manager of a small business, and a com-mitted member of the Confederation of British Industry (CBD) - I am chairman of the Smaller Firms Council - I must correct Mr Syme's view that the CBI is a pressure group which "does not help smaller companies" (Manage-ment page, August 14).

Most CBI members are smaller businesses, and all have access to the CBI's considerable reserve of expertise on issues ranging from relocation to payment of VAT. As a national lobby, the CBI's Smaller Firms Council is a recognised voice for small busi-ness concarns. The 13 regional offices offer advice at local level, and organise events with particular relevance to the smaller members.

i have belonged to many business organisations, and am impressed with the way the CBI exerts enormous influence at national level, while always

and expectations of the west, which Japan and its diaspora have so successfully estab-Charles Villiers,

other fields. Their object is to

increase market share, sup-ported by the Japanese banks and, at times, MITI (the Japa-nese Ministry of International

That is a very different objective – and it has contrib-

Trade and Industry).

uted to the astonishing rise of Japanese industry and of Japanese banks, which occupy nine of the slots in the 10 biggest banks in the world. "The old order changeth," as

That is not the object of our ever, and we must change with Japanese competitors in this or it. Cultural changes are the

making time to deal in a per-sonal manner with problems of small business members. identified according to three practices in the tender offers: cost minimisation; strong cul-tural relationships between the Harry Kleeman, 179 West End Lane, NW6 commercial firm and the procuring authority; and power bargaining at the top level of From Mr Tasos Bisopoulos.

Sir, Hilary Barnes' report (August 8) on the EC Commisgovernment.
The EC Commission would Sion's intervention on a big Danish bridge project is correct to state that a European Court decision on this event will intervene in the last of these practices; although nobody expects that it would intervene for the award of the smaller have important implications contracts. Nevertheless, given the recent increase in the threshold level for publication in the for the Community.

May I suggest that in the

public procurement area, a lot more is needed, especially for the small and medium enter-Small businesses have a good chance of winning gov-ernment contracts for two reasons; they function in a market which is vigorously competitive; and contract awards are

not confined to those who have access to the decision-making The pattern of competition for public contracts can be

Public purse can benefit the private pocket

From Mr Arnold J. Harper. Sir, Your editorial "Paying for Canaryloo" (August 10) was right to point out some of the gaps and inconsistencies in UK Government policy toward the funding of infrastructure development.

However, it is inspiring to see the Government beginning to acknowledge that the public purse benefits the private pocket every time it spends money on improving transport

Perhaps with a bit more prodding from such authorita-tive commentators as yourself the Government will also move to agree with you that "general taxation is often the least

mfair way of financing (mfra-structure) investment."

A "general tax" upon the rental value of all land as determined by market forces (under given, publicly-granted, planning permissions) is a wholly appropriate and fair way for the community to gar-ner to itself the windfall profits which accrue upon the spend-ing of tax money on the infra-

Such rent has a lifetime at least as long as the improve-ment itself, and it is paid very naturally both by those people whose benefit is the use of the development, and by those who benefit indirectly simply by being near to it. Arnold J. Harper, 31 Russell Road, Wimbledon, SW19

From Mr M.W. Geering.
Sir, In Vanessa Houlder's article on waste disposal companies (August 12) a number of quotes were attributed to Tim Steer, one of the specialist

that company's current operat-ing practices. James Capel is aware that the Caird Group and James Capel regrets any misunderstanding which may have arisen from this quote. M.W. Geering, James Capel, 6 Bevis Marks EC3

IN-FLIGHT MONEY-MAKER

Airline passengers will have indi-vidual telephone and entertain-ment facilities with a new system developed by Plessey.

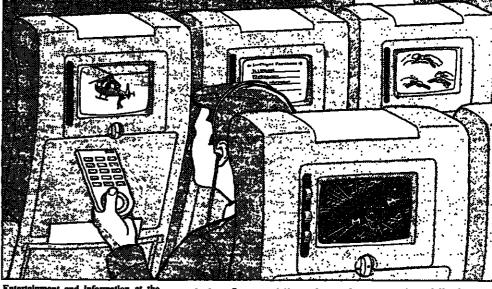
The Integrated Flight Entertainment and Services System (IFESS) will provide every passenger with a liquid crystal colour TV display, and keyboard. headset Through the aircraft's satellite communication system, they will be able to make telephone calls anywhere in the world.

They will also be able to choose from entertainment and information facilities including video games, video and audio channels, mail order shopping and business

AIRLINE INTEREST

Nearly 40 airlines have shown interest in the system since it was demonstrated at the recent Paris Air Show. It is now being demonstrated in the

Passengers will pay for services as they are used. The first systems will be fitted into aircraft in 1990.



exclusively by SkyTrading, a new company formed by Plessey and a major leisure and entertainment company.

SkyTrading will provide the the airline, with whom it will traffic control and airline operatechnology was designed by share profits. Research has inditional centres, with engine data Plessey for military use.

profit potential in an aircraft the size of a Boeing 747 is about \$1 million a year.

neering maintenance base.

Mr Mike Whiteman, managing director of Plessey

cated that for an airline, the relayed to the airline's engi-

Plessey can also provide Avionics and chairman of global positioning and engine SkyTrading, said IFESS was monitoring systems. Informa- well positioned to replace dutytion on location, height and free facilities as a source of equipment at no capital cost to speed would be sent to air airline income. Much of the

Potential employers could communicate better

From Mr Howard Law. Sir, Your articles about graduate employment make inter-esting reading (I am a recent graduate – June 1989 – as yet memploved).

But most of them, highlighting the mismatch in the demand for and the supply of graduates, generalise the prob-lem simply as "too many vacancies, too few jobs." The shortage of graduates in the UK is for graduates with a jobspecific discipline such as civil engineering or computer pro-

With regard to vacancles requiring graduates of "any discipline" I have yet to find a shortage of graduate appli-cants. Telephoning a potential employer, inquiring about a vacancy in the purchasing department, I was warned that over 800 people had applied for four jobs; that because of this they were not accepting appli-cations details over the phone, and that they were now only accepting applications from graduates with a good second

class degree and above. No graduate shortage there. What is apparent is the mismatch between the numbers of graduates with relevant degree disciplines and the numbers of vacancies requiring those gradnates who are correctly quali-

The solution must be to improve the level of communication between industry and

potential graduates. This means companies giving more help to A-level (advanced school leaving certificate exammations) candidates, in terms of information and, possibly, degree-course sponsorship, so that they can improve their chances of choosing the right carear and becoming successfully employed.

Official Journal of the EC, information available to smaller businesses has been

reduced, and therefore compe-

tition is confined to a few large

corporations or consortiums. Would it be far-fetched to

conclude that this - the unin-tentional ignoring of the needs

of small businesses – is under-mining the whole philosophy of the European single market?

Tasos Bisopoulos,

38 Doughty Street, WC1

Meanwhile companies gain through catching talent early on, making graduate recruit-ment a simpler affair, and maybe reducing the mismatch between the number of right graduates for the right jobs. Howard Law, Hartfield, 5 The Elms, Leek Wootton,

Waste disposal

Smaller Companies analysts at James Capel. One of these related to Caird

Group, and may have been interpreted as a criticism of was one of the first in the sector to establish an internal environmental audit group. No such criticism was intended,

Plessey export marketing

An urgent Canadian order for submarine sonar systems has executive Nick Messinger said: been met by Piessey in remark- "We believe that the order, ably short time.

were required for the Oberon class submarines Ojibwa, Onondaga and Okanagan. To meet the extremely tight

timescale demanded, Plessey sought - and obtained - agree- of Canada." ment from the Royal Navy to divert three Triton boat-sets of its own to Canada. The equipment was deli-

vered to the customer's UK recognised centre for the study representative within 17 hours of submarine acoustic performof the order being received. ance for world navies.

worth \$CAN8.7 million, repre-The three Triton systems sents the beginning of a longterm relationship with the Canadian submarine service involving both Plessey Naval Systems in the UK and its sister company, Leigh Instruments

> Plessey Naval Systems has been the major contractor for Royal Navy submarine sonars for more than 20 years and is a

NEW SATELLITE STATION

Plessey has won a £4.5 million be launched late in 1990. It may contract to build a satellite also be used in conjunction ground station at West Freugh on with the existing Landsat and the west coast of Scotland.

by the Ministry of Defence international space station and the station is for the Freedom and the European Royal Aircraft Establishment, Columbus polar platform. Farnborough.

It will be the UK's first £50 million contract for the resources monitoring.

ready for the ERSI satellite to ground stations.

SPOT satellites. Eventually, it The contract was awarded is likely to play a role in the Plessey recently won a

receiver station for high-speed Skynet Anchor programme. research data from oceano- These two major successes graphic, weather, ice and earth underline the company's emergence as the leading The station is planned to be contractor for UK satellite



PLESSEY and the Plesser symbol are trade marks of The Plessey Company pic-

FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday August 17 1989

SHEERFRAME*
Window & Door Systems
for the World Market LB.Piaetics Limited Tel:0773 852311

UK and Argentina meet to discuss Falklands agenda

By Anatole Kaletsky in New York

THE UK and Argentina held their first formal talks on the Falklands issue since 1985 in New York yesterday, raising cautious hopes of a rapproche-

The two have not had diplomatic relations since the 1982 conflict, but have been edging towards a meeting since the election of Mr Carlos Menem as President of Argentina in July. Mr Menem introduced a more pragmatic strategy towards Britain than had been expected during his sometimes fierce campaign rhetoric - apparently motivated by concern for Argentina's ailing econ-

Britain was represented at the meeting by Sir Crispin Tickell, its UN representative, and Argentina by Mr Lucio Garcia del Solar, a special envoy and former Ambassador to Washington.

Diplomats on both sides tried to avoid giving rise to high expectations of the meeting, and stressed that yesterday's talks had only the limited objective of establishing the ground rules for ressible the ground rules for possible substantive talks later in the

Pragmatic Greens - or "radi-

cal eco-pragmatists" as Fischer

calls them - now talk about progressive and backward com-

panies (the latter being mainly in chemicals and energy) and about a new progressive alli-

ance cutting across class lines.

stronger environment ministry

to take over powers from other

ministries in energy, transport,

and health; to receive a far higher annual budget, cur-rently Dm530m (\$283m); and to

enjoy the political indepen-dence of the Bundesbank.

employment figures.

pany Sandoz.

He also suggests publication of monthly pollution statistics along with economic and

On the allegedly "do-noth-

ing" current administration Mr

Fischer is less convincing. His

often-repeated list of environ-

mental horrors leans heavily

on accidents such as the

nuclear power station disaster

at Chernobyl in the Soviet

Union and the pollution of the Rhine by the chemicals com-

And he repeats the assertion

that Dm100bn of environmen-

tal damage is caused each year

in Germany while only Dm30bn is spent on control

and protection. He does not

explain how these figures are calculated.

He aims to shake German

complacency by pointing out

that if environmental protec-

tion appears to be taken more

seriously than in many other European countries it is only

because German industry cre-

ates so much more pollution, and he says that in banning

dangerous products and con-

trolling car emissions the US has achieved more.

Mr Fischer also wants a far

The UK mission to the UN said that the meeting, which was expected to be resumed on Thursday, was being held without prejudice to the sovereignty positions of either side regarding the Falkland Islands, South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands." The purpose of the talks was to "seek to establish the condi-tions and agenda for direct

Despite the low-key official interpretation, however, the meeting raised hopes of a thaw between the two countries. The

talks between the UK and

Argentina.

main reason for optimism was Argentina's willingness to put de the issue of sovereignty, at least at this preliminary

The limited agenda set for the New York meetings was also seen as encouraging. The fact that the talks were being conducted not by politicians but by two senior professional diplomats was also seen as contributing to the chances of

The last round of British-Argentine contacts foundered in 1985 in Berne when Argentina insisted that any talks should include the issue of sover-eignty while the UK said the topic was not open for discus-

At this stage, Mr Menem has said Argentina would keep the issue of sovereignty "under an umbrella," a phrase which has yet to be defined with any pre-

The preparation for the meeting has been done through several intermediaries, including Brazil and Switzerland – which act as protecting powers for Argentina and the UK respectively – and the US.

David Goodhart on arguments for and against environmentalism Green hindrance to

The 'big lie'in ecology politics

R JOSCHKA
FISCHER, the
unkempt figurehead
of the pragmatic wing of West
Germany's Green Party, says
in a book just published that
the "big lie" in environmental
politics is the belief that enormous progress especially in mous progress, especially in Germany, has been made in solving environmental prob-

Instead, says Mr Fischer, progress has been made only in raising consciousness about the problem and that beneath the propaganda of industry and the environment lies a

mountain of inertia.

But more eye-catching, and persuasive, is the way Mr Fischer undermines the increasingly familiar argument that Greens are merely re-cycled utopian socialists. His book, Der Umbau der Industriegesellschaft (The

Reconstruction of Industrial Society), is a plan for the greening of capitalism

In the book he argues that in the battle between socialism and capitalism the latter has clearly won, but if it is not to be a Pyrrhic victory, he says that capitalism must now become responsible for the future of the earth. The ideas he has adopted for

using the instruments of the market, in addition to the state, for cleaning up capital-ism, now command wide political support in Germany - in outline if not in detail - and would form the basis of any economic programme of a Red-Green government in Bonn.

They start from the assumbtion that scarce environmental goods - air, water, earth - must have a price, like labour and capital, although how the price will be set he does not explain.
Other ideas include the

restructuring of taxes and duties to ensure that the "pol-luter pays" and that energy saving is encouraged.

He also proposes the building of environmental costs into

company accounts. But perhaps more controver-sial is Mr Fischer's view that in the long-run industry itself is in fact the best friend of the

ecologicial movement.

He wants to associate good ecological behaviour with profits and efficiency, not with job losses, and - benefitting from Germany's lead in some sectors - build an even bigger environmental goods sector. The sector already employs about 500,000 people in Ger-

scientific progress P ROFESSOR Helmut Sihler, chief executive of Henkel, maker of "phos-

phate-free" Persil washing powder in West Germany and president of the Chemical Industry Association, is exasperated at what he sees as the over-emotional debate about the environment in Germany. He believes environmental-ists fail to appreciate how far industry has progressed in cleaning itself up over the last decade and they refuse to accept the existence of difficult trade-offs or the need for prior-ities for the future. "It was our great achieve-

ment to immunise ourselves from the bio-sphere in the 19th and 20th century. Now instead of being a danger to us it has become a concern; the great change of consciousness in the chemical industry in the past 15 years reflects this and we now realise our research and production methods must coexist with the bio-sphere," says the Austrian-born doctor of philosophy, now one of the most forthright spokesmen for West German industry. He reels off some contested

He reess off some contested data: in the past 25 years production has increased 200 per cent in the West German chemical industry but air pollution has fallen 70 per cent and water pollution 90 per cent, some DMIbn (\$515m) is invested by the chemical industry in environmental proindustry in environmental pro-tection every year, which at 10 per cent of total investment is proportionately more than any other large economy; also, disaster in Switzerland there has been a wave of investment to make sure there could be no

repeat in West Germany. The combination of govern-ment regulation and corporate self-regulation has worked: "Look at the Rhine now compared with 30 years ago," says Prof Sihler. Two areas of genuine concern remain: chemical waste and products such as phosphates and CFCs. The waste problem, he says, pro-vides a classic illustration of "eco-hypocrisy."

"In the recent Hanover agreement industry accepted a three-point plan - to avoid waste, to recycle as much as possible, and to burn before dumping. But now because of opposition from people like the Greens we can't get permits to build the 10 to 15 high-tempera-

ture furnaces we need."
Unable any longer to observe
the no-politics rule of his association, he says: "Many Greens



are old Marxists who found that the critique of capitalist self-destruction had failed; then along came ecologism which preached a new version of the same idea. Initially perhaps the Greens did help raise our consciousness but now

they are a hindrance to progin 10 years the chemical factory itself would present no environmental problem: trouble would come only from products. But Prof Sihler, with the former philologist's contempt for woolly thinking, swipes at the idea that "what is good for the bio-sphere is necessarily good for us." arily good for us."

For humans, CFCs in fridges was a vast improvement on e savs. and if w reject DDT how many more cases of malaria are we prepared to accept? "People like the Greens are

destroying trust in science and if trust is destroyed then fear will block all progress." Research into gene technology is, he says, a case in point. "There are enormous benefits from this work and we have to trust the researchers to be responsible. If we do not trust

them in Germany they will in any case go and do it in other countries." Social Democrat proposals to increase energy taxes treated Germany like an island. "We need a common energy policy for Europe. It is almost as important as a common mone-

tary system. Above all, he concludes, it is more important to raise envi-ronmental standards in Europe to the West German level than to push Germany even further

Apartheid opponents to meet on talks

By Patti Waldmeir in Johannesburg

SOUTH African anti-apartheid groups have called a national conference to discuss holding negotiations with Pretoria over ending apartheid.

The conference call comes in the midst of continuing criti-cism in South Africa of Mr P. W. de Klerk's plans to meet President Kenneth Kaunds of Zambia for talks which Mr Kaunda hopes will bring such negotiations closer. News of the meeting, set for

October 7, came at a press-briefing attended by an excep-tionally broad range of anti-apartheid leaders including such figures as Archbishop such figures as Archbishop
Desmond Tutu and Rev Beyers
Naude, union leaders Cyril
Ramaphosa of the National
Union of Mineworkers and
Chris Dhlamini of Cosatu, the
largest union federation.
Mrs Albertina Sisulu, wife of
jailed African National Congress leader Mr Walter Sisulu,
also attended as did prominent

also attended as did prominent also attended as did prominent figures identified with the black consciousness movement. Representatives of groups allied to the so-called Mass Democratic Movement, such as the unions, do not normally appear alongside black consciousness figures.

The organisers of the confer-

The organisers of the conference said they feared it might be banned by the South African authorities. A similar conference last year was stopped

The African National Conopponent, said last month it was urgent to determine a united position on negotiation among anti-apartheid groups and said it would elicit views among internal organisations on the question. The ANC is to present its own position on negotiation to an Organisation

of African Unity meeting in Harare, Zimbabwe.

Debate on the issue of nego-tiation, within both the South African Government and the anti-apartheid organisations, has increased markedly in recent months. However, polit-ical analysts believe that preconditions for talks imposed by both sides are still far from

being met.
The ANC issued a call on Tuesday for intensified armed struggle against Pretoria, while the furore caused by Mr de Klerk's planned visit to Zambia indicates the depth of divisions on the issue among South African whites.

Mr Andries Treurnicht, leader of the extreme-right Conservative Party, criticised the prospective meeting, saying Mr Kaunda was a "mouth-piece" for the ANC which he said was not part of South Africa's "political dispensa-

• A political activist recently released from detention after a hunger strike, Mr Eric Gumede, was killed by unknown gummen outside his home on Tuesday. It is the latest in a series of murders of anti-apartheid activists.

Manila agrees

The plan states that all funds to be used for loan buy-backs should come from official sources - specifically, the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank and the Japanese Government. Philippine government representatives will meet these agencies dur-ing the next week to secure approval of the plan.

According to the formula contained in the Brady Plan, the IMF and the World Bank can each make about \$420m available to the Philippines for debt reduction over the next three years, with a similar amount contributed by Japan. However, some of those funds are intended to be used for interest rate reductions

The start of the power struggle

The assumption about electricity privatisation has always been that the CEGB, when split into two power generation companies, would operate as a cosy duopoly. After yesterday's joint press conference, the suspicion is rather that they might compete too vigorously for their shareholders' good. Granted, the natural tendency for producers of an undifferentiated commodity is to collude against the customer, but the more unstable the market, the harder it is to hold the line.

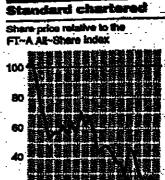
hold the line.

The two chief imponderables look like being raw materials and competing supply. Both National Power and PowerGen are now taking a detectably softer line towards the use of cheap foreign coal, doubtless in deference to the Government's with the water to Politich Coal. deference to the Government's wish to preserve British Coal as a saleable asset. As to supply, both companies face the possibility that hig industrial customers could end up as competitors instead; while the area boards — who will also have partial freedom to set up as producers — are obviously as producers - are obviously proving awkward over the fixing of new contracts.

But from the investor's viewpoint, none of this need be a bad thing. Both British Tele-com and British Gas were floated without due thought for competition and both have been dogged by official inter-vention ever since. Speculation is meanwhile arising on which company the Government will float first, and which will fetch the higher multiple. Unless the larger and more established National Power does a particularly good deal in guaranteeing shareholders from liability for its nuclear programme, it could well sell at a discount; and if the complacency of its forthcoming advertising is a guide, it may prove the less hungry of the two.

Queens Moat The institutions accepted

Queens Moats' third rights rity, and not merely because of the depth of the 19 per cent discount at which it was priced. A more flattering reason why yesterday's £141m call caused no unrest was the good use to which the hotel group has put the proceeds of the pre-vious two, to fund its growth in Europe and the UK. That its share price performance since 1984 has outshone other hoteliers' is no surprise, given its 29.9 per cent compound annual growth in earnings per share.



hotels would be struggling a little, but Queens Most is achieving a record 68 per cent occupancy rate in its provincial businessmen's hotels in Britain, and similar figures in its Continental chains, which there is a continental chains, which there is a continental chains, which there is a continent to the continent of the cont tariffs have risen too. Only two greyish clouds loom on the horizon: the high prices of UK hotels, such as the £110,000 per room Queen's Moat paid for Nottingham's Savoy, and the relative scarcity of mediumsized European chains availsized kilropean chains available for purchase. That said, Queens Moat expects to have £75m of the rights issue cash left next January when the burden of high interest rates may have created opportunities to buy some of the hotel world's weaker brethren.

Standard Chartered It is hard not to conclude that one of the main reasons why all the major UK banks ended up increasing their. Third World debt provisions to about half their exposure was because that was all that Standard Chartered could afford. dard Chartered could afford. Presumably, the Bank of England did not want the big boys showing up the weakest member of the community. Even so, Standard's risk asset ratio of 8.1 per cent is a bare minimum, especially since its unprovided exposure is still equivalent to 90 per cent of shareholders' funds, not including South Africa. Admittedly, the ratios will look better once the group has sold its ter once the group has sold its various luxury office blocks, but the urgent need to bolster its capital ratios makes it look increasingly like a forced

Capital ratios apart, there are signs that the business is on the mend. True, there were some black spots in Europe and Australia and the £26m owth in earnings per share. provision for its unwanted US
One might have thought real estate loans is embarrassing. But a 15 per cent rise in first half underlying profits underscores the sort of improvement which can be generated when banks really start attacking costs. However, the scope for further substantial gains in this area must be limited. The long-term question is whether Standard can trade its way out of its problems or whether it will eventually be snapped up by a predame. A Color of the Col

The reassessment of group strategy has hardly been worth the wait. It has concluded what everyone knows, that Standard should go back to where it was 10 years ago, emphasising the Far East and Africa and businesses like trade finance. It would have been far more convincing if it had included a link with a strong European bank. An eventual takeover by someone like Lloyds or the Royal Bank of Scotland still makes most sense, but in the interim a prospective yield of 8.8 per cent should provide The reassessment of group 8.8 per cent should provide some comfort for disenchanted investors.

WH Smith

WH Smith's 31 per cent increase in High Street profits shows how foolish it is to lump all retailers together. Figures for spending may be static, but the roung are harding Simply the young are buying Simply Red compact discs as if they had never heard of base rates; and pencil sharpeners and magazines seem to be selling briskly too. Not only is WH Smith managing real volume growth – something that most retailers have given up dreaming of — it is also getting the benefits of investment in technology. As both volumes and margins should rise further still, WH-Smith might seem under-rated at the sector's depressed average.

The problem is that the company cannot kick its banana akin habit. It may not have slipped in the UK High street, but in nearly every other area profits are flattish or down. It is losing money in travel, los-ing senior staff at Our Price and failing to make any decent return in the US. And these are small problems compared to Do It All, where it is most difficult to share the management's confidence that profits will rise this year. In fairness, the flat profits from distribution were something of an achievement and next to Sky and BSB Smith looks clever to be losing only £2.2m in TV. However, that is not the stuff re-ratings are made of.

will a for a

MFI completes £35m refinance package

By Norma Cohen and Maggie Urry in London

MFI, the UK furniture retailer. and its bankers have completed a £35m (\$55m) refinancing package just in time to meet a £10m interest payment which was due yesterday. Bankers said that MFI

- which in November 1987 was the subject of Britain's largest management buy-out, worth 1718m - had obtained good terms from shareholders and lenders anxious to protect their investment in the group.

The company ran into difficulties this year because high original, and much larger,

interest rates and a slowdown in the housing market hit fur-

niture sales. Mr Derek Hunt, chairman, said difficult trading conditions, worsened by the hot weather which had deterred shoppers, "inevitably had an adverse effect on our financial position. The refinan-cing is intended to put MFI back on course."

Mr David Brock, MFI mar-keting director, said the com-

pany, which has cut costs by reducing staff and holding back capital expenditure, had introduced new ranges of more up-market furniture to widen the group's appeal.

The company had turned in below-target operating profits

WORLD WEATHER

8 32 90 C-Cloudy D-Drizzie F-Feir Fg-Fog H-Hadi R-Rate S 24 75 3-Sup 31-Steel So-Snow 7-Thinday

of £91.8m for the year ended April 1989, against a planned £100m. For the year year to April 1990, profits are now expected to be under £80m, against the £125m envisaged in the original buy-out plan. A separate company, furni-ture and carpet retailer

Continued from Page 1

ding and cooking utensils into a battered vehicles in front of the abandoned apartment block in which they had been squatting. Now they were preparing to return to southern Lebanon — the region they had originally fled in order to escape Israeli occupation.

They left behind them a Beirut of deserted streets, disfigured by charred buildings, broken glass and fresh shell

ken glass and fresh shell

craters. Ninety per cent of the 1.5m residents are estimated to

have fled the city.
Syria's aim, following an unsuccessful assault in collabo-

UN ceasefire call fails

Lowndes Queensway, formed through a £450m leveraged takeover last year, is also close to fixing a refinancing. It is expected to strike a similar deal to that of MFI, who are advised by County NatWest. The MFI refinancing package, arranged by Charterhouse Development Capital with

Chemical Bank as the lead bank, includes:

a £35m rights issue, which will significantly dilute the equity holdings of any share-holders who do not take it up; • bridging finance of up to £35m until the rights money is available on September 11 — giving MFI money to pay the interest due immediately;
• a deferral of £60m out of

£185m of debt repayments which were due between April 1990 and April 1993. The margin on the loans are a relatively low 1% per cent over Libor (London interbank

ration with its Druze and other

militia allies on a strategic ridge south of Beirut last Sun-

day, appears to be to tighten its grip around the enclave with a view to sapping Chris-

Despite periodic probing of the enclave's defences, many

observers acquainted with Syrian thinking believe that Damascus would order a

full-scale ground attack only

with considerable reluctance in view of the casualties its army might incur and the difficulty

it might encounter in holding

on to the territory.

tian morale.

to debt plan Continued from Page 1

tionships in the country."

rather than debt buy-backs so the IMF would have to agree to be flexible on the use of its

– ADVERTISEMENT ––

NEWS REVIEW

BUSINESS **Advanced Boeing** navigation system

Boeing Military Airplanes, Seattle, has selected the Navigation Systems Division of Ferranti Defence Systems, Edinburgh to provide its Terrain Referenced Navigation System (TRNS) for an advanced mission avionics development programme. The TRNS will form part of a new system, under demonstration and evaluation during flight trials, in a Boeing 720B advanced avionics testbed. Successful flight demonstrations have already been conducted, at RAE Farnborough, and this selection, in the first US competition, recognises the technical capabilities of the TENS.

Infra-red testing

A UK MoD contract, worth over £4m has been won by the Logistic Systems Division of Ferranti Defence Systems. The combined development and production contract will provide the RAF with a 2nd-line test capability for the Forward Looking Infra Red system (FLIR) of the Harrier GR5/7 and Brrnado GR4 aircraft. The and Tornado GRA aircraft. The Electro-optical Avionics Test System will be developed by the division's Test Systems Group at Bellshill in Scotland. Briefly...

The Weapons Equipment Division of Ferranti Instrumentation, Manches-ter, has developed an active infra-red target detection infra-red target detection device to maximise the effectiveness of a broad range of air-delivered munitions. The existing Rhapsody fax family from Ferranti Business Communications is being extended by the addition of a new mid-range fax to answer the growing requirement for medium sized machines which increase office efficiency.

SUBMARINES

Fully integrated sonar

Ferranti Computer Systems has a potential value of £30m. has secured another major RN Sonar Type 2075 is the contract for the design, first fully integrated sonar system for the Royal Navy.

A total integrated system to be procured by the Ministry of Defence from a single supplier and the contesting fifth submarine of the USA and the UK.

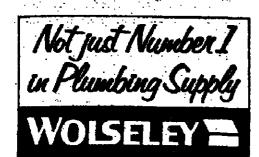
Upholder class to supersede Scheduled to enter service the various individual sonars with the Royal Navy long the latest UK class of diesel production of three complete by VSEL. Vital to the subsystems, plus the imboard system elements for a shore fit is the prime sensor enabled maintainer trainer. With various future options, the order track targets.

COMMUNICATIONS High altitude data

A data manipulation system has been developed by sible for the integration of the Ferranti International and system into a trailer-based General Electric of the USA ground control post equipped as part of a jointly funded with secure communications. In addition to processing data, the complete system officially tribution of intelligence data obtained from high altitude reconnaissance aircraft. The first prototype was handed over to the UK Ministry of Defence and the US Department of Defense last month. It incorporates an imagery exploitation system designed by the Data Systems Operation of General Electric, Walley Forge Pennsylvania, USA, Ferranti Computer Systems, New Ventures Depart-







COMPANIES & MARKETS



INSIDE

Hotels group asks for more cash

Queens Most Houses, the UK hotels group which operates 143 hotels in five countries, yesterday built up its vigorous expansion programme with another rights issue, its second cash call in less than a year. The company believes it is unlikely to have trouble selling the shares; as shareholders who took up the first issue now enjoy a 72 per

Miners move from down under Australian mining companies, not satisfied with tapping the vast resources of their own continent, are stepping up their presence abroad—and not just in South East Asia and North America, but further affeld, even in Africa. The number of Australian companies, both large and small, with exploration and mining interests these is increased. ests there is increasing, and the range of minerals targeted is wide. Page 28

Vienna waitz quickens



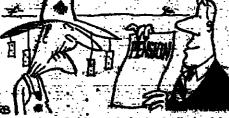
Werner Schmid (left), a successful 39 year-old share trader with the private Gutnarin bank in Austria, has seen dramatic changes at the Vienna bourse in the past year or so. Where once there was a handthe trading floor and the hardest problem was killing time, the

exchange is now computerised and, as international interest grows, the young traders filling the floor are eager for a slice of the action.

Beigian steel on the up

This week's announcement that Belgium's Cockerill Sambre is seeking BFr7bn of tresh capital from stock market investors is a vivid reminder of the good times currently being enjoyed by Europe's steel companies. However, potential investors have to decide how much of the recent recovery can be attributed to changes ushered in by the group's chairman, Frenchman Mr Jean Gandole, and how much to the sector's buoyancy. Page 18

A grab for the grey vote



The number of old people in Australia is rising rapidly, and the country's 80-year-old pension system is cliesting under the strain of trying to provide for them all. So the Government is trying, through a combination of tax deductions and improved benefits, to encourage those now in the prime of their working lives to save to provide themselves with a high standard of living in retirement. Life institutions such as the AMP Society and large banks are happily looking forward to the increased business such sures should bring. Page 22

Market Statistics

FT-A indices FT-A world ledices FT by book service

LUCE SUM

London share service London traded options London tradit, options Money merioss Notes the bond leads
Noted controlly prices
World stock talk indicat
LIK dividends accounted

Companies in this section

New Zeeland Steel Nichols (JN) (Vimto) Pergamon AGB Plasmer Plasmer Quebecor Ashton-Tate
Sank Hapoalim
Britannic Assurance
Cambridge Instrument Queens RHM Smith Corona Smith WH Sany Tan Holdings TR Technology Toys 'R' Us United Engineers Wang Laboratories Wentworth toti Westarmers Laird Group Liberty Life

Chief price changes yesterday

FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday August 17 1989

INTERIM DIVIDEND UNCHANGED AS £208M PROVISION MADE FOR THIRD WORLD LOANS

Breaking out of turbulent era

Standard Chartered reports £48m loss

By David Lascelles, Banking Editor

STANDARD Chartered, the London-based banking group, reported a £48m (\$76.8m) loss for the half year yesterday after making a £208m exceptional provision for problem country loans. As a result, its interim dividend will stay at 12.5p.

Because of the big reorganisa-Because of the big reorganisa-tion the group has undergone, Mr Rodney Galpin, the chair-man, said comparisons were hard to make with the same period last year, when pre-tax profits were £156m. However, he estimated that the result showed an improvement in underlying profits of 15 per cent.

The exceptional provisions were in line with those made by the Big Four clearing banks a formight ago. Standard's provi-sions bring its cover up to 46 per

Mr Galpin said the results Mr Gaipin said the results reflected improved performance in the UK, Asia Pacific, tropical Africa, and particularly the Middle East and South Asia. Europe made a loss because of difficult trading conditions, notably in a French south assured the process and the second trading conditions.

now been sold.

The result also included a The result also included a £14m charge for reorganisation moves instigated by Mr Galpin since he arrived last year from the Bank of England with the aim of putting Standard on the route to recovery from losses and internal upheavals. There was also a £25m charge for doubtful also a £25m charge for doubtful property loans in the US. The loss affected Standard's

capital position, and reduced its risk asset ratio to 8.1 per cent, risk asset ratio to 8.1 per cent, barely above the 8 per cent minimum now established under international guidelines. Mr Galpin said he hoped to be able to restore capital to satisfactory levels with the sale later this year of the group's headquarters in London and Singapore.

It Galpin also gave details of his recovery plan, which will also in available the uniqueness of

aim to exploit the uniqueness of Standard's international branch network and build on such strengths as treasury and merchant banking operations. The command structure had been improved and costs reduced, but profitability needed to be raised. He said his objectives could

not be achieved overnight, but was convinced they would bene-fit shareholders and staff. Standard's share price gained 7p to close at 587p.

David Lascelles on the international banking group's recovery plan

ords like "distinctive", "unique" and even "exotic" were flowing fast at Standard Chartered yeaterday as Mr Rodney Galpin, the new chairman and former Bank of England director, unveiled his recovery plan for the international banking group.

Standard is indeed an unusual bank, with its sprawling global branch network, heavily tilted towards former imperial territo-

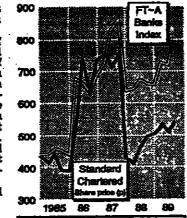
towards former imperial territo-ries in Africa, Asia and the Far East, but lacking a strong footing in the developed world. "Seven hundred and fifty branches in over 50 countries," it proudly pro-

But Standard's challenge has always been to prove that this is arways been to prove that this is an asset rather than a liability. "Break out", as Mr Galpin's plan is dubbed, has to overcome the scepticism of those who have seen his predecessors wrestle unsuccessfully in the past to construct a logic for the existence of this £27bn institution. Its consistently noon performance trick tently poor performance trig-gered the Lloyds Bank takeover bid in 1986; the bid failed but left Standard in turmoil.

"Their problem is that they have got no core market that they can call their own," says Mr Chris Ellerton, bank stock analyst at Warburg Securities. "In the long term I just don't see this banking group going anywhere." The main point to emerge from

Mr Galpin's plan yesterday is that he has decided to stick with the structure he inherited. There are to be no radical departures, no big shake-ups, no strategic alliances. "This is evolution rather than revolution," says Mr

Standard's strengths, as he sees them, lie in its entrenched position in developing and newly industrialised countries, in many of which it is a household name, particularly around the fastgrowing region of the Pacific, which, he says, has a greater vol-



Rodney Galpin: confident in belief that Standard Chartered has a viable future

ume of cross-ocean traffic than the Atlantic.

Mr Galpin sees Standard "building bridges" across this network to finance the flows of trade and capital between the countries where it is represented. These operations will be serviced by the centralised treasury and merchant banking functions, based in London.

Other activities he wants to

emphasise are correspondent and private banking. Retail banking will be confined to countries where Standard has an estab-lished position, like Zimbabwe and Hong Kong, but not the UK. At the same time he wants to ginger up Standard's sluggish management by bringing on fresh talent, cutting out dead wood and reducing overheads. He will also move the bank out of its extravagant new headquarters in Bishopsgate and into more mod-est accommodation for the reduced central staff.

Ironically, Mr Galpin's plan will effectively be built on a structure that is little changed from what Standard was 10 years ago. The intervening period saw the bank advance into, but then retreat from, the US. It also sold out of South Africa, largely for

political reasons. But broadly, Standard is the same. Does this not mean that the same ques-tions about the group's lack of

"We are confident in our belief that it does have a viable future," Mr Galpin replies. He said he did consider hiving off the remaining African operations, but on examining them he found that they contributed millions of pounds more profit to the group than the individual country figures

iggested. Mr Galpin did not, of course, have much room for manoeuvre as he assembled his master plan. Despite last year's £300m rights issue, the group's capital ratios the minimum levels required by the new Basle agreement which the Bank of England began enforcing in June. This was because its reserves were depleted by the large Third World loan provisions it made at the interim

Standard hopes by year-end to have raised some fresh cash by selling its London headquarters, as well as regional headquarters in Singapore and Bangkok. According to Mr Richard Stein, the group finance director, this

should get Standard's ratios up to

those of its peer group.

But this does mean that Standard has to pull itself up by its bootstraps. One alternative might be to form a strategic alliance with another stronger bank, particularly one where the geographic strengths are complementary. This was the case with the Midland Bank and the Hongkong Bank. However, Mr Galpin says he does not want to commit himself to these sorts of negotia-tions while Standard is in a posi-

tion of weakness.
His immediate aim is to concentrate on improving Standard's profit performance. He says he has thrown out the bank's budget twice this year in an attempt to impose more demanding targets, and the building sales and cost cutting will have a favourable impact on the accounts.

To the critics who argue that its long-term prospects are still uncertain Mr Galpin counters that with his newly proclaimed corporate aim: "To capitalise on our unique position and become the 'natural bank of choice' for companies, financial institutions and individuals whose operations and requirements span our net-

GrandMet sells seafood company to Thai group for \$269m

By Clay Harris in London

UNICORD, Thailand's largest exporter of tuna and a supplier to several US and European brands, yesterday landed its biggest fish on a foreign shore when it bought US-based Bumble Bee Seafoods from Britain's Grand

An investment company controlled by the Thai group paid the UK food and drinks group \$269m for Bumble Bee. The sale raises to nearly \$1bn GrandMet's proceeds from disposals of peripheral activities of Pillsbury, the US foods com-pany it bought last year for \$5.75bn.

The deal is one of the largest

direct investments in the US by a Thai company and an important downstream move for Unicord. It already supplies tuna to Bumble Bee and Chicken of the Sea, another US brand, as well as to Prince and Migros in Europe. But Bumble Bee's \$284m annual turn-over will more than double Uni-cord's sales, which reached \$250m in 1988.

Unicord, subsidiary of a broader group controlled by the Konuntakiet family, plans to float on the Bangkok Stock

Exchange this year.
First Pacific Securities recently placed Unicord shares privately in London at a price which points to a market capitalisation of \$127m.

Exports to the US accounted for 48 per cent of Unicord's sales in 1988, with Europe taking 35 per cent, Japan 8 per cent and the rest of the world 9 per cent. the rest of the world 9 per cent. Its parent recently agreed a joint venture with three Japanese companies to expand its Thaibased canning operation. Unicord also farms shrimps.

Pillsbury bought Bumble Bee for \$242m in July 1988, barely two months before GrandMet launched its bid.

In addition to tuna. Bumble

In addition to tuna, Bumble Bee also sells tinned salmon and oysters and a cat food called Figaro. GrandMet has already sold

Pillsbury subsidiaries Van de Kamp, a frozen fish group, for \$409m; the grain merchandising division for \$140m; the tortilla producer Azteca for \$12m; and the Steak & Ale and Bennigans res-

The last of these disposals was required by US state laws, which do not allow a producer of alcoholic beverages, such as Grand Metropolitan, to own licensed

All that remains to be sold from the Pillsbury portfolio is a Guatemalan grocery distribution business and a flour and pasta operation in Venezuela.

Sulzer and Voith to merge units

By John Wicks in Zurich and Andrew Fisher in Frankfurt

SULZER BROTHERS, the Swiss engineering concern, and the German company J.M. Voith have signed an agreement to combine their activities in paper machinery and fluid-flow technol-

As part of the agreement Sulzer will acquire an equity stake in Voith of between 25 and

35 per cent.
The combine will be Europe's biggest producer of equipment for hydroelectric stations and ships propellers, and the second largest — behind Valmet of Fin-land — of paper manufacturing plant. The organisation will have around 13,300 employees in nine countries.

Voith, which is owned by the family of the same name, did not indicate the price Sulzer would pay for its stake. The companies expect the Cartel Office in Berlin to approve the transaction because of their high export

2014年22年20日1日222

Strategically, the co-operation is aimed at providing customers

range of products, while also pooling research and develop-ment costs. "Suppliers with only a national or a regional sales base are not likely to remain successful in the long run," the com-

For Suizer, the move is the second this year with a German company. In March, it said it intended to sell its loss-making diesel engine business to MAN, the big engineering group. Voith stressed yesterday that, with orders on the increase, neither the paper machinery nor hydranlics sectors were loss makers.
Full details of the co-operation

have still to be worked out. The two activities accounted for DM1.45bn (\$747m) of Voith's turn-OMI.45nm (\$747m) of Voith's turn-over last year of DM2.2bm, or 65 per cent, but only for about \$Fr700m (\$417m) - 13 per cent -of Sulzer's sales of SFr5.4bm. The companies have activities in the two sectors in North and South America, Italy, Spain, and Aus-tria, as well as at home.

Orders are said to have risen "considerably" so far this year, so joint turnover is expected to be much higher in 1989. Voith, whose headquarters are

in Heidenheim, will take over management responsibility for The combination of its

operations with those of Sulzer's Escher Wyss group will result in the creation of units to be known as Voith Escher Wyss paper technology division and Voith Escher Wyss fluid-flow technology divi-

A Sulzer representative said that the companies do not intend to close any plants - on the contrary, heavy demand has led to bottlenecks in the sectors, he

A joint statement says that a "consolidation of capabilities" was advisable due to the increasing globalisation of business in paper and fluid-flow technology and a tendency towards concentration among their compet-

Wang halts some debt payments

WANG LABORATORIES, the once high-flying US computer company now in financial diffi-culties, stopped payments yester-day on part of its near-tibn debt as talks with its leading bankers

ran into problems. The move, which took Wall Street and the credit markets by surprise, raises questions about Wang's survival as an indepen-

Analysts doubt that creditors will put the business into bank-ruptcy, but there is speculation that Ir An Wang, the company's ailing founder, may be forced to seek outside investment, or may even have to sell the Massachu-

setts company.

Wang stock fell sharply yesterday in response to a curt announcement from the company that it was suspending "certain"

interest and principal payments while talks continue with its banks.

The company is \$920m in debt. That figure includes \$300m out-standing in the domestic and Eurocommercial paper market a market for short-term corporate 100s on which Wang has

depended increasingly for funds. Wang, whose business in high-powered minicomputers in in decline, is desperately seeking to persuade banks led by Bank of Boston to keep open a line of credit for a further \$300m. Wang was forced to seek to renegotiate the credit in June, when a loss of \$424.3m for the year pushed the company's net worth below the level agreed with the banks. Wall Street had expected the

have been testy in atmosphere. "It's a long and arduous process," said Mr Paul Henning, a Wang executive, who added that talks were continuing. He said that Wang, which was due to make two interest payments yesterday, was suspending payments only on its bank debt and debt securi-ties but would continue to esticities but would continue to satisfy

Bank of Boston declined to Dr Wang, who returned from cancer surgery only 10 days ago,

is seeking to recruit a new presi-dent for the company to replace his son, Mr Frederick Wang, who quit on August 8.

Dr Wang is believed on Wall Street to be strongly opposed to the sale of the company he revolving credit to be renewed founded as a Chinese immigrant this morning despite talks that

Have you heard the full story about the Hoylake bid?

As a B.A.T Industries shareholder we've got news for you!

Call us free. Any time.



The Directors of BAT Industries p.L. (with the exception of Se Mark Weinburg, who is also a director of J. Rothschid Holdings p.L., one of the interests in Highest, and has publicly stated that he is laborg no part in any discussion relating to the Hopkins and hale! (hower than the presentate for the dismantion contained in this advantagement. These Directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief (hower taken all resonable care to make the gase) the information contained in this advantagement on accordance with the lacts and does not ome anything likely in affect the import of such information. The Directors of BAT Industries p.L.C. (other than Ser Mark Weathers) accept responsiblely accept responsiblely.

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Sharp rise at WH Smith bucks retailing trends

W.H. SMITH, the British retail and distribution group, yester-day reported results which suggested it has been largely immune to the general retail

sales downturn.

Taxable profits for the 53 weeks to June 3 were 27 per cent ahead at 289.7m (\$141m), up from £70.4m for the 52 weeks to May 28 1988. How-ever, this pre-tax result included property profits of £5.6m. against only £600,000

Sir Simon Hornby, chairman, said he thought these were excellent figures at a time "when retail sales are slowing very significantly".

He said that only in Do It
All, the group's DIY chain, was

the clampdown on consumer spending having an effect. Group sales during the year rose by 17 per cent to £1.94bn from £1.66bn and trading profits improved by 26 per cent to £96.1m from £76.4m. An exceptional charge of £2.5m (nil) related to the cost of new computers at Do It All, and the net interest charge was £11m, compared with £8.7m last time .

The star performance came from the WH Smith high-street chain and the specialist shops such as Our Price in music, Paperchase in stationery, and Sherratt & Hughes in books. Turnover for this division rose 19 per cent to £1.06bn and trad-ing profits by 31 per cent to

The travel agency business made a small loss, Mr Field said, because of lower holiday bookings, and 13 travel shops

In the North American businesses a management shuffle had overcome a setback at the Lex, Page 16

interim stage and profits were up for the year. In distribution, covering the UK and North America, sales

£700.4m and trading profits improved marginally to £15.8m from £15.7m. Sir Simon said the UK news wholesaling market had settled down after last year's changes when publishers switched from rail to road distribution. WHS had picked up business from small wholesalers which had closed and had passed on some of the extra costs to customers. Earnings per share on a fully diluted basis and excluding property profits were up by 14 per cent to 26p (22.8p).
A final dividend of 6.8p (6p)

were 13 per cent higher at

is proposed and giving a total for the year of 10.4p (9p), an increase of 16 per cent. Ciba-Geigy 23% up at midterm

By Our Financial Staff

CIBA-GEIGY, the Swiss chamicals and pahrmaceuticals producer, yesterday unveiled group net profits of SFr1.38bn francs, up from SFr1.33bn. Ciba-Geigy noted, however, sales in the rest of the year were not thought likely to (\$823m) for the first half to iune, the first time it has specified its earnings at the interim

The company said the result represented a 23 per cent improvement over a SFr1.12bn outcome in the first six months

It added that it expected profits for the whole of this year to reach at least SFr1.5bn

Sony in US acquisition

SONY of Japan is to pay some \$59m for Materials Research, a New York state maker of sputtering and etching equipment for electronics applications, Our Financial Staff writes. Materials Research has

annual sales of more than \$130m and employs about 700. It also supplies high purity metals and ceramics. The US company, which lature this week.

The clearance is expected to Sony said had sought a

friendly takeover, has factories in France and Japan as well as

match those of the first half, which, as the group announced last month, were SFr11.15bn compared with SFr9.06bn. At

that time it had put no figure on profitability. Yesterday it added: "Our forecast at present - assuming that economic and currency conditions remain stable - is that group profit will increase roughly parallel to sales to

By David Owen in Toronto

SASKATCHEWAN'S

Conservative government has

cleared the way for the privati-sation of Potash Corporation of Saskatchewan (PCS), the west-

ern world's largest potash pro-

After a bitter four-month

struggle, the privatisation bill was finally passed by a margin of 35-25 in the provincial legis-

lead to a C\$200m (US\$ 170m) to

C\$400m initial share offering

Canadian potash sale

reach at least SFr1.5bn.' In the first half, higher inflation partly offset positive for-eign exchange rate benefits. Higher sales volumes also boosted production costs, and "significant cost increases were incurred for environmental protection and safety and for the research and development of the biological divi-

Pharmaceuticals displaced the agricultural division dur-ing the half-year as the company's biggest sector.

before the year-end, with stock

available in both Europe and the US. Foreign ownership will be limited to 45 per cent of the PCS, whose assets are valued at C\$1.2bn, made a profit of C\$106m in 1988 after a long string of substantial losses. The company was created by the left-of-centre New Democratic Party in 1976, through the acquisition of approximately half of the province's potash industry.

Malaysian engineering group bids for Cima

By Lim Siong Hoon in Kuala Lumpur

AN 850km toll expressway running along the Malaysian peninsula, from the northern border with Thailand to Singapore in the south, has appeared as the focal point in a series of share swaps that will restructure ownership of three companies on the Kuala

Lumpur stock market.
At the centre of the deals is United Engineers (UE), the Malaysian engineering and construction group which received a big boost a year ago when the government awarded it the highway's 36-year toll

The company has offered to buy all of Cement Industries of Malaysia (Cima), which 59 per cent owned by the Perlis state government, for an exchange of one UE share for three in

UE will issue 19.5m shares at 7.50 ringgit a share if there is full acceptance of its offer. Cima shares are valued at 2.50

Cima operates two cement plants with a 1.2m tonne capacity each. A unit of UE has contracted a Cima agent to supply 800,000 tonnes of cement for its 3.4bn ringgit (US\$1.27bn) construction of the remaining 512km of the North-South Toll Expressway.

UE's takeover bid for Cima comes three weeks after Hatibudi, UE's 50 per cent share-holder, announced a combined loan stock and share swap with Time Engineering, a listed company handling systems engineering and industrial products.

Umno, the ruling Malay party, operates Hatibudi through which it had gained control of the financially stricken UE in 1986. Under an elaborate plan,

ordinary shares and loan stock are to change hands between Hatibudi and Time Engineering before Hatibudi goes on to make a share swap offer to Time Engineering sharehold-ers. The net result of this exercise is that Hatibudi would take away 107m ringgit cash, and an expanded 53 per cent stake in Time Engineering which, in its turn, would own 30 per cent of UE.

NZ STEEL BID IS

BLOCKED

Gandois plan pays off at Cockerill

seeking BFr7bn (\$172.2m) of fresh capital from stock mar-THE Commerce Commission, New Zealand's antitrust reguket investors is a vivid reminder of the good times curlator, has declined initial 160 clearance for the Helenus conrently being enjoyed by Europe's steel companies. sortium's bid for New Zealand The group - the product of Steel, AP-DJ reports.

his week's announce-ment that Belgium's Cockerill Sambre is

amalgamations between per-Helenus, 81 per cent owned by Broken Hill Proprietary, haps 20 to 30 different family businesses over the last 80 by Broken Hill Proprietary, the Australian steel producet, said in July it would pay NZ\$323m (US\$196m) for NZ Steel, which is 80 per cent owned by the falled Equitioarp International, Fisher & Paykel years - came together in its present form in 1981 when the Cockerill works in Liège merged with Hainaut Sambre of Charleroi. A defensive alliance if ever there was one, the Industries, the local white combined enterprise was losing BFribn a month and symbolgoods maker which has the rest of NZ Steel, planned to keep a holding through a 25 per cent stake in Helenus. ised the deep industrial and industrial relations malaise which gripped the Walloon half of the country for the first half

Luxembourg based Arbed, forof the 1980s.
Potential investors when the example, have benefited from a 59 per cent total return (diviissue is formally launched next month will have to decide how dends reinvested) so far this much of the recent recovery Mr Gandois's contribution to can be attributed

changes ushered in by the group's present chairman, the Frenchman Mr Jean Gandois, Appointed by the Belgian Government to mastermind and how much to the steel secthe group's recovery in 1983 -initially as a consultant, then as a sort of unofficial minister The latter can be illustrated by the fact that most European steel companies are working at full capacity at present, that some steel products have been for the steel industry - he became chairman in 1987 when Mr Raymond Levy, his prede-cessor and another Frenchscarce in recent months (nota-bly materials for the car indus-

the fortunes of Cockerill, meanwhile, have been substan-

man, took over the wheel at

Renault after the murder of Mr.

1984 85 86 87 The impact of the "Plan Gandois" is seen in: • The way that last year Cockerill Sambre made the

Net profit / loss (BFr bn)

Cockerill Sambre

which have been made in new machines and research and development; and A switch from a mixture of long and flat steel products into a manufacturer from this year of exclusively flat prod-ucts (mainly coated flat products where maximum added value can be obtained).

same amount of steel as in 1963

with the half the number of employees (around 12,000);

• The BFr36bn of investments

In 1988 Cockerill made a BFr7.2bn net profit - the first excluding exceptional items for

Tim Dickson looks at the recovery of the Belgian steel producer 13 years — and while no pre-cise forecast for 1989 has yet been divulged Mr Gandols has already indicated that he

expects to heat this figure.

The significance of the issue planned for September -week's statement, "to reinforce the company's financial structure, provide it with the resources to achieve its development, enlarge its shareholders, and improve the liquidity of the shares" — is that if all goes according to plan a significant minority stake in Cockerill will soon be back in public

mid the large tranches of government support over the years, existing shareholders have been severely diluted to the extent that more than 98 per cent of the company is owned by the state. (Under this year's regional reforms in Belgium, the holding has been trans-ferred from the national govexument to the Walloon

The new issue at an indica-tive price of BF7210 (against a recent market price of around BF1360) is for 35m new shares or 12.6 per cent of the total capital, two new shares baving one warrant attached giving the right to make further sub-sciptions in the future. If all the warrants are exercised. around 20 per cent of Cockerill Sambre will be back in public hands.

Liberty Life boosts premium income by 20%

LIBERTY LIFE, the internationally minded South African life assurer, lifted net premium income by more than 20 per cent in the six months to June and its attributable profit by over 43 per cent. Premium income was lifted

try), and that one-time lame

ducks are now behaving like

growth stocks, investors in the

tor cycle.

to R815.4m (\$298.7m) from R678.2m, investment income increased to R575.6m from R436.4m and the interim taxed surplus attributable to shareholders was R74.1m against R51.7m.

Liberty's foreign interests principally 49 per cent of TransAtlantic Insurance Holdings which, in turn, owns 29.5 percent of Sun Life and 64 per cent of Capital & Counties in

the UK - were restructured last year and hived off into First Investment Trust (FIT). in Johannesburg yesterday Mr Donald Gordon, Liberty chairman, said Capital & Counties' strategy of developing suburban shopping centres located on London's M25 ring road closely resembles that successfully implemented in Johannesburg in recent years. Mr Gordon added that rela-

tions with the board of Sun Life remain essentially cordial and that the UK insurer's operations have settled down to a routine pattern, Sun Life's board attempted

to dilute the Liberty group's equity interest several months

ago but was blocked. Since then UAP International of France has lifted its stake in Sun Life to at least 22.2 per cent but acts independently of Liberty at Sun Life board meet-

ings.

Net earnings of Liberty, the country's third largest life assurer, increased to 365 cents a share from 295 cents and the interim dividend has been increased to 265 cents from 220 cents. Last year's full earnings were 790 cents and the year's dividend 530 cents. dividend 530 cents.

• Protea Assurance, the South African affiliate of Sun Alliance of the UK, suffered a drop in underwriting surplus in the six months to June but

compensated by lifting investment income and income from life assurance.
Premiums written increased

to R76.5m from R65.1m but stiffer competition, which led to rate-cutting, resulted in a drop in the interim underwriting surplus to R3.2m from R5.2m Investment income rose to R9.5m from R6.1m.

The directors express concern at a rise in the cost of marine reinsurance and rising cost trends in motor and stic busin

The first half's net earnings rose to 103 cents a share from 91 cents and the interim dividend has been lifted to 20 cents from 15 cents.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

Electrolux

SEK 500.000.000 114 per cent. Notes due 1992

Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken

Enskiida Securities

Bank Brussel Lambert N.V.

PKbanken

Privatbanken A/S

Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V.

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

BNP Capital Markets Limited Daiwa Europe Limited

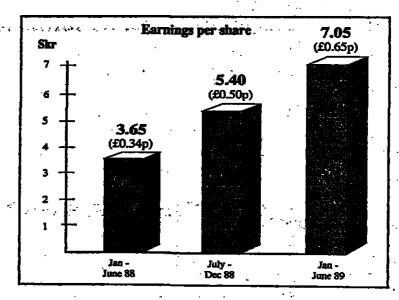
The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. Postipankki Ltd

Paribas Capital Markets Group S.G. Warburg Securities

Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

SKF earnings per share up 91%

SKF First Six Months 1989



Earnings per share up from Skr 3.65 (0.34p) to Skr 7.05 (£0.65p) Income after financial expense up 93 percent to MSkr 1,211 (£112m) Sales increase 21 percent up to MSkr 12,768 (£1,180m) Second half 1989 income forecast to exceed corresponding 1988 period

If you want cop and send it to SKI	ies of the 1989 i Group Public /	ialf Year R Affairs, S-4	eport 1 15 50, (ill in the Göteborg	coupon . Sweden	
Name	<u> </u>			<u>·</u>		
Company		<u> </u>		•	•	
Address		:	_:			-
Postcode		ntry		<u>. </u>		

Average exchange rate for 1988 1 GBP = 10.86 Skr; Jan - June 1989 1 GBP = 10.82 Skr.

AB SKF, Göteborg, Sweden



Chicago Board of Trade

AN OPEN LETTER FROM THE CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

For more than 141 years the Chicago Board of Trade and our members have made the integrity of our markets the first and most important priority. Our wide range of international customers have found that the Chicago Board of Trade agricultural, government debt and other markets allow them to discover the world price and transfer their risk. The relationship that we have developed with our customers was born out of our commitment to provide the most liquid and honest markets.

In the wake of the recent federal grand jury indictments, we are faced with the challenge to preserve the confidence in our markets.

We have never tolerated violations of our rules or abuses of our customers. We view these charges most seriously. The Chicago Board of Trade will investigate any and all charges. Disciplinary action will be taken against those individuals, if found guilty, to the fullest extent of the Exchange's authority.

Last January the Board of Directors took immediate action after the investigation became known, to ensure that allegations of this kind never again could be made at the Board of Trade. These actions significantly strengthened our surveillance program and disciplinary functions. To that end, the Board dramatically enhanced our computerized surveillance system and today we audit 100% of all transactions that occur on our exchange.

The Chicago Board of Trade and its more than 3500 members are resolved to take any and all steps that are necessary to assure our customers that our markets will remain honest and efficient, and function with the utmost integrity. We have earned the respect and business of our customers for nearly a century-and-a-half and we are dedicated to continue to merit their confidence.

Caroku III

Karsten Mahlmann Chairman Thomas K. Donner

Thomas R. Donovan President & Chief Executive Officer

LaSalle at Jackson Chicago, Illinois 60604 312 435 3500

CLASSIFIED

ADVERTISEMENT RATES 10.00 1450 13.50

Premium positions available £10 per Single Column om extra (Min. 30 oms) All prices exclude VAT For Auther details write to: Classified Advertisement Manager FINANCIAL TIMES, 1 SOUTHWARK BRIDGE, LONDON SE1 945.

BRITANNIA BUILDING SOCIETY

£125,000,000

Floating Rate Notes 1995 In accordance with the terms and con-ditions of the Notes, notice is hereby

given that for the three months Inte est Period from (and including) 15th August, 1989 to (but excluding) 15th November, 1989, the Notes will carry a rate of interest of 13.9125 per cent, per The relevant Interest Payment Date

the recevant inverses required to will be 15th November, 1989. The Coupon Amount per £10,000 will be £35,06.71 payable against surrender of Coupon No: 3 Hambros Bank Limited

Agent Bank

COMPAGNE DE SAINT GOBAIN ISSUE OF TITRES PARTICIPATIFS ECU 100.000.000 WITH

LIBOR ECU used for the calculation of the coupon meuring on 10th February 1990 is 9,75% and the net consell-dated income taken into account for the floating portion of the remuneration is FRF 4,044 000.000 after inflation Is FRF 4.044 002.000 after imitation adjustment on the financial profits of the subeldieries operating in the Letin American countries.

The coupon so calculated produces an annuel interest rate of 10.65%, As the applicable TMCE is 8,5625%, resulting in a minimum coupon lower than 10.65%, are first tyrmula to applicable.

Therefore, the semi-annual coupon payable on 10th February 1990 will be ECU 53,25 per time participate of ECU

Banco Di Napoli International S.A. U.S. \$150,000,000 Floating Rate Subordinat Notes due 1997

For the six months 14th August 989 to 14th February, 1990 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 8"..." per annum with a coupon amount of U.S. \$444.03 per U.S. \$10,000 Note, payable <u>on 14th February, 1990.</u>

Bankers Trust Company, London Agent Ban

OFFSHORE \mathbf{OIL} **INDUSTRY**

The Financial Times proposes to publish

5th September 1989

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details. please contact:

Ian Ely-Corbett on 01-873 3389

or write to him at:

Number One Southwark Bridge London SEI 9HL

FINANCIAL TIMES

BASE **METALS**

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey

2nd October 1989

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

Edward Macquisten on 01-873 3300

or write to him at:

Number One Southwark Bridge London SE1 9HL

FINANCIAL TIMES

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Quebecor blames loss on declining markets

By Robert Gibbens

QUEBECOR, partner of Mr Robert Maxwell, the British publisher, in several Canadian ventures, has blamed a 24 per cent drop in first-half earnings on declining newsprint markets and greater-than-expected losses at its 16-month-old English-language tabloid in Montreal.

Quebecor, controlled by Mr Pierre Peladeau, the Montreal publisher, is Canada's largest commercial printer and pub-lishes Journal de Montreal, the country's second largest circulation daily paper.

Mr Maxwell owns 25 per cent of the tabloid and jointly with Quebecor controls Donohue, a large Quebec newsprint

Quebecor's first-half earnings were C\$12.8m (US\$10.87m), or 54 cents a share, down from \$16.9m, or 91 cents a year earlier, on revenues of \$861m, up 34 per cent, due to several acquisitions.

Losses at the tabloid were
\$4.4m. Declining demand and
a higher Canadian dollar cut

into Donohue profits. Second-quarter profit was \$8.7m. or 36 cents a share, down 18 per cent year to year. Revenues were \$438m, up 33 per cent.

 Amax of the US, through its fully owned subsidiary Ammax, is going ahead with a C\$1bn aluminium smelter near Quebec City. Annual capacity will be 215,000 tonnes and the plant will be on stream early in 1992.

Initial construction work has already begun. The plant will use a combination of Alumax and Pechiney technology. Alumax has signed a power agreement with Hydro Quebec, which gears the average price for electricity to the interna-tional price of ingot.

The terms are similar to a contract of Canadian Reynolds Metals for its recent C\$500m expansion at Bale Comean.

Wesfarmers at record, warns on year ahead

By Chris Sherwell

WESFARMERS, the Perth-based agribusiness and industrial group, yesterday reported record annual profits and buoyant sales, but warned that less favourable business condirent year.

Figures for the 12 months to June showed an after-tax operating profit of A\$58m (US\$43.81m), up 28 per cent, on a 1 per cent improvement in revenues to A\$1.2bn. On an equity accounted basis the profit figure was slightly higher, at A\$59m, on revenues of A\$1.36bn.

Wesfarmers said the current year had started well, but added that higher interest rates would increase borrow-ing costs and curb demand from rural customers. This, it said, would reduce the benefits of improved rural commodity prices and good rains.

Apart from the lower corporate tax rate, the past year's improvement was attributed to excellent seasonal conditions, strong rural commodity prices and the start-up of a liquefied petroleum gas extraction plant and a 60 per cent-owned sodium cyanide plant. Since the end of the year the

group has completed its acqui-sition of Western Collieries from CSR, the building products and sugar company. One of Western Australia's two coal producers, Western Col-lieries is now being expanded to double output from next

Directors declared a fully franked final dividend of 20 Australian cents a share for a total of 30.5 cents, up from 23.5 cents. On the stock mar-ket, the group's shares fin-ished steady at A\$4.85.

• Bell Resources, an offshoot of Bond Corporation, has agreed to sell its 10 per cent interest in the Gregory open-cut coal mine in Queensland to its joint venture partners for A\$25m, AP-DJ reports from

Perth.

Bell earlier had a A\$37.8m price-tag on Gregory Joint Venture. Bond Corp and its units are selling assets to reduce debt. Bell Resources sold its 10 per cent stake in Central Queensland Coal Associated another coal mining. ciates, another coal mining business, on July 31 for A\$262.2m.

Ashton-Tate

ASHTON-TATE plans to cut between 15 per cent and 20 per cent of its 1,700 employees worldwide. Because of an agency error the number of job losses was reported yesterday as 1,700.

Hanson sued in US over flotation 'contradictions'

By Roderick Oram in New York

TWO US shareholders have filed suits against Smith Corona alleging that the typewriter maker misrepresented its financial condition when Hanson, the UK industrial group, sold a majority stake in the company to the public last month.

The suits allege that Smith Corona, based in New Canaan, Connecticut, contradicted the optimistic message of its share prospectus by announcing, two weeks after the share offering, a 10 per cent staff cut because of weaker demand.

The suits name as defendants Mr Lee Thompson, Smith Corona's chairman, Hanson, and Shearson Lehman Hutton and Merrill Lynch, the two underwriters of the issue. Mr Thompson said he could not comment on the suits as he had yet to see them.

But he stressed the layoffs at the company's New York state and Singapore plants affected only temporary employees.

There has been a general

overall softness of business in the summer months which we had not forecast," Mr Thompson said.

We found it out in the normal course of a monthly business meeting in August. We are responding by reducing inventories, which is a normal action in business. I believe the market is over-re-

underwriters had any immediate comment on the suits, filed in the US district court by Mr Robert Donatelli who owns 1,000 shares and Mr Howard Kichler who owns 100 shares. Smith Corona made no fore-cast in its prospectus but said it had enjoyed "significant growth rates in sales volume in every year" since it restruc-tured its business in the mid-

Neither Hanson nor the

Some investor resistance to the offering had forced Hauson to cut the offer price to \$21 a share from its initial target range of \$23 to \$25.

In total Hanson received \$291m net from the share issue and some \$95m raised by Smith Corona in new debt. It retained a 47.9 per cent stake in the company.

Some investors were also surprised by the fiscal fourthquarter loss announced by Smith Corona on August 3. Operating income increased to \$19.1m for the three months ended June 30 from \$8.2m a

bonus plan for Mr Thompson and four other senior execu-The five received about \$50m

Hanson, as a reward for turning round the company which Hanson acquired in 1986. Other managers divided \$8.2m in cash and 326,047

shares.
Mr Thompson said yesterday the financial impact of the bonus plan had been clearly

Toys 'R' Us posts static profit

TOYS 'R' Us, the big US chain of toy stores, reported essentially unchanged earnings in the second quarter to June, although its sales rose 13 per

The Paramus, New Jersey company, which has expanded strongly in the US and Europe in the 1980s, said its earnings in the second quarter were \$23.5m or 12 cents a share. This compares with \$23.1m and 12 cents in the 1988 second quar-

Sales were \$775.5m as against \$686.8m in the second Mr Charles Lazarus, chairman, said that the latest results compare with a very

strong 1988 quarter. "We are excited and optimistic about the new toy and video game products being introduced in August and September of this year." The company does nearly half its business in the Christmas quarter of the year. The company, which claims

to be the largest specialty toy retail chain in the world, says it will open 66 new toy stores in the next three months, including 22 overseas. The company operates 359 toy stores in the US, 52 overseas and 137 children's clothing

In the first six months to July, earnings were \$50.6m or 26 cents a share as against \$45.6m or 23 cents a share. Sales rose 16 per cent to

Shui On's HK\$90m disappoints

By Michael Murray in Hong Kong

SHUI ON, the Hong Kong on stock market investments. property, hotels and construction company which is the subject of a management bid to take it private, yesterday revealed disappointing net profits of HK\$90.2m (US\$11.6m) for the year to March. At the same time Shui On

Contractors, a 75 per cent held subsidiary which was spun off and separately listed last November, reported profits of HK\$20.3m for the year. The Shui On group made profits of HK\$101.7m during its 1987 financial year, but for the 12 months which ended in March 1988 reeached only

HK\$57m after making HK\$46m provisions for losses

The latest results fell below market expectations, and came in spite of a HK\$50m gain resulting from the deposit paid on the aborted sale of the Shui On Centre to China-backed Zhongshan International Investors. The properties division recorded profits of HK\$98m for the year, arising from a combination of sales and rental income

Mr Vincent Lo, chairman who is leading the bid — said that two hotels in Toronto acquired for US\$483.2m last year incurred substantial losses due to renovation programmes and high interest charges. Revenues of the Hong

which includes the Fotomax chain of video rental outlets, almost doubled to HK\$197m, but a loss of HK\$7m was incurred.

Should the buy-out succeed Shui On will be 70 per cent owned by Mr Lo and 30 per cent by New World Development, one of Hong Kong's largest property companies. Shui On contractors, which

is not subject to any general offer to shareholders, made its own HK\$20.3m profits on turn-over of HK\$2.19bn, highlighting tight margins in the local contruction industry where wage rises have greatly added

Hong Kong film company 18% ahead

By Michael Marray

SHAW BROTHERS, the Hong main divisions, with increased Kong film production and dis-tribution company controlled by Sir Run Run Shaw, has reported net profits of HK\$191.8m (US\$24.57m) for the year to March, an increase of 17.6 per cent.

the franchise to build and oper-ate the territory's first cable television network. The rise, which was a little

By Tony Walker in Jerusalem

largest banking group, returned reduced profits in the

first six months of 1989, com-

pared with the same period

ast year, due to increased pro-

visions for bad debts.

Net profit dropped about 30 per cent to \$33m after provi-

earnings from its film-making division, theatre operations and the sale of videos, as well as the holding in TVB, Hong Kong's dominant television

17.6 per cent.

The company is a member of the consortium which has won

Shaw Brothers is the controlling shareholder in TVB, and in February increased its stake from 22.6 per cent to 30.2 per cent. Shaw Brothers has a 10 per cent stake in Hong Kong Cable Communications, the below market expectations, came from stronger performances in each of the group's which will spend around

Bank Hapoalim made a ne

loss in 1988 of \$29.3m. A state-

ment said the 1989 results were attributable to an improved loan portfolio and a significant

HK\$5bn to provide cable televi-sion to Hong Kong starting in 1991. Shaw Brothers will bring its strength in film production

and television programming to the consortium, as well as an extensive film library stretching back over 30 years of m making.

During the year Shaw Brothers incurred a small extraordinary loss of HK\$461,000 relating to the restructuring of TVB, which took place last November.

VNU holds 60% of Exa

VNU, THE largest Dutch publisher, said it now owns 60 per cent in Exa Publications of France following a stock purchase for an undisclosed cash

sum, Reuter reports.

VNU already owned a 20 per cent stake in the Paris-based publisher, which has annual sales of about FI 100m (\$45.6m) and employs 100 staff.

INTERNATIONAL APPOINTMENTS

Kidder Peabody names London mergers and acquisitions chief

Morgan Stanley. He also made

Mr B.J. Megargel, formerly of Shearson Lehman Hutton, Mr

Mr Christie, who will report to Mr Megargel, said: "I ohvi-ously recognise that this is a

rebuilding exercise. That was very exciting to me. I saw the

opportunity to get in among a young team who really want to

At Warburg, Mr Christie mainly was involved in advis-

ing British companies on friendly acquisitions of US cor-

build an operation."

porations or their units.

Newquist's deputy for M&A.

KIDDER PEABODY, the US head of investment banking - investment bank 80 per cent Mr Scott Newquist, formerly of investment bank 80 per cent owned by the American General Electric group, named Mr Nigel B. Christie a managing director and head of its London mergers and acquisitions unit, AP-DJ reports from New York.

Mr Christie had been a managing director of S.G. Warburg. a leading London-based mer-chant bank, with responsibility for the company's North American M&A work.

Mr Michael Carpenter, who became Kidder Peabody's pres-ident and chief executive in year earlier. However, the net loss was \$1.4m after final payments of a January, in the spring, hiring from the outside, named a new

cash and shares, funded by THE BRUSSELS based Eurocheque International, which comprises some 8,000 banks in 40 mainly European

countries operating the Eurocheque multicurrency cheque guarantee and electronic debit card system, has chosen a new chalman. He is Mr R.B. van Eldik, nominated unanimously by the Eurocheque Assembly and who will fill this role in November. Mr Ulrich Weiss, a Deutsche Bank board member and the

present chairman of Eurocheque, is to resign from the latter at the end of the year. Mr van Eldik has retired from Rabobank Nederland, the large Dutch co-operative bank, where he was a member of the executive board. He has also relinquished the

post held for the past two years of president of the European Council for Payment Systems, a body set up some 10 years ago by senior bankers from

numerous European banks with the purpose of achieving co-ordinated development of personal payment systems as director capital markets, has long experience in the securities business, marketing and information technology.

personal payment systems across Europe.

Mr Gabriel Pallez, honorary chairman of Crédit Commercial de France, has been elected by the ECPS to replace Mr van Eldik as president.

CEDEL, the Luxembourg-based global clearing house for bonds and equities in both domestic and international markets, is further expanding its senior management by appointing Mr Jacques Philippe Marson as executive vice president, with effect from September 14. He will be responsible for

commercial, treasury and securities operations. Mr Andre Lussi became managing director in May. Mr Marson, who was formerly with J.P. Morgan and Euroclear, and more recently

Eurocheque chooses chairman

rate interview that he "would not rule out hostile takeovers"

at the London operation if

that is what our clients want

us to do, but we are not posi-

ioning ourselves as a purely hostile firm."

Kidder, Mr Megargel added, now has five M&A profession-

als in London and expects Mr Christie to double the staff. He

said there has been "a blur" between London-based M&A

activity and other investment banking, and that Mr Christie's

appointment was designed to

fix specific responsibility for mergers and acquisitions.

* * * ENIMONT, the leading Italian chemicals concern formed at the beginning of this year from the merger of the chemical interests of Eni, the state-controlled energy company, and those of Montadison, has appointed Mr Luigi Salamina d of image and advertising. Mr Salamina, aged 46, working from Enimont's Direzione Immagine e Comunicazione

section, is responsible for advertising, graphic editorial, marketing, communications, special projects, shows and exhibitions, as well as co-ordination of the corporate image. He previously served with Italtel the state-owned Italian telecommunications equipment manufacturer, in its Corporate Image and Communications'

Diamond Shamrock oil and gas group makes former US Treasurer a director

DIAMOND Shamrock, the Texas oil and gas group, named former US Treasurer Katherine Davalos Ortega a

director of the company. Mrs Ortega, 55, served as the 38th Treasurer of the US for nearly six years until her resig-nation at the end of June this year. Prior to that, she was a Commissioner on the Copyright Royalty Tribunal, and formerly to that on the Presi-dent's Advisory Committee on Small and Minority Business. With an extensive back-ground in banking and

Ana State Bank in California. * * * * ECHLIN, a US-based worldwide . manufacturer and distributor of motor vehicle replacement

accounting, Mrs Ortega was at one time president of the Santa

parts with annual sales close to \$1.5bn, has elected Mr Roger Storey as its president. Mr Storey was managing director of Echlin's European division. He has held various

managerial posts in the com-pany for the past 13 years, ini-tially with a UK subsidiary. He will be moving to Connecticut, where Echlin's corpo-rate headquarters are located. RJR NABISCO, the tobacco

and foods group taken private in April through a Kohlberg Kravis Roberts \$26.4bn acquisition, named Mr Lawrence Ricciardi executive vice president and general counsel. He replaces Mr Harold Hen-derson, who left the company

earlier this year.

executive vice president and general counsel of American Express's Travel Related Scr-

vices division. Mr Louis Gerstner Jr resigned in March as American Express president to become chairman and chief executive officer of RJR Nabisco. DATAPOINT, the Texas-based

computers and office automa-

tion products manufacturer controlled by Mr Asher Edelman, the American business-man, elected Mr Michael Michigami as president, chief executive and a board member. He replaces Mr Robert Potter, who has resigned to pursue other business opportunities. Mr Michigami was president of the control systems division of United Technologies.

This notice is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland Limited ("The Stock Exchange"). It does not constitute an imitation to the public to subscribe for, or purchase, any shares.

Mr Ricciardi is currently

THE JAKARTA FUND **JAKARTA FUND (CAYMAN) LIMITED**

Placing of 2,000,000 Participating Shares of US\$0.01 each, payable in two instalments The first instalment of US\$10.50 per Participating Share is payable on subscription and the second instalment of a further US\$10.50 per Participating Share will, subject to the condition specified in the Placing Memorandum, become payable on or before 24th February, 1992.

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the Participating Shares now proposed to be issued to be admitted to the Official List. It is expected that such Participating Shares will be admitted to the Official List; and that dealings will commence, on 25th August, 1989. Particulars of the Participating Shares are expected to be available in the Statistical Services of Extel Financial Limited on 25th August, 1989 and copies of the Placing Memorandum which comprise Listing Particulars relating to Jakarta Fund (Cayman) Limited may be obtained during normal business hours from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange on 18th and 21st August, 1989 and until 31st August, 1989 (Saturdays and public holidays excepted)

> JAKARTA FUND (CAYMAN) LIMITED P.C. Box 309 Cayman International Trust Building Grand Cayman Cayman Islands British West Indies

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited 8 Bishopegate London EC2N 4AE

Merrili Lynch International Limited Ropemaker Place 25 Ropemaker Street London EC2Y 9LY 17th August, 1989

Baring Securities Limited Lloyds Chambers 1 Portsoken Street London E1 8DF

Hoare Govett International Securities Limited Security Pacific House 4 Broadgate London EC2M 7LE

U.S. FEDERAL SECURITIES FUND S.A. Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable 2, boulevard Royal, Luxembourg R.C. Luxembourg B - 22917

We have the honour to invite you to attend the
ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
of shareholders of our company, which will take place at the
company's registered office, 2 boulevard Royal, Luxembourg, on
August 25, 1989 at 11.00 a.m. for the purpose of considering and voting

Bad debts hit Israeli bank

BANK HAPOALIM, Israel's ertheless expressed satisfaction largest banking group, returned reduced profits in the face of Israel's economic slow-

sions of \$164.2m. The bank nev- cut in operating costs.

down.

1. Submission of the report of the Board of Directors: Approval of the Statement of Net Assets as of May 31, 1989 and the Statement of Operations for the year ended May 31, 1989;

Allocation of the net profits; Decision on the distribution of a final dividend;

4. Discharge of the Directors; 5. Receipt of and action on nomination of the Directors;

6. Confirmation of Deloitte Haskins & Sells as Independent Auditors of

Resolutions on the agenda of the Annual General Meeting will require no quorum and will be taken at the simple majority of the shareholders present or represented at the meeting.

In order to attend the meeting of August 25, 1889 the owners of bearer shares will have to deposit their shares FIVE clear days before the meeting at the registered office of the Company or with Banque internationals a Luxembourg, Société Anonyme, 2 boulevard Royal, L. -

FIRST CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES FUND Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable 2, boulevard Royal, Luxembourg R.C. Luxembourg B - 24461

To our shareholders.

We have the honour to invite you to attend the
ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
of shareholders of our company, which will take place at the
company's registered office, 2 boulevard Royal, Luxembourg, on
August 25, 1989 at 3.00 p.m. for the purpose of considering and voting
upon the following agenda:

1. Submission of the report of the Board of Directors;

Approval of the Statement of Net Assets as of May 31, 1989 and the Statement of Operations for the year ended May 31, 1989;

3. Allocation of the net profits; Decision on the distribution of a final

5. Receipt of and action on nomination of the Directors; 6. Confirmation of Deloitte Haskins & Sells as Independent Auditors of

4. Discharge of the Directors:

Resolutions on the agenda of the Annual General Meeting will require no quorum and will be taken at the simple majority of the shareholders present or represented at the meeting. in order to attend the meeting of August 25, 1989 the owners of bearer shares will have to deposit their shares FIVE clear days before the meeting at the registered office of the Company or with Banque internationale & Lorembourg, Societé Anonyme, 2 boulevard Royat, L. - 2853 Luxembourg.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

MULTI-CURRENCY BOND PORTFOLIO Société d'investissement à Capital Variable 2, boulevard Royal, Luxembourg R.C. Luxembourg B - 24797

We have the honour to invite you to attend the ANNUAL GENERAL NEETING of shareholders of our company, which will take place at the company's registered office, 2 boulevard Royal, Luxembourg, on August 25, 1969 at 3.00 p.m. for the purpose of considering and voting upon the following agends:

1. Submission of the report of the Board of Directors;

2. Approval of the Statement of Net Assets as of May 31, 1989 and the tement of Operations for the year ended May 31, 1989;

S. Allocation of the net profits; 4. Discharge of the Directors:

5. Receipt of and action on nomination of the Directors;

6. Confirmation of Deloitte Haskina & Selie as independent Auditors of

Resolutions on the agencia of the Annual General Meeting will require no quorum and will be taken at the simple majority of the shareholders present or represented at the meeting.

in order to attend the meeting of August 25, 1989 the owners of bearer shares will have to deposit their shares FIVE clear days before the meeting at the registered office of the Company or with Banque internationale à Luxembourg, Société Anonyme, 2 boulevard Royal, L-2953 Luxembourg.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS



TOK CORPORATION

The undersigned announces that es from 21st August 1989 at Kas-Associatio N.V. Sputstrast 172, Amsterdam, div.cp no 30 (accompanied by an "affidavit") of the CORs TDK Corporation will be payable with Diffs. 1822 per CDR, vert. 100 shs and with Diffs. 182 to net per CDR, repr. 1000 shs. (div. per rec-cate 31.03.99; gross Yen 14-, p.sh.)
Yen 210.— = Diffs. 3,21 per CDR, repr. 100 shs.
Yen 2100.— = Diffs. 32,10 per CDR, repr. 100 shs.
Yen 2100.— = Diffs. 32,10 per CDR, repr. 1000 shs.
Yen 2100.— = Diffs. 32,10 per CDR, repr. 1000 shs.

repr. 1000 shs.
Without an Afficient 20% Jap.tex = Yen 290. = Dils. 4,28 per CDR, repr. 100 shs. yen 2,500. = Dils. 42,80 per CDR, repr. 1,000 shs. will be deducted. After 31.10 85 the div. will only be paid under deduction of 20% Jap tex with resp. Dils. 17.15 ; Dhs. 171.50 net per CDR repr. resp. 100 and 1,000 shs. seech, in eccordance with the Japanesee has negulations.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

NZ issue spurns typical syndicate

By Andrew Freeman

MORGAN STANLEY launched a \$500m five-year deal for New Zesland at about 3pm yester-day, bringing to fruition its long-standing desire to begin altering the procedure by which new Eurobond issues are syndicated.
The deal, announced on

Monday, spurned the typical Euromarket syndicate and commission structure in favour of a system based loosely on the negotiated-price re-offering common to the US domestic bond market.

Mr Bob Scott, in charge of Morgan Stanley's worldwide underwriting, said: "We think this is an important first step towards a new method of managing international bond issues that satisfies issuers and inves-tors and allows underwriters a reasonable prospect of earning

compensation for their role."

He added: "We hope that it challenges other managers to consider their approaches to underwriting."
An official representing the borrower said New Zealand was pleased by the execution of the deal and was relieved

that the waiting period was A small syndicate of seven

Oce-Van der Grinten(a)**

**Private placement. Final terms. a) Non-cattable.

offer the bonds at the issue price of 99% or better for a fixed underwriting fee of % point, after negotiating the issue price with the lead manager and the borrower yester-day morning. They maintained that agreement until late after-

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

noon when Morgan Stanley broke the syndicate and allowed free trading of the

paper.
The bonds were launched at a generous spread against Treasuries of 73 basis points, and met the expected heavy demand from a wide range of investops. This was priced to go well," one trader said. Away from the syndicate,

the paper was quickly trading at 99.90 bid, implying a tighter spread against Treasuries. When the syndicate was broken, however, the bonds settled just above the issue price.

The ease of the deal's distribution led to comments that

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

1994

paradoxically the issue had done little to test the merits of the new syndication method. "A more competitively priced deal will be the real test of this technique," one syndicate manager said.

There was also some discontent among members of the underwriting group which were not allocated paper to their full underwriting commitment after they were asked by Morgan Stanley to indicate the extent of their demand for the

paper. One house commented that some of its clients were unfa-miliar with the system and had been reluctant to commit themselves to paper about which they wanted to know more. "If this system is to become normal practice, the allocation procedure will need ironing out," the bank said.

Elsewhere, two five-year Canadian dollar deals were launched to take advantage of

launched to take advantage of an overnight rally on the underlying market as well as

favourable swap rates. UBS Phillips & Drew was the lead manager of a C\$150m issue for UBS Finance, the first time the Swiss bank has tapped the sector. The pricing was against the Canadian gov-erument benchmark as well as liquid issues like the World Bank and the recent BFCE deal.

Book rumner

3g/1g Morgan Stanley Int

The bonds came with a 10 per cent coupon and were priced at 101% to yield 9.86 per cent, a spread of some 43 basis points over the equivalent Canadian Treasury. The proceeds were swapped into floating rate US

The deal was well received, and UBS was quoting the paper at less 1.70 bid, inside full underwriting commissions of 1% per cent. The spread against Treasuries had narrowed treasuries had narrowed the spread against the spread again rowed to around 37 basis points.

A UBS official reported a mixture of institutional and retail demand, with predictable interest from Switzerland, as well as the UK and the Middle

Mitsubishi Finance brought a C\$75m issue for LB Schles-wig-Holstein Finance at a spread against Treasuries of 71 basis points.

The bonds were well bid at less 1%, a discount equivalent to full fees. A coupon of 10% per cent was the spur for retail interest, and the lead manager said there was little paper coming back through the bro-

The borrower is familiar to the retail market and the bonds should find straightforward distribution over the next few days.

In Switzerland, Crédit Suisse was the lead manager of a SFr50m straight private place-ment for Oce-Van der Grinten, the Dutch office equipment manufacturer.

The three-year bonds were quoted at less % bid by the lead manager. The deal was not syndicated.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Listed are the latest International bonds for which there is an adequate secondary market

IBM Credit Corp., 99, 92.	1925	103	103	103	03	04	8.5					
IBM Credit Corp., 109	22	200	103	103	103	104	103	04	8.5			
Italy 94, 95	1000	103	104	103	04	103	0.5					
Italy 94, 95	1000	102	102	103	104	103	0.5					
Italy 94, 95	1000	102	102	103	104	103	0.5					
Italy 94, 95	1000	102	102	103	104	103	0.5					
Italy 94, 95	200	100	103	103	0.5	0.5						
Italy 94, 95	100	100	102	103	103	0.5	0.5					
Italy 94, 95	100	100	103	103	0.5	0.5						
Italy 94, 95	100	100	103	103	0.5	0.5						
Italy 94, 95	100	100	103	103	0.5	0.5						
Italy 94, 95	100	100	103	103	0.5	0.5						
Italy 94, 95	100	100	103	103	0.5							
Italy 94, 95	103	103	103	103	0.5							
Italy 94, 95	103	103	103	103	0.5							
Suppose 18	104	103	103	103	103	103	0.5					
Suppose 18	104	103	103	103	103	103	103	103				
Suppose 18	104	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105			
Suppose 18	104	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105
Suppose 18	104	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105

̰ EŌ

المج المحادث

Closing prices on August 16
Champs on
Stat Offer day area: Yield
80 1011 10112 0 0 5.13
80 1013 1022 014 015 5.09
20 963 9914 014 015 5.09
20 963 992 100 0 0 5.19
50 100 10014 014 015 5.09
50 981 981 0014 014 015 5.09
50 981 981 0014 014 015 5.09
50 981 981 014 014 015 5.09
50 981 981 014 014 5.11
10 985 991 015 0 5.29
20 1071 1073 0 0 5.18
On day 401 on week 401 YEN 57RAGENTS
Canada 61s 91.
Canada 52s 93.
Eurofima 5 1995.
E.I. B. 47s 93.
Ireland 51s 93.
Norway 51s 95.
Sweden 45s 93.
World Bank 51s 98.
World Bank 794.

Change... On day +0.00 on week 0.00

Car. Cav

Sets price Bid Offer day Prem

8187 56.2 1203, 1214 407, 5.51

9187 56.7 1333; 1345; +1 -0.68

4187 200, 1074; 1084, -03, 1.64

4187 200, 1074; 1084, -03, 1.64

4187 200, 1074; 1084, -03, 1.64

4187 200, 1074; 1084, -03, 1.64

4187 200, 1074; 1084, -03, 1.64

4187 200, 1074; 1084, -03, 1.64

5184 1106, 2413, 2423; +15, -0.04

5187 1106, 2413, 2423; +15, -0.04

5187 672, 955, 974, -04, 1933, 1087

2286 1004, 116 1113, 494, 500

9187 6745, 107 108 0 11.71

5187 23 1012, 1024, -05, 224, 11

488 804, 122 123 +24, -03, 24, 11

488 804, 122 123 +24, -03, 24, 11

1187 43 1074, 1084, -03, 13, 11

1188 33 1256, 1274, +04, 224, 11

1187 54 1074, 1084, -03, 13, 11

1188 34 1287 1144, -11 194, 41

1188 877 1134, 1144, -11 194, 41

987 4212 774, 954, 103, 103, 104, 104, 10.19

987 4212 774, 954, 104, 1136

2219 4256, 113, 424, 404, 13.19

987 4212 774, 954, 404, 13.19

987 4212 774, 954, 404, 13.19

24100 available-previous day's price CONVERTIBLE Laddroke 5-k, O4 E.
Land Sec. 6-k, O2 E.
Buschik Camera 24, 940M.
MCA Lee 5-k, D2 US.
Michales 5-k, D2 US.
Michales 18- N3- 640S.
Michale

Straight Bonds. The yield is the yield to redemption of the mid-price the amount issued is in millions of currency units except for Yeb bonds where it, is in billions. Change on week "Change over price a week earlier.

Fronting Rate Notes: Denominated in dollars unless otherwise indicated, Coupon shown is minimum. C.due "Data next coupon becomes effective. Sareade "Margin above six-month offered rate (tilteremonth; Sabove mean rate) for US dollars. C.cpn "The current coupon."

coupon.

Convertible Soyds: Denominated in dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Chy, day - Change on day. One date - First date of conversion into shares. Cas, price - Reminal amount of bond per share expressed recurrency of share at conversion rate fland at base. Prem - Percentage premium of the currenteffictive price of acquiring shares via the bond over the most recent price of the shares.

GRADUATE RECRUITMENT The Financial Times proposes to publish a Survey on the above or WEDNESDAY I NOVEMBER 1989

FINANCIAL TIMES

For a (all aditorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact

Midland Montagu's NZ branch to close MIDLAND Montagu New

Zealand, a branch of Sydney-based Midland Montagu Aus-tralia, is to close in the near future, Reuter reports from Auckland.

Mr Glenn Hilleard, the company's general manager, said: "Sydney has decided that we shall cease operations in the foreseeable future, probably in the next six weeks. We had a very finite capability and we feel that capability can proba-bly be almost as well serviced from Sydney, without the out-

lays.
"So...it's back to basics for The New Zealand operation, which employs seven people, specialises in corporate foreign exchange and options

ther the state of New Zealand's economy nor the big allowance for Third World debt which hit profits at Midland Bank, the British parent, had influenced the decision to quit the coun-

The Jeddah-based Islamic Development Bank (IDB) is setting up a department to invest in shares, real estate and trade between member

The \$100m capital is to be raised from the private sectors in both member and non-member states.

Chicago Board of Trade sets up ethics body

THE CHICAGO Board of Trade (CBOT) has established an ethics committee and has pro-posed adding another non-ex-change member to its board of directors, Reuter reports from

The CBOT, the world's largest futures trading arena, has moved to restore customer confidence since the Justice Department announced the indictment of 46 Chicago futures traders two weeks

ago.
The charges against traders at both the CBOT and the Chicago Mercantile Exchange were the result of a federal investigation of fraudulent trading activity at the exchanges.
The committee was created

to examine all aspects of floor trading and operations and to propose new rules and regula-Last week the exchange

increased its maximum limit on fines to \$250,000 from \$75,000 per violation. Mr Karsten Mahlmann, CBOT chairman, said: "Integrity is the number one priority

of this exchange."
The board of directors has appointed seven members to the committee and named Mr Tyrone Fahner, a former Illinols attorney-general, to serve as special counsel to the TAMPELLA LTD. through its

TAMROCK DIVISION

has acquired

THE MINING EQUIPMENT GROUP BAKER HUGHES, INC.

On behalf of Tampella Ltd., the undersigned developed the acquisition strategy, approached the seller, valued the companies, and assisted in negotiating and

BOOZ-ALLEN ACQUISITION SERVICES BOOZ-ALLEN & HAMILTON INC.

July 1989

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPAN

NOTICE OF PREPAYMENT **NORWAY LTD** ECU 40.000.000

In accordance with puregraph "Propayment" of the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds, notice is bereby given that Union Bank of Norway will prepay on September 20, 1989 the total amount remaining outstanding of the above-monitored Bonds at 10012% of their principal amount.
Payment of interest and premium due on Sectember 20, 1989 and reimbursaon September 20, 1989 and reimburse ment of principal will be made in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of these Bonds. Interest will cease to accrue on the Bonds as from September 20, 1869. Luxembourg, August 17, 1989

MEXICO

The Financial Times proposes to publish a Survey on the above on

OCTOBER 12 1989

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

NIGEL BICKNELL

on 01-873 3447 or write to him at:

aber One, Southwark Bridge London SE1 9HL.

FINANCIAL TIMES

NOTICE OF EARLY REDEMPTION



£100,000,000 **Bank of Montreal**

(A Canadian Chartered Bank) Floating Rate Deposit Notes, Series DNV, Due 1994

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, the Bank has elected to redeem all of the Notes in the outstanding amount of £100,000,000 at their principa nount on the next interest payment date being 29th September, 1989 (the "Redemption Date") when interest on the Notes will cease to accure. Upon the Redemption Date of the Notes, unmatured Coupons relating to such Notes shall become void and no payment will be made thereof.

Repayment of principal will be made upon presentation of the Notes with all miniatured Coupons arrached, at the offices of any one of the Paying agents mentioned thereon.

Accrued interest due 29th September, 1989 will be paid again presentation of Coupon No. 20 on or after 29th September, I BANK OF MONTREAL, LONDON as Principal Paying Agent DATED 15th August, 1989

> U.S. \$250,000,000 Canadian Imperial Bank

of Commerce (A Canadian Chartered Bank)

Floating Rate Subordinated Capital Debentures due 2085

Notice is hereby given that for the six months interest period from August 17, 1989 to February 20, 1990 the Debentures will carry an interest rate of 9%% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, February 20, 1990 against Coupon No. 7 will be U.S. \$470.75 and U.S. \$4,707.50 respectively for Debentures in denominations of U.S. \$10,000 and U.S. \$100,000.

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank August 17, 1989

CHASE

Taiyo Kobe Finance Hongkong Limited U.S. \$100,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1997

Guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by The Taivo Kobe Bank, Limited For the three month period 15th August, 1989 to 15th November, 1939 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 9% per annum with a coupon amount of U.S. \$230.00 per U.S. \$10,000 Note and U.S.

Bankers Trust Company, London

Agent Bank

Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rats es due August 2021

2150,000,000

HMC MORTGAGE NOTES 4 PLC

For the Interest Period from August 15, 1989 to November 15, 1989 the Note Rate has been determined at 13,9925% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, November 15, 1989 will be £3,526.88 per £100.000 By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank August 17, 1989

000,000,02 HIMC MORTGAGE NOTES 4 PLC

Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due August 2021 For the Interest Period from August 15, 1989 to November 15, 1989 the Note Rate has been determined at Note Have has Deen determined at 14.7125% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, November 15, 1989 wall be £3,708.35 per £100,000 nominal amount.

By: The Chase Manhatta London, Agent Bank August 17, 1989

SANYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Curação Depositary Receipts of ordinary shares

The undersigned, acting as duly authorized Agent of Carneth Administration Company N.V., announce that the above-mentioned company has made an interim dividend distribution of Yen 4 per share in cash for the financial year ending 30th November, 1989. Effective 21st August 1989, this dividend will be payable, after deduction of 20% Japanese tax, on the coupon No. 10 of the

\$ 23.20 per CDR of 20 depository shares of 50 ord, shares, \$116.00 per CDR of 100 depository shares of 50 ord, shares. Residents of countries which have concluded a tax treaty with Japan, may, only afterwards, claim a 5% tax refund in Japan.

The coupons No. 10 may be presented in:

HAMBURG

to The Sumitomo Bank Ltd., Temple Court, 11 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4N 4TA. to Bank Mees & Hope NV, Pelzerstrasse 2, D.2000

HAMBURG
Hamburg 1.

PARIS
to Banque de l'Union Européenne,
4 rue Gaillon, 75 Paris 2e.

NEW YORK
to Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York,
23 Wall Street, New York, N.Y. 10015.
to Bank Mees & Hope NV, Herengracht 548.

BANK MEES & HOPE NV

The Hongkong and Shanghai **Banking Corporation** (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

U.S.\$400,000,000
PRIMARY CAPITAL UNDATED FLOATING RATE NOTES

Notice is hereby given that the Rete of Interest has been fixed at 9.1875% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date February 20, 1990 against Coupon No. 9 in respect of \$5,000 nominal of the Notes will be \$238.62 and in respect of \$100,000 nominal of the Notes will be \$4,772.40.

August 17, 1989, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBANG

The Chase Manhattan Corporation U.S. \$250,000,000

Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 2000 For the three months 15th August, 1989 to 15th November, 1989 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 18% per annum with a coupon amount of U.S. 5225.21 per U.S. \$10,000 principal amount, payable on 15th November, 1989.

Bankers Trust Bankers 1100. Company, London

Agent Bank

55,750.00 per U.S. \$250,000 Note, payable on 15th November, 1989.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

ahead of economic data

By Karen Zagor in New York and Katharine Campbell in London

slightly higher yesterday morning as the debt market waited for upcoming new-issue supply and economic data. In early afternoon trading the Treasury's benchmark 30-

year bond was up & point at

GOVERNMENT BONDS

992 yielding 8.15 per cent. Fed funds, the rate at which banks lend to each other overnight, dipped to 9 per cent, at the lower end of the perceived tar-get range of 9 to 9% per

The Federal Reserve did not arrange open market operations yesterday. This was seen as further evidence that the central bank has no immediate plans to change its credit

When the Fed failed to enter the market on Tuesday, with

was speculation that the bank had allowed the funds to move fractionally higher. Such a move would have asserted the central bank's independence in the face of a comment from President George Bush that interest rates were not falling

The dollar changed hands at Y142.05 and DM1.9410 at mid-day in New York, below its London mid-day highs of Y142.53 and DM1.9500. Wall Street was unmoved by

yesterday's release of July's industrial production data, which showed a rise of 0.2 per cent. Furthermore, the 0.8 per cent increase in July's housing starts had little impact on trad-

The figures, which were in line with analysts' expectations, supported the widespread belief that a recession is not on the horizon. The market is now waiting for today's report on the June

BE	NCI	HMAR	K G	OVER	MEN	T B	OND	5
		Coupon	Red Date	Price	Change	Yield	Week ago	Month
JK GJLTS		13.500 9.750 9.000	9/92 1/98 10/08	107-11 98-24 98-24	+ 10/32 + 10/32 + 12/32	10.68 9.97 9.14	10.69 10.03 9.15	10.93 10.25 9.32
JS TREASU	HY .	9.125 8.875	5/99 2/19	106-08 107-11	+7/32 +10/32	8.18 8.21	8.03 8.10	8.04 8.10
APAN N	o 111 No 2	4.600 5.700	6/98 3/07	97.1296 106.6530	+0.090	5.07 4.99	5.07 4.98	5.28 5.06
SERMANY		7.000	2/99	102,1000	+0.050	6.68	6.65	6.68
RANCE I	OAT	8.000 8.125	1/94 5/99	98.0178 98.5300	+0.177	8.53 8.34	8.53 8.32	8.82 8.57

London closing, "denotes New York morning session Yields: Local market standard Prices: US, UK in 32nds., others in decimal

US TREASURY bonds drifted Fed funds at 9% per cent, there US trade deficit and Friday's

economic data and a stronger US Treasury market helped UK gilt-edged securities to trade moderately firmer yesterday, although dealers warned that today's average earnings figures and tomorrow's inflation numbers had injected a note of caution into the otherwise pos-

Gilts began the day weaker, but reports of intervention by the Bank of England to support sterling helped the domestic

Later, news that July's public sector debt repayment was £1.4bn - at the upper end of economists' forecasts - confirmed the positive tone, and the market continued to trade up during the afternoon in tandem with US Treasury

The Treasury 2003-2007 closed at 116 after 115 the previous day. The September long bond future closed !! firmer at 96.31.

■ The German market passed : generally quiet day, pulled along later by gains in US

At the official fixings some At the omicial fixings some bonds were priced 5 pfennigs higher, helped by the slightly lower fixing of the dollar, which was DM1.9424 yesterday compared with DM1.9456 on

Tuesday.

Dealers said the market failed to react to the terms of the two tranche variable-rate repurchase agreement which totalled DM22.6bn, when DM 24bn of funds was draining

US Treasuries inch higher Pensions fillip for Australia's fund managers

Chris Sherwell on the lucrative spin-off expected from moves to lift retirement savings

A ustralia's fund management industry is hop-ing for a significant boost from incentives announced in Tuesday's budget for people to provide for their own retirement.

The changes represent an attempt to address problems posed by the country's ageing population, and to place the Government's policy on retirement, superannuation and pensions at the centre of its endeavours to lift national savings. But they also spell positive news for life institutions, such as the AMP Society and National Mutual, and for large local commercial banks and

of competition in a demanding market whose actual size is neither recorded nor known, but whose growth has been explosive in the 1980s. Superannuation funds alone have grown from A\$17bn in 1983 to A\$105bn (US\$79.5bn) currently and will be growing by at least A\$60bn each year in 10 years'

foreign banks, such as Bankers

Trust, which are big fund man-

They now face a fresh bout

Tuesday's changes, billed by Mr Paul Keating, the federal Treasurer, as "historic," drew a mixed reaction. The local press called them a "grab for the grey vote," while a bank economist said they were "revolutionary." However, senior fund managers were more cau-

No one doubts they mark a



recognition that Australia's An increase of about 100 per cent in the tax deductions allowed for contributions to 80-year-old pension system cannot continue to provide secusuperannuation funds by

rity for its older citizens. Curself-employed people, together with improved deductions for rently about 11 per cent of the 16.7m population is over 65, but workers in small employerthis is projected to increase to 18 per cent - some 3.9m people funded schemes. • Substantial increases in by the year 2020. The Government is therefore superannuation benefits, through a 15 per cent rise in the so-called "reasonable bene-fit limits" which set lifetime trying, through a combination of tax deductions and

improved benefits, to encourceilings on people's access to concessionally-taxed superanage those now in the prime of their working lives to ensure a higher standard of living in nuation benefits. • Integration of the tax and retirement through saving.
The measures it has social security systems, first to lower the high effective mar-

Sources of income.

Rules to ensure that superannuation paid on behalf of employees is not lost when they change jobs, and to ensure the payments are pre-served until they actually retire. For women, occupying almost 80 per cent of all part-time jobs, there is also improved access to superannu-

ginal tax which pensioners pay on non-pension income, but

more importantly to make all

income received by pensioners tax free by 1995 - thereby

making it more rewarding for

them to have additional

• Incentives for those already retired to use their lump sum payments to produce a source of regular retirement income, for example through the pur-chase of an annuity.

in a move of potentially even greater impact than these, Mr Keating also said he would consider the gradual introduction of a 3 per cent award to employees for superannuation. as part of the next financial year's centralised wage-determination process.

This would effectively repeat a 3 per cent award based on productivity improvements made under the national wage agreement of 1986, which was itself part of a wider effort by the Labor party Government to encourage the spread of super-

Documents released with the budget show the extent of the Government's superannuation achievements so far, and of what is to come. At the time Labor came to power, in 1983, superannostion assets totalled

just A\$17on. By June 1969 they were put at A\$105m. According to a statement from Mr Keating and Mr Brian Howe, Minister for Social Security, more than A\$30bn of new contributions will flow into

superannuation each year" by the turn of the century. But they insist that the actual growth will be even larger, as these figures assume no improvement in contribu-tion rates and coverage, and the Government "will ensure that both contribution rates and coverage will increase over the coming decade."

ow reliable these fig-ures are is being debated by the fund management industry. So too are the Government's overall claims for its new policy.

According to one economist, the age pension will not remain the cornerstone of its retirement strategy, as the Government insists, and will instead become a cushion on which the new arrangements rest. Likewise, analysis cau-tion that, while the measures will promote private sector savings, the tax concessions behind them mean they are likely to be at the expense of public savings and of other pri-vate savings vehicles — in effect, they say, robbing Peter to pay Paul Keating.

Zapata in talks to restructure debt

10.250 12/98 104.9250 + 0.400 9.44 9.30 9.30

12.000 7/99 94.5985 +0.106 12.95 12.92 13.41

3/99 99.9600 -0.030 7.00 6.97 7.04

ZAPATA, the US offshore drilling group, will not make the interest payments due Sep-tember 15 to holders of its 10% per cent subordinated debentures due 1997 and those due November 1 to holders of its 10% per cent subordinated debentures due 2001, Reuter reports from Houston.
The group said its offshore drilling division had continued

to post big losses and its marine protein division was experiencing a second conse tive year of poor fish

Zapata said it had started debt restructuring discussions with its bank group and expected to present a financial plan to subordinated debt holders once a restructuring agree-ment could be reached.

rent debt agreement, which was entered in 1987, was based on a forecast of a significant recovery in the offshore drilling industry, which has not

Zapata said it was not in default to its bank lenders and expected to remain in compliance with its loan covenants through 1990.

US stock deal boosts market for covered warrants

THE EXPANDING market in covered warrants yesterday with the launch of the first warrant on a basket of American stock, Katharine Campbell

Julius Baer and Salomon together led a consortium to place 100,000 covered warrants exercisable into shares on four stocks in the pharmaceutical sector - Pfizer, Syntex, Upjohn and Warner Lambert. At the close of business on Monday the price of the four shares added up to \$262.375. Salomon, who structured the deal, set the strike price at \$249. The premium is about 23 per cent, and the package offers a gearing factor of 3.66.

British Funds Corporations, Dominion and Foreign Bonds Industrials

An official at Salomon in London commented that the in-the-money structure appealed to Swiss investors, the primary target, because they preferred the lower premi-ums associated with in-themoney options. The deal was three times oversubscribed, according to Salomon.

The concept of covered war-rants on specific sectors is not entirely new - some Japanese equity warrants have been sold grouped principally around the construction sector — and these have been criticised because they prove illiquid in the secondary market.

But some fund managers are excited about the possibilities for sector derivative products.

Mr Trevor Robinson, at Scottish & Provident Investment Management, said yesterday such instruments would confer added flexibility in adjusting weightings of particular sec-tors within a portfolio, although he added that many UK fund managers would pre-fer the baskets to be traded on an exchange, where a clearing house confers added credit

Mr Quintin Price, at options broker James Capel, forecast that while such baskets would initially be targeted towards retail investors, who are prepared to pay up considerably for the convenience of the packaging, institutional investors would eventually be

BRITISH GAS generated the

heaviest trading volumes among individual stocks on the London

attracted by the efficiencies such baskets could deliver. Elsewhere, Robert Fleming became the first UK firm to launch a covered warrant in the growing market in UK shares. The Tate & Lyle warrants, of which about 40,000 were issued, represent a repackaging of existing Swiss franc-denominated warrants.

While this technique is com-

mon in the Swiss market, this

is the first time such a repack-

aging has occurred for a UK company's shares. The warrants are priced at a strike of £1.43 per share, considerably in the money given the current share price of £2.97, give a gearing factor of two, and mature in November 1991.

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

umes in the FT-SE 100 index were lower than in the past couple of days. Volumes totalled 5,847, with

puts (3,439) outweighing calls (2,408). Dealers commented that because the FT-SE futures contract was trading at a discount, a number of market participants were exercised August In the

Fleming argues that the 6.3 per cent premium makes the warrants considerably more attractive than other existing issues. But some market participants, who calculated that the implied volatility was about 30 per cent, reckoned the warrants were expensive, particularly given they were so far in

Earlier in the day Morgan Stanley, one of the leading players in the Swiss covered warrant market, brought its first issue on UK shares. The deal consists of 10m British Gas warrants which, with a strike price of 180p, are also in the money. They carry a two-year maturity and the premium is 69p.

series (1,799). Considerable business was seen in the cheap and

the February 200 calls (755 lots).
The restricted life option Asda continues to attract a good deal of

well out of the money

LONDON MARKET STATISTICS

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries **EQUITY GROUPS** Wednesday August 16 1989 15 14 & SUB-SECTIONS Est. Earnings Yield% (Max.) Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per section CAPITAL 600DS (207) +0.3 -0.4 +0.5 10.72 4.03 29.88 999.69 1001.05 1011.25 804.85 2 Building Materials (29) 3 Contracting, Construction (38) 1211.26 26.47 1216.34 1219.10 1239.29 1025.71 33.67 1595.79 1597.77 1622.20 1599.14 52.79 2993.56 2970.32 2991.33 2164.31 12.37 +0.2 +0.8 5 Electronics (30) 6 Mechanical Engineering (55) ... 8 Metals and Metal Forming (6) . 15.08 12.32 5.57 11.06 47.99 2259.92 2261.65 2281.13 1749.89 10.58 542.00 542.65 551.48 425.19 14.84 516.24 517.48 523.42 485.39 2263.42 546.13 518.01 19.80 14.84 19.58 8.51 8.83 8.62 8.50 7.62 5.91 7.11 14.84 516.24 517.80 527.42 465.39 8.25 359.13 359.85 365.12 281.36 34.02 1829.71 1837.83 1825.99 1317.96 22.10 1341.43 1338.60 1353.43 1095.94 25.65 1515.65 1513.70 1522.95 1132.62 21.04 1174.98 1172.91 1183.73 982.17 14.03 15.64 21 CONSUMER GROUP (186). 1356.37 1545.74 1188.35 14.51 14.73 22 Brewers and Distillers (22) 25) Food Manufacturing (20) 21.04 1174.98 1172.91 1183.73 988.17 38.37 2604.11 2583.65 2624.82 1968.91 2583.65 2624.82 1968.91 31.23 1751.95 1745.66 1764.82 1374.63 9.63 611.71 612.28 619.58 527.13 88.95 3843.04 3837.45 3873.68 3356.05 17.02 869.40 884.97 882.68 816.48 15.36 578.43 561.54 563.94 592.26 23.13 1395.47 1197.44 1216.37 890.55 27.91 1584.45 162.91 102.28 282.28 17.36 19.96 17.44 2623.83 29î Leisure (33). 1771.36 9.49 8.23 10.02 873.62 10.49 9.61 6.68 40 OTHER GROUPS (93) . 18.72 18.60 12.29 22.79 1594.65 1582.18 1682.35 1882.83 40.83 1331.67 1338.98 1378.94 1058.72 28.35 1776.13 1804.46 1819.46 1207.35 1620,36 42 Chemicals (22) 1333.50 11.13 9.57 8.55 11.20 1786.56 43 Conglomerates (13). 13.53 29.84 1945.16 1915.32 1965.82 1263.53 48 Miscellaneous (26) . 1954<u>.31</u> 8.3B 49 INDUSTRIAL GROUP (486). +0.7 9.19 3.61 13.43 22.74 1230.63 1230.49 1245.48 976.36 1239,72 51 Oll & Gas (14)... 2185.29 +0.7 9.80 5.12 13.53 73.67 2170.25 2169.56 2191.52 1789.11 59 500 SHARE INDEX (500). 1328.31 +0.7 9.27 3.81 13.45 26.89 1318.71 1310.52 1326.14 1645.42 61 FINANCIAL GROUP (124). 23.83 786.56 785.36 793.98 699.32 792,88 6.63 23.63 780.47 778.23 772.04 653.64 29.86 1189.58 1199.22 1201.19 1047.94 18.82 625.51 625.36 630.01 541.69 37.36 356.77 349.23 358.06 366.77 349.23 358.06 126.7 1377.20 1375.62 1383.66 1222.23 793.01 21.79 7.99 66 Insurance (Composite) (7) . 67 Insurance (Brokers) (7)..... 627.57 16.84 20.73 +1.0 +0.2 +0.3 69| Proserty (52) ... 70 Other Financial (31). 374.66 10.74 9.83 375.21 374.94 377.50 386.07 16.93 1259.38 1253.77 1265.22 999.33 15.84 713.41 712.13 773.68 512.38 43.33 1391.33 1388.21 1488.49 1165.32 71 Investment Trusts (69) ... 81 Mining Finance (1) +0.4 +0.4 +1.3 1264.60 91 Overseas Traders (8) 25.67 1183.44 1182.81 1196.73 955.26 Index Day's Day's Day's No. Change High (a) Low (b) Aug Aug Aug 15 14 11 FT-SE 100 SHARE INDEXA +19.6 2345.8 2329.6 2326.2 2325.9

F1	XED I	NTE	REST	r		L	AVERAGE GROSS REDEMPTION YIELDS	Wed Aug 16	Tue Aug 15	Year ago (approx
PRICE INDICES	Wed Aug 16	Day's change %	Tue Aug 15	xd ad). today	xd adj. 1989 to date	1 2	British Severament Low 5 years	9.38 9.07	9.44 9.11	9.86 9.46
8ritish Gavernau 1 5 years 2 5-15 years 3 Over 15 years 4 irredeemables 5 All stocks Index-Linked 6 5 years 7 Over 5 years 8 All stocks	118.58 135.01 147.92 169.82	+0.25 +0.45 +0.34 +0.23 +0.06 +0.11	119.08 134.67 147.26 169.24 132.46 141.53 139.54 139.57	- - - 0.21	7.80 8.64 7.97 7.32 8.39 1.36 2.50 2.39	678910 111213	25 years. 5 years. 5 years. 5 years. 5 years. 19 years. 25 years. 19 years. 15 years. 25 years. 17 years. 25 years. 17 years. 17 years. 17 years. 17 years. 17 years. 18 years. 18 years. 18 years. 18 years. 18 years. 19 years. 18 years. 19 years	9.02 10.31 9.48 9.14 10.44 9.68 9.30 9.08 2.90 3.47 2.17 3.32	9.05 10.34 9.52 9.19 10.46 9.72 9.35 9.11 2.91 3.48 2.38	9.1/ 10.2/ 9.6/ 9.3/ 18.3/ 9.8/ 9.7/ 3.0/ 3.0/ 3.0/ 3.0/ 3.7/
9 Debentures & Loss 10 Preference		+0.03	114.82 89.17	-	6.77	15 16 17	Debs & Syears Loans 15 years 25 years	12.95 11.70 11.13	12.95 11.71 11.13	10.8 10.8 10.8

	0ils	tions				***********	22b 35 6		89 14 0			43 5	Traded in wha	Optic	ans i	Mei	ket	yes	sten	day,
-	Mines			····			53 108		18 51			104 118	subdue The r	d ses privat	sion	! utl	litv	sto	ck :	REW
	To	tais		,, e, e o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o			973		446		- 1	1,527	a total	of 2, n 1,8	923 _. 333	lot	s tr Is	ade and	d, :	split 090
-													puts. T Septem	he i ber 1	isus OSI	est calk	8e 8 W	rie: her	• W	ere .300
			LON	IDO	N RI	ECENT	'IS	SU	ES				lots we interest	to 2,	078	tro	m 1	283	L D	eal-
١	EQU	TIES											ers note always	an a	ctive	00	rtior	ı, ti	10 0	-VO
	Essare Price	American Labor Patri Reson up date	د ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	89 Low	,	Stack	Closing Price	+#	iles Cita	Ties Corti	Case View	P.E. Settio	ered we	niey I	had	foçi	USE	d ai	tent	ion
1	575 533	F.P. 17		75	şâlpiq Esta Lâmbowski	tes 5p r Sec. Grp. 5p	88	+1	12.80	19	4,3	166 9.5	on the	dged	its	CYY	n ex	XPO:	sure	2. T
	- 4	FP.	- 1,5%	108	Babcock inti #Bossore in	. Groep 10p	88 40 55 115	+112	±3.0 ±5.2	녆	6.P	113	Total	ed t	o 3'	1,41	5 (con	trac	×18.
[9100 9135 95 962	FP. FP. FP. FP.	- 156 - 76 - 198 - 450				148 91 68 54 180	2	536	17 19 20 47 30	46 16 35	88 173 124	with ca	ns a		ALLS ALLS	_	1	TUTS	
	# <u>135</u>	F 9.	- 198 - 450	135 425	Hanson War ELe Creuset Leverages O	FF0.35	180 447	ᅺ	RQ49.5	28	25	- 1	Att Lyons	500	62	J=	91	9	18	<u>#</u> 21 39
١	500 50	F.9.	- E1017	59911 500 45	Morris (Phil Nith, Americ Pacific Proc	lip) Co's. \$1 an Gas law Tst ı. law. Tst 10p	447 5933 543	-≟	054.05 13.75	25	26 9.9	15.7	(°544)	550	30	45	61	IJ	34	39
l	\$105	F.P. F.P. F.P.	- 122	協	Do. Warrad APolar Elect Presidio Dil	e .	20 110 370		84.5 02.5c	27	5.5 0.4	92	Brit. Airean (*200)	: 180 : 200 220	25½ 12 4	30 15 9	37 24 14	년 구 22	35g 11 23	5 14 24
1	105 105 105	FP 11	-1 127	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		il & Gas 10p Res) Estates Beestaam "A"	122 66 121	ļ.,	13.0	0.9	33	-	Brit Com (*181)	160 180	70 30 71	35 21	38	23.	11	13
١		F.P. 24	- 599 - 2788	2450	Smithkline i Oo. Beeclus	Beesham "A" n/Beckman Uts lan E.M.I.T.10p	媚	#8 #8 #26	W-	2.7	:	差 记	Seith Bda	200		14 82	28 19	11 24 6	18 29 13	菱
.	209 209	FP. 10	-1 115	1 63	WPP Warra	ats	136	+3	13.5	25	4.4	ıı.	(587)	550 600	23	45	95 62	28	33	20 37
-	\$1.09 \$200	F.P.	- 265	1131		er Scaffold,10p Zadło Heark 15p	116 265	+8	R5.0 84.0	컌	5.7 2.0	13.2 24.9	Boots (*286)	260 280	34 19	41 27	고 ※	7	16	15 15
:		- '		•								_	B.P.	300 260	9 41	16 46	25 	18 1½	21 3	24
ł			FI	XED	INT	REST S	TOC	ЖŜ				_	(*295.)	290 300	22 10 .	30 18		컌	7. 16	9½ 18
1	Issue Price	Amount, Pald	Latest Renunc	1	989	}	Stock				steg icz	+œ	British Steel (*74) Bass	80	71. 3½ 125 :		14 8½ 172	5 ² 8	4 10	70
ļ	£ 100a	E.P.	Date	High 113a	102n	Carlton Corons	6 50 0%	i) Co B	1 24 5m		E 08p	-	(°1097)	1050 1100		145 108 75	137 108	18 40	18 12 54	23. 40 63
۱.	100° 100°	F.P. F.P. F.P.	28/7	20011 503-10 1040 1179 103	3, ppm 503, p 980 105p	Cariton Comms FConton Beach Santmore Am. S	Splite:	Cr. Pf. Dly Pf	59	ļ	\$100°		C & Wire	500			127	51₂	11	18
1	100s 9100	F.P.	247	1176 103 107p	105	Sartmore Am. S Bartmore Am. S Harbrell 7% p i Number Gloson Lordon Sess. 8 Nationwide Am Do. 4.25oc Inde Somo & Bobling	8 Loc Co	PÎ.	5 Lu		ו כחז	+1	(-572)	550 600 1400	52 22	72 46 106	94 67	18	77 52	7 57
1	199.1	F.P. F.P.		100 105	100 985 9913 9914	Mationwide Ang Ou. 4.25pc tode	ila 13/4 2-Linkes	z. Bes. 2024	13/8/90	٩			Cons. Gold (*1483)	1450 1500	95 1 45 5	50 10	Ξ	2 5 35	3 13 38	Ξ
.	100p #100 #420p #100p	FP.	348	103p 1051; 138p 121s	1001	Owen & Robinst Renaissance His Tiphook Units WPP 8.25p Cr.	R in	Co in 1	994	14		+10	Courtanids (*368)	330- 360 390	48 27	58 35	55 46 25	3 10	.7 12	8 15 31
1	ф100р	l est	A'	1519	1004,9	WYY 8.209 UI.	MLP1. 10	P	***************************************	4 1	21 p	*2	Com. Union	360	10 58	19 71	_	26	29 5	_
l				R	IGHT	S OFFE	RS			-		-	(*407)	390 420	35 14	48 29	33 23	8 22	11 23	17 28
١	tesue Price	Amount. Paid	Latest Remoza		1989		Stock			Clas		+ 04	6.K.N. (*458)	420 460	48 29	67 40	76 50	4 17	7 21	12 28
١	p	LEP	Date	High	Line							_	Grand Met. (*628.)	600 650	52 24	73 46	92 63	14 37	21 45	27 47
-1	365 120 9		13/9 8/9	95pm 10pm 12	1 75	AIM Group 10p Astra Hidgs Bear Bracel				8	,000 (240 (81 ₂	1111	LCL	1250		 127 :			33	
1	265 125 195		:	310m 11590 210m	18pm 1pm 18pm	Bredero Proes . Caspes Oil 10; Control Teckelo	ues 20e			31 13 13		草	(*1283)	1300 1350	45		117 90	44	55 62	67 90
2	145 145 305	F.P.	認	23pm 180 66pm	1665	Egerton Trist Glamar Group 1 Microsler-Small	Oc			8		+2	Jaguar	360	46	62	72	9	13	20
I	108 69	柳	:	13pm 11pm	1 1100	Nasior-SNA Setterland His				13	(A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A)	-5	(°394)	390 420	27 16	41 28	55 44	18 40 .	2 <u>1</u> 47	33 52
١	a Acom	alisasi divides ed on divides	od b Figure d on fall ca	s bases o pital.g A	a prospectus ssumed divid	estimates à Div lend and yield s	idend rat Dividend	e pald o and yiel	t payable Startude:	0A PE	l of c	apital,	Klagiisher (*339)	330 360	24 10	36 22	47. 30	12 28	17. 31	20 14
I	reresst,	OL CTIMINGS	STREET SEC	OLL OPEN	rave, cover i	series ou bissules	150.20	roing.		and yi	eld ba	दर्भ क	Lastrolo						_	_
1	on Prosp estimates	for 1989-9	er official O. Q Gross.	estimate R Foreca	for 1988. St annualis	N Ohridend and d Gividend cover	yield ba and p/e	sed ge ratio	SLIPPECTOR	Or of	per o	Afficial other	(*329)	325 330	18 36	44 28	56 35	12 12	18	23
-1	tetrodoci Al lotmed	ion.EPlacing t price.e Un	price_ff R listed secur	eletrodo; ities mar	y isawes by d Lign.∳ lessit rius.∳ Offici	enrans yield bas le based on lades N. Olvident and ed divident come enter. O offered ed en councelles al London listic	rational Talign in Talign	ns de den Horganis Hostog v	Urtary spai atlica mer varrants e	es as a ger o ettlen	i 'rig Labu Yeni."	pets" . † Green . ! Tolard	Land Seggr	600	28	45	62	22	28	22
1	Market.				_			-					(1961)	650		ž	=	58	₩	-
1											_	_	M & S (*214)	200 220	22 8	29 17	% 25	5 12	7½ 14	9 15
1		st Deal		RAD	Aug 7	Calla			4	347	<u>,</u>		STC	330	49	64		5	9	_
.[La	st Deali	ings		Aug 18 Nov 9	Amstr	d, K	enm	are, F	ord	\$e	llar	(*366.)	360 390	13	44 28	53 37	14 32	18 33	22 37
.		r settle		-	Nov 20		Lels	i Inv,	Owne	rs A	bro	oad,	Salesbury (*281.)	280 300	7	24 13	<u>32</u> 21	9 23	12 24	14 25
		te indi			end of		i Se	CE,	M.L.				Skell Trans. (NJG)	390 420 460	26	38	71 46 25	5 10 35	8 35 36	10 19 39
ł	LUNIO	n Share	U OI VIC	.5		GOOR.		C	~~136			I			•		_	~	_	

attention, and yesterday's vol-umes of 1,842 options were largely made up of 1,820 calls. Here the busiest series was the September 200 calls, showing a number of market participants were exercising August in-the-money calls, in series such as the August 2,150s, where open interest dropped from 1,451 to 1,128. Another active series was the September 2,100 puts, with 1,008 lots, and a change in outstanding contracts from 2,402 to 2,772. lots were recorded, taking open interest to 2,078 from 1,283. Dealers noted that while British Gas is always an active option, the covered warrants launched by Morgan Stanley had focused attention on the option, and the firm may total of 1,109 lots. Open interest in that series has now risen to 7,535 Contracts. Other good performers included British Steel, with 1,343 Elsewhere, a good spread of stocks recorded volumes in excess of 1,000 lots. After British have hedged its own exposure. Total turnover yesterday amounted to 31,415 contracts, lots made up of 1,024 calls and 319 puts and Jaguar, where 1,045 options were split between 560 calls and 485 puts. amounted to 31,415 contracts, with calls amounting to 21,718 Abbey Kat. 140 11 15 18 2 3½ 3½ (**) (**) 160 2 5 7½ 15 15 15 68 6 15 17 50 19 30 33 57 41 49 51 6 B 98 6 II 16 65 23 28 32 - 1½ 第 3½ 25 11 - 15 23 88 35 40 65 68 72 420 48 67 76 4 7 12 460 29 40 50 17 21 28 600 52 73 92 14 21 27 650 24 46 63 37 45 47 SEC (*276.) 80 5½ 8½ 11 3½ 7 8 97 1½ 5 8 10 11 13 500 30 50 72 16 25 30 550 11 28 47 45 52 55 Scot, & New 390 43 57 68 22 27 32 (*402) 420 28 42 55 36 43 45 280 16 24 32 9 12 14 300 7 13 21 23 24 25 August 16 Total Coltracts 31,415 Calls 21,716 Pers 9,697 FT-SE Index Calls 2400 Pers 3439 *Underlying security price, 7 Long dated capity action



UK COMPANY NEWS

Angry purchasers in a flat market

Andrew Taylor looks at the events leading to the Kentish Property creditors' meeting

the business life of Mr Keith Preston, chairman of the falled Kentish Property Group, can have prepared him for the hostility he faced from creditors in London on Tues-

The group's failure had been triggered by rising construc-tion costs and low sales at one particular development: at Burrelis Wharf on the Isle of Dogs in London's docklands where Kentish had planned to build 343 flats, shops, offices and a

leisure centre. Some of the 260 people who had paid deposits totalling 22.58m to buy homes at Bur-rells Wharf and Bow Quarter, another large residential devel-opment proposed by Kentish in east London, were at Tuesday's

Receivers have warned buyers that the projects are unlikely to be completed as planned although everybody who has paid for a flat should

They have refused to refund deposits to purchasers who want to pull out of contracts. Some purchasers, like Misa Fredelinda Telfer, a 29-year-old

software specialist, say they may forgo deposits anyway.

They say the developments have been blighted by the events of the last two months and that they would lose a lot more than their deposits if they bought and the prices of the flats fell sharply.
Some of the most hostile crit-

icisms of Mr Preston and fellow directors at Tuesday's meeting came-from worriedpurchasers. Some wanted to know why Mr Preston had accepted a £800,000 dividend payment just seven weeks before the company's shares: had been suspended.

Trants

Mr Preston said he had con-sidered the company to be sol-

THE UK'S General Electric

Company and Siemens of West

Germany will question Ples-sey's capacity to sustain its profitability in the offer doca-

ment for their smaller electronics rival which is due to be published later today.

By throwing doubt on Pies-

sey's underlying profitability,

TR AUSTRALIA, the £45m investment trust which is seek-

ing to change its investment policy in the face of opposition from River Plate & General, its

29.9 per cent shareholder, yes-terday claimed that holders of over 40 per cent of its shares

intend to vote in favour of its

scheme, writes Nikki Teit.
The scheme - which would

involve a switch in investment

policy to that of a higher-yield-ing Far Rastern fund, coupled

packaging group, to 21.7 per

Pembridge Investments, Mr Franklin's Bermuda-based

share buying vehicle, bid insti-tutions for the extra 5.6m

shares on Tuesday. They were acquired at a price of 550p each. Yesterday, DRG shares

closed 12p up, at 562p. Last month Mr Franklin

By Hugo Dixon

vent right up until its shares had been suspended on June 19. He said he would refund the £300,000 paid to himself and his wife Kay if required by the liq-uidator. The dividend had been in respect of pre-tax profits of £4.67m Kentish made in 1988 and declared in April.

Insolvency experts say Mr Preston might be required to return the money if it could be shown he was aware of the company's precarious financial position when the dividend was paid. One couple at Tuesday's

meeting were particularly bit-ter that Kentish had allowed them to go ahead with the pur-chase of a £200,000 flat just three days before the group sought legal advice about its financial position on June 14.
According to the company's version of events it was unaware until late June and

early July of the extent of the slowdown in sales at Burrells

Halifax, Britain's biggest building society, which had lent £26m to Burrells Wharf, played a central role in events which led to the company's failure.

The society's announcement on July 25 that it had appointed a receiver to Bur-rells Wharf was made without warning, says Kentish. It had been left with no alternative but to petition the court for an administrator to be appointed to protect the interests of unsecured creditors.

The company until then had been trying to persuade Halifax that it was still viable and that Burrells Wharf would make only small losses if the phasing of the development was rethought and loan terms Mr Preston told creditors

that sales of flats at Burrells Wharf, despite a difficult prop-

share final offer for the com-

pany is generous.

Plessey has argued that the offer, which values it at £2bn,

is too low and that sharehold-

ers would do better by keeping their money in what it con-

tends is one of the UK's most

innovative electronics groups.
"GEC and Siemens will also

with the introduction of a series of possible wind-up dates for the trust and a scrip issue

for the trust and a scrip issue of warrants — will be put to shareholders at an extraordinary meeting on September 1.

However, River Plate, part of the Jupiter Tarbutt stable, has told TRA, managed by Touche Remnant, that it intends to vote against the proposals. The shareholder intends to put forward its own scheme which would give shareholders the

would give shareholders the

US investor raises DRG stake

per cent of the equity.
Mr Moger Woolley, DRG

chief executive, has made it clear that he regards Mr Franklin's stake as highly unwelcome. Yesterday he said

this latest increase was only to have been expected, since it followed on from the buying Mr Franklin had started last

TR Australia claims 40% support

GEC/Siemens to question if

Plessey can sustain profits

the Anglo-German consection; "angue in their locument that a hopes to convince Plessey's "link-up between Plessey's bust shareholders that its 270p per nesses and their own will help

MR ROLAND Franklin, the US-based investor, has lifted his stake in DRG, the Sellotape and Basildon Bond paper and the US regula-tory authorities to buy up to 25

month.

erty market, had been reasonable until interest rates rose in May. Contracts had been exchanged on only 14 out of 23 flats for sale in April and May. No flats at all had been sold in make a net loss of about £6m.

Mr Preston said discussions
were held with the company's auditors in July, and Halifax was approached to ascertain if it would be willing to vary the terms of the loan or acquire the property themselves.

A report was prepared by directors over the weekend of July 15-16, detailing the action the group would have to take to compensate for the slow-down in sales and projected losses on Burrells Wharf. A meeting was held with Robert Fleming, the company's spon-soring bank, on July 18 and the company's shares were suspended the next day. Six days later, Halifax announced it had appointed a receiver to the project.

On August 2, Mr Roger Pow-drill and Mr Nick Lyle, part-ners of Spicer & Oppenheim, were nominated as joint liquidators to the group.

Creditors, however, wanted to know why directors had not been alerted to the company's financial plight in the spring when management accounts showed sales of only £855,000 in the first three months of 1989 compared with projected full-year sales of £60m and sales of almost £26m for 1988.

Mr Preston said directors had not been perturbed by the low level of completions in the first three months. Completions had been projected to rise sharply later in the year as indicated by the high level of deposits the group had achieved.

Figures prepared for the liquidators by the directors of Kentish Homes, the largest of the group's seven subsidiaries, which includes both Burrells Wharf and Bow Quarter among its developments, showed a deficiency of almost £19m to unsecured creditors after write-downs of assets.



MR KEITH PRESTON and his wife Kay own 69 per cent of Kentish Property Group. The shares were floated at 185p in 1987. They peaked at 342p just before the stock market crash in October 1987. Last month they were suspended at 61p.

Mr Preston in the flotation document issued by Robert Flem-ing, the group's bankers, is described as a chartered quantity surveyor, who qualified in 1968 and worked for a contractor and computer consultant in Canada before running a series of property development companies since 1972.

He had built a successful property business with his wife in east London when he acquired the voting shares of the holding company of the Kentish Property Group. The company, formed by a local housebuilder in Kent in 1962, had incurred considerable losses following the property crash in the mid-1970s. By the end of the decade it was involved in only a small number of

Since 1980, the company has stopped housebuilding in Kent and concentrated on residential developments in north and east London. In 1986 it purchased 2.2 acres on the Isle of Dogs, in London's former docklands for a 20-storey appartment building, known as Cascades. Cascades remains the group's best known and most successful development.

maintain the long-term health of the UK's and Europe's elec-

tronics industries.
Plessey, they are expected to

say, is too small to survive on

its own, whereas a pooling of research and development

expenditure between the three

groups would enable them to improve efficiency and com-pete more aggressively against Japanese and North American

option of either taking a cash

exit route at close net asset

value, or of staying in a succes-

sor trust with an investment policy similar to that suggested by TRA.

Various members of the

US-based Grace and Pinto families have increased their stake

in TR Technology, a split-level

trust also managed by Touche Remnant. They now hold 6.78

per cent of the ordinary shares.

He said: "I have no know-ledge of what he is up to. But I

should have thought he must be prepared to go the whole hog and bid for the company, if

Mr Franklin is a veteran of the 1970s banking crisis and has had business dealings with Sir James Goldsmith.

Henderson Crosthwaite Insti-

tutional Brokers said it had arranged for the purchase of all the 5.6m shares from a number of institutions.

nobody else turns up."

East Surrey Water plans to obtain public quote

By Andrew Hill

EAST SURREY Water larger water authorities. Company is planning to con-vert to public limited company status and reorganise its existing share structure.

The proposals will have to

The company had reap-praised the scheme considering

various options for altering the

phasing of the development

and changing some of the uses.

The new proposals meant that

at worst the project would

please Mr Duncan Saville, an investor based in Australia, whose investment vehicle, Associated Insurance Pension Fund, owns 28 per cent of East Surrey's voting capital. He is thought to be broadly in favour of the possibility of East Sur-

In January, AIPF linked with Southern Water Authority to mount hostile bids for two statutory companies. The offers were defeated by higher agreed bids from French water

East Surrey, which supplies water in Thames Water Authority's region south of London, looks like becoming the first of the UK's 29 statutory companies to follow the conventional path to plc status as laid down in the 1989 Water Act, which privatises the 10

general manager, said yester day that conversion would make it easier for the group to diversify into related

Mr Ian Foster, East Surrey

The company, which cannot reveal details of its plans-before September 1, will ask shareholders' approval for the simplification of its complex capital structure into two classes of shares and for conver-If the resolutions are approved by investors holding more than 25 per cent of each

class of stock, the restructur-ing proposals will be put to the Environment Secretary. Gaining his approval could take six or seven weeks according to East Surrey's advisers. The majority of the remaining independent statutory com-

panies are expected to apply for conversion to plc status, which would free them from existing voting and dividend restrictions.

AAF tangible assets up 14%

AAF Investment Corporation reported net tangible assets per share of 164p at June 30 - an advance of 14 per cent on the figure a year earlier.

Pre-tax profits amounted to £1.59m for the six months to end-June compared with

£6.67m. Commenting on the earnings per share figure of 9p (8p), Mr Jeffrey Liebesman, chairman, said it was "much more soundly based as it derives largely from interest on the

cash proceeds of last year's profitable and timely dispos-Turnover was £256,000 (£89.63m). The gross interim dividend is raised to 4.5p (2.5p).

Sale by Applied **Holographics**

Applied Holographics, the USM-quoted maker of holograms, is selling its Swiss origination unit to Mr David Greenaway, who runs it, for £540,000, writes Clare Pearson.

The Applied Holographics International subsidiary is paying £5,000 to acquire Mr Green-away's shareholding in Applied Holographics Embossed. This is the mass production subsidiary which the Swiss unit

developed technology for.

Mr Ozzie Boxall, chairman, said the need for the Swiss operation had significantly diminished with the expansion of the group's capabilities. The sale would also reduce costs. In the year to March Applied's pre-tax loss was £2.2m (£1.4m).

Ex-chairman sells 13.4% stake in Stanley Gibbons

By Ray Bashford

MR CLIVE Feigenbaum, who resigned as chairman of Stanley Gibbons in 1984 following the company's failed attempt to gain a quote on the Unlisted Securities Market, has sold his 13.4 per cent holding in the internationally renowned stamp dealer.

Stanley Gibbons said yester-day it believed that the dis-posal had removed "the remaining connection between Stanley Gibbons and Mr Fel-

The Stock Exchange refused the company entry onto the USM following investigations into allegations about Mr Feigenbaum's financial back-ground. At the time of his chairmanship he controlled 57 per cent of the company's capi-

The holding was sold to Ionian Securities shortly after his resignation in April 1984 but Mr Feigenbaum re emerged publicly as a shareholder early last year though several overseas interests.

The board of Stanley Gib bons is believed to have expressed concern about the former chairman's purchase of a new interest in the company There were fears that this holding might be a hindrance to a fresh attempt to gain a quote on the USM.

The majority of Mr Feigenbaum's stake has been acquired by Vetmel, a company controlled by Mr Paul Fraser, a private investor who is a collector and retailer of pop records and memorabilia. Mr Fraser, who will join the board of Stanley Gibbons, paid 51%p per share, valuing the holding at £878,220.

A company controlled by Sir Ron Brierley, the New Zealand businessman, is the largest shareholder in Stanley Gibbons with 29.9 per cent of the capital. Mr Fraser's purchase price values the New Zealander's holding at £2m compared with the £1.8m paid for the holding.

Rexmore expands by 31% but chairman expresses caution

By John Ridding

REXMORE, a supplier of upholstery, textiles and timber, yesterday announced pre-tax profits of £2.26m for the year to April 1, an increase of 31 per cent on the previous year's

However, Mr Michael Rosen-blatt, chief executive, expressed caution concerning the current year because of the effects of higher interest rates on consumer expenditure. The shares eased 1p to 59p. He said that the contract furnishing division, which accounts for about half of group turnover, "had per-formed well during the period" and "appeared unaffected by the slowdown in expenditure."

The timber division also showed a good improvement but was experiencing mixed fortunes. The DIY part of the business, principally based in the north of England, continued to trade steadily, but supplies to furniture manufactur-ers were hit by the fall in

retail outlets. The worst affected division was textiles. Sales were buoy-

ant and the division contrib-uted £750,000 to profits. But, according to Mr Rosenblatt, "in according to Mr Rosenblatt, "In May the market went flat virtually overnight."

Turnover increased from £51.22m to £60.23m and earnings per share rose from 7.08p to 9p. A recommended final dividend of 1.55p gives a total of 2.25p (1.8p).



General Accident

INTERIM RESULTS

The results for the six months ended 30th June 1989, estimated and unaudited, are compared below with those for the similar period in 1988, which are restated at 31st December 1988 rates of exchange; also shown are the actual results for the full year 1988.

It must be emphasised that the results for an interim period do not usually provide a reliable indication of those for the full year.

Premium Income	6 Months to 30.6.89 Estimate £ millions	6 Months to 30.6.88 Estimate £ millions	Year 1988 Actual £ millions
General Business	1,562.5 198.3	1,220.1 124.8	2,554.1 292.5
	£,760.8	1,344.9	2,846.6
Investment Income	219.9 (29.3)	163.2	353.9 (16.9)
General Business Result Long Term Business Profits	(\$1.3) 9.0	(21.4) 7.0	(32.8) 14.0
Less Interest on Loans	148.3 21.8	148.8 2.6	318.2 20.3
UK Employee Profit Sharing Scheme	126.5	146.2	297.9 7.6
Profit before Taxation	126.5 36.5	146.2 40.3	290.3 76.5
Profit after Taxation	90.0	105.9	213.8
Preference Dividends	(10.3)	2.1	(0.7)
Net Profit attributable to Shareholders	100.3	103.8	214.5
Earnings per Ordinary Share Principal exchange rates used in translating overseas results	47.7p	54.3p	107.6p
U.S.A. Canada	\$ <i>1.55</i> \$1.86	\$1.81 \$2.15	\$1.81 \$2.15

(1) The above figures include the results of the NZI Corporation Limited with effect

from its acquisition on 26th July 1988.

(2) The NZI Bank result includes gains and losses both realised and unrealised on investments held for trading purposes.

(3) Investment income excludes £6.6m (1988 £5.3m) representing amortisation of U.S. deep discount bonds which under the U.S.A. accounting conventions

would be credited to earnings.

(4) The result is stated after a notional contribution to the UK Pension Funds of £7.4m (1988 - nil) in accordance with SSAP 24.

ANALYSIS BY TERRITORY OF GENERAL BUSINESS PREMIUM INCOME AND UNDERWRITING RESULT

	6 mont	hs to 30.6.89	6 mont	hs to 30.6.88
	Premium Income £m	Underwriting Result £m	Premium Income £m	Underwriting Result £m
U.K.	517.3	19.1	456.4	9.6
U.S.A.	479.0	(35.2)	414.2	(25.1)
EEC other than U.K.	84.5	(12.1)	75.4	(5.1)
Canada	187.6	(4.8)	149.2	1.2
Pacific Basin	175.3	(9.5)	35.8	-
Other Overseas London Market business	52 <i>A</i>	(2.0)	40.5	1.4
incl. internal reins.	66.4	(6.8)	48.6	(3.4)
	1.562.5	(51.3)	1,220.1	(21.4)

Net written premiums and investment income increased in sterling terms by 28.1% and 34.7% respectively. Adjusted to exclude the effects of currency fluctuations, the increases were 18.1% and 20.8% respectively.

In the second quarter there was a worldwide underwriting loss of £29.3m (1988 £0.3m loss) with an underwriting profit in the United Kingdom of £8.9m (1988 £11.6m profit) and a loss of £16.1m (1988 £10.6m loss) in the United States. Elsewhere there were aggregate underwriting losses of £22.1m (1988 £1.3m loss). The pre-tax profit for the quarter amounted to £68.8m (1988 £87.6m).

In the United Kingdom there was an underwriting profit for the six months of £19.1m (1988 £9.6m profit). The Motor and Homeowners accounts show half year profits of £1.5m and £9.5m respectively (1988 £1.8m loss and £8.4m profit), following an exceptionally good first quarter. The Commercial Property account produced a profit for the six months of £6.6m (1988 £12.8m profit). Experience in the Liabilities account, which was subject to some reserve strengthening, remains adverse.

For the six months net written premiums in the United States totalled \$742.4m (1988 \$749.7m) with an operating ratio of 106.93% as compared with 105.45% for the same period in 1988. On the United Kingdom accounting basis the underwriting loss was £35.2m (1988 £25.1m loss). Personal and Commercial property lines showed some deterioration in the quarter.

Elsewhere there were aggregate underwriting losses of £35.2m (1988 £5.9m loss). Increased losses were reported from Europe, particularly France. In Canada the Motor account produced worse results but Pilot continued to produce an underwriting profit. The results in the Pacific Basin have been affected by intense competition and a series of weather

New annual premiums for life business in the United Kingdom for the first six months of 1989 were £25.6m (1988 £20.2m) and single premiums £11.6m (1988 £15.8m).

The Directors have declared an interim dividend for the year ending 31st December 1989 of 17.5p per share (1988 15.5p per share) costing £37.0m (1988 £32.5m) payable on or after 1st January 1990 to ordinary shareholders on the Register of Members at close of business on 27th October 1989. The Directors propose to offer ordinary shareholders the opportunity to receive fully paid ordinary shares in the Corporation in lieu of the cash

General Accident Fire and Life Assurance Corporation plc.

World Headouarters: Pitheavlis, Perth. Scotland PH2 0NH.





is pleased to announce that with effect from 21st August 1989 it will be representing

SMITH NEW COURT SECURITIES PLC

in Switzerland on the UK, HONG KONG, SINGAPORE and MALAYSIAN markets.

The marketing agreement between RSI SECURITIES SA and SHEARSON LEHMAN SECURITIES on the UK market in Switzerland will cease on 18th August 1989.

This advertisement has been issued by RSI Securities SA and has been approved for the purpose of Section 57 of the Financial Services Act 1986 by Smith New Court Securities Pt.C., a member of The Securities Association.

Interim profits ahead 39% as occupancy rates rise in all divisions

Queens Moat launches £141m rights

By Clay Harris

QUEENS MOAT Houses, the hotels group, yesterday launched a £141m rights issue, its second cash call in less than a year, and reported a 39 per cent advance in interim pre-tax

Profits rose to £24m (£17.2m) in the 27 weeks to July 9, on turnover ahead by 38 per cent to £148.2m (£107.7m). Queens Moat operates 143 hotels in five countries, with more properties on the continent than any

other UK-based group. Queens Moat shares closed 3p lower at 115p, compared with the 93p price of the one-

for four rights issue. Mr John Bairstow, chairman, said Queens Moat was raising equity rather than adding to debt because Britain would account for more than threequarters of its current £194m investment programme, and UK interest rates were too

high.
"It's the wrong time for us to be taking advantage of our sterling facilities, except in

By contrast, its continental expansion of the past two years has been funded almost entirely through local currency borrowing. At present, it is paying 7.25 per cent on the equivalent of £318m drawn through a multi-option facility. This is less than half the 15 cent rate it will be paying

to bridge yesterday's £45m acquisition of three hotels until the rights proceeds are received.

Mr Bairstow said he was also less reluctant to proceed with another rights issue 10 months after a £57.5m call because

shareholders who took up the first one were now showing a 72 per cent profit. The group achieved 25 per cent organic growth in profits in the first half, and occupancy rates in all divisions improved from 1988 levels. These range from 70 per cent in West Ger-man Holiday Inns to 68 per cent in the UK and 60 per cent in Benelux countries and non-Holiday Inn hotels in West

Fully diluted earnings per share advanced to 3.33p from 2.42p (adjusted for a scrip issue). The interim dividend rises to 1.06p (0.848p), and Queens Moat said the final would show a matching 25 per cent increase.

The three hotels bought yes-terday have a total of 398 bedrooms. They will be renamed the Wilmslow Moat House, Manchester (at present, the Valley Lodge), Nottingham Moat House (Savoy) and Cler-

The £113,000 per bedroom paid in the latest deal is above the £85,000 average cost expec-ted by Queens Moat in its current programme. Lower costs in West Germany help to pull down the average. The rights issue and a reval-

uation of the group's hotels, which lifted the total by £102m to £1.31bn, or 120p per share, will reduce gearing from 60 per cent to 47 per cent, Mr Bair-stow said. Interest cover is expected to emerge at about 3½ times for the full year. drawn from the multi-option facility, Queens Most also has £120m outstanding in mortgage debentures and a net £19m on

Holders of convertible preference shares will be offered the rights shares on a 25-for-44

Assembled without tightening the screws Norma Cohen and Maggie Urry examine MFI's refinancing package

FI's refinancing package, the broad outline of which was announced yesterday, should enable the group to trade its way out of current difficulties. so long as the retail market does not deteriorate further.

That was the clear message from the company yesterday, which ended two months of negotiations with bankers and shareholders late on Monday

night.
The refinancing was necessitated by poor trading condi-tions in the retail furniture market which had meant MFI was missing sales and profit targets. "The impact of reduced sales on cashflow has been substantial," the group

said yesterday.
MFI appears to have been able to persuade its backers to give maximum support to the

The deal includes a £35m rights issue, which will largely be taken up by existing shareholders including directors; bridging finance to enable MFI to pay the £10m interest payment which was due yesterday and to increase working capi-tal; and a deferral of a total of £60m of debt repayments until after April 1993.

Bankers said yesterday that the terms of the refinancing were surprising in that no sweetener is offered to senior lenders compensating them for accepting slower repayment terms and weaker protective covenants.

While reschedulings or stretch-outs of debt repay-ments often contain higher interest rates for bankers, MFT's revised terms maintain the margin at 1% percentage point over London interbank offered rates - considered by some bankers to have been somewhat tight for MBO financing from the start.

By comparison, Magnet's senior debt paid bankers 1% per cent over Libor. MFI will still have to repay £125m between now and the end of 1993, with the largest portion of the £60m deferral coming in 1989 and 1990

Also, bankers have not earned any up-front fees - typical in debt restructurings as a sweetener to compensate for

slower repayment.
While the absence of higher margins and fees may indicate lenders' confidence in MFI's future, it may also be a reflection of just how precarious the company's situation remains.

'Some bankers don't like to kick them when they're down," said one banker involved in MBO finance.

The brunt of the rescheduling, somewhat unusually, has been borne by holders of senior debt. However, MFI's subordinated debt, totalling only £50m, is in the form of a zero-coupon bond which is not due for redemption until next year. Rescheduling of this portion would not have provided suffi-cient relief for the company. Mr David Brock, MFI's mar-

keting director, said the group's sales were still well elow budget, although not as bad as the 18 per cent shortfall that they had been at the worst point of trading. The cooler weather lately and the launch of new ranges

of bedroom and kitchen furniture had begun to improve cus-tomer flow in the shops, he

He said costs had been cut back which would lead to savings in a full year of more than £10m and capital expendi-ture plans had been cut back by around £15m to £20m. The shop opening programme in the current year was intact but MFI had held back on investing in sites for openings fur-

ther shead.

Mr Brock thought that so long as interest rates did not rise again, the worst of the company's trading difficulties could be over. But he thought it could be 18 months to two years before customer confi-dence returned to normal. "When it does turn we will be in a first class condition to benefit," he said.

However, a stock market flo-tation now looked unlikely until after spring 1991 – the date when the original "ratchet," under which the management could increase its share of the group's equity, ran

introduced to continue after that date. Under this the maximum the management could take would be 10 per cent of the company. Under the original ratchet

the management could have received 20 per cent if certain stringent performance targets were met and the float took place next spring.

A new employee share

option scheme will be proposed so that staff who took out share options earlier can main-tain their interest in the

This announcement appears as a matter of record only August 1989



ACQUISITION OF WEST YORKSHIRE ROAD CAR COMPANY LIMITED

Funding arranged and provided by

COUNTY NATWEST

County NatWest Limited was advised by

Dibb Lupton Broomhead

Solicitors

Rider Holdings Limited was advised by

Simpson Curtis

Solicitors

Peat Marwick McLintock

Accountants

& The NatWest Investment Bank Group

New chiefs for GA as expansion plans sour

By Eric Short

GENERAL ACCIDENT'S New chief general manager is to be Mr Nelson Robertson, currently a general manager, responsible for overseas and

life operations. Mr Robertson, who is 55 will assume the post at the end of the year, when the present chief general manager, Mr Buchan Marshall retires.

Meanwhile, Mr Robertson and Mr Tom Roberts are appointed deputy chief general managers with immediate

City analysis noted that Mr Ian Menzies, aged 49, a gen-eral manager responsible for finance and investment, who was closely identified with the

was closely identified with the NZI acquisition, did not appear in the appointments.

Mr Robertson will be taking over at a time when the group's expansion beyond its traditional insurance operations have turned sour.

The half-yearly interim results also announced vester-

results also announced yester-day showed that traditional insurance operations in its main territories were no worse than expected.

The 18.5 per cent drop in pre-tax profits, from £146.2m to £126.5m, far worse than general market expectations, resulted primarily from losses of £29.3m arising from bank-ing operations of the recently acquired NZI Corporation and the £9m deficit from the estate agency operations in the UK. Underwriting losses, world-wide were down from £21.4m

to £51.3m, but this was no more than anticipated. The US deterioration from £25.1m to £35.2m is not as bad as the general downturn in that country and the UK, despite some major fire claims, remained highly profitable, doubling to £19.1m.

Mr Robertson is optimistic that the corrective action being taken on the banking activities of NZI would result in a steady improvement in the situation.

Nevertheless, when asked whether one could see GA making any further major acquisitions of the NZI or any other type in the foreseeable future, the reply was simply

His theme for the future of GA in its worldwide insurance operations was "a steady pro-gression at a non-spectacular

Mr Robertson pointed to lower losses in the second quarter from the estate agency He emphasised that the

had a dual purpose — to pro-vide a profit centre in its own right and to provide an additional distribution channel for the group's life and non-life As a distribution channel,

the estate agency network had made a vital contribution to the 27 per cent rise in new life annual premiums in the first six months from £20.2m to £25.6m - well above the industry average.

The market was disap-pointed with the 12.9 per cent interim dividend rise to 17.5p, given the underlying strength of the group's balance sheet and the share price fell 19p to

Britannic Assurance premium income rise Britannic Assurance yesterday

announced a jump in ordinary branch premium income from £22,08m to £43.52m in the first half of 1989. This year's figure included £12.37m received from the Department of Social Security

pepartment of Social Security in respect of appropriate personal pension business.

The company said it expected to receive further premiums of 252m from the DSS in the second half of the year. Unit linked premium income propped from £4.32m to £3.92m. In the industrial branch, premium income edged up to £52.75m (£52.82m), while general branch premium income was 4 per cent higher

at £11.71m (£11.22m), Britanuic made an under-writing profit for the period of £1.06m (£130,000). The interim dividend was raised from 5.6p to 6.5p.

T&N Holdings

T&N Holdings, the South African subsidiary of T&N,

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

	Current payment	Date of payment	Corres - ponding dividend	Total for year	Total last year
AAF investmentint	4.5X	Oct 12	2.5		6.5
Britannic Ass'coint	6.5	•	5.6	-	16.6
Fife indmarint	0.75†	•	0.75	-	3.75
General Accidentint	17.5	-	15.5	-	44
Johnson Groupint	7	Oct 5	5.2		23.1
Laird Groupint	3.9‡	Dec 4	3.5	-	8.7
Nichols (Vimto)int		•	3.5	-	6.6
Plasmec §int	1.8	· -	1.5	-	4.2
Portmetrionint	1.8	Oct 16	-	-	
Queens Mostint	1.0 6 †	Oct 20	0.848°	_	1.824
Rexmorefin	1.55	Oct 4	1.25	2.25	1.8
SD-Sciconint	0.275	Nov 16	0.275	• .	0.75
Smith (WH)fin	6.8	_ • .	6	10.4	9
Standard Chart dint	12.5	Oct 6	12.5	-	35

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. ***XGross throughout, **Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. 10n capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. \$USM stock. \$\text{SSUnquoted stock.} \text{\$\text{\$Third market.} }\text{\$\text{\$Final of 5.8p forecast.}}

Cambridge Inst plans Swiss merger to rival market leaders

By Ray Bashlord

MR STEPHAN Schmidheiny. the biggest shareholder in Wild Leitz, will emerge with at least 41 per cent of the capital in the company created through a merger between Cambridge Instrument and the Swiss group. Both operate in the scientific and optical instrument

making business. Under the terms of the deal, foreshadowed early last month, Mr Schmidheiny, the 41-year old businessman who is on the boards of some of Switzerland's most prominent companies, will gain control of one of the world's leading optical equip-ment groups with an annual urnover of £500m.

Directors of the merged com-pany, which will be listed on the London Stock Exchange as Leica, believe that the enlarged company will have a strengthened market position allowing it to meet the growing chal-lenges from other companies in the industry such as Nikon, Olympus and Zeiss. The terms of the merger

have been under discussion for more than a year and the approaching establishment of the European single market in 1992 has strengthened the pressure for the achievement of a mutually satisfactory arrange-

The deal will lead to an unspecified yet "material" dilution in the combined group's earnings per share, a sharp rise in gearing and a reduction in the interest cover, directors of the company said yesterday. Cambridge is proposing to

issue up to 118m shares to acquire Wild Leitz, which lists acquire who Lenz, which uses the upmarket range of photo-graphic equipment sold under the Leica brand-name as the pride of its product range.

The shares are being issued at 58p - the price at which the shares were suspended last month at the request of the Cambridge board - valuing the company at £63.8m.

Wild Leitz is 77 per cent controlled by Unotec, a Swiss hold-ing company, which in turn is wholly owned by Mr Schmi-dheiny. The remaining 23 per cent shareholding in Unotec is split between 90 other inves-

Following the issue, Wild Leitz will control 53 per cent of Cambridge's capital. In addi-tion, Cambridge is purchasing tion, Cambridge is purchasing the Swiss group's convertible bonds in exchange for subordinated bonds which carry the right to be exchanged for 20m Cambridge shares, lifting the overall holding to 55 per cent in the enlarged equity.

Through his controlling stake in Unotec, Mr Schmideiny will personally have a 41 per cent stake in the combined group. However, Unotec

bined group. However, Unotec is also making an offer to Cam-bridge shareholders to buy their shares at 70p. This could have the effect of further lifting Mr Schmidheiny's holding.
Over 50 per cent of Cambridge shareholders have aiready agreed to accept the terms of the overall merger plan with Wild Leitz. But small shareholders in the UK group who have seen their invest-ment hit heavily as a result of ment me nearly as a result of trading difficulties may be tempted to scrept the offer and take the 12p margin to the sus-

Unotec is a significant minority shareholder in several leading Swise companies and at December 31 1968 had

gross assets of £94.3m.
Mr Schmidbeiny, a director
of Nestlé, Union Bank of Switzerland and ABB Asea Brown Boveri, will join the board of the new enlarged optical

Mr Terence Gooding, the Cambridge chairman who will retain that position in the comhined group, said that an inte-gration and rationalisation programme will start as soon as approval is received for the

The integration is expected to cost the combined group 250m, of which £27m will be in the form of cash expenditure. Mr Markus Rauh, president of Wild Leitz, will become chief operating officer of Leica. He said that the combined group would have a gearing of 124 per cent, due primarily to bor-rowing from the Swiss group. He said that the borrowing was well within the capacity of the company to meet but that a reduction to 100 per cent in the first 12 months and to 50 to 60 per cent in the two years after the merger was an important objective of management. The disposal of certain Swiss assets would help in lowering the

Johnson Group jumps to £12.3m

By John Ridding

JOHNSON GROUP Cleaners, the largest dry cleaning group in the UK and US, yesterday announced pre-tax profits up from £6.75m to £12.34m for the six months to June 30. The result exceeded market expec tations and the shares rose 25p

\$2.64m contribution from property disposals, compared with £112,000 last time, and profits of about £1.3m from the Dry-clean USA chain, which was acquired in June 1988.

Mr Philip Bollom, in his last chairman's statement before he retires in September, said that margins had improved in the UK both in textile rental and dry cleaning. Operating margins improved from about 14 per cent to 15 per cent, reflecting continued cost cut-

ting.
In the US, where dry cleaning accounts for almost mance was described as "satisfactory". The results of Dry-clean USA were said to have been "particularly encourag-

ing"...
There was a pension charge of £300,000, but figures for the comparable period were restated by a similar amount

Johnson Group Share price (pence)

because of the change in accounting standards relating to pension holidays.

Mr Michael Sutton, finance director, said that the hot weather in the UK had reduced volumes towards the end of the period and in July and August. He said that weather people tended not to wear the type of clothing that needed dry cleaning and made fewer trips to the shops. Turnover increased from

£54.68m to £70.17m, and earnings per share, including property disposals, increased from 22.12p 89.92p. The interim divi- 10.

When RHM turned the tables.

by bidding for the Australasian group in April this year, some

negotiation between the groups did get underway. This, how-ever, came to an abrupt halt

when Goodman sold its RHM shares to Sunningdale, a new company in which Anglo holds

a 35 per cent stake.
Additional backing for Sun-

ningdale came from Mr Jacob Rothschild and Mr Kerry Packer. The Goldsmith/Roths-

child/Packer trio is currently collaborating in the £13.5hn paper bid for BAT industries. In the wake of the Sunning-dale deal, RHM called off its offer for Goodman, and there impinge on the collections of the sunning of the collections of the sunning of the collections of the c

dend is increased from 5.2p to At the end of the period, group borrowings stood at about £17m and gearing was about 30 per cent.

No

COMMENT

Johnson's results were obvi-ously flattered by the large property gains, acquisitions and a stronger dollar. But stripping all these factors out still leaves a solid 24 per cent growth at the operating level. The large property bonanza is now over, but there should still be another £300,000 or so in the second half. UK margins are high and will be difficult to high and will be difficult to improve further, and with about a quarter of the UK's dry cleaning already in Johnson's grip, the market is looking fairly mature. However, textile rental continues to expand and the fragmented US market, which is estimated at £2.5bn provides ample compensation A number of targets in the US are under consideration, but even without an acquisition full year profits should reach £22.25m. Yesterday's rise puts shares on a justified prospective p/e of just over

cent stake in GFW - largely

bought around the \$2.50 per

However, there have since been a series of developments

at GFW itself, with the com-

pany making, and then calling off a controversial bid for Sir

Ron Brierley's International

Equity Ltd, and the group's share price waning in the

intervening period. Yesterday, in London, Goodman shares

were 4p higher at 114p - equivalent to around A\$2.37

The aim of the RHM issue

would be to allow the UK group to refinance the stake

more beneficially, but not to

RHM refinancing details expected

By Nikki Tait

RANKS HOVIS McDOUGALL, the food and bakeries group, is expected to unveil a refinancing of its 14.9 per cent holding in Goodman Fielder Wattie, the Australasian food company, via a £200m Euro-convertible issue shortly, possibly later

ring need by Sir company being used by Sir James Goldsmith as a vehicle for his return to the UK corpofor his return to the UK corpo-rate scene — holds a 29.9 per cent stake, acquired its interest in GFW during an abortive bid contest with the Sydney-based group earlier this year. This £1.3bn bid by RHM for GFW followed a previous take-over assault, in 1988, by GFW on RHM. The Australasian company's offer larged when it

company's offer lapsed when it was referred to the UK Monopolies and Mergers Commission, but GFW retained a 29.9 per

made pre-tax profits of R14.1m, or £3.28m, for the six months to June 30, against R9.8m. Turnover rose to R189.8m (R110m), but earnings fell to 38.6 (39) cents. The interim dividend is 11 cents (same).

pose of considering dividence. Official indica-	Cons
tions are not svoliable as to whether the	Devis
dividence are interims or finale and the sub-	Good
dividence shows below are based mainly on	Graft
tast year's firefables.	Hills
TODAY	Ube
Interime- Angio American Ind. Associated-	Short
Henriques, Blagden Industries, British Tele-	Store

offer for Goodman, and there impinge on its ability to dis-were suggestions that it would pose of the stake if it wished.

BOARD MEETINGS

cent interest in the British look to dispose of its 14.9 per

share level.

PUBLIC WORKS LOAN BOARD RATES 1258 127159 1159 1115 1105 1034 1034 1034 1034 1034 1034 Over 1 up to 2 115; 113; 107; 105; 105; 1012 103; 97; 912 Over 2 up to 3 Over 3 up to 4 Over 5 up to 6 ... Over 9 up to 10

*Non-quota loans 8 are 1 per cent higher in each case than non-quota loans A. †Equal instalments of principal. †† Repayment by half-yearly payments to include principal and interest). § With half-yearly payments of interest only.



UK COMPANY NEWS

Loss at SD-Scicon exceeds £1m

SD-SCICON, the computing SD-SCICON, the computing services group, reported a loss in excess of £1m for the first six months of the year compared with profits of £4.34m in the comparable period of 1988.

Stockbrokers and shareholders had been prepared for poor figures following a spate of rumours earlier in the year, but nevertheless reacted with anger and dismay to the

One broker argued that the company should have issued a profits warning some months

ago. SD-Scicon attributed the loss to the cost of a far-reaching, 18-month restructuring programme designed to cut away unprofitable and marginal areas of its business.

First half revenues increased to £141.5m in 1989 from 278m in 1988, but the figures were not The 1988 figure included only

a six-week contribution from Scioon, which Systems Designers (SD) acquired from British Petroleum in April 1988. The combined group made a good start last year with profits of £13.5m on revenues = of

C221.56m.
The group made a first-half operating profit of £5.5m in 1989, a slight increase on the

The loss was incurred through three separate

An exceptional charge of 26m arose from the disposal of various businesses in the US and UK and £2.2m was written off on a single project in the defence area, where poor management resulted in an uncontrolled rise in costs.

Finally an amount which was not separately identified. was written off in restructuring.
Mr Philip Swinstead, SD-Sci-

con chairman, agreed this lat-ter sum an into many millions of pounds

Mr Swinstead said the results were disappointing but that the re-organisation was essentia to future profitable

It has now focused its European operations in four compa-nies so that in the UK SD deals with Government business while Scicon deals with the

In mainland Europe, Groupe Françai d'Informatique I has responsibility for France while West Cermany is in the charge of Scientific Control Systems. The interim dividend is ained at 0.275p.

BRITISH AEROSPACE

Public Limited Company

Notice to Shareholders

The Articles of Association of the

At the Extraordinary General Reeting

Company restrict the aggregate number

of "Foreign-held Shares" (as defined in

of the Company held on 16th Augist, 1989

a Special Resolution was passed which

authorised the Directors to vary the limitation.

and, in accordance with that at hority, the

Directors have determined that the limit-

ation be increased from 15 percent to 29.5

per cent. As a result the aggregate number

of Foreign-held Shares is nov restricted to

a "Permitted Madmum" of 9.5 per cent.

of the issued shares ordinally conferring

a right to vote on a poll at General Meetings

of the Company and, if the Directors so

from time to time determine shares not for

British Aerospace

1989 from: .

J. Henr Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited,

120 Cheapside,

London EC2V 6DS

Public Limited Company

11 Strand London WC2N 53.

the time being conferring a right to vote on

Since the new British Aerospace

Convertible Preference Shares to be issued

in connection with the acquisition of

Arlington Securities Plc do not ordinarily

carry a right to vote on a poil at General

Meetings of the Company the Directors

on Foreign-held Shares shall apply

Foreign-held Shares took effect from the

passing of the Special Resolution on

16th August, 1989. In all other respects

the provisions in the Company's Articles

of Association relating to Foreign-held

17th AUGUST, 1989

Shares continue in effect.

This notice is issued in complisice with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange. It does not constitute an invitaion to the public to subscribe for or to purchase any securities.

aritish aerospace (Incrporated in England, Registered No. 1470151)

ssue of up to 274,078,113 new 7.75p (net) cumulative convertible redeemable preference shares

of 25p eacl in connection with the recommended offer to acquire the whole of he issued ordinary share capital of Arlington Securities Plc

Particulars of the new 7.75p (net) cumulative convertible redeemable

preference shares of 25p each are available in the Extel statistical service,

and in copiesof the Listing Particulars which may be obtained during usual

business hors up to and including 21st August, 1989, for collection only, from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange, 46-50

Finsbury Square, London EC2A 1DD, and up to and including 31st August,

British Aerospace

Public Limited Company

11 Strand,

London WC2N 5JT

Hoare Govett Corporate Finance Limited

Security Pacific House, 4 Broadgate,

London EC2M 7LE

17th August, 1989

The increase in the limitation on

a poll at General Meetings.

• COMMENT Software houses often suffer

from a lack of focus in their business activities and in their management which compli-cates assessment of their prospects SD-Scicon, moreover, suffered the loss of its finance director, Mr JJ Jerram, after a particularly embarrassing moment. On balance, however, it should be given credit for deciding to clean its stables in a single, six-month period sulting in a slimmer, more

powerfully-focused and easily

analysed company which

should be profitable this year in spite of the depressing

interim results. It is concentrating its efforts on the Euro-pean marketplace where the geographic distribution of its component companies create a powerful synergy. Further-more, the companies it has retained in the US — especially Systems Control which speci-alises in vehicle emission analysis - earn good profits. Analysts are suggesting pre-tax profits of about £7m for the current year, well down on the £25m to £25m suggested at the time of the merger, for a pro-spective p/e in the region of 34 this year and 17 next.

Pergamon sells Oyez in £21m management buy-out

PERGAMON AGB, which is disposing of peripheral operations in an attempt to reduce borrowings, has sold its Oyez stationery business for \$21.2m to a team led by man-

agement.
The group, 57 per cent of which is owned by one of Mr Robert Maxwell's private vehicles, has now raised about £40.5m before tax from disposals, out of a target of more

than £90m for the Pergamon AGB, which is to concentrate on its core market

research business, will retain an interest in Oyez by subscribing £1.4m for convertible preference shares in the buyout vehicle, Cabintree, and £700,000 for redeemable prefer ence shares.

Pergamon AGB would be left with up to 11.36 per cent of Cabintree on conversion. Cabintree has been former

by Mr David Cox, a former director of Oyez Stationery Group, which supplies specialist and commercial stationery to the legal profession.
Other members of Oyez's

senior management and a syndicate of institutional investors are also involved. The £21.2m cash payment includes the settlement of inter-company loans

Apart from Oyez Stationery, Pergamon AGB is selling Oyez Scotland, Waterlow Business Supplies and a forms publish

ing business.
In 1988, Oyez made £3m before tax on turnover of £26.1m and had net assets at December 31 of £1.1m, including loans.

Pergamon AGB said the sale would increase the book value of its net assets by £10.8m after tax and payment of loans.

Acquisitive Wentworth rises 27% to £388,000

Wentworth International Group, a USM-quoted polythene film and bag maker, achieved a 27 per cent improvement in pre-tax profits, from £306,000 to £388,000 in the year to end-March 1989. In February the group

acquired Printway, a paper board carton maker, and the chairman said the search for further acquisitions continued. The company retained its commitment towards expansion into Europe. Wentworth Energy had util-

wentworth knergy had utilised significant resources in the development of its oil and gas reserves. Disposal of the group's interest in that company was under way and it was expected that the benefit of the group's diversion into of the group's diversion into energy activities would scrue to shareholders in the current

Turnover advanced 51 per cent to 28.55m (25.66m). Tax took £4,000 (£101,000). The dividend is lifted to 1.9p (1.75p) while earnings per share advanced from 5.11p to 5.32p basic and from 4.86p to 5.03p fally diluted.

There was an extraordinary £43,000 credit this time.

Jump in disposal profits helps Vimto to £4.76m

A jump of £1.34m to £1.56m in A jump of £1.34m to £1.56m in the profits from the disposal of investments helped pre-tax profits at JN Nichols (Vimto) advance 55 per cent from £3.07m to £4.76m in the six months to June 30.

However turnover at this oft drinks and drinks vending group moved ahead 31 per cent to £23.47m (£17.86m), while, at the operating level, profits were £2.89m

Other income totalled £317,000 (£276,000). Tax took £1.5m (£1.08m), leaving earnings up at 18.7p (10.5p) per share.

Stripping out the gain from the investments dis-

(9.8p).

The interim dividend is raised to 4p (3.5p) and there was an extraordinary loss of £1.65m (nil).

FLASH LIMITED SERIES F H.S. \$30,000,000 Secured Floating Rate Notes Due 1993

niance with the conditions of the notes, notice is bereby given that for the three-month period.

17th August 1989 to 17th November 1989 (92 days) the notes will carry an interest rate of 9.15% p.a. levant interest payments will be

as follows: Simows: Notes of U.S. \$100,000 U.S. \$2,338,33 per coupo THE SANWA BANK LIMITED

Harrisons & Crosfield expands in By Andrew Hill UŠ with LAIRD GROUP, the sealing

By Nikki Tait

HARRISONS & CROSFIELD, which has been shifting its balance of business away from plantations and commodity trading in favour of chemicals, timber, builders merchanting and agricultural products, yesterday announced that it is expanding further into the builders merchants market in

\$85m deal

It is buying the Moores business from Grossmans Inc. for \$85m (£54m) cash. The price includes a covenant by Grossmans not to compete with Moores in the

Moores has some 59 outlets pread across Maryland, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia. It serves both the trade and retall markets, with the former accounting for around 45 per cent of its busi-ness and the latter, 55 per

The business has been subject to some considerable rationalisation by its former owners, with well over 20 depots closed in recent years. H&C said that attributable profits from the business being acquired were currently running at about \$10.5m on an nnual basis, on sales of some

The business is being acquired free of corporate debt and has net assets of approxi-mately \$76m. Senior management will remain with the

Harrisons & Crosfield, which operates the Harcros builders merchants business in the UK and also has interests in Rire and Australia, first moved into the US market in

It acquired Woodburys, a much smaller US timber and building supplies company with nine outlets in New York and Vermont, for \$9m to "give it a toe-hold in the

A new holding company, Harcros Lumber and Building Supplies, is being formed for the enlarged US interests, which will have combined annual sales of around

Laird calls for £35m to fund US purchase as profits advance 16%

systems and engineering company, is to raise about £35.2m with a one-for-five rights issue. The issue will fund the acquisition of 65 per cent of Panel Prints, a US speciality printing company, for about \$24.5m (£15.5m), and is being made at 225p per share against yesterday's closing price of 264p, down 12p. Laird bought 35 per cent of Panel Prints in Langary for \$12.5m mith annuary for \$12.5m m January for \$12.8m with an option to buy the rest by 1990. Laird also announced that pre-tax profits had increased 16 per cent from £17.4m to £20.2m for the six months to June 30. Laird showed a net extraor-dinary profit of £9.9m in the first half on the sale of its lossmaking transport systems divi-sion. That was after the £6.5m cost of closing Metro-Cammell Weymann (MCW), the vehicles business which dragged Laird into attributable losses last year. The sale of three other subsidiaries realised profits of

MCW's Metrocabs taxi busiess and Metrorider range of buses and coaches have already been sold and although Laird is still negotiating the sale of the Metrobus double decker product line, the group said yesterday that the cash proceeds were unlikely to be

£1.3m, also taken below the



Sir Ian Morrow, chairman of Laird Group

Turnover in the first half, including £20.3m for the completion of outstanding MCW orders, was up to £276m

Sealing systems made £18m (£15.1m) before interest and tax, while service industries profits dropped from £3.31m to £2.81m following disposals and a fire which disrupted some production. Specialist engineering profits more than dou-bled to £2.08m (£758,000) and transport systems - princi-pally the cranes business, now sold - made £792,000 (£215,000).

Earnings per share rose to 14.6p (13.3p) and an interim dividend of 3.9p (3.5p) was

declared. The group forecast it would pay a final dividend of 5.8p, which would make a total of 9.7p (8.7p) for the year.

• COMMENT

Laird's problems with the transport division have proved ostly for the group's shareholders, in more ways than one. Had it not been for the extraordinary losses and costs of the last nine months, Laird might have been able to mop up the balance of Panel Prints without a rights issue. The flood of new paper could be one of a combination of factors conspiring to flatten out earnings in 1990. The other principal culprit is likely to be a temporary slowing in the growth of the sealing systems division, which serves the automotive industry and could be becalmed until a cluster of new cars are launched in 1991. Not to say the shares are unappealing. Having cleaned MCW out, Laird might now attract preda-tors interested in the solid core businesses - a prospective p/e of less than nine does not yet account for that possibility. Investors sceptical about takeover prospects would be banking on the ability and desire of Laird's management to get earnings moving through organic growth. Analysts are forecasting pre-tax profits of some £42m for the full year.

John Green at £360,000 in maiden interim figures

IN ITS first results since joining the USM in April, John Green & Sons, a provider of specialist printing services, unveiled pro forma pre-tax profits of £360,000 for the six months to April 30 1989.

The result — which compared with profits of £313,000 in the comparable period — were posted on turnover 24 per cent higher at £1.87m (£1.51m).

Mr John Green, chairman of the Wakefield-based company, said that both the point-of-sale and textile operations contrib-uted to the improved showing. But, he said that reduced consumer spending had resulted in increased competition and had placed margins under pressure. The group was maintainEarnings per 10p share rose to 4.1p (3.7p). As indicated in the prospectus, there is no interim dividend.

The group also issued results covering the period from February 10 1999 – the date of its incorporation - to April 30 which showed taxable profits of £82,000 on turnover of £361,000.

Yearlings down

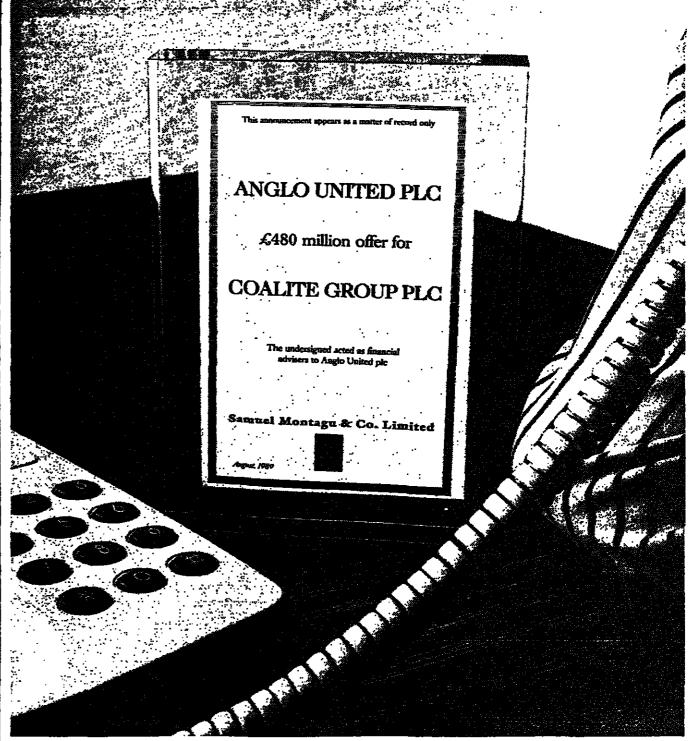
The interest rate for this week's issue of local authority bonds is 13½ per cent, down ½ of a percentage point from last week, and compares with 11½ per cent a year ago. The bonds are issued at par and are redeemable on August 22 1990.

Plasmec limited to £468,000 at halfway stage

Plasmec, the USM-quoted manufacturer of specialist plastic and metal components, yes terday reported taxable profits ahead from £436,000 to £468,000 in the six months to the end of

The outcome - achieved on turnover of £5.77m (£5.67m) was struck after interest charges of £148,000 (£119,000). Mr John Crosse, chairman, said the interest figure would be reduced following receipt in June of £650,000 in respect of the first phase of the redevelopment of the group's Farn-

ham, Surrey, site.
After tax of £164,000 (£153,000), earnings per 10p share rose to 6.6p (6.2p). The interim dividend is raised by



When we advised Anglo United plc on its successful \$480 million takeover of Coalite Group plc, we brought to bear the ingenuity and capital muscle required when bidding for a company with a market value eight times your own. We

underwrote both equity and debt to provide a full cash alternative offer and provided facilities to enable Anglo to buy shares in the market.

So, if you're looking for advisers who'll back you all the way, call us on 01-260 9000.

Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited

Part of Midland Montagu, the international and investment banking arm of Midland Group. 10 Lower Thames Street, London EC3R 6AE. Telephone: 01-260 9000. A member of The Securities Association.



→ 新華を取す

131,8,16.1

COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

work is never done on the farm

By Bridget Bloom, Agriculture Correspondent

A WOMAN'S work is never done, they say, and on British farms that is becoming increasingly true.

According to a survey from Wye Agricultural College, farmers' wives are making a bigger and bigger contribution to farm work as the total agricultural workforce declines.

Although the total number of "farmers spouses" doing manual work held steady at about 58,000, their representation in the total agricultural workforce grew from 9.7 per cent in 1977 to 11 per cent in 1987, the survey shows. Over that period the number of people working on farm holdings in England and Wales dropped from 595,000 to 524,000.

According to the survey farmers' wives in England and Wales perform about 40m hours of manual work a year, equivalent to 19,000 full-time farm workers.

The picture is not consistent across the country, however, nor in every farming sector. If you are Welsh, aged 40 or more and have a sheep farm then your wife is very much more likely to work alongside you than if you have a large arable holding in East Anglia. Likewise, if you have a low-land stock or dairy farm in the west of England. Not so, though, in the arable

Farm size makes a difference too. "The smaller the farming business the more likely it is that the wife will work and the longer the hours she works," says the survey. Moreover, the amount of manual work which farmers' wives do is apparently directly influenced by whether or not her husband employs other labour.

Ruth Gasson, author of the survey, says that Britain is coming to resemble the rest of the European Community where the family-worked farm is the norm - already 60 per cent of the labour on UK farms is provided by the family.

Yet the contribution of the farmer's wife up to now has, she says, been an unknown

Her own definitions are important. Manual work does not include the contribution wives may make by "having an off-farm job, keeping the accounts, cooking meals, or listening to husbands talking

over their plans." And although the survey strictly relates to farmers' spouses, less than 3 per cent of nation's farmers are women with the majority of] those, apparently, being

Farm Work by Farmers Wives. Dept of Apricultural Economics. Wye College, Kent. £4.

A woman's | Commission may step in over Dutch dioxin dispute

By Laura Raun in Amsterdam

THE European Commission may have to step in and resolve a dispute over an Italian import ban on Dutch farm products suspected of dioxin

In response to a Dutch com-In response to a Dutch com-plaint over the Italian embargo, the Commission yes-terday told the squabbling partners to sort out their dif-ferences on their own. If they fail to do so then the Commis-sion might be officially called in to referee the dispute in to referee the dispute.

Excessively high levels of dioxin poisoning were found in cows milk early last month, prompting Mr Gerrit Braks, the Dutch Agriculture Miniscontrol the toxic substance. The measures, including a ban on dairy product sales from two contaminated areas, were announced on July 14 and all European Community mem-bers were informed on July 17, according to an Agriculture Ministry official. Chlorinated dioxins are pro-

duced by incineration of plas-tics and other household and industrial refuse, among other

Used as a defoliant by the US military during the Vietnam war, dioxin is among the most toxic substances known to man. It is believed to cause cancer in cases of high concen-

Mr Braks originally banned the sale of dairy products from farms around two incinerators, one in Lickebaert near Rotterdam and the other north of Amsterdam. After the first week, however, the north Amsterdam ban was lifted while that on Lickebaert con-

around Lickebaert are affected, hardly a drop in the bucket of Dutch milk - 0.03 per cent of



Gerrit Braks: announced measures to control dioxin

Since July 14 about 57,700 lit-res of milk have been seques-tered by the government and skimmed of fat, where dioxin concentrates. The fat will be destroyed after further investigation and the milk has been dried into powder but not sold.

The Agriculture Ministry has budgeted about Fl4m for compensation to farmers, who contend that their direct and indirect damages will be much

They want compensation for the milk as well as lost income from grass and leased land and damage due to lower building

Eleven farmers have demanded full compensation for their businesses with the argument that environmental pollution makes them no longer suitable for farming. The outbreak of dioxin poisoning comes at a politically

sensitive time with the caretaker government facing early elections on September 6. Parliament will hold an emer-gency debate on the subject on Tuesday, when a protest letter from the Consumers Union will

All 12 incinerators in the country are being investigated and ordered to cut dioxin emissions by November 1. While the reputation of Dutch dairy products appears

intact for now, the agriculture lobby is worried about longer-The Federation of Dutch Dairies reports no unusual decline in domestic sales or exports other than the normal seasonal dip. But government warnings about dioxin accumulation in mothers' milk has provoked controversy and worry among women's groups and the medical profession.

Rothschild expects the Gofra to go far

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

THE GOFRA made its first appearance yesterday to add to the increasing complexity of the gold bullion market. The gold forward rate agreement, to give the newcomer its full title, is designed to enable players in the world's gold bul-lion market – particularly cen-tral banks and gold mining companies – to hedge their exposure to movements in the interest rates charged on bul-lion they have lent or bor-

These movements have been particularly volatile lately the rate on gold bullion bounced from 1 per cent to 3 per cent and back again during the past six months. Currently the inter-bank rate is 2 per

The Gofra is one of a series of new gold products to be launched by N.M. Rothschild. Mr John Bishop, the director responsible for that institution's treasury and bullion activities, outlined the attractions of the new instrument. Gofras could be accounted for off the balance sheet; they involved no physical delivery of bullion; they were flexible, in that they could be sold back to Rothschild, and they largely

eliminated settlement risks.

Mr Bishop said he expected that Gofras would be traded as well as being used as hedging instruments and that other financial institutions would follow Rothschild's example and

launch similar products.
He claimed Rothschild was responding to demands from mining houses and central banks for protection against shifts in US dollar interest rates on gold and expected Gof-ras would attract more bank ras would attract more bank duces than for their quality. activity in the bullion market. Since 1986 it has produced four

Australian miners see bright hopes on the dark continent

Chris Sherwell on the industry's expansion moves

USTRALIAN mining companies, not satisfied with tapping the wast resources of their own continent, are stepping up their presence abroad – and not just in south-east Asia and North America, but farther afield in, of all places, Black Africa.

The list of Australian companies with exploration and mining interests there is hardly lengthy, but it is growing all the time.

Some Australian mining houses — such as CRA and Renison Gold Fields — have long had indirect links with Africa through their principal shareholders abroad. The dif-ference now is that Austra-lian-named groups — hadlian-owned groups are becoming well-established in their own right, as the list shows: Broken Hill Proprietary (BHP), the minerals, petroleum and steel giant which is Australia's largest company, announced in March the development of a gold project in southern Mail, near the Ivory

Coast border. BHP has a 65 per cent interest and is the operator, while the Mali Government holds the remainder. The deposit is estimated to have up to 9m tonnes of oxide and sulphide ore of or oxide and supplies the or about 3-3.5 gms per tonne. It will be mined through a con-ventional open pit operation to produce some 70,000 ounces of

gold per year. ● Bridge Oil, 42 per cent owned by Elders Resources NZFP, which is part of the Elders empire, is known mainly as an oil and gas pro-ducer, but in one of the mining sector's most unlikely suc-cesses, it operates a diamond

mine at Aredor in Guinea.

The mine is known less for the volume of diamonds it pro-

gems of more than 100 carats, including one of 355 carats auc-tioned in March for more than US\$10m - the highest price ever paid for a rough uncut

Located in the south of the country, on the border with Sierra Leone and Liberia, the mine has proven and probable reserves of 950,000 carats. Bridge's stake is 40 per cent, while the preserves of 950,000 carats. while the government owns 50 per cent. Other shareholders include the World Bank and the agency which distributes

the diamonds.

Pancontinental Mining, a gold and coal miner best known for its frustrated efforts to mine uranium in Australia, has a 25.5 per cent indirect interest in the Siguiri gold project in north-east Guinea. The operator, Union Miniere, has a 25.5 per cent state, with

has a 25.5 per cent state, with
the government holding the
remaining 49 per cent.
The project came into operation in July 1988, and involves
processing a series of illuvial
deposits. The aim was production of 55,000 ounces in the
first year, rising to \$0,000
ounces thereafter.

The Northern Queensland

• The Northern Queensland Company is involved in the rehabilitation of the Kotongo/ Obenemase mining areas in the Ashanti region of Ghana. Operations of the first new gold mine to be developed in Ghana for 40 years began ast

The Australian group hdds
70 per cent of Southern Criss
through a 58 per cent-owned
Canadian company. The guernment's state gold company
holds the remainder.

The Northern Queensland Company says production has reached an annual rate of 33,000 ounces, and hopes to double this to 65,000 ounces. Contained cold receives are Contained gold reserves are put at 617,000 ounces.

· Intercontinental Gold and Minerals and MC Mining, two Perth companies, announced an agreement in April with the Sierra Leone Government to develop a mineral sands deposit in Rotifink proviously studied by a consortium of

Bayer and Preussag.
A resource of 146m tonnes is said to have been delineated of 0.6 per cent rutile, 0.8 per cont ilmenite and 0.06 per cent zircon. Annual production is projected at 56,000 tonnes of ilmenite and 6,000 tonnes of zircun, worth about A\$40m a year. A final feasibility study is now being conducted.

conducted.

• Walhalls Mining, through
Golden Shamrock Mines and
Titan Resources, in both of
which it is a significant shareholder, is involved in a gold
exploration venture in Ghans
which has identified a 9m tonne resource grading at about 29 gms per tonne.

Delta Gold, through its subsidiary Masasa Mines, is in negotiation with the Zimbabwe Government and bank lenders to start mining and processing platinum, nickel, palladium, rhodium, copper, gold and

The US\$160m-US\$200m project, located on the Great Dyke near Hartley, has proven and probable reserves of 40m tonnes and will furnish some 3 per cent of world platinum output, as well as 8 per cent of Zimbabwe's current foreign

exchange earnings.
All told, this Australian mining presence in Africa is a mere shadow of its involve-ment in countries like Papua New Guines, Indonesia or Fiji. But it is a reflection of the sec-tor's increasing diversity and its internationalism marks a break with the past, when Australian mining was itself domi-nated by foreign companies.

Malaysia offered 'leading role' in the creation of new cocoa agreement

By Lim Siong Hoon in Kuala Lumpur

WITH A mixture of inducement and portent, the Ivory Coast has offered Malaysia, the maverick outsider among cocoa producers, a "leading role" in hammering out a new Inter national Cocoa Agreement (ICCA) while warning of a possible market collapse that would cost Malaysia

The offer came through an unusual intermediary, a consultant, Mr Christopher Ariel, for Philipp Brothers, the big US trade house which has recently agreed to buy nearly 40 per cent of the Ivorian's 1989-90 cocoa crop, rather than through the normal diplomatic chan-nels. The Ivorian Government had initially approached Phibro for assistance in negotiating with Malaysia, said Mr Ariel.

Through other intermediaries last month, Mr Ariel submitted a memo-

Close Previous High/Low

COCOA E/tonne

randum, originally drafted by the Ivory Coast, to Malaysia's Primary Industry Ministry. Mr Ariel is in Kuala Lumpur this week on a follow-up mission.

The ministry has been silent so far about Mr Ariel's memorandum and about his visit. One official there said there had been communications between the two sides, but they were

The memorandum outlines proposals for renewing the 1986 cocoa

There are two key features. The first, to elicit consumer support for the ICCA, suggests a US\$150-a-tonne downward revision of price bands for buffer stock intervention. The second, to encourage Malaysia's participation in the agreement, calls for a settlement of arrears on the buffer stock levy, amounting to US\$120m.

, 99.7% purity (\$ per ton

1785-90 1785-90

1760/1746 1776/1760

LONDON METAL EXC

The debt repayment plan calls for at least a 25 per cent initial settlement by debtors, as a precondition for renewing the agreement, then a further 25 per cent if indicator prices (which are calculated in special drawing rights) reach the SDR equivalent (at current values) of \$1,781 a tonne; and the balance to be settled if prices go beyond the SDR equivalent of \$2,216 a tonne.

In the past, Malaysia has cited the arrears on the levy payments as an example of the cocoa agreement's ineffectiveness and as a reason for staying outside the pact.

The proposals are not rigid, Mr Ariel said, but rather they provide the basis, contained in a separate working paper, for discussion by the Cocoa Producers Alliance. The CPA must meet before the International Cocoa Organisation's council gath-

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

(Prices supplied by Amalgameted Metal Trading)

AM Official Kerb close Open Interest

Ring turnover 15,850 tonne

Ring turnover 34,950 tonne

ers next month to decide the fate of

The Ivorians want Malaysia to send a senior official, with at least a deputy minister rank, to the CPA discussions which may be held in a week or two. Failing that, Malaysia's participation may not be "regarded seriously" by the alliance, said Mr

Ariel.

Malaysia's involvement this time might well lead to the renewal of the ICCA. Without it, Mr. Ariel said, there is a "40 per cent" chance of its collapse by December. Without the agreement its 250,000 tonnes buffer stock might have to be liquidated, bringing prices down by as much as \$300 a tonne and hurting even a

low-cost producer like Malaysia. "The Malaysian Government can no longer afford to take a wait-andsee attitude to the cocoa agreement."

US MARKETS

IN THE METALS, gold, silver and

nouse and local profittaking eased

Lambert. Afternoon trading was slow

slightly higher after sideways dealings

In the softs, scattered buying rallied the sugar market after a choppy session. Switch activity dominated

cocoa trading with prices closing

lower. Coffee trading was featured

supported the market. The grain

Cotton prices rose as trade buying

platinum were lower as commi

prices, reports Drexel Burnham

as a steady US dollar and an up-coming US trade number kept

traders cautious. Copper closed

the memorandum said.

The memorandum also outlines two schemes to raise cocoa demark

Scheme Two is an attempt to util-

ine choco in member countries to stimulate consumption in those markets with low per capita consumption," the memorandum said. The ICCO, through companies

such as Phihro, could negotiate con-tracts for finished products and arrange financing and counter-trade

The first suggests a straightfor ward and minor revision of the 1986 agreement: withholding 120,000 tonnes until it is sold at tranches of 30,000 tonnes at above the revised median price of \$2,217 a tonne. The revised median price of \$2,217 a tonne. The second suggests the creation of a 180,000-tonne stock that the ICCO would "arrange" to be sold at 60,000 tonnes a year to "new" markets in the Soviet Union, East Europe and parts of Asia and Africa.

"Scheme Two is an attempt to util-

pioposals.

find this high level of opposition fron local growers. But, he added: "Te ICCA is a political agreement, so here has to be a political deci-

London Markets

LEAD PRICES surged higher on the London Metal Exchange yesterday, driven by a wave of producer and speculative buying, and encouraged by concern over supplies from strike-hit Peru. The cash price put on £14.50 to close at £445.50 a tonne, while metal for delivery in three months climbed £10 to £437.50 a tonne, the highest for nearly eight years. Traders said an early rise took the market through a chart resistance area at £430 (for three months metal), unleashing further buying interest and suggested the next target might be \$700, only some \$9 above the final kerb close futures continued to ease back in quiet trading, with the December position ending £6 down at £204 a tonne. November Colfee futures fell £11 to £747 a tonne, meanwhile, but remained above the 8-year of £728 a tonne low set earlier in the week.

SPOT MARKETS		
Crude oil (per barrel FOS)		+ or -
Oubar Breat Stand W.T.L. (1 pm cat)	\$15.10-5.20w \$17 08-7.18z \$18.85-8.90z	-0.03
OB products (NWE prompt dolivery per it	orune CIF)	+ or -
Promium Gasoline Gas Oti Heavy Fuel Oti Nophtha Potroleum Argus Estimates	\$195-197 \$155-157 \$36-88 \$152-154	-3 +2 +1 +1
Other		+ ar -
Gold (per troy oz)	\$368.0 \$24c	+1.5
Platinum (per tray ez) Palladium (per tray ez)	\$490.0 \$135.25	+0.8 +1.15
Aluminium (free market) Cepper (US Producer) Lead (US Producer) Nickel (free market) Thi (Kesta Lumpur market) Thi (Kesta Lumpur market) Zinc (US Prime Western)	51765 124%-125 39 5c 605c 23.05r 400 824c	-10 +31 ₂
Casto (live weight)† Sheep (dead weight)† Pigs (live weight)†	115.41p 143.88p 90.86p	-0.51" -7.94" + 1.67"
London daily sugar (raw) London daily sugar (white) Tate and Lyle expert price		42 -5 -3.0
Berloy (English foed) Maize (US No. 3 yellow) Wheat (US Dark Northern)	£104,75 £130,75 £128t	+0.25 -0.25
Rubber (spell® Rubber (Sep)® Rubber (Oct)® Rubber (KL RSS No 1 Sep)	57.50p 60.00p 60.75p 239m	+0.25 -1
Coconut oil (Philippines)§ Patm Oil (Maleysian)§ Copra (Philippines)§ Soyabeans (US)	5470v 5305v 5315 £171w	+ 10 + 5 + 2
Cotton "A" index Woodlops (64s Super)	81.55c 598p	aco/ka

C a tenne unless otherwise stated, p-pone c-conts/lb_r-ringgit/kg_y-Oct/Doc. z-Sep. x-Nov/ Doc. I-Aug/Sop. v-Sep/Oct. w-Oct. 1Moat Commission average Litstock prices. " change from a week ago. Thendon physical market SCIF Rotterdam 🏟 Buillon market close, m-Malay-sian cents/i-g.

		C1020	L: GAICOS	LIMIT CO	-				•
	90	846	855	855 842		Aluminiu	m, 99.7%	purity (\$ p	781
		804		913 901		Cash	1750-3	17	78.
		877		885 874	l .	3 months			78
	97	885	889	889 878				E per tonn	e i
١		898	905	896 892			1758-9		
	ec ec	913 935	917 941	914 905 939 934		Cash 3 months			/54 /40
			763) lots of			Lead (E p	er tonne	·	
					ros nne). Daily	Cash	446-7		81.
ı	rice for	Aug 15 1	1052.71 (100	12.91) :1	0 day aver-	3 months	437-8		77
ķ	ge for /	lug 16 10	73.90 (1071	1.15)		Nickel (S		a)	
	OFFEE	£/tonne				Cash	13150	250 1	33
•		Close	Previous	High/Lo		3 months			26
	ep	743	750	750 74		The (\$ pe	r tonne)		
۱	pos. ado	747	758	780 74		Cash	8630-5	i0 8	600
ļ	317	766	770	774 765	5	3 months			72
	tar	782	786	793 784		Zinc, Spe	ocieł High	Grade (\$	pe
	lay ul	799 821	807 823	808 798 820	5	Cash	1800-1	0 1	76
					_	3 months		1	65
	urnovoi	- 1970 (2	342) lets of	5 tonn	95	Zinc (\$ p	er tonne)		
	50 ING	Como de	cos (us ce	insa per Re. Rea. 1	pound) for 5 day aver-		:		M
2	go 70.0	1 (70.38)	2.1.y Cr -00 (~~	- Cay	3 months	1690-7 1607-1	i 1	80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8
-		(\$ per tor	mel				sing £/\$:	rate:	
-				THE R		SPOT: 1.	5795	31	110
_	Law .	Close	Previous	High/Li					
Ĺ	ct	305.60	298.60 291.00	311.40	298.00	DOTATO	ES Erton		
	leo Aar	297.00 287.40	281.60	294.00 293.00	282 40	FOIA			_
	lay	284.00	278.00	287.00			Close	Previous	ŀ
	ug	278.00	273.00	278.00	274.00	Nov Feb	139.0	140.0	1
C	oct	270.00	264.20	272.00	266.00	Apr	160.0 214.9	180.0 215.5	2
ľ	Vhite .	Close	Previous	High/L	ow.			2 lots of 4	
c)ct	408.00	404.40	410.00	403.50	10112010	100 (100	, 1010 61 7	_
)ec	370.00	368.90	372.50		SOYABI	CAN HEA	UL ⊈/tonne	
ŀ	der .	358.00	353.40	381.00	353.00		Close	Previous	+
	lay lug	355.00 352.00	350.40 348.00	357.00 353.00		Oct	135.50	135.00	÷
						Dec	135.00	135.50	7
ļ	UMOVE White 12	r. Flaw (144:1700)	3697 (5457)	lots of	50 tonnes.		140.00	140.00	
i	aris- W	hite (FFr	par tonne):	Oct 267	5, Dec 2400,	Turnove	63 (103)	lots of 20	b
ļ	Aar 235	0. May 2	32, Aug 23	20, Oct	2295.				_
						FREIGH	T PUTUR	IES \$10/1n	de;
		OIL S/ba					Close	Previous	۱
		Close	Previou	ıs Hiçi	h/Low	Aug	1440	1440	
Ċ	Oct	16.97	16.88	17.0	7 16.91	Sep	1512	1509	1
•	lav	16.84			5 16.80	Oct	1568	1563	1
	Jec .	16.68		16.7	4 16.65	Jan Apr	1605 1627	1597 1820	1
	PE Inde	<u>× 16.91</u>	16.79			. 2F1	1417	1409	•
1	umove	r: 4482 (4	183)			Turnover	78 (256)		
	AS OI	L S/tonne					70 (200,		
		Close	Provious	High/L		GRAMIS	£/tonne	-	
						Wheat	Close	Previous	ŀ
١	Sep Oct	153.25 151.75	151.25 150.50	154,00				107.55	
	NGA Yer	151.75	150.50	152.25	151.25 151,00	Sep	107.60 110.50	110.75	1
İ	Dec .	151.75	151.25	152.75	151.50	Jan	113.90	114,20	i
Į	an	150.60	149.00		150.00	Mar	116.55	116.80	1
ĺ	eb	148.00	146.50			May	119.45	119.70	1
	vier Nac	143.25	142.25	144.00		Jun	121.26	121.50	
_	Apr	141.50	140.25	142.00		Danier	Clare	B	
1	urnove	r 8190 (7:	329) ota of	100 tons	185	Berley	Close	Previous	H
ī	WOOI					Sep Nov	102.70 106.65	102.90	1
Į		_			1	Jan	109.65	108.70 109.80	1
ı	fixed	White work	es are mor	e or les	a euronery	Mar	112.40	112.55	٠
l	ofgan	isations a	re growers	manoec		May	114.45	114.60	
۱	marko	n. This mi	eans that A	بعالهاها	ita i	Turnover	. Wheat	134 (261),	Be
	conan	ras stated	and firmly	Out December	to each	Turnover	lots of 1	100 tormes	-

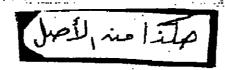
season, governs the price of most of the wool sold infornationally, since other countries in their own support levels accordingly. Price support on this scale inevitably persuades trade buyers to let the AWC boar the stock-holding cost. Price fluctuations depend on the interaction of exchange rates. Bradford top prices are slightly firmer and centre around 425p per kg lor 58s average and 345p for 58s carded.

Copper.	-	14 per se-ar	<u>~,</u>		_				
Cash 3 month	1758- 15 1748-1	9 T7	752-3 740-1	1751/1742	1758-7 1747-8	1744-6		70,411	inte
	per tonne						turnor	ver 16,4	
Çash	448-7	45	1.5-2.5	448/442	444-5				
3 month			<i>1</i> 7-8	442/430	484-6	442-3		10,508	_
	5 per tonn) TURNA	wer 1,3	98 to
Cash 3 monti	13150 18 12300	-250 13 -400 12	3300-400 2575-600	13300/1325		12350-7	5	5,206	lets
Па (\$ р	er tonne)					RI	ng tur	nover 4	
Cash	8630-	50 80	300-20		8630-50				
3 monti			725-30	8650/8700	8770-90	8790-80		5,519	
cine, ap Cash	1800-	h Grade (\$	767-72	1820/1815	1817-9	Hung	WITHOU	rer 18,6	OU LO
3 month			550-2	1680/1655	1675-80	1670-5		11,042	iots
Zinc (\$	per tonne					Filing	turno	/er 11,3	00 to
Cash 3 month	1690- 16 1607-	700 16	985-75 990-800	1700/1695 1620/1606	1695-6 1615-20	1615-20		7047	1-1-
	2\3 palso			1020 1000	1010-20	1013-20		7,247	iO.E
SPOT: 1	.5795		nonths: 1.58	07	6 months:	1.5324		month	s: 1.5
			_	-			~		
POTAT	053 2/to:	nne			LONDON BL	ILLION MAR	KET		
	Close	Previous	High/Low		Gold (fine cz	S price	£	ednys	lent
Nov Feb	139.0	140.0	140.0 138.0 159.0 155.0	?	Close	367 4-358 4	2	33-233	2
reo Apr	160.0 214.9	180.0 215.5	220.0 214.0	í	Opening Morning fix	368 ¼ -368 ¼ 367.8	2	33 4-25 33-283	
	er 435 (43	9) lots of 4	O tonnes.		Afternoon fix	367.6	2	33.59	
envi-	EAN ME	AL S/tonne			Day's high Day's low	3691 ₂ -570 3671 ₂ -3 6 8			
-V 17L	Close	Previous	High/Low						
Oct	135.50	135.00	138.00 135	.50					
Dec Feb	136.00 140.00	135.50 140.00	136.00	-					
		licts of 20	toppes						
16/1070		, U 29	eca di 1994			A - 4			
توبعير	וו דעזעו	NES \$10/1nd	lex point		Color	\$ price		equive	
	Close	Previous	High/Low		Mapieleef Britannia	378-383 378-383		39-242 39-242	
Aug	1440	1440	1519		US Eagle Angel	378-383		39-242 34-242	_
		75004				3771-2821-			-
Sep Oct	1512 1568	1509 1563	1512 1569 1565		Krugerrand	37712-3821 <u>2</u> 367-370	2	32½-23	412
Sepi Oct Jan Apr	1512		1569 1565 1604 1600 1626 1621		Krugerrand New Sov.	367-970 861 ₂ -871 ₂	2	321 ₂ -23 43 ₁ -551	2
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI	1512 1568 1605 1627 1417	1563 1587 1620 1409	1569 1565 1604 1600		Krugerrand	367-370	2 5 5	32½-23	2 _
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI	1512 1568 1605 1627	1563 1587 1620 1409	1569 1565 1604 1600		Krugerrand New Sov. Old Sov.	367-370 861 ₂ -871 ₂ 861 ₂ -871 ₂	2 5 5	321 ₂ -23 41 ₄ -551 41 ₄ -551	2 _
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI Turnove	1512 1568 1605 1627 1417 ar 78 (266	1563 1587 1620 1409	1569 1565 1604 1600		Krugerrand New Sov. Old Sov.	367-370 861 ₂ -871 ₂ 861 ₂ -871 ₂	2 5 5	321 ₂ -23 41 ₄ -551 41 ₄ -551	2 _
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI Turnove	1512 1568 1605 1627 1417 ar 78 (256	1563 1567 1820 1409	1569 1565 1604 1600 1626 1621	<u> </u>	Krugerrand New Sov. Old Sov.	367-370 861 ₂ -871 ₂ 861 ₂ -871 ₂	2 5 5	321 ₂ -23 41 ₄ -551 41 ₄ -551	2 _
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI Turnove GRAMS	1512 1568 1805 1827 1417 ar 78 (256 £/tonne Close	1563 1597 1820 1409	1569 1565 1604 1600 1626 1621 High/Low		Krugerrand New Sov. Old Sov.	367-370 861 ₂ -871 ₂ 861 ₂ -871 ₂	2 5 5	321 ₂ -23 41 ₄ -551 41 ₄ -551	2 _
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI Turnove GRAMS Wheet Sep Nev	1512 1568 1605 1627 1417 ar 78 (256 £/tonne Close 107.60 110.50	1563 1567 1620 1409 Previous 107.55 110.75	1569 1565 1604 1600 1626 1621 High/Low 107 110.65 110		Krugerrand New Sav. Old Sav. Noble Pist	367-370 861 ₂ -871 ₂ 861 ₃ -871 ₂ 495-85-503.7	2 5 5 5 3	\$21 ₂ -25 43 ₁ -55 43 ₄ -55 114.85-3	2 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI Turnove GRAMS Wheet Sep Man Mar	1512 1568 1805 1827 1417 ar 78 (256 E/tonne Close 107.60 110.50 113.90 116.55	1583 1587 1820 1409 Previous	1569 1565 1604 1600 1626 1621 High/Low	.50 .90	Krugerrand New Say. Old Say. Noble Plat	367-370 861 ₂ -871 ₂ 861 ₂ -871 ₂ 495-85-503.7	5 3	321 ₂ -22 41 ₄ -551 41 ₄ -551 14.85-3	2 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI Turnove GRASS Wheet Sep Nev Mar Mar May	1512 7568 7605 1627 1417 ar 78 (256 £/fonne Close 107.60 110.50 113.90 116.55 119.45	1563 1567 1620 1409 Previous 107.55 110.75 114.20 116.80 119.70	1569 1565 1604 1600 1626 1621 High/Low 110.65 110 114.10 113	.50 .90 .55	Krugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Piet	367-370 861 ₂ -871 ₃ 861 ₃ -871 ₃ 495-85-503.7	5 3	321 ₂ -22 41 ₄ -551 41 ₄ -551 14.85-3 15 cts 6	2 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI Turnove GRAMS Wheet Sep Nov Jan Mar May	1512 1568 1805 1827 1417 ar 78 (256 E/tonne Close 107.60 110.50 113.90 116.55	1563 1887 1820 1409 1409 Previous 107.55 110.75 110.75 116.80	1999 1565 1604 1900 1626 1621 High/Low 19065 110 114.10 113 118.70 116	.50 .90 .55	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 6 months	367-370 88 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 86 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 495-85-503.7 Pfine ez 332-30 344.00 355.00	2 5 5 5 3 3	321 ₂ -22 41 ₄ -551 41 ₄ -551 14.85-3 15 cts 6 24.00 35.95 47.00	2 19.85
Sep Oct Apr BFI Turnove GRASS Wheet Sep Nev Jan Mar May Jun	1512 7568 7605 1627 1417 ar 78 (256 £/fonne Close 107.60 110.50 113.90 116.55 119.45	1563 1567 1620 1409 Previous 107.55 110.75 114.20 116.80 119.70	1999 1565 1604 1900 1626 1621 High/Low 19065 110 114.10 113 118.70 116	.50 .90 .55	Krugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months	367-370 88 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 86 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 495.85-503.7 p/fine oz 332.30 344.00	2 5 5 5 3 3	321 ₂ -22 43 ₄ -551 43 ₄ -553 14.85-3 15 cts 6 24.00 35.95	2 19.85
Sep Oct. Apr BFI Turnove GRAMS Wheet Sep Nov Jan Mar Mar May Jun Berley Sep	1512 1568 1805 1827 1417 1417 or 78 (256 8 Effonne Close 107.60 116.55 113.45 121.26 Close	1583 1587 1820 1409 Previous 107.55 114.20 116.80 119.70 121.50 Previous	1998 1565 1624 1600 1626 1621 High/Low 110.85 110 114.10 113 118.70 118 119.60 119 High/Low 102.80 102	.50 .90 .55 .50	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 6 months	367-370 88 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 86 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 495-85-503.7 Pfine ez 332-30 344.00 355.00	2 5 5 5 3 3	321 ₂ -22 41 ₄ -551 41 ₄ -551 14.85-3 15 cts 6 24.00 35.95 47.00	2 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI Turnove GPANN Wheet Sep Nev Mar Mar May Jun Berley Sap	1512 1568 1805 1827 1877 ar 78 (256 8 Effonne Close 107.60 110.50 113.90 116.55 119.45 121.26	1587 1897 1820 1409 Previous 107.55 110.75 114.20 116.80 119.70 121.50 Previous 102.90 103.70	1598 1565 1604 1600 1626 1621 High/Low 110.65 110 114.70 118 118.70 118 119.60 119 High/Low 102.50 102	.50 .90 .55 .50	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 6 months	367-370 88 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 86 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 495-85-503.7 Pfine ez 332-30 344.00 355.00	2 5 5 5 3 3	321 ₂ -22 41 ₄ -551 41 ₄ -551 14.85-3 15 cts 6 24.00 35.95 47.00	2 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI Turnove BFI Wheet Sep Nev Mar May Jun Berley Sep Nov Jan Mar May Jun Mar May Jun Mar	1512 1598 1605 1627 1417 1417 17 78 (256 8 Efforme 107.60 110.59 113.90 116.55 119.45 121.26 Close 102.70 106.65 109.65	1587 1820 1409 1409 107.55 110.75 114.20 114.20 114.20 119.70 121.50 Previous 102.90 103.70 103.70 112.55	1998 1565 1624 1600 1626 1621 High/Low 110.85 110 114.10 113 118.70 118 119.60 119 High/Low 102.80 102	.50 .90 .55 .50	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 6 months	367-370 88 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 86 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 495-85-503.7 Pfine ez 332-30 344.00 355.00	2 5 5 5 3 3	321 ₂ -22 41 ₄ -551 41 ₄ -551 14.85-3 15 cts 6 24.00 35.95 47.00	2 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Apr BFI Turnove BFI Sep Nov Mar May Jun Sep Nov Jan Mar May Mar May May	1512 1588 1588 1605 1627 1417 17 78 (256 8 E/tonne 107.90 110.50 111.95 119.45 121.25 Close 102.70 106.65 109.65 111.45	1587 1887 1820 1409 1409 107.55 110.75 114.20 114.80 119.70 121.50 102.90 103.70 103.70 103.70 112.85	High/Low High/Low 110.85 110.71 118.70 118.119.60 119.61 119.61 119.61 119.61 119.61 119.65 1106.65	.50 .55 .55 .50 	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 6 months	367-370 88 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 86 ¹ 2-87 ¹ 2 495-85-503.7 Pfine ez 332-30 344.00 355.00	2 5 5 5 3 3	321 ₂ -22 41 ₄ -551 41 ₄ -551 14.85-3 15 cts 6 24.00 35.95 47.00	2 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Apr Jan Apr Beri GRAMS Wheet Sep Jan Mar May Jun Mar May Turnove	1512 1588 1605 1627 1417 ar 78 (256 8 £/tonne 107.60 110.50 111.90 116.55 119.45 121.25 Close 102.70 102.65 112.45 112.45 112.45 112.45 112.45 112.45 112.45 112.45 112.45 112.45	1587 1887 1820 1409 1409 107.55 110.75 114.20 114.80 119.70 121.50 102.90 103.70 103.70 103.70 112.85	High/Low 1626 1621 High/Low 170.65 110 114.10 113 116.70 116 119.60 119 High/Low 102.60 102 106.70 108 108.95	.50 .55 .55 .50 	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 5 months 12 months	367-370 881 ₂ -471 ₂ 881 ₂ -471 ₂ 495-85-503.7 Pfine oz 332-30 344.00 378.40	2 5 5 5 5 3 8 8 5 5 5	321 ₂ -23 43 ₄ -551 43 ₄ -553 114.85-3 15 cts c 24.00 35.95 47.00 89.95	2 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Apr Beri GRAME Wheet Sep Nov Jan Mar May Jun Beriey Sep Nov Jun Turnove Turnove	1512 1568 1605 1627 1417 17 78 (266 8 E/tonne 107.60 113.90 113.90 114.55 119.45 121.26 102.70 106.65 103.65 112.49 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45	1587 1820 1409 1409 107.55 110.7.55 114.25 114.20 119.70 121.50 Previous 109.70 109.80 114.60 134 (261), 100 tornes.	High/Low 110.85 110. 110.85 110. 114.10 113 118.70 118 119.80 119 102.80 102 103.70 108 104.85 100 104.85 100 104.85 100 104.85 100 104.85 100 104.85 100 104.85 100	.50 .55 .55 .50 	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 6 months	367-370 881 ₂ -471 ₂ 881 ₂ -471 ₂ 495-85-503.7 p/fine oz 332-30 344.00 355.00 378.40	2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	321 ₂ -23 43 ₄ -551 43 ₄ -553 114.85-3 114.85-3 18 cts 6 24.00 35.95 47.00 88.95	2 2 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Apr Berl Turnove GRAME Wheet Sep Nov Jan Mar Mar May Jun Turnove Turnove	1512 1568 1568 1605 1627 1417 17 78 (256 8 E/tonne 107.60 113.90 113.90 114.95 119.45 121.25 100.65 103.65 112.40 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45	1583 1587 1820 1403 107.55 114.20 116.80 119.70 121.50 Previous 102.90 109.70 109.80 112.55 114.60 109.80 112.55 114.60 109.80 112.55	High/Low 110.85 110.01 110.85 110.01 114.10 113 118.70 118 119.80 119 High/Low 102.80 102 105.70 108 109.85	.50 .55 .55 .50 	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 6 months 12 months 12 months	367-370 881 ₂₋₄₇ 1 ₂ 881 ₂₋₄₇ 1 ₂ 495-85-503.7 P/fine oz 332-30 344.00 355.00 378.40	2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	321 ₂₋₂₃ 43 ₄₋₅₅ 43 ₄₋₅₅ 14.85-3 14.85-3 15 cts 6 24.00 35.95 47.00 89.95	2 2 2 19.85 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Apr Bari Bari GRAMM Wheet Sep Nev Jan Mar May Jun Sep Nov Jan Mar May Jun Turnove Turnove	1512 1588 1588 1588 1625 1417 1417 17 78 (266 8 E/tonne 107.90 110.50 113.90 113.90 114.95 119.45 121.26 Close 102.70 106.65 109.65 119.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 114.45 115.65 116	1587 1820 1409 1409 107.55 110.7.55 114.25 114.20 119.70 121.50 Previous 109.70 109.80 114.60 134 (261), 100 tornes.	High/Low 110.85 110. 110.85 110. 114.10 113 118.70 118 119.80 119 102.80 102 103.70 108 104.85 100 104.85 100 104.85 100 104.85 100 104.85 100 104.85 100 104.85 100	.50 .55 .55 .50 	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 6 months 12 months 12 months 12 months	367-370 881 ₂ -471 ₂ 881 ₂ -471 ₂ 495-85-503.7 p/fine oz 332-30 344.00 355.00 378.40	2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	321 ₂ -23 43 ₄ -551 43 ₄ -553 114.85-3 114.85-3 18 cts 6 24.00 35.95 47.00 88.95	2 2 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Agy Berl Turnove GPANE Wheet Sep Nov Jan May Jun Berley Sap Nov Jun May Turnove Figs (C	1512 1568 1605 1627 1417 17 78 (266 8 £/tonne 107.60 110.50 110.50 111.90 116.55 119.45 121.26 Close 102.70 105.65 112.40 114.40 114.40 114.40 114.40 114.40 114.40 114.40 114.40 114.40 114.40 114.40 114.40 114.40 115.60 116.50	1583 1587 1820 1403 107.55 114.20 110.75 114.20 116.80 119.70 121.50 Previous 102.90 103.70 109.90 112.55 114.65 109.90 112.55 114.68 109.90 1	High/Low 110.85 110.01 110.85 110.01 114.10 113 118.70 118 119.80 119 High/Low 102.80 102 105.70 108 109.85	.50 .55 .55 .50 	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 5 months 12 months 12 months	367-370 881-4871-2 861-4871-2 495-85-503.7 Prime oz 332-30 344.00 378.40	2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	\$21 ₂ -22 43 ₁ -551 43 ₁ -551 14.85-3 114.85-3 18 cts 6 24.00 35.95 47.00 88.95	2 2 2 19.85 19.85 Jan 49.
Sep Oct Jan Turnove Sep New Jan May Jun Turnove Sep New Jan May Turnove Turnove Sep New Jan May Turnove Jan May Turnove Sep New Jan May New	1512 1588 1605 1627 1417 17 78 (256 8 E/tonne Close 107.60 110.50 111.95 119.45 121.26 Close 102.76 105.65 112.45 112.45 112.45 112.45 112.45 112.45 113.57 114.45 114.45 114.45 115.5 115.5 120.0 120.0 120.0 120.0 120.0	1563 1587 1820 1403 107.55 114.20 116.80 119.70 121.50 122.50 109.70 109.80 112.55 114.60 109.80 112.55 114.60 134 (261), 100 torares.	High/Low 110.85 110.01 110.85 110.01 114.10 113 118.70 118 119.80 119 High/Low 102.80 102 105.70 108 109.85	.50 .55 .55 .50 	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 6 months 12 months 12 months 12 months	367-370 881 ₂ -871 ₂ 861 ₂ -871 ₂ 495-85-503.7 P/fine oz 332.30 344.00 355.00 378.40	2 5 5 5 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	\$2 \(\frac{1}{2}\)-23 44, 453 414, 453 414, 455 314 4.85 314 4.85 314 4.85 314 4.85 315 47.09 589.95	2 2 2 19.85 19.85 19.85 19.85 19.85
Sep Oct Jan Turnove Sep Nov Jan Mar May Turnove Mar May Turnove Turnove Sep Nov Jan Mar May Turnove Sep Nov Jan Mar Mar	1512 1568 1605 1627 1417 17 78 (256 8 E/tonne 107,90 110,90 113,90 113,90 114,90 114,90 119,45 121,25 109,65 119,45 121,25 109,65 112,45 114,45 114,45 114,45 114,45 115,5 115,5 120,00	1583 1587 1820 1409 107.55 110.75 110.75 114.20 114.20 114.20 115.80 109.80 109.80 109.80 109.80 112.55 114.60 109.80 109	High/Low 110.85 110.01 110.85 110.01 114.10 113 118.70 118 119.80 119 High/Low 102.80 102 105.70 108 109.85	.50 .55 .55 .50 	Knugerrand New Sov. Old Sov. Noble Plat Silver fix Spot 3 months 6 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 12 months 13 months 14 months 15 months 15 months 16 months 17 months 18 months	367-370 881 ₂ -871 ₂ 881 ₂ -871 ₂ 495-85-503.7 p/fine oz 332.30 344.03 355.00 378.40	2 5 5 5 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	\$2 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 23 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 43 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 47 \(\frac{1}2\)	2 2 2 19.85

2,219 1009			e market						
nover 18,800 tonne	markets were slow as consolidation								
	took place. Light commercial selling								
11,042 lots	kept the soybeans down for most of the								
nover 11,300 tonne	day. Corn and wheat were non-events. The livestocks featured a limit-up move								
7,247 lots	In the pork beilies. Good movement of								
	products out of warehouses along with								
9 months: 1.5295	expected higher cash prices prompted								
	 the buying. Hog futures gained also with a sharp discount of futures to cash 								
T	notec	i. A slov	movem v	ent of fee	d Int				
£ equivalent			ht packe						
233-23312	cattle	prices	down. Th	e energy	, ,				
233 4-233 4	comp	lex was	firm with	n gasoline	a futures				
233.283	posti	ng the b	oiggest ac	ivance. A					
233.59	large	r-than-e	expected	decrease	in				
		ine sto	cks was r	eported b	y the				
	API. N e	w Y	ork						
			oz.; S/troy o	2					
		Close	Previous	High/Low	-				
	A								
treisviupe 3	Aug Sep	368.2 368.8	370.7 371.5	370.8 371.5	369.0 371.3				
239-242 239-242	Oct	370.9	373.7	374.1	370.0				
239-242 239-242	Dec	374.7	377.5	378.2	374.1				
234-2421 ₈	Feb Apr	378.4 382.2	381.5 385.1	381.0 384.8	378.0 381.5				
2321 ₂ -2341 ₂	Jun	386.1	388.9	388.5	387.6				
544-5512	Aug	389.8	392.6	0	0				
54 ¹ 4-55 ¹ 2 314.85-319.85	Çet	393.6	396.5	0	0				
3(4.00-0 is.eg	PLATI	NUM SO to	oy az; \$/tro	y oz.					
		Close	Previous	High/Low					
	Aug	483.6	6	485.5	465.5				
	Sep	485.8	494,7	0	0				
	Oct	488.1	497.7	496.5	486.0				
	Jen Apr	492.1 495.8	501.9 ,505.6	488.0	490.0				
US ets equiv	Juli	499.4	509.2	504,0 G	504.0 0				
524.00	Qet	503.0	512.8	ŏ	ŏ				
535.95	50 VE	2 5 000 to	oy oz; cents		<u> </u>				
547.00 589.95									
		Close	Previous	High/Low					
	Aug	518.6	524.2	0	G .				
	Sep Oct	620.7 824.8	526.5 530.4	527.5 0	517.0 0				
	Dec	533.3	539.1	540.6	530.5				
•	Jan	536.6	542.4	534.0	534.0				
	Mar	545.1	551.0	552.0	543.0				
OH8	May Jul	663.0 581.3	569.0 567,4	557.0 · 582.0	560.0 :				
n Nov Jan	Sep	569.6	575.8	0	ن عصد				
9 29 45	Dec	581,6	587.A	586.0	562.5				
53 66	COPP	R 25.000	lbs; cents/l	he	.				
84 95		Close	Previous						
er Dec Mar	A			High/Low					
54 26	Aug Sep	122,25 121,85	121.85 121, 5 0	122.30 122.30	122.15 120.75				
47 86	Oct	121.10	120.50	٥	0				
77 · 114	Dec	119,60	118.50	119.70	118.10				

						\ ·				
CRUE		ght) 42,000			, Chi	itag	0			
<u>.</u>	Latest	Previous			SOYAE	ENS 6.	700 bu min	cents/60ib	hushal	_
Sep Oct	18.53 18.35	18.68 18.29	18.95 18.47	18.60 18,34	/	Quae	Previous			
Nov Dec	18.14 18.03	18.07 17.96	18.23 18.12	18.13 18.02	Aug	63/4	622/4	635/0	621/0	_
Feb	17.87	17.75	17.91	17.82	Sep	80/4	591/0 584/4	595/4 587/0	579/0	
Mar Apr	17.78 - 17.74	17.68 17.64	17.81 17.83	17.75 17.74	\Jan	\$2/4 \$0/4	593/6	597/0	572/0 580/0	
May	17.67	17.80	17.75	17.67	lay	590/4 598/4	603/0 610/4	605/4 610/0	560/0	
Jun	17.66	17.58	17.66	17.66	آوك. ــ	6 3/0	615/6	613/0 618/0	598/0 603/0	
HEAL	Latest	2,000 US gr			- 79	597/0	610/0		<u> </u>	
Sep	. 5070	5028	High/Lo	5055	- SUVE		60,000 that			_
Qct	5140	5094	5160	6125	Aud	Close	Previous			
Nov Dec	5210 . 5275	5155 5230	5225 5300	\$190 <i>5</i> 260	Sep)	17.79 17.89	18.00 18.07	18.10 18.24	17.78 17.88	•
Jan Mar	5300	5250	5305	8285	Oct	18.15 18.57	18.35 16.76	16.49	18.11	
Apr	5000 4835	4005 4815	5000 4835	4990 4835	Jan }	18.80	18.95	18.94 19.13	18.55 18.80	
May	4700	4705	4700	4700	Mar \	19.19 19.50	19.36 19.66	19.45 19.95	19.18 19.50	
coco		es;\$/tonne			Jul .	19.80	18.90	19.80	19.80	
	Close	Previous	High/Lo	<u> </u>	SOYAE	N ME	AL 100 tons	: \$/ton		_
Sep Dec	1207 1238	1235 1263	1222 1255	1202 1234		Ose	Previous	High/Los		_
Mar May	1247 1265	1270 1285	1282 1269	1245	Aug Sep	28.5 11.3	204.4 189.9	206.6 190.6	203.8	_
Sep	1295	1315	1300	1260 1292	Oct	183	183.8	184.2	189.3 181.2	
Jul Dec	1276 1317	1268 1340	1276 1315	1270 1314	Dec Jan	1862 1803	182.3 182.2	182.8 182.7	180.0 180.5	
COFFE	Œ "Ç" 37	,500fbe; ce			Mar May	182 183	183.5	184.0	182.0	٠
_	Close	Previous	High/Lor		- <u>Jul</u>	184.	185.5 186.0	184.0 185.5	183.5 184.0	
Sep	77.17	77.76 -	77.85	76.60	MAJZE	5,000 4	min: cents/	SSIb bushel	_	
Dec Mar	79.26 82.23	79,67 52 ,30	79.75 82.81	78.80 81.40		Close	Previous	High/Lov	,	
May Jul	84.33	84.37	84.90	83.60	Sep Dec	235/0 2 239/2	234/2	235/6	232/4	_
Вер	86.60 88.25	86.78 88.38	86.90 86.50	86.25 88.50	Mar	246/4	237/6 246/4	239/4 246/6	235/6 243/4	
Dec	91.23	91.00	91.00	97.00	Mary Jul	251/0 252/0	7251/0 752/2	252/0 253/0	248/6 250/4	
ADUR		*11* 112,0			Sep Dec	244/4 243/2	145/0	245/0	244/0	
	Close	Previous	High/Los		_ Dec	233/4	43/4 47/0	244/4 233/4	242/4 233/0	•
Oct Jan	13.65 11.96	13.44 11.75	14.05 0	13.50 0	WHEAT	5,000 b		/60to-bushe		
Mar May	12.83 12.81	12.63 12.45	13.12	12.06		Close	Pivious	High/Lov		_
ltel 🗀	1243	12.30	12.90 12.56	12.48 12.85	Sep	500/2	3512	400/2	395/2	
Oct	12.13	12.04	12.33	12.18	. Mer	413/6 419/0	414	414/4	410/4	
20110		cents/lbs			May - Jul	408 /0	403À	419/6 408/4	415/6 3 90 /4	
-	Close	Previous	High/Lov		Sep	372/6 277/0	369/k 373/4	373/0 377/0	367/4 373/0	
)ec	74.00 74.90	73.02 73.87	74.70 75.47	73.38 74.20	LIVE C	TTLE 4	· · ·	nta/ibs	2100	
dar Vay	75.90 76.25	75.05 75.60	76,40	75.30		Close	Previo	High/Low		
lul 🗀	76.35	75.30	76.75 76.60	75.95 75.70	Aug	74.07	74.07	74.20	73.55	_
Dec Dec	71.10 67.95	70.20 67.13	71.20 65.00	70.85	Sep Oct	74.80 75.20	75.35	75.65	74 80	
		15,000 lbs;		87,05	_ Dec	73,92	76.27 73.95	76.27	74.85 73.55	
	Close	Previous			Feb - Apr	73.15 74.16	73.32 74.42	79.27	78.00	
Sep .	159.10	162.30	High/Los		_ Jun	72.25	72.25	74.32 72.25	74.05 72.05	
łov	145,25	148.75	164.70 149.75	156.90 145.05	Aug	70,75	70.75	•	Ö	
ien Ker	142.00 141.00	144.50 143.60	145,60 148,70	142.00 143.60	FLAS ME		000 lb; cent			_
ley	140.00	142.50	143.00	142.25	-	Close	Previous	hph/Low	'	_
iov iov	138.50 138.50	141.40 : 141.40	8	0	Aug Oct	47.15 40.62	46.97 40.10	420	46.85	_
				•	Dec	41.07	41,52	4017 420	29.98 41,27	
			_		Feb Apr	43.25 40.52	42.90 40.30	43 6	42.65	
think	-				Jun	45,27	45.00	45.3	40.20 44.80	
		e: Septemb	er 18 1031	= 10m	Jul Aug	45.60 44.25	45.45 44.10	45.6 44.36	45.45	• .
	Aug 15		moth ag		PORK 8		40,000 lbs;	Contracts	44.25	-
	1887.9	1902.7	1928.1	1856.5		Close	Previous			÷
DOW .		#3#: Dec. 3			Aug	26.82	24.87	1 High/lew 26.87	25 10	_
Spot	129.97	129,03	129.08	132.43	Feb Mar	41.60 41.60	39.57	41.57	25 10 39 96	
	£ 120.27	128.41	129,46	184.47	May	42.90	39.60 40.80	41.60 .42.90	40 00 41,35	
					Aug	42.57	40.65	42.80	41.15	
								İ	-	
								. 1		





LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Equities move higher in thin trading

HOPE triumphed over recent experience in the UK stock market yesterday and share prices rose sharply as a few institutional buyers tested equity sectors which have seen very little significant selling during this week's shakeout. Market makers' trading books were squeezed, sending the market ahead by nearly 20 Footsle points in fairly thin

London was helped by the strong performance in Tokyo overnight, and by initial improvements in the US and German stock markets. The day's economic data was neutral; growth of only 0.1 per cent in UK manufacturing output in

Accoun	Dealing	Pates
Piret Ovelinge: Jul 61	Aug 14	Sep 4
Aug 1g	Aug 31	Bap 14
ant Deslings: Aug 11	Sep 1	Šep 15
Acesant Deys. Aug 21	Sep 11	Sep 25
Now three dealers.	pess days a go may take	pinte tron . artier

the three months to June pro-vided further indication of an economic slowdown; £1.4bn repayment of public sector ebt was above expectations.

The absence of selling pressure during this week's shake-out has provided the basis for a return to a relatively positive outlook in the equity market.

Yesterday's uptick was slow to gain momentum, however, and prices slipped off their best lev-els when New York opened uncertainly, only moving to the day's highs in late deals when the Dow looked somewhat more confident.

At its final reading of 2,345.8, the FT-SE index was 19.6 up. On Monday morning, the Footsie fell to 2,314 almost before trading commenced and has been in a recovery phase since then. Some of the more optimistic traders now hope to see the FT-SE 2,350 mark regained, but much will depend on the reaction to the latest UK earnings data, due today.

The lead to yesterday's market came from the brewery sector, where reports of strong whisky sales brought in the buyers for Guinness, holder of important sales brands, as well as for other blg names in the

Dollar earning stocks were to the fore, with Glaxo recom-mended by a leading US house and Reuter in demand again after announcing a new ven-ture in Latin America. Shares in BAT Industries hung fire, but interest switched to Roth-A notable exception to the

confident picture among the blue chips was ICI, which closed unchanged on the day following a somewhat erratic

performance since the trading report published a fortnight

trust the market's recovery,

pointing to the possibility of corporate fund-raising moves. Yesterday brought two small rights isses - Queens Moat rights isses - Queens' Moat for £141m and Laird Group for £35m - and hints in the marketplace that a much larger funding move is planned; a leading investment bank was believed to be preparing a £200m convertible bond issue for Ranks Hovis Macdougall (RHM), with conversion likely to be into the Goodman Fielder Wattie shares held by RHM.

rights issue to take control of Westland.

Sentiment in British Aero-

space and Rolls-Royce was helped by suggestions that the Japanese government was con-

sidering buying Harrier jets as a means of skirting post-war

restrictions on having ship-borne aircraft. BAe advanced 9

to 705p while Rolls added 2 at 188p. Rolls engines would be used even if any contract was

for the US version of the Har-

rier, said one analyst. Publishers pursued diver-

gent trends with United News-

papers strong at 501p, up 17, on speculation that Hollinger had

increased its shareholding. Just before the close Hollinger, the Canadian group which

owns about 82 per cent of the

per cent take. Reed International also enjoyed firmer conditions, closing 6 better at 460p but Pearson slipped 12 to 810p

ahead of interim results, due

on August 29p.

Lonrho, the UK trading conglomerate, moved higher and

stories immediately resurfaced of the Alan Bond stake having

been placed. Several times

since last spring's unsuccessful

auction of the 20 per cent hold-ing, the market has responded

to similar hopes. The shares

traded briskly for a while, but

the price eventually outstripped the buying interest, peaking at 298p before closing 7 up on the day at 294p.

Among foods Cadbury

Schweppes returned to form, rising 11 to 415p on turnover of

2.2m shares and buoyed by

reports of strong soft drinks

sales. Ranks Hovis Macdougall

were unchanged on talk of an

			~~~								
	F	NAN	CIAL	TIME	s sto	Ж	INDIC	ES		_	
	Aug 16	Αυ <u>σ</u> · 15	AUG 14	Aug 11	Aug 10	Yegr Ago	1988 High	Low	Since C High		alon don
Government Seco	87.42	87.24	<b>57.46</b>	87.32	87.54	87.76	89.29 (8/2)	83.75 (14/6)	127.4 (9/1/35)		).18 1 <i>/75</i> )
Fixed Interest	97.63	97.59	97.86	97.67	97.71	97.72	99.59 (15/3)	95.21 (13/8)	105.4 (28/11/47		).53 1/75)
Ordinary Share	1961.8	1947.8	1950.3	1989.6	1961.4	1475.3	1972.0 (9/8)	1447,8 (3/1)	1972.0 (9/8/89)		9.4 6/40)
Gold Mines	205.2	201.4	199.7	200.7	197.2	188.1	206.0 (7/7)	154.7 (17/2)	734.7 (15/2/83)		3.5 10/71)
FT-SE 160 Share	2345.8	2326.2	2325.9	2354.2	2347.3	1830,9	2380.4 (9/8)	1782.8 (3/1)	2443.4 (16/7/87)		16.8 7/84)
Ord. Div. Yield Earning Yid %(full) · P/E Ratio(Net)(\(\delta\))	4.02 9.64 12.50	4.05 9.73 12.38	4.05 9.72 12.40	4.01 9.61 12.55	4.02 9.65 12,48	4.61 11.66 10.44	Ordinary 1	1/7/35, Go	s 15/10/26, ld mines 12 \$ Nii 12.37	79765. E	
SEAQ Bargains(Spm) Equity Turnover(Sm)† Equity Bargains†	25,168	25,282 901.27 28,995	32,148 909.74 33,997	36,933 1160.63 37,297	32,477 1315.11 33,238	18,954 753.50 21,029	Indices	ACTI	Aı	ug 15	Aug 14
Shares Traded (ml)† Ordinary Share Index,	Hourly of		336.0 Day's Higi		, <u>,</u>	257.0 Low 195	0.4 Equity Equity		i i	12.6 WA WA	82.4 N/A N/A
Open 10 a.m. 1950.5 1955.2	11 a.m. 1957_9	12 p.m. 1953.8	1 p.m. 1954.9	2 p.m. 1956.4	3 p.m. 1959.8	4 p. 195	3.1 Gilt Ed	<i>y averag</i> ged Ban Bargain	gains 9	18.5 V/A	98.6 N/A
	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m. 2338.7	2 p.m.	S p.m.	Low 232	m. SE Active business	Value vity 1974, is & O'soo	t Excluding i a turnover.	VA Intra-m Londor	N/A arket report
2329.6 2337.5	2340.2	2338.B	2330.7	2338.4	2341.8	234	u.o and late	et Share	index: Tel. (	1898 13	3001

### TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS



imminent convertible bond issue, while the lack of a follow through on recent bid speculation left retailer Asda 31/2 lighter at 201%p on 4.1m shares. The news that SHV had increased its stake to 8.5 per cent lifted Nurdin & Peacock 9

buying such a large stake on

borrowed money would be an expensive method. Instead they now see a greater chance of a full bid followed by a break-up, although one said that even broken up, the company was only worth 550p to 600p a share. DRG closed 22 better at 560p.

each Containers share. Containers traded roughly unchanged at \$67 in New York. Among the heavyweight electricals, Plessey remained unchanged at 266p, with the market attaching little credence to the board's reported search for foreign companies willing, or even able, to help it escape the embrace of the GEC/Siemens consortium bid. GEC, at 275 %p, also closed

Portmeirlon Potteries posted interim results 60 per cent

■ Other market statistics, including FT-Actuaries Share Index and London

# Drab outlook for bank

Higher than expected half-year operating profits and a smaller than anticipated provision against LDC debt boosted Standard Chartered, the last of the country's clearers to produce figures in this reporting season. The news of the \$48m loss after provision of £208m against problem-country debt provoked a steady rise in Standard shares, which finally closed 7 better at 587p on turn-

But in spite of the gains in the share price, the results were not greeted with complete acclaim. "The profit trend is not wonderful, LDC provision ing is arguably light and the balance sheet is either at the minimum or below it, so I don't think this set of results is as good as some people think," commented Mr John Aitken of County NatWest WoodMac.

In particular, there was concern about the real level of provisioning; Standard chose to split provisions between developing countries (46 per cent provisioned) and developed countries (only 10 per cent). Mr Aitken for one believes the distinction is unnecessary; with-out it had debt provision would stand at 36 per cent, a level some way below the other

clearing banks. However, analysts did point out in Standard's favour that the bank had managed to reduce exposure by £200m, so there was less to provide for, and that the bank is not as exposed as other clearers to the most problematical Latin American countries. There was agreement, however, on out-look for the share price, which appears dull. "The yield will be supportive at these levels, but in the medium-term we can see little chance of the shares moving ahead," said Mr Norrie Morrison of Kleinwort Benson.

### Rothmans potential

Growing recognition of Roth-mans International's strong start to the year, illustrated recently by the results of asso-clates in both Australia and Malaysia, lifted the shares 24 further to 651p in healthy turn-over of 2.5m. Adding to the rosy picture this week has been the London listing of Philip Morris, the US tobacco giant and owner of a near 25 per cent of Rothmans. The stake held by Rembrandt, the other main holder, was transferred last year to Richemont, a new company listed in Swit-

Mr Mark Duffy of Warburg Securities expects Rothmans'

outperformance to come from above average growth in share earnings and from its historically high liquidity. Tobacco profits should recover in the curent year, benefiting from favourable exchange rates and on-going rationalisation. He also maintains that a 10 p/e discount fails to reflect the value of the luxury goods interest, Dunbill and Cartier.

### Gas warrants appeal

British Gas continued its recent good form. Some interest was stimulated by thoughts of today's annual meeting, but most observers put the buying down to the launch by Morgan Stanley of a covered warrant in

This is Morgan Stanley's first covered warrant for a UK equity. It follows a track well beaten by other US securities houses - Bankers Trust and Salomon Brothers - which have been issuing such instru-ments in recent months. The Gas warrant is for 10m shares, each exercisable into one Gas share at 180p over the next two years. The issue price is 69p. Morgan said that the launch went well with 60 per cent of buying from overseas, espe-cially Scandinavia and West Germany. Most of the buying was in large blocks and there was little retail interest, Gas was also the busiest

traded option by a large marrose 2% to 212p as 9.3m shares

changed hands Banks were in fine form, although in some cases a shortege of stock rather than genu-ine demand was behind the rises. Abbey National were demand lifted the shares 3% to 147p on turnover of Ilm. Royal Bank of Scotland also featured,

recovering from recent weak-ness to add 7 at 427p.

A disappointing set of interim figures took the top off composite insurer General Accident, The market had been hoping for somewhere between £130m and £140m; instead it got £126.5m, down 13.4 per cent on last year and with the dividend increase failing short of most expectations GenAcc shares tumbled 19 to 1029p. Also

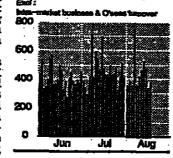
# FT-A Ali-Share Index

the stock.

gin. Traded options dealers said that it was likely that Morgan Stanley had been active, although Morgan claimed it was not involved. Gas clocked up 2,928 contracts, the equivalent of almost 3m shares. The underlying equity

# 1100

**Equity Shares Traded** Turnover by volume (million)



reporting interims was life group Britannic Assurance, which gained 10 at 480p after amounting a rise in the half-year dividend by 0.9p to 6.5p.
"Beautiful," said one ana-lyst, as Ultramar performed a predicted bounce after a long lecline. It added 8 at 337p.

Reuter attracted UK buying on the back of a deal to supply news services to 500 clients in Latin America. It climbed 27 to a new all time high of 988p in thin trade. "Investors see it as a world monopoly," said a

An early buying order triggered a technical rally in Trafaigar House, although at least one marketmaker voiced the opinion that a stakebuilder was at work. The stock closed 14 better at 400p as 2.3m shares changed hands.
ICI weakened against the

particularly favoured as market trend after recent impressive institutional strong rises and on the back of a recurrence of a story that there were problems with a heart drug. The shares bottomed at 1282p before recovering to close unchanged at 1288p in low volume.

The brewery sector was in a buoyant mood on more reports of bumper summer drinks sales. Leading the way up were Guinness, 19 better at 587p, Whithread "A", 15 firmer at 383p, Grand Metropolitan, up 16 at 631p, Allied Lyons, 11 bigher at 544p and Bass. 15 to higher at 544p and Bass, 15 to the good at 1096p. Grand Met

MATERIANS (148).
BATTENI PUNDES (S) AMERICANS (S)
BATTENI PUNDES (S) AMERICANS (S)
BULDINADIANS (A) BANCS (A) BREWESS (7)
BULLINADIANS (A) BANCS (A) BREWESS (7)
POUDOS (S) POLICIA (S) BROUGERMAD (S)
POUDOS (S) NOTICES (S) BROUGERMAD (NO
AMERICAN)
POUDOS (S) HOTELS (S) BROUGERMAD (NO
AMERICAN)
AMERICAN (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)
BUSINES (S)

AFRICANS (2) TEXTILES (1) TRUSTS (36)
OLS (2) OVERREAS TRADERS (2)
PLANTATIONS (3) MOVES (13) THIRD
MARKET (1),
NEW LOWS (25),
SIRLDWIGS (4) STORES (3) ELECTRICALS
(3) ENGINEERING (1) POODS (1)
ROUSTRIALS (8) C "DOR & Armstrong,
CODYMOTE, Malmet, Monks & Crans,
Remmors, Shup & Law Stype (7), Skiniese
Metalorst, MOTORS (1) PAPERS (1)
PROPERTY (1) TEXTILES (2) TRUSTS (1)
ORS (1).

# **NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1989**

### were further boosted by the disposal of another Pillsbury operation for \$269m. Turnover among the leaders, however, was slight and what business there was derived mostly from intra-market deals. One brewer to miss out on the rise was Scottish & Newcastle, which dropped 10 to 403p on the lack of bid news.

News of a £141m rights issue left hotels group Queens Moat 3 lighter at 115p. But the mar-ket was pleased with the 39 per cent rise in half-year profits to £24m and the acquisition of three hotels in Manchester, Nottingham and Edinburgh for £45m. The good news from Queens Moat helped Trust-house Forte put on 5 at 342p.

The building sector, with the exception of one or two stocks, continued to drag behind the rest of market. In his latest sector update Mr Angus Phaure of County NatWest WoodMac repeats the advice given since the spring 1988: Buy somewhere between the summer of 1989 and the summer of 1990," and be a seller again in 1991/92. Robert M Douglas again bucked the trend with a fresh gain of 10 to

Among mixed stores WH Smith dropped against the trend after reporting a 20 per cent rise in full year earnings to £84.1m (excluding property disposals of £5.8m). The fall in the price was more a reflection of concerns about future sales, said analysts.
Mr John Smith at UBS

Phillips & Drew has lowered his forecast for current year profits by £4m to £92m because of the news of poor trading at the diy chain Do It All and the awareness that sales growth in the main chain will not continue at the present levels because of the squeeze on con-

sumer spending.
Kingfisher were busily traded, 7.7m shares turning over during the session, but favouring the sellers the price dropped a penny to 339p. In contrast, the attentions of one broker bidding aggressively for stock lifted Marks & Spencer 5 to 214p on turnover of 2.8m

GKN advanced 4 to 458p as County NatWest WoodMac began revealing details of a detailed note on the company with a "strong buy" recom-mendation attached. Mr Pete Deighton, who heads the engineers team at County, attacks those who see GKN as a UK-dependent engineering company. He points out the strength of the company's US custom and long term trends towards front and four-wheel drive, both GKN strengths. "GKN also supplies Japanese manufacturers in the States and is likely to supply them in the UK," added Mr Deighton. He countered recent sugges

tions that GKN would launch a

to 196p. News that broker Henderson

Crosthwaite had bought 5.6m DRG shares directly from insti-tutions on Tuesday at 550p sent the shares running ahead. The ultimate buyer was Pembridge Investments, run by Mr Roland Franklin, the US-based investor, which now has 21.7 per cent of DRG.

Analysts pointed out that if Mr Franklin's strategy was to flush out another bidder, then A £35m one-for five rights

issue from Laird overshadowed a 16 per cent improvement in first half profits. The shares fell 13 to 263p.

Consideration of Tiphook's improved offer for Sea Containers, in conjunction with a Swedish company, pushed Tiphook shares 24 better to 493b. Observers said there was relief that the company was not going to try to spend more than the new offer of \$63 for

ahead and firmed 3 to 218p.

### **BUSINESS LAW**

# Foreign firms and contracts from the US federal government

By J. Stephen Lawrence Jr and Waltraut S. Addy

raditionally. European firms had to overcome two hurdles in bidding for and obtaining American federal government contracts: technical specifications based on non-metric measurements, and US domestic purchase preferences imposed by various federal laws, the best known of which is the "Buy American" Act.
The first hurdle will proba-

bly disappear for most con-tracts by 1992. This is the result of a little known provi-sion in the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act 1988, recently passed by the US Congress, which requires that "each federal agency, by a date certain and to the extent economically feasible by the end of fiscal year 1992, use the metric system measurement.

The metric system is to be used for all federal procurements, grants and other business - related activities, except if such use is impractical or is likely to cause US firms to lose markets because foreign com-petitors produce competing products in non-metric units. The Act also directs each federal agency to establish guidelines to carry out the metric policy. These guide-lines, however, have not yet been issued. Their availability and content will probably vary

from agency to agency. Use of the metric system by federal agencies in their pro-curement specifications will undoubtedly make it easier for European firms, tooled up for metric measurements, to compete more successfully for US government contracts.

The second hurdle faced by European firms is the mandatory preference for US domestic products contained in sev-

eral US statutes. Of these, the Buy American Act is the single greatest obstacle to foreign suppliers. Enacted in 1933, it was intended to stimulate the US economy suffering from the depression. Although the rea-son for the Act has long since

and chief executive of Taylor of US government procurement Woodrow, has been appointed The Act gives a preference to a non-executive director of BABCOCK INTERNATIONAL

"domestic end products" by adding a surcharge to offers of "foreign end products." This preference covers the purchase of manufactured products, as well as construction materials

disappeared, it was never abol-

ished and is now firmly a part

used in public works and pub-lic buildings in the US. It does not apply to service contracts. In practice, it is often difficult, however, to determine what constitutes a "service" contract, as opposed to a contract for products which

performed in connection with the purchased products. The Buy American Act and other domestic purchase pref-erences have been eroded considerably over recent years and therefore no longer present as great a problem for European firms as they once did. This erosion is due to a number of developments, including regu-latory exemptions, as well as bilateral and multilateral treaties which the US has concluded with many European

includes the purchase of services, such as repair or data processing, that can only be

countries. These treaties ren-der domestic purchase restric-tions inapplicable or subject to For example, the Trade Agreements Act 1979, which embodies the agreements reached at the Tokyo Round of the General Agreement on Tar-iffs and Trade (GATT), removes the Buy American Act restrictions on many "foreign end products" that are manufactured in "designated" coun-

The following European states are currently "designated": Denmark, West Germany, Finland, France, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland and the UK.

The Act does not however

The Act does not, however exempt components exported from those nations for assembly into end products in the US. Under the current Buy American Act "rule of origin" test, this had the odd result of favouring a totally "foreign end product" over a product that is manufactured in the US, but contains more than 50 per cent foreign components, even if they originate from a "designated" country. This is because the "rule of

origin" test has two parts: the end product offered must not only be "manufactured" in the US, but also "substantially all" of the product's components must be of US origin. The term "manufactured"

has been interpreted to include "assembly" in the US, but cur-rent regulations define the

requiring that the cost of US components must equal at least 50 per cent of the total component costs of the solic-ited "end product".

The Office of Federal Pro-

curement Policy, which is currently under a Congressional mandate to review the "rule of origin," is aware of this anomaly and has asked for comments on how this problem can

In addition to the outright waiver granted by the Trade Agreements Act, general exemptions also exist under the Buy American Act itself. For example, in civilian agency procurements, foreign products are allowed if (1) the product is not produced in reasonable not produced in reasonable commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality in the US, (2) the cost of domestic products would be unreasonable, or (3) the purchase of US goods would be inconsistent with the public interest. These exemptions obviously give contracting officials a considerable ing officials a considerable measure of discretion.

The US Defence Department procurement regulations contain similar exemptions and a general waiver authority for domestic purchase restrictions that may be exercised, if doing so would be in the public interest. This waiver authority has been used quite freely in

recent years.
The Defence Department has also entered into Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) for defence purchases that waive domestic purchase requirements for certain defence-re-lated products. Countries that currently have MOUs with the US include Belgium, Denmark, West Germany, France, Italy, the Netherlands, Norway,

Spain and the UK.
The Defence Department has
also concluded Defence Cooperation Country Agreements and Foreign Military Sales Offset Agreements that permit acquisition from foreign producers. Potential contractors should, however, carefully scrutinise the terms of any solicitation issued by American civilian or defence agen-cies to determine which domestic purchase restrictions it employs, and whether an exemption is available.

It is worth remembering that most domestic purchase restrictions do not prohibit for-

eign firms from bidding or contracting. What they do is impose a specified surcharge increasing the price of the foreign end-product, if it does not qualify for an exemption or a waiver. If the domestic offer is still higher than the foreign offer after the applicable sur-charge has been added, then the domestic offer is considered unreasonable in cost, and the "responsive" foreign bidder will be awarded the contract.

In view of the new metric procurement approach and the currently available exemptions and waivers concerning domestic preference requirements, European firms may want to reassess more positively the desirability of bidding for US government contracts.

As a first step toward participating in these acquisitions, European firms that are not already on bidders lists should request that the appropriate federal agency put them on its bidders list to receive solicita-

Agency solicitations usually take one of two forms: invita-tions for bids (IFB), which require the bidder to submit sealed bids; or requests for proposals (RFP), which require the bidder to submit a proposal outlining costs and technical matters, and which is subject to further negotiation with the

Under the IFB procedure, the lowest responsible and responsive bidder will receive the award. Under the RFP procedure, the agency will discuss the proposal with the bidder, either orally or in writing, and then request the bidder to sub-mit a "best and final offer."

In making the award, the agency will select the bidder whose best and final offer is most advantageous to the government, as measured by price, quality and other "evaluation factors," which must be stated in the solicitation.

Finally, potential bidders must take care to gather infor-mation on available contracts in a timely fashion, since the period available for submitting a contract bid or proposal after issuance of the solicitation by the US government agency may be short.

Mr Lawrence and Ms Addy

practice government contracts law in the Washington, DC office of the US law firm of Pepper, Hamilton & Scheetz.

# Board posts at general manager of MAT TRANSPORT.

Channel 4 Sir Brian Bailey has been appointed deputy chairman of CHANNEL 4 by the Independent Broadcasting Anthority. He succeeds Mr George Russell who has become chairman of the IBA.

The new appointment is until June 30, 1990. Sir Brian is chairman of Television South West Holdings. Mr John Scottish writer, director and producer, has been appointed to the Channel 4 board.

 UNITED SCIENTIFIC HOLDINGS has appointed Mr. Stuart Hillier as sales director of subsidiary Avimo, Taunton. He was marketing director of the group's US subsidiary Optic Electronic Corp, Dallas,

Following TURNBULL SCOTT HOLDINGS acquisition of Sitex Security Products, Mr David White, formerly a joint managing director of Sitex, joins the main board of

Mr Stephen Hardy has been appointed managing director of FLEXIBLE MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY, Brighton. His career includes engineering posts with the Ministry of Defence, and as a managing consultant with Past Marwick

Mr Angus Armstrong has been appointed director and

McLintock.

APPOINTMENTS

■ SPHINK, part of Pegasus Group, has appointed Mr Mike Heneghan as managing director. He was managing director of Control-C Software.

■ WINDSOR, a Lloyd's broking group, has appointed Mr R.J. Alston and Mr M.A. Gayler as executive directors of Windsor Insurance Holdings. Mr W. Garside becomes a director, and Mr J. Tillett and Ms A.E. Leddra divisional directors, of Windsor Insurance Brokers.

# HAWKER SIDDELEY has appointed Mr Roger Lloyd as finance director of Brush Transformers. He was finance director at GEC Transmission and Distribution Projects. Mr Stephen Dalgleish has joined the board of Hawker Siddeley Power Transformers. He was works manager.

w Former associate director Mr Jan Woolf has been promoted to managing director of CMG Business Services Northern, an operating subsidiary of COMPUTER MANAGEMENT GROUP. He succeeds Mr John Jago who has become managing director of CMG Business Systems.

Mr Malcolm Reid has been appointed corporate development director of the NEVILLE GROUP, a director of Neville Industrial Securities. and chairman of Neville Insurance Brokers. He remains a director of FIMBRA.

### Mecca Leisure makes changes

■ Mr Alen Goodenough has been appointed divisional managing director, casinos, MECCA LEISURE GROUP; and Mr John Kelly becomes divisional managing director, machines. Mr Goodenough succeeds Mr Barry Hardy who has resigned. Mr Kelly is succeeded as managing director, social clubs, by Mr Michael Axelrod who was finance and business development director, general

■ Mr Peter Dew and Mr Michael Somerville have been appointed directors of THORNTON & CO. Mr Dew is managing director of Thornton Investment Somerville, based in Hong Kong, is managing director of Thornton Management

leisure division.

# Mr Pierce R. Smith treasurer of PaineWebber Group Inc, and Mr Michael Malcolmson, chief operating officer, PaineWebber International, have been appointed non-executive directors of PAINEWEBBER INTERNATIONAL BANK, London. Mr Richard Butler and Mr Charles Peterson, non-executive directors, have

resigned. m Thorn Security, part of THORN EMI, has appointed Mr Simon Poulton as finance



Mr Michael Glover (above) has been appointed a non-executive director of IMP EUROPE. He is a director of Grosvenor Venture Capital, which has provided equity finance to the COMPANY.

director. He was financial controller of Thomson Tour Operations.

THE KILROE GROUP has appointed Mr Tony Griffiths as an executive director of Kilroe Building. He was marketing manager of Kilroe Civil Engineering.

Sir Frank Gibb, chairman

■ Mr Peter Pendleton has been appointed a director of FLAXYARD PECKHAM.

Current Unit Trust Prices are available on FT Cityline. To obtain your free Unit Trust Code Booklet ring the FT Cityline help deak on 01-025-2128

	FT UNIT	TRUST INFO	RMATION SER	/ICE Current Unit T	ift Trust Prices are systems the FT Cityl	the top car on state and
international	Bath Road, Chattentam G153 71.0 0242 227331 GAM SI UK Balanted Inc	& intl Acc 5574 35 379 67 403.91 -1.47 Jan 6 Speciae 5047.02 151.20 160.85 -1.55 Do 6 6 Spec Acc 5153 74 158.11 166.20 -1.55 Mac	mit	Litt Case. Bid Phir + sr Yald Case Price Phis Phis - 814  I Unit Trasts Lit - Castd. Phis - 814  Leastin Payles Lit - Castd. 914  Le	rd Hill, Blord Essex IG1 20t 01-478 3377 1 Richt rd Hill, Blord Essex IG1 20t 03-478 3377 5 & W	& Williamsee Unit Tet here (1989) Hours S. Lenon Wilson (1989) Hours S. Lenon Wilson (1989) Hours S. Lenon Wilson (1989) Hours J. 110 8 1810 7 195 4-6 17 195 Hours J. 110 8 1810 7 195 4-6 17 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 195 195 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 195 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110 8 195 Hours J. 110
Abbey Unit Tst Mingrs (1000)H  80 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  90 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  91 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  92 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  93 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  94 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  95 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  96 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  97 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  98 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  98 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  98 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth  99 Holdeshurst Rd, Bournemouth	UK Giri & F. Har	Second Ref   1524 05   124 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 05   145 0	Account a 165 377 64 777 64 87.75 (1980) 0.01  Account 577 64 777 64 87.75 (1980) 0.01  Fir Beals — 6097 55 397 552 681 13 14 580 0.01  If Core 6 Recq — 5097 65 397 65 224 0.03 1-0.11 1.95  Account 50 164 52 48 152 380 544 120 1.05  Forwith 56 64 64 64 64 77.22 44 08 12.12  Green 57 72.39 72.39 (1980) 480 62 12  Scholie Genta — 525 87 245 87 258 81 14 35 16 43  Record — 57 72.39 72.39 72.30 480 82 12  Scholie Genta — 525 87 245 87 258 81 14 35 16 43  Record — 67 72.39 72.39 72.30 480 82 12  Scholie Genta — 525 87 245 87 258 81 14 35 16 43	2014 54 29 56 29 56 11 42 40 61 6.46 Regent)	15 no 15 7 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 no 15 n	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Content the remark of the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that the content that t	17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5   17.5	Minorab 5 25.75 93.75 92.64 4650.37 Lave the 115.64 115.69 122.63 417.00.65 Who with 6 53, 122.68 62.88 82.84 40.210.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.0	arion & Manchester Test Mgort C.0001H state Park, Exeter DIS 105 state Park, Exeter DIS 105 sept 22 22 25 25 real	scales 5   55.02 of .02m 64.08 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.08 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.08 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.08 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of .02m 64.112.013 Brisis of	Unit Might, Lin Chromatol (1925) 10033 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmorror (1926) 10034 OK Emmo	Tomate: 19 2117 2740 201 360 2132 2150 2150 2150 2150 2150 2150 2150 215
UK Erowth Dist	UK Growth Acc	R. 77 Messell S. Lordon El Selt 01.488.1212 Anno 015 3-34. 404. 405 405 405 405 405 405 405 405 405 405	and United 50%,00 337.9 397.3 4-22.17 Commodity 50%,00 337.9 397.3 4-22.17 Commodity 50%,10 37.0 377.3 38.3 4-2 11.7 Security 50%,10 377.3 38.3 4-2 10.70 Gold 50%, 10 37.3 38.3 4-2 10.70 Gold 50%, 10 37.3 4-2 20.00 Include 55.6 47 60.60 71.30 4-2 20.00 Include 55.6 47 60.60 71.30 4-2 20.00 Include 55.10 47.3 12.7 150.8 1-0.01.21 University 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%, 10 50%,	Cartin Frank.  Same 54, 156.5 156.5 156.4 4 101.29  Samita. 54, 47.16 47.16 50.10 6 102.12  Granke. 54, 47.16 47.16 50.10 6 102.12  Granke. 54, 47.72 47.72 51.71 48.76.0.49  Granke. 54, 57.60 57.60 48.44 47.71 10.50  Granke. 54, 57.60 57.60 48.44 47.71 10.50  Granke. 54, 57.60 57.60 48.74 47.71 10.50  Granke. 54, 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 48.60 57.60  Granke. 54, 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57.60 57	offsecials France Report Lawrence 43 Sept. 1 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107 Lawrence 107	bills 54 42 1 192 p 277 p 241 1 12 11 50
Girk & Fired lett. 34, 21, 79, 22-52, 24 15-10 to 10 12 Forched Genomia, 5-1, 76 177, 61, 197, 61, 197, 62, 197, 61, 197, 62, 197, 61, 197, 62, 197, 61, 197, 62, 197, 61, 197, 62, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197, 61, 197	Emiter Fund Managers Ltd (1490)F 53.8-de 52.Calletin 1/340, Exerc COL Infb 03/2-412144 Fortier 1/35, 15/3-34 25,634 26,944-95 11.27 Fortier 1/35, 15/3-34 25,634 26,944-95 11.27 Fortier 1/35, 15/3-34 25,634 26,944-95 11.27 Fortier 1/35, 15/3-34 25,634 27,944-95 11.07 Fortier 1/35, 15/3-34 (1280) FFS Investment Managers Ltd (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)M Fortierd 1/34 (1280)	not, Ri, Unartope, Midder 1988, 1927, 1987-55, 1978.35 Con- American 5, 10.5 8, 105.5 10.55, 10.51, 10.51, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.50, 10.	rane Uhrlad	Growth 34 49 33 49 33 52 76 46 22 25 32 (IX Souther 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	093 - 94 80.49 81.34 64.37 4.38 - Pacific COT - 94 13.33 52.71 54.40 81 - Storest COT - 94 13.33 52.71 54.40 81 - Storest COT - 94 13.33 52.73 54.60 97 64.40 81 - Storest COT - 94 13.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 81 13.40 97 64.40 97 64.40 97 64.40 97 64.40 97 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67	regard Latt for Sheprs Life (1200)*  3 Revision Rd. Institute, Seatmond Ches.  5 Revision Rd. Institute, Seatmond Ches.  1177-277-30  1112-117-277-30  1112-117-117-277-30  1112-117-117-317-317-317-317-317-317-317-317
Do Acquir	FS Balanced cith	our Extraory S. Lancau 114 val. 11 472 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25 val. 25	The series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of the series of th	ASEAN 3-4 40.58 40.59 22.24 40.00 HK Servan 110 5-54 40.64 40.64 52.28 40.00 HK Servan 110 5-54 122.4 123.9 133.04 370.0.5 122.4 123.9 133.04 370.0.5 122.4 123.9 133.04 370.0.5 122.4 123.9 133.04 370.0.5 122.4 123.9 133.04 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123	54 5415 54.9 57.854 76 - Easily 1  54 52.16 54.9 57.854 76 - Easily 1  54 52.16 54.9 52.5 52.944 4 - Fortisi  54 52.9 54.9 54.5 54.4 57.2 14.0 2 - Sedings  54 52.9 52.8 52.8 52.8 54.4 92.2 - GK less  54 52.9 52.8 52.8 52.8 52.8 12.9 12.9 12.9 12.9 12.9 12.9 12.9 12.9	178 12 75 16 76 Molastia 41 6 597 35 93 19 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11
St Nichotas St. St. ac. — 5 50.17 50 84m 54 371-0 694.70 St Nichotas St. St. ac. — 5 13.44 52 12.85 75 90.17 1.00 Stachuse Franks III. — 5 147.74 47 87m 50 95 95 107 1.50 Stachuse Franks III. — 5 147.74 47 87m 50 95 107 1.50 Stachuse Franks III. — 5 147.74 47 87m 50 95 107 1.50 Stachuse Franks III. — 5 147.74 47 87m 50 95 107 1.50 Stachuse Franks III. — 5 147.74 47 87m 50 95 107 1.50 Stachuse Franks III. — 5 147.74 47 87m 50 95 107 11.50 Stachuse Franks III. — 5 107.74 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107	Califree Dealings Nomber: Private Clients 0800 414161 Broker Dealings 0800 414161 Broker Dealings 0800 414181 American — 5's 1302 2300 414181 American — 5's 1302 2300 414181 American — 5's 1302 2300 414181 American — 5's 1302 2302 2302 2302 2908 American — 5's 1303 33 350 33 350 30 30 40 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	SS Marion Unit Tst Mgrs 1.ts (1000)F 442, 325, Mary at 1111, ECT 01. 422 9373 Mile of Growth 6.64, 13 64, 40 97 67, 120 48, 131, 132 48, 133, 134, 134, 134, 134, 134, 134, 134	zm Units) 5102.6 129.6 129.4 0+12.5 10.00 Europea. no Sassifier Cos. 3 10.0 J 14.1 5 149.6 +1.5 0.00 Europea. not Units) 510.4 J 14.5 149.6 +1.5 0.00 Milestified 510.4 J 15.2 42.4 150.6 +1.5 0.00 Milestified 5 10.4 J 16.9 J 11.5 1.7 1.2 4.3 Milestified cos. 5 10.4 J 16.9 J 11.5 1.7 1.2 4.3 Milestified cos. 6 10.3 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4 J 16.4	lone, Arbor S. EOR 968 01-523 1050 544 1 1346 1346 137 602 627 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	### ACC \$ 207.4 251.4 227.5 3.4 49.2 15 Acc 1910.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6 16.6	He Trans. Mongast. 4.56 (1200)M mans. S. Landon. ECAN 500 mans. S. Landon. Deather & A. Landon. Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Deather & Dea
Earmy 19459 2 11-3 76 12-9 1-309 00	作のAn G mt '''-' 341 Tro's Tro's Tioうしががじる。	12 186.6 186.6 200.3 -13.23 MG	informed F	2.625.0025. Links   Long   Links   Lin	Action F. 54, 1921.6 123.6 121.6 1	erth acc
Januar Gera (Acc) 5 181.7 181.7 194 0 40 2 0 0 Smaller Cos 54 19 36 31 04 33 02 100 23 100 hb Anner Gera (Acc) 51 183 4 183 4 197 4 -0.5 1 93 100 cm 181 3 182 5 24 301 -0.3 11.8 3 (Accom Units) 51 183 4 183 4 197 4 -0.5 1 93 100 cm 181 3 182 5 24 301 -0.3 11.8 3 (Accom Units) 51 183 4 183 4 197 4 -0.5 1 93 100 cm 181 3 183 4 197 4 -0.5 1 93 100 cm 181 3 183 4 197 4 -0.5 1 93 100 cm 181 3 183 4 197 4 -0.5 1 93 100 cm 181 3 183 4 197 4 -0.5 1 94 183 4 183 4 183 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187 4 187	Soute E. Asia	merican H., 5 77 82 79 05 83.87 (45.50 82 Eme		Johnstone UT Mgmt (1460)H lie St, Gimore (227% 03500 933 Znake, in beaver 50 27% 0270 2932 Feb. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ry Sq. ECSA 187	#####################################
Among Access - 1   30.4   31.5   35.4   35.5   35.5   35.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   36.7	Minaged	esen Unit Tst Mingrat Ltd (1200)H Mai	Idea Unit Truck Managers Lis (1200)F Far Estimated Carl Street, London EC24 101	Trest Magr. (200)H	mail (2)	an
Balancid 51228 3428 346.114.18.282 Admir 5 Rayleigh Rd, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex Balancid 516024 8024 8024 8024 8024 8024 8024 8024 8	Financials	British 54 47.83 47.83 \$1.63 61251.42 POI British 54 27 9 217 9 227 7 6 100 11 2 Busts 54 27 9 217 9 227 7 6 100 11 2 Dod Units 5 54 270 0 70 0 501 9 6 216 4 1 Dod Units 5 54 270 0 289 0 310 4 6 7 6 4 1 Busts 5 55 282 9 0 310 4 6 7 6 4 1 Grove 54 285 6 285 6 282 9 6 8 10 4 6 8 6 8 9 9 9 8 8 1	is American3-1.85 31 87 734 934 938 00 American3-1.85 31 87 734 93 94 93 10 00 American3-1.85 31 87 734 93 94 93 10 00 American3-1.85 11 84 31 74 93 95 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	22	41.71   42.03   42.55   42.75   12.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.75   1.	a Procurem 6 75. 12 75 15 79 48 16 442 00 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120   120	57 Victoria Square, Bolton BU 1 11A 0204 33363 Cilit Tre Managed 1st	Freets	argal (2	clists		### 101.0 ml 0 ### 100.0 ml  ### 102.0 ml  #
Technology	Access United	Mailer	High Income 64 63 32 41.21 44 67 86 65 97  Size Hart Vd. London Bridge, SEI LRS. 07 447 9986 Recovery Inc. F. 51 32 34 33 48.20 4127 59  Recovery Inc. F. 51 312 41 312 49.75 1-76 105 59  Flower Management Co Ltd (160014  Lindon Bridge, London SEI 900 01-376 7000  Recovery Inc. T. 1332 7 352 2 562 1 352 1 364 665 1 365 665  Recovery Inc. T. 1332 7 352 2 562 1 352 1 364 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365 665 1 365	ordel 53, 34.64 \$2.58 \$20.24 can 0.75 Devices to 53, 34.64 \$2.58 \$20.24 can 0.75 Devices to 54, 55, 55, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50	### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 ### 17 #### 17 #### 17 #### 17 #### 17 #### 17 #### 17 #### 17 #### 17 #### 17 #### 17 #### 17 #### 17 #### 17 ##### 17 ########	corne
Sectal Sits	Francial	Astratel Unit Tst Mgrs (1200)H ser Addiscumbe Read Cryston 01-584-353 NA Amer Addiscumbe Read Cryston 01-586-435 Amer Addiscumbe Read Cryston 01-580-012-08 (American Cryston 120-11-15) American 120-11-15 (American Cryston 120-11-15) American Cryston 120-	hite Hart Yard, London SEI 1875 01-407 5966 HP Fore Life Fund	222 ACV 9 - 5 127 A 130 9 139 3 4 110 0 39 Mer Tech at Ulary - 5 128 9 130 5 133 EM-10 0 4 Southet - 5 Acc - 5 194.1 947.8 1302 8 13 2 EM-10 0 4 Southet - 5 Acc - 5 194.1 947.8 1302 3 1425 1 1.44 Southet - 6 194.3 1002 3 1425 1 1.44 Southet - 6 194.3 1002 3 1425 1 1.44 Southet - 6 194.3 1002 3 147 9 1 103 3 1002 3 141 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13-1 18-2 18-2 20-2 20-1 2-62 33 Chemit St. 18-2 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-62 20-1 2-	ame3
BG Europe	Smaller Go's	lone  9	in Black 19 5 7 7 8 5 7 5 7 7 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 1 8 5 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1	Incomer	Corporation Cap Plans Ltd (1190)#  fort (Indepting Kers 886 0.14	
Bank of Ireland Fond Mgrs Ltd (1200)F 30 Deem St, Leedon, EC48 1891 Brit & O vosa.	Do Accum	tain St. Mandrester M2 2AF 601, 236, 5366 (M3) (M3) (M3) (M3) (M3) (M3) (M3) (M3)	an United 5 211.5 211.54 224.8 -248.000 PO Box 5		F. 647.52 47.52 55.04 64.01 1294 116 0ass 6 6 6 52.16 33.31 56.71 64.07 0.00 64ccm 12 6 6 6 52.16 33.31 56.71 64.07 0.00 64ccm 12 6 6 6 6 7.72 63.75 50.37 66.11 13.07 7 fosche 27: 6.46.56 49.05 52.12 6.132 47 fosche 27: 6.46.56 49.05 52.12 6.132 47 fosche 27: 6.46.56 49.05 52.12 6.132 47 fosche 27: 6.46.56 49.05 12 6.132 47 fosche 27: 6.46.56 49.05 47 fosche 27: 6.46.56 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05 49.05	1932 5 9.92 5 6.07 10024 6.3 Miss. 516.3 8 64.98 69.48 10024 6.3 Miss. 516.3 8 64.98 69.48 10024 6.3 Miss. 516.3 8 64.98 69.48 10024 6.3 Miss. 516.3 8 64.98 69.48 10024 6.3 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Miss. 616.3 60.0 Mis
Do Aural Acc. 54   223 B 224 6 239 6 51 7 2 37 5 6 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6	2-00-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	Units) 54 317.0 317.4 337.714 55.71 West 54 125.5 125.5 133.1 40.4 4.66 West 54 125.5 125.5 133.1 40.4 4.66 1977 54 282.9 282.9 301.0 41.2 4.66 1977 54 282.9 282.9 301.0 41.2 4.66 1971 54 282.9 282.9 301.0 41.2 4.66 1971 54 282.9 282.9 301.0 41.2 4.66 1971 55 282.9 282.9 301.0 40.0 40.0 53.5 Apret 54 17.41 9.776 10.40 40.0 53.5 Apret 54 17.41 9.776 10.40 40.0 53.5 Apret	ican Cap		5266 2832 279 91 46 500 17 18 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65	Smith 54, 64.28 64.58 67.08 1.03.6 1.03.6 679 (morth 54, 67.38 67.38 24.8 1.02.2 0 67.08 1.03.8 24.8 1.02.2 0 67.08 1.03.8 1.03.9 0 77.08 1.03.9 0 77.08 1.03.9 0 77.08 1.03.9 0 77.08 1.03.9 1.03.9 0 77.08 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9 1.03.9
Do Jan & Gen Rec 54 227 9 294 9 277 2 97 10 00 D Consistent Unit Tst Maryt Co Ltd (1200)F Do Jan Soor Sills 50 124 9 277 2 97 10 00 D Consistent Unit Tst Maryt Co Ltd (1200)F Do Laronce Co Ltd (1200)F Do Laronce Co Ltd (1200)F Do Boronce Co Ltd (1200)F	Caoliai (Inc) \$1, 159,70 158 7011(47) (In 4-9 6)2.32	United # 54   73.37 73.97 78.11   4.37 1.27 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	come Az54 72.94 75.10 79.89 in 613.76 Distribut	9 Dam. 54 94 92 94 92 101 32 40 116 92  140 1	5 157.7 198.44 28.13 10.00 2.07 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.07 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.05 18 00.00 2.0	Techs
American Guill Co. 3 fol 24 of 24 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of 25 of	Sensor Nove See101.09 - 31.7 de 07/40/21/17 Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security Security S	Unital	Time Street, Secffield, \$1,300	Umit Tst Mregs Ltd (1280)H Sciolas Ground String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String String St	Unit Tst Magra Ltd (1200)F Street, E124 286 01-702-9974/556 Tritlen   1-855-54-532 46.33 46.34 26.27 11.19 5-34-53 46.33 46.34 26.27 11.19 5-30-53 30-53 32.73 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.73 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 32.74 -4.710,11 5-30-53 30-53 30-53 30-53 30-53 30-53 30-53 30-	Fd Megrs. Ltd. (1000)M  No. Calchester (0) 1 RA
Janan Servite 3   181 0   192 4   0.8   0.0   Perritotio 2   2-3 9 30 6 9 4 9 0 7   2.5   Perritotio 2   130 9   150 9   150 9   150 9   150 9   IN Govern 5   56 77 6 9 4 7 7 3 7 4 0 7 2   IN Smaller Cor. 5   90 62   102.7   108 9 0 0   12   Setti Managero # 5   156 62 7 25 9 4 0 8   102   12   For Barriestan Trusts see Kleenwort Barrington Ltd  Sell Coart Final Mingh PLC (1500)F  11 Bernitelis St. Landon ECM 21.8   01-374 2623/4   Embarries St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   11 Bernitelis St. Landon ECM 21.8   01-374 2623/4   Embarries St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   11 Bernitelis St. Landon ECM 21.8   01-374 2623/4   Embarries St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   11 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   11 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   11 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   12 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   13 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   14 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   15 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   16 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   17 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   18 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   18 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   18 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   18 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   18 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-4995733   18 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-499573   19 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-499573   19 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-499573   19 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-499573   19 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-499573   19 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-499573   19 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-499573   19 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-499573   19 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX 3HF   01-499573   19 Bernitelis St. Landon WIX	High Incomer 517-11 34 Ltd 35, 465-61 Ltd 74 had farm income 5107-51 hr 17-20-125 (4-12) 1.60 had farm income 5107-51 hr 17-20-125 (4-12) 1.60 had farm income 5107-51 hr 17-20-125 (4-12) 1.60 had farm income 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51 hr 17-20-51	orth	igh St U7	5118.4 18.4 126.6 (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Survivas (-0.2) or Surv	ne	25
Fir Eastern 5 (286 ) 240 5 256 0 1.24 America 3 (210 211.0 221.0 ) 110 221.0 ) 110 221.0 ) 110 221.0 ) 110 221.0 ) 110 221.0 ) 110 221.0 ) 110 221.0 ) 110 221.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 120 21.0 ) 1	American Sel Opes 5 89 81 89 81 95 71-415 0.91 High Inc. American Sel Opes 5 19 6 77-65 40 21-016 0.00 International Sel Opes 5 19 65 77-65 40 21-016 0.00 International Sel Opes 5 15 72 6.5 77-65 40 21-016 0.00 International Sel Opes 5 15 75 15 75 15 75 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Ages Control 1 Amount SVI. 120016 (Ages Control 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount SVI. 1 Amount S	h	5129 91 26.50 13.20 14-12.000 Exercises 5120 30 155.00 155.00 155.00 142.000 Inpair (ED (sc. 5) 74.54 74.94 80.85 641.55 9 Ethics 56.27 85.79 62.00 4115.59 Ethics 56.27 85.79 62.00 4115.59 Ethics 54.35 44.35 44.35 47.30 40.92 54 Performance in the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of th	3 51.57 37.34 6.28 1.37 Frian Has 51.72 73.42 80.45 64.710.03 Frian Has 54.72 73.42 80.45 64.710.03 Frian Has 54.72 73.42 80.45 64.710.03 Frian Has 54.72 73.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80.42 80	TAY May use Constity Tal Mays  Site The May use Constity Tal Mays  Site The May use Constity Tal Mays  Site The May use Constity Tal Mays  Site The May use Constity Tal Mays  Site The May use Constity Tal Mays  Site The May use Constity Tal Mays  Light Tal Mays Light (6990) H  Site Tal May use Constity Tal Mays  Site Tal May use Constituty Tal Mays  Site Tal May use Constituty Tal May  Site Tal May use Constituty Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May use Constitution Tal May us
Brewin Dolphia Unit Tet Mgrs Ltd (0905)	betretriumi into . 34   111 61   112 51   117 81   60 64   2.01   Emphre   117 81   60 64   2.01   Emphre   117 81   60 64   2.01   117 81   60 64   118   60 64   118   60 64   118   60 64   118   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   60 64   6	Seth Ang 15 0) 312.9 312.9 318.71 4 19 Britis Mare Ang 15 0) 208.3 208.3 at 21.2 3 5.29 Euros Seth Ang 15 4 162.6 162.6 at 19.9 9 2.63 Gitt & Seth Ang 15 y 16 4.70 64.70 65.63 1.23 long Seth Ang 15 y 16 4.70 61.45 62 72 1 176 January	em Growth 6 61.29 61.29 62.27 18.25 64.2 52.2 52.3 Mec Fred int 61.90.37 50.37 50.37 64.0 19.11 PM Early 16 merth 6 61.25 61.56 65 61.422.6 00 PM Early 16 merth 6 61.25 61.56 65 61.422.6 00 PM Early 19 merte 6 51.56 51.56 62.3 41.026.0 PM Early 19 merte 6 51.56 51.54 54.65 400 PM Early 19 mertes 6 51.56 51.54 54.65 400 PM PM Lange PM Decrease 6 51.56 51.56 57.01 11.10.22	T MINICAL UNIT 15T MIGHT LIN (1970) M. Nelson (UK) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984) (1984)	5 263.4 264.0 222.3 1.22 27 183 tot. 5 189.7 189.7 301.8 +0.0 1.12 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	4 34 63 21 83 21 88 99 64 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
Cone & General 6 20 2 80 2 80 5 - 0 17.3 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 117 9 11.5 2 beautiful sensition 1.5 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110 2 110	Lippan & General W. 0. 100.2 2 102.5 302.3 \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \(\	a	GUIDE TO UNIT TRUS  THAT CHARGES  Set content the marketing, administrative and other costs which surpes are included in the price when the customer boy waits.  The price at which writs may be bough.  The price at medical artifle price when the districts in determined the price at which writs may be bough.  The price at medical artifle price to maximum great between the offer and hid prices is determined practice, with furth insurges quote a much insurance traval. As a continuous permissible price which is called the cancellation price moved to the cancellation price is circumstances in which ther large.	besse to be paid by new purchasers. These High Armel but Growth Workship with sold.	54 66.25 56.75 74.19 65.00 Gas 54 157.3 159.1 144.9 6.61.42 Wavering 54 165.3 159.1 144.0 6.61.42 Wavering 54 165.3 151.14 146.0 81.41.43 13 Charles 54 165.0 63.8 72.7516.352 34 Augustana 54 165.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 151.0 1	y Unit Tet Magarit Ltd (1800); is Sc. Editheral 031-225 1591 is Gold 5   16-57 15-82 16-521-0 1380,00
North American — 6 (44 fb 44 fb 44 fb 47) — 1	Japan G. General G. 10 (48,66) 49 17 52 31 (424) - 1 kg/ds Eurocean 4	1877 6 5 5 7 6 5 7 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	reconstruction of the form of the first manager's maste is the time at we call the first in indicated by the symbol alone when it is indicated by the symbol alone which are at follows: \$\phi\$ = 0.001 to 1.00 bears; \$\phi\$ = 1.01 to 1.400 b is TREET. PRESENTE.  IN TREET. PRESENTE  IN TR	fich the spit trusts' dully dealing prices are glicked inspect to part of the incircled at the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of the part of	So, Editionals EM2 273 and the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Contr	Stider St.  Makes 14, 140.2 142 in 151 101.407.4404  Makes 14, 120.8 221.6 256.014,111.8  Asset Management (1330)F  Mill, Somenent Nr. 2000 C000 20042  Gesti, 45, 115.5 117.5 124.6140.815.02  makes Unit Tot Meent Ltd.  Pet, London ECHY 887  61, 14, 158.11 34.11 39.8514280.74  47. 14, 180.21 80.21 30.22 37.24440.817
High Dist	Gleafriars Unit Tst Mogrs Ltd (0995)#   Do (Account of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the Common of the	2008 - 5221 57 27 27 27 18 16 65 6 28 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	with deals ware carried our restorier; PICALE PARTICULALES AND REPORTS TRANSPORT AND STREET AND STREET AND STREET AND SO Obtained in the continuatory notes contained in last column of the FT Unit the continuatory notes contained in last column of the FT Unit	er of charge from first interspect.  Post this American Front Interspe	rec	Baid F

Josephino lita

desk on 01-925-2126

Current Unit Trust Prices are available on FT Cityline. To obtain Unit Trust Code Booklet ring the FT Cityline help deak on 91 FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE Activité Asset Management 2070

1. Pra Lagral 2070

2. Ser Jane 1 10. 12

3. Ser Jane 1 10. 12

3. Ser Jane 1 10. 12

4. Ser Jane 1 10. 12

5. Ser Jane 1 i, Parisers Ltd 114.7 120.0 120.1 100.1 100.1 101.1 1117.8 +0.1 +0.1 +0.1 +0.1 +0.1 Jameses Special
Kertri American
Pagel Ic.
Smaller Companies.
Smaller Companies.
Smaller Con Divisies
UN Courty Greath.
Maraged.
Smalle AMDI Bertra
Growth Gilb.
Smalle Lorensele.
Smaller Lorensele.
Smaller Lorensele.
Smaller Lorensele.
Extra (Incorre.
Larense and Growth.
Gilt. 229.0 360.3 166.9 262.6 135.6 213.3 294.6 384.9 122.3 +0.2 Scottish Equitable Life Assee. Sec. 2851 Andrew Sq. Edibbard 403 403 403 403 +0.4 +0.1 +0.2 +0.5 +0.5 +0.5 +0.5 031-559101 403 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 404 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 404 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 405 - 405 187.3 177.6 159.8 202.2 202.2 202.2 202.2 153.4 150.8 150.2 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 200.1 +20 Prudential Pensions Limited Financial Secretile
Gold.
Intl. Leiture Mark.
Global Income.
Property Charac. ΙÖ. Bamford Brandt Tech and Comm Pacific Bouts Fd ..... Wastern Caropean . 151.6 115.9 108.2 108.3 108.3 108.3 108.3 108.3 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 118.6 JERSEY (SIB HECKNISED) 419.3 208.9 -26 Tessional Life Assurance Co Ltd bher Hse. Nelson Gate, Southermoron 0703 232323 and Wasson Fund... 46 19 101-66 401 -on Cash Fund. . 178 95 83.101 40 031 -173.1 81.2 55.2 59.9 61.1 61.9 52.8 52.8 Pros Carl Ang 16. 130.9 17.9

Regency Life Assurante Co Ltd Regency Life Assurante Co Ltd Regency Bill Landri St. Londos ELA 98S Agreeshee Prills Fd. 124.1 130.6

Agreeshee Prills Fd. 124.3 130.8

Elite Fand. 117.3 123.4

Elite Fand. 117.3 123.4

Elite Fand. 17.3 123.4

Elite Fand. 17.7 125.4

Elite Fand. 17.7 125.4

Elite Fand. 17.7 188.0

M. Angerican Fd. 124.7 131.2

Morrer Fand. 124.7 131.2

Morrer Fand. 124.7 131.2

Morrer Fand. 124.7 131.2

Morrer Fand. 125.7 131.2

Shein Select Invit. 110.5 130.2

Shein Select Invit. 110.5 110.5

Shein Select Invit. 110.5 110.5

Shein Select Invit. 110.7 111.2

Millipante Spec Per. 110.8 125.1

he Larget Feet. 97.9 to East Equit Man. 101_5 Spectrum Safrey 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102_F 102 Scottish Life Investme 195t Andrew Square, Ephythe 651.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 141.6 -03 +02 +03 +04 -08 -01 Teachers Assurance Company Ltd
12 Caristinata Rd, 5" mark BHI S.W.
12 Caristinata Rd, 5" mark BHI S.W.
13 Caristinata Rd, 5" mark BHI S.W.
14 Caristinata Rd, 5" mark BHI S.W.
14 Caristinata Rd, 5" mark BHI S.W.
15 Caristinata Rd, 5" mark BHI S.W.
16 Florid Rd, 12 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 16 Caristinata Rd, 113.0 105.2 107.3 107.3 111.6 95.7 107.7 Pacific.
Erropest.
international
Free interest.
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bressel
Bresse Tunteridge Wells Equitable
Abbry Court, Tuntridge Wells +0.5 +0.1 +0.1 +0.1 +0.2 +0.1 +0.1 +0.1 129.0 143.8 168.5 129.7 139.3 111.4 131.8 99.5 122.6 136.7 149.1 121.3 132.4 157.8 157.8 0279 7576% 351.452 1.650 1.751 4301 351.466 1.660 1.7751 4301 483) Ltd 0534 75141 131.0 527.5 137.5 117.6 137.6 131.7 14.7 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 131.0 1 177.6 177.5 198.0 141.8 141.1 250.8 240.5 158.6 103.2 101.7 101.7 104.3 192.5 -0.5 +0.6 *9.4 -0.2 #71 #71 #74 #74 #74 #74 #74 Professor Share.
Seasher Companies.
Worldwide Alpha.
Pressige Larone P fallo.
Pressige Lik P fallo.
Pressige Lik P fallo.
Shameta TSB Pressis
TSB Britistis Ground.
TSB Britistis Ground.
TSB Britistis Ground.
TSB Britistis Ground.
TSB Britistis Ground. Pen Mego July 31. 48

Scottisk Ministeral Em

LOP St Vincest St, Cleapon
Saftey Fund. 1. 1

Coportunity Fund. 1. 1

Coportunity Fund. 1. 1

UK Smaller Fund. 1. 1

UK Smaller Fund. 2

Funder Fund. 2

Funder Fund. 2

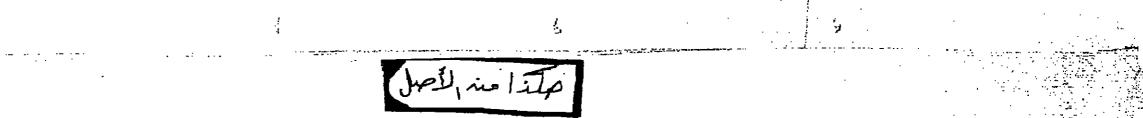
Funder Fund. 2

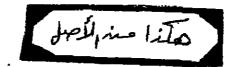
Funder Fund. 3

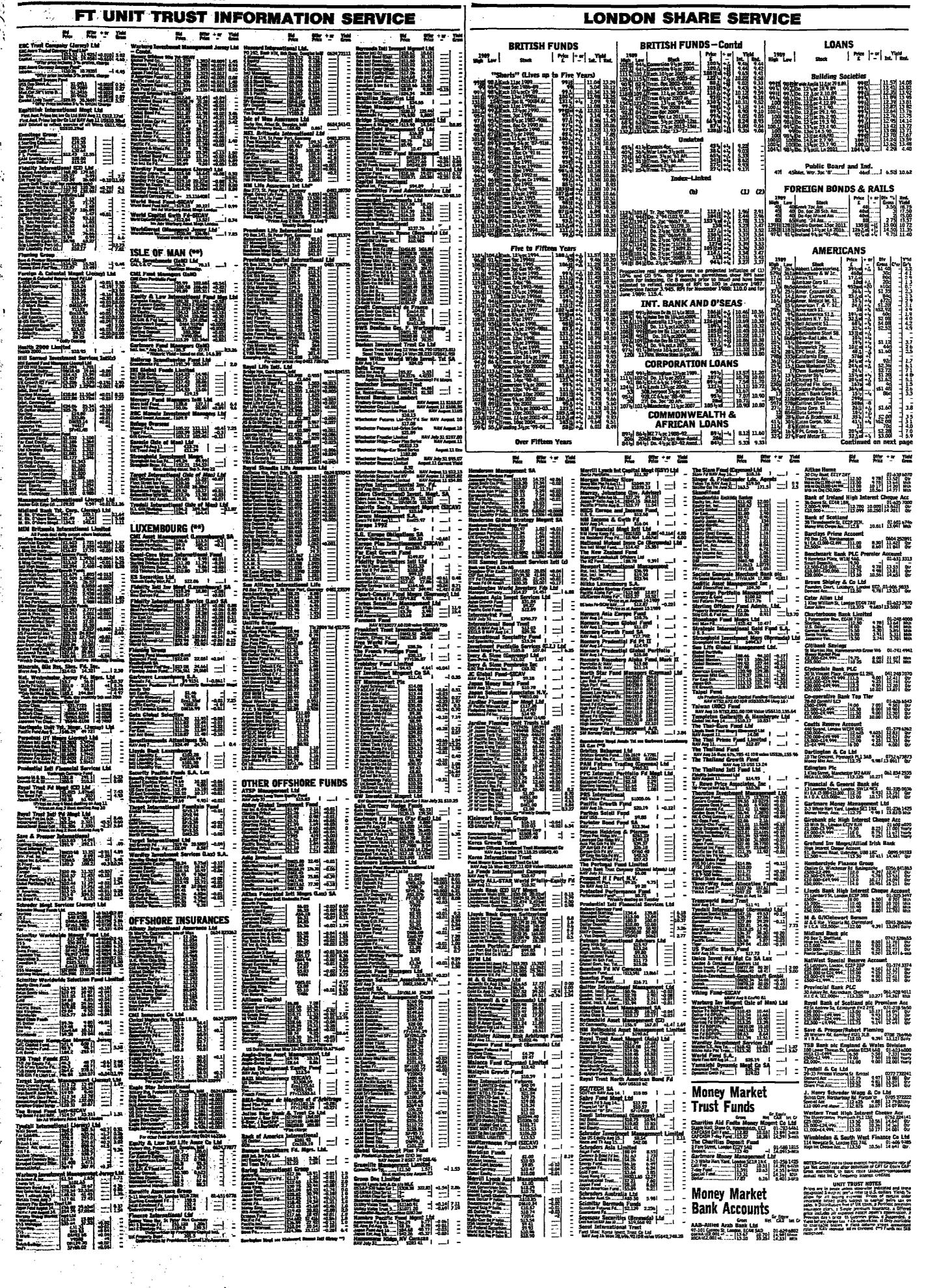
Lopamper Fund. 3 UK Life Assurance Co Ltd 173.0 264.2 171.4 149.7 307.9 165 8 4 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 185 7: 1 粉 184.5 172.0 117.5 117.6 124.1 103.4 108.5 -1-1 -1-0 -0-2 -0.8 Emerge & Resources. 150 rose 0 rose 1 state 150 rose 150 102.6 108.1 96.7 104.8 104.7 102.4 109.5 105.6 105.5 0702 333433 0277 278454 +0.21 121.81 40.1 40.1 40.1 40.8 40.4 40.4 Hannerd Fd. 229 6 22
Post Hannerd Fd. 129.3 13
Windsor Life Assur Co Ltd.
Wiedsor Hosse, Tefford Strongsbre
Actum. Pon. think. 259 4 22
Despoil. 10 129.3 22
Grid Red. & Sift. 127.5 2 2
Grid Red. & Sift. 127.5 1 100.1 1
High los. Equity 322.0 3
High los. Fared Int. 125.5 1
Bottle For Bottle Gill. 125.5 2
Bottle For Bottle Gill. 125.5 2
Bottle For Bottle Gill. 125.5 2
Bottle For Bottle Gill. 125.5 2
Bottle For Bottle Gill. 125.5 3
Bottle For Bottle Gill. 125.5 3
Bottle For Bottle Gill. 125.5 3
Bottle For Bottle Gill. 125.5 3
Bottle For Bottle Gill. 225.3 3
Bottle For Bottle Gill. 225.3 3
For Kry Gillanaged. 225.3 5
For Bottle Gill. 125.7 1
Great & Forty For Un. 126.4 5
Great & Forty For Un. 126.7 7
Great & Forty For Un. 126.7 7
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswer Ford. 126.7 1
Takeswe 2 219.2 2 195.2 2 195.9 4 249.7 ing Envestment Sheffield 100.7 2 176.1 4 177.6 1 103.9 1 132.7 426.0 116.5 115.4 171.1 268.7 271.1 268.7 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 271.4 451 9 439 6 628.3 330.8 357.3 2544 7 925 1 876 1 314 0 423.2 271.7 907.0 342.0 503.2 161.0 Scottish Provident Institution 6 St Andrews St. Edipheryb 205.3 221.0 228.8 245.5 151.4 141.9 175.4 141.9 273.9 273.9 274.9 274.9 274.9 274.9 274.9 274.9 274.9 274.9 274.9 international
property
Flued interest,
Inder-Linted.
Cash. Mibred Inte.
Pop. Ord
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Pop. Grant
Do. Grant
D **OFFSHORE AND OVERSEAS** +14 15 1.
100.6 205.
100.6 205.
100.6 205.
100.6 205.
100.6 205.
100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 100.8 rands las, lott 0124 23252 0.535±0.5434 AND 4.0-0.835±0.664 AND 4.0-0.835±0.540 AND 4.0-0.7435±0.5106 AND 4.0-0.7435±0.5106 AND 4.0-5 575,4 484,3 566,0 344,7 757,4 593,4 593,4 593,4 594,7 210,1 658,0 469,6 196,8 +0.1 +0.1 +1.7 +0.1 +0.1 +0.1 GUERNSEY (SIB RECOGNISED) 104.7 221.8 122.6 154.2 125.6 177.2 172.9 113.9 152.3 140.4 5113 7128 7720 1540 14838 14838 1203 148,8 120,1 1676,5 151,0 151,6 403,4 2174,7 128,1 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140,0 140 Australia.
Eastern.
Eastern.
Europeas Smilir Cos...
Portfolio.
Japan Growth....
Japan Subrise
American Growth... 40.5 40.5 40.1 40.1 40.1 40.1 40.1 40.1 855 63 898 86 David M., Aartin (Personal Fla. Pines.) Ltd
The Gid Town Hall, Toughquin, Bed: 0525-5282
D. Aaron Mood Ryl M., 156.9 177.8
D. Aaron Mood Ryl M., 156.9 177.9
D. Aaron Mood Tary Rt. 157.9 104.3 40.2 Das Gid Tary Rt. 157.8 104.3 40.9 Des Con Stan Beld). 114.0 120.3 40.1 Des Con Stan Pental... 130.3 157.1 40.2 -97.2 134.6 124.6 1100.3 145.9 93.2 166.2 209.1 196.3 179.6 243.1 277.0 785.4 140.4 01-7499111 +0.9 = -0.6 = +0.5 = +0.5 = Port, Georgeage (481, 71,2178)

Series Fined (2018)

23 #25 100 100 (423*5*2331) 190.6 155.6 108.4 112.6 99.1 53.5 Garbnere-Fund Managers (LeM) 90 Ros 32 Despis, Jed 10 Ros 20 Despis, Jed 10 Ros Apr 10 4 ... 50 1 549 .7 549 .4 40 91 0.9 Refuge Overseas ... 549 .7 549 .4 40 91 0.9 40 Floor, Victory Inc. Despis (M) 40 Floor, Victory Inc. Despis (M) 40 Floor, Victory Inc. Despis (M) 40 Floor, Victory Inc. Despis (M) 

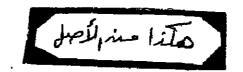






● Latest Share Prices are available on FT Cityline, To obtain your tree Share Code Booklet ring the FT Cityline help desk on 01-925-2128

32	LONDON SHARE SERVICE	● Latest Share Prices are available on FT Cityline. To obtain your tree Share Code Booklet ring the FT Cityline help deak on 91-925-2128
25   16   16   27   27   28   28   28   28   28   28	1987   Shek   Price   First   Price	1987   Stack   Price
1696   129-baBM Gard Corp   162s   1   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	### ELECTRICALS    1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941   1941	Section   Control   Cont
Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard   Standard	771 SOftwaren Print S. 5yr 220 17.74 4.0 3.3 4.2 1.248 31.270 187 (Deprime Print S. 5yr 220 17.24 11.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1.24.2 1	285   Entitioner claim   10 p. v.   13
Hire Purchase, Leasing, etc.  548 224 aogio Grp 100 456 41 5.0 3.8 1 5 19.4 120 125 120 9 12 1 19.9 458 41 5.0 1.3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	424 3175Milyr 50	1554   1756   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   1850   18
536 329 AMEC So. β 470 -1 17 0 2 6 4 8 8 8 217-1 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 17	163 135-Servamer 5p. y 163 144 17 19 3.8 135 122 81 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	701 482-lonkson Grands 1 4 6 -1 80 3.0 2 6 13.8 105 ESSEGN accident



# CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

### **FOREIGN EXCHANGES**

# Dollar awaits trade data pounds for dollars at around \$1.5775. This continued the

THE DOLLAR was volatile in thin and nervous foreign exchange trading, ahead of today's US trade report for and capacity use by US indus-June. It rose to a technical resistance point of DM1.9500, but failed to break through this level, finishing weaker overall as the approaching trade news led to a squaring of

long dollar positions. Sterling was supported by intervention from the Bank of England when it weakened in the early morning. This, coupled with encouraging UK eco-nomic data, produced a rally, with the pound closing firmer on the day against the dollar and D-Mark.

US economic news was slightly better than expected, leading to an attack on DM1.9500 but without too much conviction as attention had already focused on today's US trade figures. Yesterday's figures tended to underpin bullish sentiment surrounding the dollar, giving an excuse to drive the currency higher, but the market was in no mood to attach too much importance to data on housing starts and industrial production. This was particularly true since the figures were not far removed from most forecasts.

July housing starts rose at an annual rate 1.43m, against a revised 1.42m in June. Indus-trial production in July

trial p	roduction	ın	ama				
£ IN NEW YORK							
Aug.16	Aug.16 Latest Previous Close						
£ Spot	1.5820-1.5830 0.63-0.62pm 1.90-1.86pm 6.28-6.18pm	0.65 1.84	-1.5755 -0.63pm -1.81pm -6.13pm				

STERLING INDEX				
		Aug 16	Previous	
8.30 9.00 10.00 11.00 Noos 1.00 2.00 3.00	am	911 910 912 911 911 911	915 914 914 912 912 909 911	

CUR	REN	CY RA	TES
Aug.16	Bank rate %	Special* Orandog Rights	European 1 Currency Unit
Neth Guilder French Franc	7 1236 7.75 912 5.00 6.00 1314 8 913 1314 8 95.5 2012	1.25683 1.25331 1.48166 N/A N/A 9.46813 2.43844 2.75039 N/A 178.534 8.88095 N/A N/A N/A	1.47586 1.06718 1.25863 14.6022 43.4021 8.06146 2.07427 2.33851 1.490.63 151.869 129.705 7.03484 1.78699 178.624

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS					
Asq.16	Bank of England Index	Morgan ^{es} Guaranty Counges %			
Sterling U.S. Dollar Canadian Dollar Austrian Schilling Belgian Frant Danish Krone Oeussche Mark Series Frant Galiter Fresch Frant Ura	91.3 71.1 105.1 105.9 105.9 103.2 117.2 110.1 99.5 139.5	-19.9 -6.7 +12.2 +9.5 -6.1 -17 +20.1 +16.1 +13.1 -18.6 +69.8			

1982 = 100. 1985 = 100>≃	Guaranty changes Bank of England In Rates are for Aug. 15 R CURRE	idex (Base Average
Aug.16	£	5
iran Korea(Stit) Kawait Laxemboorg Majaysia Mexico	1027, 35-1035, 70 2.0845-2.0870 3.5405-3.6675 6.9045-6.9250 521, 15-365 65 12.3100-12.3225 116.50° 1052.65-1061.30 0.46940-0.47070 64.05-64.15 4.2300-4.2405 4015.15-4025 2.6910-2.6970	650,00-655,00 1 3200 • 1 3210 2 2720 • 2 2830 4 3820 • 4 3840 165 50 • 168 15 7,8055 • 7,8075 72 70° 665,90 • 671,30 0 29760 • 0 2935 40,75 • 40,85 2,6620 • 2,6840 25-12,00 • 25-8,00 1,7055 • 1,7085

OTHE	r Curre	NCIES
Aug.16	£	5
Argentina Australia Brazili Fintand Gerece Hong Kong Iran Kores/Sabi Kores/Sabi Kores/Sabi Kores/Sabi Kores/Sabi Merico N Zestand Sandi Ar Sandi Ar Sandi Ar Sangapore S. Af (Cm) Yalman U.A.E.	1027.35-1035.70 2.0845-2.0870 3.5905-3.6475 6.9045-6.9250 521.15-365 85 12.3100-12.3221 116.507 1052.65-108.135 1052.65-108.135 4 2300-4.15 4 2300-4.2405 4 25-64.15 4 2300-4.2405 4 25-64.15 4 2300-4.333 5 4 25-64.15 1 2 4700 5 9 145-5 8195 5 7 15-5.7955 5 7 15-5.7955	650.00 - 655.00 1.3200 - 1.3210 2.2720 - 2.2830 4.3620 - 4.3840 146.50 - 188.15 7.8055 - 7.8075 72.707 665.90 - 671.30 40.75 - 40.85 2.6820 - 2.5840 2.5820 - 2.5840 2.5820 - 2.5840 2.5820 - 3.7510 1.7955 - 1.7955 3.7500 - 3.7510 1.9550 - 1.9570 2.7415 - 2.7415 4.0815 - 4.165 4.0815 -
	Je , te	

MONEY MARKETS	
<b>Cautious t</b>	one
INTEREST RATES were barely changed in London yesterday despite a relatively favourable	bank bill purchases in band 1 at 13% per cent. In Frankfurt, rumours of an

early change to commercial banks' minimum reserve requirements with the Bundes-

bank were countered by com-ments made by Mr Helmut Schlesinger, deputy president of the central bank. Mr Schle-singer stressed that minimum reserves remain an important part of monetary policy and

part of monetary policy and that there are no proposals to

The denial came after reports that certain reserve requirements were likely to be

abolished next month. The

reserves are held by the Bund-esbank but the authorities do not pay interest, and the requirement is calculated on the size of each commercial

Meanwhile, the Bundesbank

accepted bids of DM22.6bn at

its latest two-tranche sale and repurchase tender, coinciding

with two maturing agreements

of DM24bn. The latest injection

of liquidity was split between

acceptances of DM15.7bn at

6.65-6.90 per cent for the 35-day agreement, and DM6.9bn at

6.75-6.85 per cent for the 68-day

In Brussels, the Belgian cen-tral bank also restricted the

supply of liquidity to the

money market after allocating

just BFr23.2bn through 14-day

repurchase agreements com-pared with BFr24bn leaving

the market as earlier agree-

ments matured.

change the system.

bank's deposits.

INTEREST RATES were barel changed in London yesterday despite a relatively favourable response to the latest batch of economic data. While manufacturing output showed a 0.7 per cent decline in June again expectations of a 0.3 per cent rise, attention still remained focused on July average earnings data due for release today.
Three-month interbank
money was quoted at 131-131 per cent, against 135-131 per

cent on Tuesday, while the UK clearing bank base lending rate

14 per cent from May 24

one-year rate edged up to 137 13% per cent from 13%-13%. Overnight money opened at 13%-13% per cent and touched a low of 13 because moving up to a high of 15 per cent.

The Bank of England forecast a shortage of around £500m. Factors affecting the market included bills maturing in official hands and a take-up of Treasury bills, together with repayment of late assistance draining £790m. There was also a rise in the note circulation of £120m. These were partly offset by Exchequer transactions which added £390m and banks' balances brought forward £20m above target.

The Bank gave assistance in the morning of £152m through outright purchases of eligible bank bills in band 1 at 13% per cent. Further help in the afternoon came to £271m through

try was running at an unchanged 83.6 per cent.

Dealers are now waiting to see if the June US trade deficit is below \$100n. According to a survey by MMS International, economists are looking for a deficit of \$9.4bn, against \$10.2bn in May. The dollar hovered for most

of the day in the region of DM1.9400 and closed at DM1.9425, compared with DM1.9465 on Tuesday. It also fell to SFr1.6720 from SFr1.6775; and to FFr6.5600 from FFr6.5775 but was from FFr6.57 unchanged at closing Bank o for the dollar the most vola As London sterling fell

DM8.0500. England

Tuesday. It auso	1.5 Det cent in May, withe man.
7r1.6720 from	ufacturing production fell 0.7
d to FFr6.5600	per cent after rising 1.3 per
775, but was	cent the previous month.
t Y142.15. The	The figures did not have any
of England index	great impact, but helped ster-
was taken before	ling finish 60 points higher at
atile period and	\$1.5790 and rise to DM3.0675
to 71.1 from 71.0.	from DM3.0625. The pound also
began trading	climbed to Y224.50 from
to a low of	Y223.75; to SFr2.6400 from
The Bank of	SFr2.6375; and to FFr10.3575
tervened, not	from FFr10.3475. Sterling's
Mark hut huvino	index rose 0.1 to 91.3.

intervention seen late on Tuesday and was regarded as a sig-

nal to the market that sterling

will not be allowed to fail.

As the pound recovered it received a little further sup-

port from news of a repayment of £1.4hn in the July UK public

sector borrowing requirement, compared with a borrowing requirement of £700m in June.

A repayment of £1.25bn was

June industrial production rose 0.1 per cent, after falling 1.5 per cent in May, while man-

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES								
	Eco central rates	Correscy amounts against Eco Ang. 16	% thange from central rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Divergence limit %			
Relgian Frant Danisk Krone erman D-Mark rench Franc botch Guilder rish Punt tallan Lira ganish Pesela	42.4582 7.85212 2.05853 6.90403 2.31943 0.768411 1483.58 133.804	43,4021 8 06146 2,07427 7,00776 2,33851 0,777034 1490,63 129,705	+2.22 +2.67 +0.75 +0.53 +0.82 +1.12 +0.48 -3.06	+1.05 +1.50 -0.41 +0.35 -0.05 -0.69	±1.5424 ±1.6419 ±1.1019 ±1.3719 ±1.5019 ±1.6689 ±4.0815			
bapors are for East the	refore postúbe d	tauce desotes a we	ak currency					

anges ære f Dastment c	or Ecu, therefore pos alculated by Financia	filme change depotes a I Times.	a mesk currency	_		
POU	ND SPOT	FORWAR	D AGAIN	IST 1	THE POU	ND
Aug. 16	Day's spread	Clase	One month	94	Three months	% P.E.
S mada mada mada mada mada mada mada mad	1.5715 - 1.5815 1.8515 - 1.8620 3.43 \( \) 3.464 63.80 - 643 1.674 - 1.172 \( \) 1.1615 - 1.152 3.05 - 3.07 23.450 - 257.00 190.85 - 191.80 21654 - 2266 \( \) 1.164 - 1.121 \( \) 1.0 37 - 1.041 2224 \( \) 225 2.46 - 2.65 2.65 - 2.644 1.4780 - 1.4835 55 - month forward of	1.5785 - 1.5785 1.8885 - 1.8985 3.46 4 - 3.46 4 64.05 - 64.15 11.913 - 11.924 11.985 - 11.479 256.00 - 257.00 191.15 - 191.45 22024 - 22034 11.204 - 11.21 4 10.36 - 11.21 4 10.40 - 10.41 224 - 225 245 - 225 245 - 245 245 - 245	0.47-0.19-cm 0.27-0.19-cm 2-1.19-cm 2-1.19-cm 1-1.29-cm 11-13-cm 1	4.75 1481 5.62 4.34 4.85 0.63 -0.53 2.94 4.70 2.835 6.66 4.59	1.90-1.86pm 0.79-0.66pm 53-55pm 88-84pm 13-1.23pm 15-1.11pm 15-3.21ds 9-7pm 14-3.21ds 13-3.21ds 13-3.21ds 13-3.21ds 14-43pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16-3.25pm 16	15517 54208 6477 1452 6440 1440 1440 1440
DOLL	AR SPOT-	FORWAR	D AGAIN	IST 1	HE DOL	LAR
	D~-/-			-	Three	42

CUR	REN	CY RA	TES _	DOLL	AR SPOT	- FORWAR	D AGAII	IST :	THE DOL	LAR
Aug.16	Bank rate	Special ^o Orandog Rights	European † Carrency Unit	Apy 16	Day's spread	Clase	One mosth	P.L	Three months	12. %
Austrian Sch Beiglan Franc Danish Krone Dentsche Mark Nech Guilder French Franc	7 12.36 5.77 91,2 5.00 6.00 91,2 13.12 8 91,2 5.5 20.12 d in term	1.25683 1.25531 1.48166 NIA 9.46813 2.43844 2.75039 NIA 178.534 8.88095 NIA 2.10368 NIA 0.91423 c of SDR.aed Calculations.	1.4758 1.06718 1.2583 14.6022 43.4021 8.06146 2.07427 2.33851 7.00976 1490 63 151.859 7.57696 129,705 7.03484 1.7859 178.624 0.777034	Forward ores	7.514 - 7.574 19335 - 1.9500 18240 - 162.75 121.05 - 121.80 7.674 - 7.114 6.544 - 6.59 6.57 - 6.604 13.624 - 13.724 1.6660 - 1.6605 1.6670 - 1.0695	6.55 \( \) - 6.56 \( \) 6.56 \( \) - 6.59 \( \) 142.10 - 142.20 13.67 \( \) 13.67 \( \) - 1.6725 1.6725 1.0685 - 1.0695 tree and of London tree and the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate the US doll approximate th	6.64.6.1cpm 0.1940.32cm 0.1940.32cm 0.33-0.32cm 3.50-2.00cpm par-0.25cmells 5.94.60cm 5.94.60cm 5.94.10cm 1.00-1.0cm 1.45-1.60cmells 0.45-0.45cm 0.45-0.45cm 0.45-0.10cm 1.45-1.60cmells 0.45-0.45cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0.45-0.10cm 0	-1.90 -0.14 -2.78 -2.78 1.97 1.61 0.22	1.90.1.85pm 0.40-0.30pm 0.90-0.90dis 0.93-0.89pm 0.80-1.00dis 0.93-0.91pm 210-250dis 158-168dis 12.00-12.70dis 4.50-4.85dis 1.30-1.27pm 6.40-4.90gis 0.68-0.65pm 0.12-0.10pm	4.70 -3.10 -3.10 -3.10 -3.10 -3.10 -3.10 -5.3 -3.5 -2.40 -2.87 -3.60 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.
		•		-	EURO-C	URRENCY	INTERE	ST F	RATES	

is Dollar  S Dollar  Gerlder  Franc  Jensten  Fr. (Fln)  Fr. (Con.)  Fr. (Con.)  Long ter		9 i. 8 12:11 73:7 74:7 74:7 74:7 91:- 12:1 81:8 85:8 55:5	9/12/77/77/77/77/13/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/	.81 114 1-7 2-71 2-81 1-9 1-9 1-9 1-9 1-9 1-9 1-9 1-9	91.81 12-113 73-71 7-63 91-91 121-121 81-81 91-91 91-9	81177 77791288 81599	811-7-1-1-7-1-8-1-7-1-8-1-8-1-8-1-8-1-8-	83-81 111-11 74-7: 72-6: 9-83 12-12 82-81 83-81 54-5: 94-81	8 11 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 5 9 8	2.84 2.11 2.65 2.12 2.84 2.84 2.84 2.84 2.84 2.84 2.84 2.8
9 <u>1.</u> 8	in Enrado	Eurodoliars: tu er cest comical E	Stort term						9-87) per 95, two da	(55 H)
Aug.16	£	£ S	DM	Yea	F Fr.	S Fr.	H FL	Lira	cs	BF
£	1	1 1.579	3.068	224.5	10.36	2,640	3.458	2202	1 950	64.1
•	0.633	0.633   1	1943	142.2	6561	1,672	2190	2203 1395	1859	40.6
DM: YEN	0.633 0.326 4.454	0.326 0.515	<u> </u>	73.17 1000.	3.377 46.15	0.860 11.76	2190 1127 15.40	718.1 9813	0.606 8.281	40.
DM	0.326	0.326 0.515 4.454 7.033	1 13.67 2.961	73.17	6.561 3.377	1.672 0.860	2.190			20.1 285 61.1 24.1

	EXCHANGE CROSS RATES									
Awg.16	£	S	DM	Yen	F Fr.	S Pr.	H FL	Lira	es	B Fi
£	1	1.579	3.068	224.5	10.36	2.640	3.458	2203	1.859	64.1
	0.633	1	1.943	142.2	6.561	1.672	2.190	1395	1.177	40.6
DM:	0.326	0.515	1	73.17	3.377	0.860	1_127	718.1	0.606	20.8
YEN	4.454	7.033	13.67	1000.	46.15	11.76	15.40	9813	8.281	265.
F Fr.	0.965	1.524	2961	216.7	30.	2.548	3.338	2126	1.794	61.8
S Fr.	0.379	0.598	1.162	85 04	3.924	1	1.310	834.5	0.704	24.2
Н FI.	0.289	0.457	0.887	64.92	2.9%	0.763	1	637.1	0.538	18.5
<i>Цп</i> а	0.454	0.717	1.393	101.9	4.703	1.198	1.570	1000.	0.844	29.1
C S B Fr.	0.538 1.560	0.849 2.463	1,650 4,785	120.8 350.2	5.573 16.16	1.420	1.860 5.395	1185 3437	1 2,900	34.4 100.

.16				100.		Latest 1.5658	High 1,5690	Low	Prev.	
Ass fi	. per 100					Sep Des:	15476	1.5090 1.5502 1.5310	1566	1.5718 1.5534 1.5340
_										
_										
		FT I	LQN	DON	ואו ו	ERBA	NK F	IXIN	IG	
_	011.00	a.m. Aug.	16) 3 n	noeths US	éollars	T	6 months	US Dolla	rs	
_		a.m. Aug. 813	160 3 m		dollars Bl2	bid :			rs offer 83,	

DAM-STERLING SI per £

	1	<b>IONE</b>	/ RAT	ES				
NEW YORK		Treasury Bills and Bonds						
Lunchtime Printe rate	_ 10½	One stoeth Two month Three month Six month , One year Two year		8.26 Fire (		8.15 8 16		
Aug.16	Overnight	One Month	Terro Mosths	Three Montes	Six Mooths	Lombard Intervention		
Frankfurt. Parks. Zarkds. Anssterfam. Tekyo Milaa Brusseks. Dablia	6.80-6.90 812-9-2 613-7-30 513-7-30 513-514 1213-121 ₂ 6.60 95-97	6.85-7.00 9-9-1 7-1-7-1 7.18-7.28 53-52 123-133 84-84 91-18	6.85-7.00 9-9-1 - - - 97g-101g	6.85-7.00 9-9-1 71-73- 7-15-7.25 53-52- 123-133- 82-85- 97-103-	6.85-7.00 874-9	7.00 8.75 - - - - -		
						<u> </u>		

LONDON MONEY RATES									
Asq.16	Overnight	7 days notice	One Month	Three Months	Str Montks	One Year			
nterbank Offer nterbank Bid terling CDs. ocal Authority Bonds ocal Authority Bonds ocapany Deposits	15 13 13 13 14	13% 13%	1913 1914 1914 1915 1916 1916 1916	13% 13% 13% 13%	134	134			
TRANCE House Deposits TRANCE BUY LINK BIII'S (Buy) THE TRACE BIII'S (Buy) THE TRACE BIII'S (Buy) THE TRACE BIII'S (Buy) THE TRACE BUY THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DEPOSITE THE TRACE DE	:		14° 1314 1315 144 9.00	14 4 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	128 131 8.80	- 8.70			
CU Linked Dep Offer CU Linked Dep Bid	I - I	:	81g 93g 91g	913	880-6 14-4-15-4 14-4-15-4	84 8 94 94			

discount 13.3268 p.c. ECGD Fixed Rate Sterling Export Finance. Make up day July 31, 1989, Agreed rates for period August 26, 1989 to September 25, 1989, Scheme I. 14.80 p.c. Schemes II & III; 15.23 p.c. Reference rate for period July 1. to July 31, 1989, Scheme IN&V: 13.984 p.c. Local Anthority and Finance Houses seven days' notice, others seven days' fixed. Finance Houses Bose Rate 14½ from August 1, 1989; Band Deposit Rates for sunts at seven days notice 4 per cent. Certificates of Tax Deposit ISaries 6); Deposit ECO,000 and over held under one month 9½ per cent; one-three months 11 per cent; three-six months 11 per cent; six-nine months 11 per cent; nine-twelve months 11 per cent; under 5100,000 9½ per cent from December 1,1983, Deposits withdrawn for cash 5 per cent.

FINANCIAL FUTURES

# Short sterling prices firmer

year appear slim.

Three-month sterling deposits for December delivery all but discount a full one point

reduction in bank base rates to

13 per cent, finishing at 86.95 compared with 86.88 on Tues-

adopted a more bullish tone in yesterday's Liffe market. Short sterling and long gilt contracts were underpinned by better than expected UK economic data and a rise in the pound, while US instruments were firmer despite slightly stronger than expected figures on July industrial production and capacity utilisation. The dollar did start to fall late in the day, but this was too late to affect

trading in the Liffe market. LIFFE LING CALT FUTURES OPTIONS ESO,000 640% of 190% Estimated volume total, Calls 651 Pots 868 Previous day's noes int. Calls 18446 Pros 317375

LONDON (LIFFE) Estimated volume () (0) Previous day's open int. () (0)

Estimated volume 334 (310) Previous day's open int. 1186 (1188

9163 9165 9157 9162 9165 9156 Est. Vol. Gac. figs. not shown? 71,06 (12546) Previous day's open int. 52057 (51544)

92.98 93.05 93.22 93.32 Estimated volume 3165 (4130) Previous day's open int. 13199 (13242) Clost High Low 2344.5 2346.0 2332.0 2388.0 2386.0 2382.0 Estimated volume 1758 (1802) Previous day's open int. 20688 (20789) 1-mat. 3-math. 6-math. 12-math. 1.5728 1.5602 1.5435 1.5173 Spot 1.5790

x ths 7.06	8.20 8.15 8.15 8.16 8.16 8.16 8.10 Lordard Intervention	EDE IN IN IN IN IN IN IN IN IN IN IN IN IN
O4	:	ABN C ABN P Aegon C Aegon P Abold C

			• • •	=		<u></u> -	<del></del>
ABM C	FI. 45	號	1.50 1.70 7.60	144	2.80	49	3.60 2.50
ABN P	FI, 45 FJ. 105	1117	170	- 3	2.80 2.40 a	49 24	230
Aegon C	FI. 105	101	7.60	-	I - 1	7-	1 1
Aegou P Abold C	FI. 108 FI, 140		I – 1	45	150	. –	I - J
Ahold C	FI, 140	148	5.20	7	8.30	12	20.30
Altold P	FL 140	<b>51</b>	6.30		ı –		i - I
Akzo C Akzo P	FI. 150	238	6.30 4.80	95	8.20	9	11.50
Akzo P	FI. 150	148 51 238 356 324 199	4	19 79	8.20 5.60	14 63	11.50 7.10 3.80
Amer C Antro C	Fl. 60	324	1.50	79	1 3	63	3.80
Aztró C	FJ. 85	199		- Á	8.20 a		
ÁMPO P BUHRMANN-T C	FI, 95	45	6.30	. –	820		1
BUHRMANN-TC	Fi. 65	45 290	6.30 7.80	50	l 9.10	10	10.80
BUHRMANN-TP	F1.65	ı <b>-</b>		-	1 - I	10 65	10.80 1.50
DAF N.V.C	FI. 140 FI. 150 FI. 150 FI. 60 FI. 65 FI. 65 FI. 65 FI. 140	145	5.10	20	16.80		
M,Y, DSM C	FI. 140	295	4.40	18	1 9	1.	12.50
N.V. DSM P	F1. 133	164	4.40 5.80 0.50	20 18 1	7.60 1.20 5.50	= :	
Gist-Broc. C	E1 40	732	0.30	7	li 20	132	2.40
Helneken C	F1. 140	38	3	11	15.50		1
Hoogovers C	F1. 140 F1. 130 F1. 115 F1. 55 F1. 50 F1. 60	145 295 164 732 38 822 305 1156 299	4.50 6.50 b 2.50	11 37 24 132	J • Q		1 - 1
Hoogovens P KLM C KLM P KNP C	FI. 115	305	6.50 ь	24	9.60 4.60 a 1.90	_	). <u> </u>
KLM C	FI, 55	1156	2.90	132	l 4.60 a i	69 .	1 6 1
KLM P	FI. 50	347	0.80	·第 305	1 190	- 6	2.70
KNPC	FI. 60	299	180	305	13.60	ı 4	∤  š
I KOMPP	F1. 33	137	0.80 1.80 1.80	33	280	4	1 4
MEDLLOYD C	FLAS	13	10 0.50 2.30 0.80	33 445	2.90 13.80	-	1 <u>-</u> 1
NEDLLOYD P	F1.82 F1.70 F1.65	遊 77	0.50		:	-	1 1
Hat_Ned. C Nat. Ned. P Philips C	F1.70	1370	2.30	388 266 509	4.20 1.60	7	5.50 b
Nat, Ned. P	FI. <b>45</b>	470	0.80	266	1.60		
Philips C	FL 45	692	0.80	509		225 140	2.80
Philips P	FI, 40	121	1	22	1.80	140	13
Royal Dutch C	FI. 40 FL 150	692 121 792	3	213	6.10	7	8.50
Royal Dutch P	FI, 140	諁	1 2	19	1.80 6.10 3.50 6.70	7 35 11	4.80
Uniterer C	FI. 160	672	3.90	79	6.70	111	j Š
Unliever P	FI, 140 FI, 160 FI, 150 FI, 45	46 654	3.90 1.30	22 213 19 79 254 10		_	1 1
Van Ommeren C	F1, 45	654	4	10	5.90	. 7	7.50
V	E) 4E	17004					

finished below their best levels but still retained much of the gains established earlier in the day on short covering. The September price touched a high of 97-01 before finishing at 96-27 compared with 96-10 on Tuesday.

day. But many traders still see the price as both over-optimis-Tuesday.

West German Government
bonds moved higher in quite
active trading; the September
price closed at \$5.34 from \$5.18.
Sentiment was influenced by
the D.Mark's stronger performance against the dollar. tic and expensive. The cash equivalent of 13%-13% per cent is regarded as being much more realistic because the chances of a cut in rates this US Treasury bond futures

Dec 131 130 0.50 0.71 0.54 0.59

LIFFE US TREASURY NAME FUTURES OFFICIALS Slor, noo 64% of 180% Estimated volume total, Calls 79 Parts 130 Previous day's nors for Calls 3110 Parts 3719 LIFFE SHORT STEELING OPTION 6504,066 points of 108%

Pats-5 Sep 0.02 0.03 0.06 0.14 0.30 0.51 0.75 Estimated volume total, Calis 1716 Pats 1442
Pervious day's ones fol. Calis 37164 Pats 24366

CHICAGO

Pres. 92.14 92.51 92.64 92.64 92.55

Previous day's open int; Calls 330,776 Previous day's volume: Calls 7,398 Per

BASE LENDING RATES Adam & Company 14

AAB - Allied Arab Bk 14

Allied Irish Bank 14 Comm. Bl. N. Fast Co-operative Bank . Coetts & Co Heavy Austracties
 Associates Cap Corp Cyprus Popelar Bk . Denhar Bank PLC Authority Bank

B & C Merchant Bank

Bank of Baroda Duncas Laurie Equatorial Bask plc Roducine 6'vantee ..... Royal Bk of Scotland .... Exeter Trust Life.

Bance Bilbao Vizzaya Bark Hapcallan Bark Credit & Comm Bark of Cypres Bark of Ireland PRIS. Neutonal Data Pri.

Robert Fleering & Co.

Robert Fleering & Co.

Robert Fleering & Co.

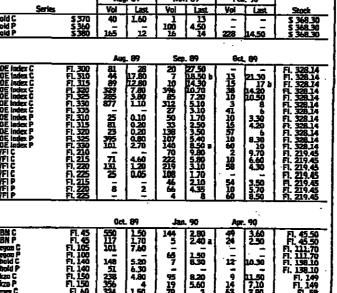
Grossot

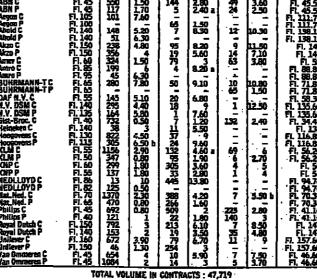
HTC Bank plc.

Hambros Bank

Revitable & Ges Inv Bak Bank of India .... Bank of Scotland Westpar, Bank Corp. ..... Whitesonay Laidland ..... Yorkshire Bank ...... ♣ Hill Sugge! Hongkose & Shangh
Leopold Joseph & Sons
Lloyds Bank
Meghraj Bank Ltd
McGhousell Douglas Bnk Members of British Merchant.
 Banking & Securities Houses
 Association. ** Deposit non 5.9%
 Saventee 8.5%. Top Tre-£10,000-instant access 12.8% & Mortgage lase rate. § Demand deposit, 9%.
 Mortgage 13.25% - 15% Brown Stripley
 Brisess Mage Tsi
 CL Bank Rederland
 Charterhouse Bank
 Ckilbank RA

**EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE** 





B=8id C=Call

MURRAY UNIVERSAL. MURRAY UNIVERSAL, SICAY

presentation of coupon no. 20.

dividend at following banks:

CLYDESDALE BANK LIMITED
30, Lombard Street
LONDON EC3

BANQUE GENERALE DU LUXEMBOURG S.A.

The Board of Directors

Luxembourg, 15, 700 Addings Convector Register : Luxembourg, Section & \$.521 Registered Office: Luxembourg, 14, rue Aklringen Commercial Register: Luxembourg, Section B 8,621

DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT DIVIDEND

The shareholders are hereby ANNOUNCEMENT informed that the Annual Ganeral Meeting of August 11,1969 The shareholders are hereby has approved for Murray Universal Sicay, Pacific Portfolio informed that the Annual General Meeting of August 11, 1989 has approved for Murray University the payment of a dividend of versal. Sicav. American Portfolio the payment of a divi-

USD 0,02 per share

to abares subscribed and in circulation on August 11, 1959 payable immediately against filed 0'10 bet space to shares subscribed and in curpentation of coupon no 7. culation on August 11, 1989 payable immediately against

The shareholders tan cash the dividend at following bank: BANQUE GENERALE

OU LUXEMBOURG S.A. 27, avenue Monterey LIDEMBOURG

The Board of Oirectors.

SPONSORED SECURITIES High Low Company Price

341 295 Ass. Brit. Ind. Onfigury 341

38 28 Armitage and Rhodes 450

47 25 BBB Design Group (USM) 2020

124 105 Bardon Group CV. Pref. SED 124

123 94 Bray Technologies 94

110 105 Brenshill Conv. Pref 104

305 285 CCL Group Ordinary 228

176 168 CCL Group Drdinary 228

176 168 CCL Group Drdinary 228

176 168 CCL Group Pref SED 110

28 4.5 Magnet CP Neo-Voting A Core 25

5 2.5 Magnet CP Neo-Voting B Core 25

130 119 kis Grosp 1126 46 11.0 21 345 5.4 6.3 8.3 10.5 -10.6 -5.1 3.6 8.8 -3.5 12.9 2.5 magnet of recomposition of the composition of t

Secontiles designated (SE) and (USIA) are dealt in subject to the rules and regulations of The Stock Exchange. Other securities liked above are dealt in subject to the rules of TSA Stock Exchange. Other securities liked above are dealt in subject to the rules of TSA These Securities are dealt in strictly on a matched bargain basis. Norther Granulle & Co Limited nor Granulle Davies Limited are market makers in these securities.

* These securities are dealt on a restricted basis, Further details available

150m 465sus 289 114

Granville & Co. Ltd. 77 Mansell Street, London El 8AF Telephone 01-488 1212 Member of TSA

Granville Davies Limited 77 Mansell Street, London El SAF

6.7 55 4.0 12.4 3.2 10.1 9.4 2.8 10.6 7.0

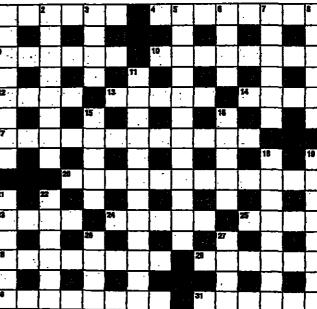
I.G INDEX LTD, 9-11 GROSVENOR GARDENS, LONDON SW1W OBD Tel: 01-828 7233/5699: An AFBD member Reuters Code: IGIN, IGIO FT 30 FTSE 100 WALL STREET
Aug. 1954/1963 +22 Aug. 2336/2346 +28 Aug. 2693/2705 +3
Sep. 1961/1970 +21 Sep. 2344/2354 +26 Sep. 2702/2714 +2

Prices taken at 5pm and change is from previous close at 9pm

**JOTTER PAD** 

### **CROSSWORD**

No.7,014 Set by DINMUTZ



**ACROSS** 

1 Thin material for Tessa's first child (6)
4 Salary-ceiling required for one on the bottle? (5-3)
9 Shed in Berkshire town (6)

10 Rare find, perhaps, at one end of the rainbow (5-8)
12 Bills for cigarettes (4)
13 Game of many skills (5) 14 Such a boundary gives lead

17 Perhaps spot the potter's mark? (8-4) 20 Describing the strain of using energy in Anglo-Gaelic translation? (12) 23 Providing piece for a Roman

poet (4) 24 Begin street painting (5) 25 Churi left, dismissed (4)

25 Churi left, dismissed (4)
28 Draughts in English country-house, some say (8)
29 Lupin-raiser in Holloway (6)
30 Bookishness of peer digesting Dante, perhaps (8)
31 Waiter almost disappeared around Circle Line (6)

1 Trial on underground that is closed off at one end? (4-4) 2 Surface-to-air missile to increase in size (8)

3 Surgeon's inner compulsion

(4) 5 Kind of duty of unhappy lot?

(12) 6 Nobleman almost too soon arriving? (4)

7 Angry outburst of one caught in traffic (6)
8 Ready to bat, power-assisted? (6)
11 But it seldom, if ever, provides a second check (4 lb)

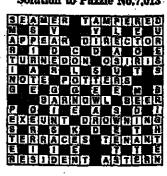
vides a second shock (4-8) 15 Farmer's drawer for papers?

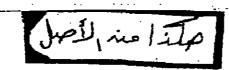
(5) 16 Works hard for ship holding record (5) 18 A cryptographer's ruse of simply taking initial charac-

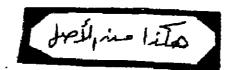
ters (8)
19 Characteriess club, this, for evening out (4-4)
Protection for a climber making his first purchase?

(6)
22 Balmy place for soldier to take guide (6)
28 Southern family fell (4)
27 Planned go at encircling Julius Caesar (4)
Solution to Barrie We G 012

Solution to Puzzle No.7,013







# **WORLD STOCK MARKETS**

	<del> </del>	<del></del>			AIK MINITERIO	
AUSTRIA August 16 Selt + or -	FRANCE (continued)  August 16 Fts. + 0r -	GERNARY Continued		EDEN	CAL	IADA
America Airbon		Baser		8 (Free) 272 -2 -Lanel B (Free) 680 +20 A Free 680 +10	Spice Stock High Low Close Chag Spice Stock High Low Close Chag	
1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,000   1,00	85N 744 -1 85N 722 -5 8anctine Cin 725 425 8Me (Cert. Inv.) 421 -1 84pin-Say 662 -2 0c, Certs 450 45 8orgrain 3,240 7 8orgrain 3,240 7 8orgrain 3,345 -1	Saper   311   -3.5	Soussess	18 t/ree	TORONTO  2pm prices August 16  Qualitions in cents unique netrals 5. 17002 AMCA int 470 485 485 1205 Abital Pr 5175 171, 173 + 1, 800 Agrico E 5104 101, 101 + 1, 800 Convent B 514 105, 105, 105, 105, 105, 105, 105, 105,	102127 Inco 34214 42 4214 + 14 5976 Inter City 52413 2414 + 14 5976 Inter City 52413 2414 + 14 5998 Interhome \$46 46 46 + 14 100 Inc Grp \$1914 1914 1914 1914 1914 1914 1914 191
Arbet   1,500   -50   Bask hat, a Lis   1,500   -50   Bask hat, a Lis   13,600   -50   Basses Gen. De. Lis   14,500   -50   Basses Gen. De. Lis   14,500   -50   Bester B. Grig	Color	Departs	AEGON	8 Fine	13582 A Barrietz 530% 30% 30% 10% 10% 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	761 Lobiuw Co 515 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
De	Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Section   Sect	Harpener   454   Harbener   455   Harbener   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   455   4	Same State S	alors 1345 +122 Phys. Deris. 97 +1 size Hid Phys. 2,2500 +50 Phys. 3710 +5 ph. 3710 +41 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710 +130 ph. 3710	28800 Bomber B \$16 ⁷ / ₈ 18 ¹ / ₈	118 Millianova \$19-\frac{1}{2}\$ 19\frac{1}{2}\$ 19\frac{1}{2}\$ 19\frac{1}{2}\$ 19\frac{1}{2}\$ 19\frac{1}{2}\$ 19\frac{1}{2}\$ 19\frac{1}{2}\$ 19\frac{1}{2}\$ 19\frac{1}{2}\$ 20\frac{1}{2}\$ 4100 Shifting A : \$550\frac{1}{2}\$ 50\frac{1}{2}\$ 50\frac{1}{2}\$ 50\frac{1}{2}\$ 50\frac{1}{2}\$ 50\frac{1}{2}\$ 50\frac{1}{2}\$ 50\frac{1}{2}\$ -\frac{1}{2}\$ 3\frac{1}{2}\$ +\frac{1}{2}\$ 1000 Muscoche \$240\$ 240 240 240 1001 Muscoche \$240\$ 240 240 1001 3000 NewFel Ent \$20\frac{1}{2}\$ 20\frac{1}{2}\$ 12\frac{1}{2}\$ 13\frac{1}{2}\$ 12\frac{1}{2}\$ 14\frac{1}{2}\$ 14\frac{1}{2}\$ 13\frac{1}{2}\$ 13\frac{1}{2}\$ 13\frac{1}{2}\$ 13\frac{1}{2}\$ 12\frac{1}{2}\$ 14\frac{1}{2}\$ 12\frac{1}{2}\$ 12\frac{1}
De AFY 2 3.500 +70 De AFY 2 5.500 +110 Kreitebert 4,500 De AFY 4,455 Pan licklings 12,500 +75 Refflerje Tire 2,700 +50 Boyale Rejp 3,780 +20 De AFY 2 3,780 +20 De AFY 2 3,780 +20 De AFY 2 3,580 +40	Gas Grobbysique 835 - 10 Gas Goxientale 925 + 63 Hanas 1,124 + 129 Imetal 341 - 2-5 Immobiles de Fr 1,278 + 15 Immobiles de Fr 775	Lightneyer   1,005   45   11   11   12   12   13   14   15   15   15   15   15   15   15	Coe Gristian   306.00	rer (Sec.) 1,900 +10  Pop. 253  - 283  - 283  - 283  - 283  - 283  - 283  - 290  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200  - 200	1900 Camp soup 3ct 22 9 24 - 14 1900 Camp soup 3ct 22 9 24 - 14 1900 Camps of 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	11/71 No. Urm 320/2 20/4 20/4 11521 Nor Tell 534/2 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
Set earl step	Indestrictie	PWA 30A.1 +1.1 Philips Kommon. 56.5 56.5 70 Promise 634 -1 Promise 727 -1.5 Reincipitra 1.649 +4 Rigid West Elect 340 +2.5 De, Pref. 284 +1.5 Reinmustall Berl 413 +8 Do. Pref. 227.5 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.5 40.5 40	Royal Datch	x-Cutembers 1,555 -15   8	3000 Canama	1000 Paymin Af   204   9   54+ 14   100 Paymin Af   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201   201
Dec. APV   2,295   15   15   15   15   15   15   15	Person SA 912 +2 Pollet 752 -9 Pretabali Steam 1,174 +29 Printerson Sa 814 -1	Springer Vig Rg	17.50   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5   -1.5			ICES
Des Dessite Santa 532.5 +2.5 Exz. Astartic 522.6 +2.8 FLS Ints. B 3,130 -4.7 Gl Great Hordic 780 +0.0 LS.S. B. Systams 685.5 +48.8 Jyste Bank 438.7 +13.6 Hordick Kahad 595.5 Hordick Kahad 595.5 Hordick Kahad 595.5 Hordick Kahad 595.5 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hordick Kahad 595.5 +5.8 Hor	Restorte	TTALY August 16 1.tre + er - Bance Cote'e 5350 431 Bance Mar Aeric 9880	SPAIN SQUET  August 16 Pts.% + er — August  Banco Billian Viz	TH AFRICA st 16 Rend + er - 100 255   -0.05	Aug   Aug   Aug   1989   Since compilation	Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. 1989  16 15 14 11 High Low  AUSTRALIA All Ordinaries CL/1/800 1719.4 1713.4 1715.5 1695.0 1719.4 116/80 1412.9 (7/4) All Minning CL/1/800 805.2 809.2 808.2 791.6 815.2 (16/8) 652.6 (7/4)  AUSTRAL AUSTRAL Credit Aktien CO/1/2/840 396.62 (cc) 393.51 391.28 396.62 (16/8) 219.5 (2/1)
FINLAND  August 15 Mita + er -  August 15 Mita + er -  August 15 Mita + er -  August 16 Mita + er -  August 17 Mita + er -  August 18 Mita + er -  August 18 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita + er -  August 19 Mita +   Stis Rossiana		Basco Santaeder   1822	ref regin	Utilities	BELGIUM Brussels SE (1/1/80) (u) (c) (c) 6325.43 6325.43 (11/8) 5519.30 (4/1) DENMARK Coperagen SE (1/1/83) 336.96 333.09 333.84 334.38 356.65 (12/7) 275.49 (27/2) FRILAND Buitzs General (1975) 772.3 769.1 767.5 768.6 815.8 (18/4) 723.3 (4/1) FRANCE	
Horizonati 1709   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100	Taitchaper	00. Priv. 7,395 Fids 8,070 +380 Foodlaria 61,700 -580 Gemina 2,176 -20 Seneral Assicar 44,710 -300	Figs   semant   400	Mat. Bank   17.25     State Lors Gold   38.5   40.5     State Lors Gold   38.5   42.75     State Lors Gold   38.5   42.75     State Lors Gold   38.5   42.75     State Lors Gold   20.75   40.25     State Lors Gold   54   41.5     Gold   37.5   41.5     Gold   7.9   40.05     The Hidgs   22   41     State Lors Mailing   52.5   41.75     State Lors Mailing   52.5   41.75     Wandt   11.9   -0.2     Plat   67.55   41.25	Femerical	CAC General C3/12/820 509.8 (c) 62 507.2 509.8 (16/8) 43.7.9 (4/1) [ed. TestamocC9/12/88) 122.2 (c) 122.2 122.4 (28/7) 97.5 (27/2) [ed. TestamocC9/12/88) 655.82 (c) 122.2 (c) 122.2 122.4 (28/7) 97.5 (27/2) [ed. TestamocC9/12/88) 655.82 (c) 122.2 122.4 (28/7) 97.5 (27/2) [ed. TestamocC9/12/88) 655.82 (c) 122.4 (28/7) 97.5 (27/2) [ed. TestamocC9/12/88) 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1271.70 (23/2) [ed. TestamocC9/12/88) 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 1982.0 198
Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   Second   S	August 36 Bm. + 6 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 -	Silbarini lais.   21,195   -205   197 Priv.   25,050   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   15   200   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150   -150	Saria	arine & Ren	Dow Industrial Div. Yield   3.43   3.41   3.44   3.73	TALY   Banca Com. Ital. (1972)
JAPAN  August 16 Yer + gr  Alsomoto   2,860    Archara Braha   570    Also Exertif   2,700    Amster   2,000    Amster   2,000    Amster   2,000    Amster   2,200    A	August 16   Yen   + 6r     Japan Radio   1 950   + 10     Japan Steel Was   1,40   +10     Japan Steel Was   1,20   +40     Japan Syste Nov   2,500     Japan Wool   2,40   +130     Japan Wool   2,40   +170     Japan Wool   2,400   +77     Japan Radio   1,500     Japan Radio	August 16   Yes + pr -	Ampoint 16   Yes + or -   August 16   Yes + or -   August 16   Talcan Sharp   954   44   MISM 17   Incan Sharp   2,580   420   16,75   17   Incan Sharp   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,570   1,	nersons 1.15 +0.12   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.	New York	NORMAY   Oslo SE (2/1/83)   648.29   636.09   635.00   639.32   668.90   (14/7)   467.17   (2/1)
Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10 Archiv (Ser. 1,340 -10	Kapome	Mikin Sec	Toke Skyleny	hero Star 0.55 nidge 0.67 +0.02 li Danidop 5.22 not" 2.13 +0.00 strikes 3.25 +0.05 re inct. 2.90 +0.05 re Attaing 0.83 +0.02 re Pacific 3.00 +0.05 dog 0.248 +0.03	Metabl & Milerals   3778.1   3773.6   3715.4   3715.8   3778.1   (15/8)   3307.5   (2/1)	Madrid SE (30/12/85)
Assign Hybra 1,450 +30 Bank Todge 1,750 +40 Bank Todge 1,750 +40 Bank Todge 1,750 +40 Bringstone 1,200 +50 Bringstone 1,200 +50 Bringstone 1,200 +50 Bringstone 1,200 +50 Calconic Corp. 4,650 -00 Calconic Corp. 1,100 -30 C	Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn   Can Corn	Napou Scim	Totop Brassler	on Gidrillos 8.34	Texas Unifisies 2.048_100 324, - 4, Pan Am 1.6.10, 300 4 Macdonals's 1.864_200 295, + 5, Continued Pet 1.574,600 2815, + 5, Ford Meditz 1.855,100 51 + 5, Am T & T 1.450,500 3814 + 4, Get Medits' 1.753,700 451; + 11, Cott.comp 2.322,200 3114 + 1, Get Medits' 1.753,700 451; + 11, Cott.comp 2.322,200 3114 + 1, Get Medits' 1.322,200 3114 + 1, Get Medits' 1.3222,200 3114 + 1, Get Medits' 1.3222,200 3114 + 1, Get Medits' 1.3222,200 3114 + 1, Get Me	§ Subject to official recalculation.  Base values of all indices are 100 except Brussels SE and DAX — 1,000 JSE Gold — 255.7 JSE industrials — 264.3 and Australia. All Ordinary and Mining — 500; (c) Closed. (d) Unavailable.
Chipse Market   3,836   -90   Chipse Market   1,150   Dated Desertina   1,150   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50   1,50	Kolupa Batric   3,150   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	History	Teste Corp	E KONG st 16 H.K.S + er -	TOKYO - Most Active Stocks Wednesday August 16 1989	Travelling by air on business?
Derminical Paper   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1,010   1	Lion Term Cref 121,400  +10	Hispan Zeon	Tangarel	Ling	Stocks Closing Change   Traded Prices on day   Nippon Steel   13.10m   1,800   +50   Hitachi   1,970   0,27m   10,170   1,970   0,000   1,27m   1,970   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,000   0,00	Enjoy and the years as made and the second of the Elevation
Full Radio	Matsathita Raing 1,670 +10 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070 to 1,070	Prime Steat Pack	Yamatic Rywell   3,800   141   15K Te   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140   140	elecommo 4.80 well Hidgs 3.00 +0.1 sisse Wpa		
Chara   2,300   446   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250   250	Marcia Mohrs	Royal Co	Yamazah Trasi	ealty & Tr A		
Fujitara 1.050 1.50 1.050 Fujitara 1.050 1.050 Fujitara 1.050 1.050 Fujitara 1.050 1.250 1.10 Fujitara Eleki 1.250 1.10	Mitted Sant	Santra 2,010 +70 Santra 2,010 +70 Santra 1,410 +20 Santra 5,940 +40 Santra 2,950 +20 Santra 2,950 +20 Santra 2,950 +50	Yokoken Bast	con Motor 7.35 +0.05 sario Orient 5.10 +0.05 World Dev 10.30 -0.2		
Faither Elect	#T989 BREME	Saurio 5,340 -40 Saurio 52,940 -20 Saurio Saurio 1,570 -20 Saurio Statto 1,570 -40 Saurio Etect 905 Saurio Kohanata 1,570 -410	Veste Battery	World Dev	Your FT hand deliv	vered in Cermans
Galden 2220 +110 Ges Settre 2320 +110 George Gran 1220 +120 George	Wild	\$10000		275 H0.08	AVEL A RECEIVE VALUE	OF THE PERSONER A
Gas-67 Chero	NR	Seine Transport 2,500 20 Seine Seine Chem 2,400 40 Seine 1,660 2,270 49	ANIA 1.17 - Do. 8 Abertoyle 5.90 -0.04 Adelatife Statems 8.00 -0.04 Ametil 1.20 - 0.04 Ametil 1.20 - 0.04 Ametil 1.20 - 0.04 Ametil 1.20 - 0.04	Cinc. Hill   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1.15   1	If you work in the business centres of	
Hazarri-Garri Jacus 1520 420 Hazarri-Garri 1520 420 Hazarri-Garri 1520 420 Histori Heteri 1520 420 Histori Hazarri 1520 420	Marwich   150   20   20   Marwich   150   20   Marwich   150   250   470   Marwich   150   250   470   Marwich   150   250   250   470   Marwich   150   250   250   470   Marwich   150   150   Marwich   150   150   150   150   150   Marwich   150   150   150   150   150   Marwich   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150	Servic State   1,070   10	AMZ Group	APGRE	If you work in the business centres of HAMBURG, BERLIN, DÜSSELDORF, NEUSS, KÖLN, BONN, FRANKFURT, OFFENBACH, HÖCHST, ESCHBORN, RÜSSELSHEIM, MAINZ, WIESBADEN,	12 ISSUES FREE When you take out your first subscription to
Hoteldo Tatash 3,700 +80 Hoteldo Tatash 3,740 +80	March Contract	Science    1,839   +50	Self Reserves	st 16 S\$ + er -  and Hidgs   1.61	MANNHEIM, LUDWIGSHAFEN, STUTTGART, MÜNCHEN, HEIDELBERG, NÜRNBERG or in the TAUNUS AREA — gain the edge over your	the FT, we'll send you 12 issues free. Then see for yourself why Frederick Ungeheuer, Time magazine's senior financial correspondent, describes us as "the paper with the best
House   Paper   970   45   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   1	BEX	Sustitions Carling	Calter Act. 2.55 Onted Rectama 0.57 Onted Rectama 0.57 Onted Rectama 0.57 Onted Rectama 0.57 Onted Rectama 0.57 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10.00 Onted Affect 10	as Bankies 7.30 and Data line 2.84 -0.03 Perpose 1.07 +0.02 10.10 -0.1 4.44 -0.08 1.46 -0.02 1.47 -0.02 1.48 -0.02 1.48 -0.02 1.48 -0.02 1.48 -0.02 1.48 -0.02 1.48 -0.02 1.48 -0.02 1.48 -0.02 1.48 -0.02 1.48 -0.02 1.48 -0.02	competitors.  Have your Financial Times personally hand delivered to your office at no extra charge and you will be fully briefed and alert to all the issues that influence or affect your market and your business.	coverage of international finance."  Frankfurt 0130-5351 (toll free) and ask for Karl Capp for details.
1,050 120 1,540 1,540 1,550 120	Nacid Feylinki   1,190   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	Summore Reuty 2,110 +20 Summore T & Rt 2,900 Summore T & Rt 1,70 +20 Summore T & Rt 1,70 +20 Summore T 1,70	File	15.90 1	j i	<del>&gt;44-4-54-54-54-54-54-54-54-54-54-54-54-54</del>
JEOU 1630 +10	NO Topo Brg	TUK 4,090 -110 Taises Core 1,690 -20 Taises Harins 1,490 -20 Taises Plains 2,400 -110 Taises Plains 255 -5 Tays Roles Sank 1,610 -10 Taises East 1,110	integrial Entity 236	From on the page are as quoted on Spidgal exchanges and are last traded followerships associated. dividend, at Ex strip issue, at Ex rights. 31.	FINANCI EUROPE'S BUSIN	ALTIMES ESS NEWSPAPER
Japan Metals	2 recibing real survivous stants said	The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s				

3pm prices August 16

10. 3.8 20 64 192 11. x120 9.5 6 9.1 12 11. 9 157 12 11. 12 16 157 1.3 16 157 1.3 16 15 12 2 37 1.3 12 2 30 7 10 398 1.3 14 270 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 2 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 1.3 12 30 \$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac | 10 | Ariban | 10 | Ariban | 11 | Ariban | 12 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 13 | Ariban | 14 | Ariban | 14 | Ariban | 14 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban | 15 | Ariban |

| Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | Sect | 1 10 Session

1 241, CB1 in 157 CBS

1 27, CCX

1 27, CCX

1 157, CCX

1 157, CCX

1 157, CCX

1 154, CB1 in 157

1 157, 1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157

1 157 1.24a .20e 1.80 .40 1.80e 1.34e 1.58 : .24 1.24 9-1: Centric 1.11
27-1: Centric 1.12
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.10
27-1: Centric 1.20
27-1: Centric 

154, DCNY 499
244 DPL 224
151 DRE 128
111, Dailes 38
141, Dailes 38
142, Daniber 77
152, Daniber 77
153, DPL 27
154, Daniber 77
155, DROPH 18
154, Deliver 18
154, Deliver 18
154, Deliver 18
154, Deliver 18
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
154, Deliver 19
155, Deliver 19 2月11日ではは20日間のでは日本のでは、1995年の日本のでは、1995年には、1995年の1997年の1997年の1995年の1997年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の1995年の 

| Sect | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section SASSANIA BEN TO STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA STANIA TESSOURCE OF THE TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A TEST TO A 

To a to the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first of the first 1,0 10 .7 27 6.5 6.5 6.3 7.2 6.9 7.2 6.9 THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O ではない。 201457の大は古地では、2014年のでは、1914年のでは、1914年のでは、1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914年の1914 

OVER-THE-COUNTER

22% 87% 85% 11% 64% 13% 77% 417

Nasdao national market

9 47 18 7 14 127 18 4 + 16 18 + - 16 18 + - 19 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14 + 28 14

Ф 37

BBST s .72
BH Bxd22-75e
BHA s BMA s .50
BMA 1.20
BMC Sh STU int
Bebags Behard s .15
BncPop s .60
Bcphte s1.55
BncPhc 1.50
Bchter 1.55
BncPhc 1.50
Bchter 1.55
BncPhc 1.50
Bchter 1.55
BncPhc 1.50
Bchter 1.55
BncPhc 1.50
Bchter 2.50
Bchter 3.55
Bnchter 5.50
Bchter 5.50
Bch

.48 1 .52 1 .30e 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80

2114718740761922002221113143220022211314121222214311123452651557254 744444447

23- 11-5 11-5 17-5 + 1-5 11-5 11-5 + 1-5 11-5 + 1-5 11-5 + 1-5 11-5 + 1-5 11-5 + 1-5 11-5 + 1-5 11-5 + 1-5

COMPOSITE PRICES 

41 Rodrisos 1.20

101 Rodrisos 1.20

102 Rodrisos 1.20

103 Rodrisos 1.30

103 Rodrisos 1.30

104 Rodrisos 1.30

104 Rodrisos 1.30

104 Rodrisos 1.40

104 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1.40

105 Rodrisos 1

201 Berriec 1.80
41 Spoints 1.85
261 Signer 1.85
14 Signer 1.85
151 Signer 1.85
152 Signer 1.85
153 Signer 1.85
154 Signer 1.85
154 Signer 1.85
154 Signer 1.85
154 Signer 1.85
154 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.85
155 Signer 1.8

Smale Div. E ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE COLORS ATLE

1-16 - 1-16
BSM B
BSM B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B
BANK B

•

4 .36 1 .90 1 .28 .06 .01 .0−1 

Sales figures are unoticial. Yearly highs and lows reflect the previous 52 weeks plus the current week, but not the latest trading day. Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 percent or more has been paid, the year's high-only range and dividend are shown for the new stock only. Unless otherwise noised, rates of dividend are annual dispursements based on the latest declaration.

a-dividend size xtrain), bearnest rate of dividend plus stock dividend, c-liquidening dividend, cid-called, d-new yearly low, e-dividend declaration or paid in practicing 12 months.p-dividend in Canadian funds, subject to 15th year-residence tax. I dividend declared after split-up or stock dividend, j-dividend paid this year, omitted, defarred, or no action taken at latest dividend meeting. I-dividend declared or no action taken at latest dividend meeting, i-dividend declared or no action taken at latest dividend meeting. I-dividend declared or no action taken at latest dividend season the high-tow range begins with the start of tracing, nd-next day delivery. P/E price-tarnings ratio, r-dividend sealors or paid in proceeding 12 months, plus stock dividend, s-stock split. Dividends begin with date of split, sis-cales t-olvidend paid in seach in preceding 12 months, settmated cash value on ex-dividend or se-distribution date. u-new yearly high, v-brading halped, vi-h bankruptly or receivation to being reorganised under the Bankruptly or receivation is being reorganised under the Bankruptly or receivers issued www.with warrants, b-st-dividend or co-riging, xids-ex-distribution, xw-without warrants, y-sx-dividend and sales infull, yid-yield, z-sales in full.

44 2 Zapata 15½ 10½ Zemas: 40 25½ 16½ Zemas: 40 25½ 16½ Zemas: 125 24, 1½ v/Zemb. 20½ 15 Zembil 84 20½ 15 Zembil 84 22½ 14½ Zem .50 44½ 21½ Zemin .81 20½ 22½ 14½ Zemin .88 20½ 20½ 20½ Zemin .88

COMPOSITE

## 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | Shock Dhy. Cheese Constitute Cons

Seneck Division of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of th .44 .43 .24 .24

0± 15a .80 .12 .10 Seeds 0
PRID 15e
PRID 15e
PRID 15e
PRID 15e
PRID 15e
PRID 15e
PRID 15e
PRID 15e
PRID 15e
PRID 15e
PRID 15e
PRID 16e
PRID 15e
PRID 16e
PRID 15e
PRID 16e
PRID 15e
5 4 2 4 2 1 - 12 2 1 - 12 2 1 - 12 2 1 - 12 4 17 7 1 12 10 1 + 1

程则 从正过去了 2000年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,1900年,19 

Descher 35
Descher 55
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58
Descher 58 

## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## 107 | ## | 1940年 | 1950年 | 1

LPL
LSI LF 8 .05
LSI LF 8 .05
LSI LF 8 .05
LSI LF 9 .05
LSI LF 9 .25
LSI LF 7 .25
LSI LF 7 .25
LSI LF 7 .25
LSI LF 7 .25
LSI LSI LF 7 .25
LSI LSI LF 7 .25
LSI LSI LF 7 .25
LSI LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI JF 7 .25
LSI MAC R s NEOAX NESB MUNL 1. Napco Napto NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NiComBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa NicomBa .60] 1.20 .63 k 1.40 .25 .44 .750 L180

It's attention to detail AMETERDAM Marriott

# **FINANCIAL TIMES**

# Airline stocks drop back while Dow drifts upwards

**Wall Street** 

A DESULTORY day on Wall Street saw stocks drifting higher, writes Karen Zagor in

At 2 pm, the Dow Jones Industrial Average was up 8.54 points at 2.696.32. Trading was slow on the New York Stock Exchange and only about 96m shares had changed hands by 1 pm. Advancing issues led those declining by a ratio of eight to

The equity market was largely unmoved by a series of July economic reports which indicated continued slow growth of the US economy. Industrial production rose 0.2 per cent last month, the capacity utilisation rate dipped to 83.9 per cent from 84 per cent a month earlier and housing starts rose 0.8 per cent. The figures were in line with analysts' expectations.

The data had little impact on the debt market, where Trea-suries were trading a fraction higher yesterday morning. At midsession, the Treasury's bellwether 30-year bond was up % point at 99%, yielding 8.14

Fed Funds, the rate at which banks lend money to each other, were at 9th per cent through most of the morning. The Federal Reserve did not arrange any open market

Wall Street is now waiting for the June trade report, due to be issued today and Friday's release of the July consumer

Transportation stocks were the only sector to trade lower yesterday morning. At 1 pm the Dow Jones Transportation Average was down 1.60 points

UAL, the parent of United Airlines which has received a takeover bid of \$240-a-share, dropped \$1% to \$252%. AMR, the parent of American Airlines, was down \$1/4 at \$78%. Texas Air, parent of Continental and the troubled Eastern airlines, slipped \$% to \$17%. Delta Air Lines fell \$% to \$73% and USAir was down \$% at

The three big car makers continued to post gains follow-ing Tuesday's release of better-than-expected sales for the beginning of August. Ford Motor was up \$% at \$51%, Chrysler gained \$% to \$25% and General Motors added \$%

Hilton Hotels fell \$1% to \$106% after two putative bidders for the company said they had not been talking to Hilton.
Toys "R" Us gained \$% to \$32%. The international toy store chain reported second quarter earnings of 12 cents a share, unchanged from the prePfizer jumped \$1% to \$66% after an analyst at Cowen & Company said the issue was one of the cheapest drug group stocks. The company's former 52-week high was \$65%.

Among other drug company stocks, Merck gained \$% to \$76%, Bristol Myers rose \$% to \$47%. SmithKline Beecham was up \$% at \$46%, Schering-Blouch added \$% to \$74% and Plough added \$1/4 to \$74% and Marion Labs fell \$1/4 to \$35%. Wang Labs dropped \$1/2 to \$6. The troubled computer company is negotiating with

its bank creditors to restructure its short-term debt and has said it would halt payments on some interest of its institutional debt.
Cooper Tire & Rubber dropped \$1% to \$36 in heavy trading. The company declined to explain the unusual market

Integrated Resources plum-meted to \$1%, down \$%. Earlier in the week the financial services company told its creditors that it was in worse financial straits than expected.

A COMPUTER knocked out the Toronto Stock Exchange's automated systems for almost three hours yesterday morning. When trading resumed at 12.30 pm, the composite index rose sharply and by 1 pm was up 11.4 at 4,013.7.

# Relaxed trader welcomes the revolution in Vienna

Judy Dempsey looks at changing styles in Austria

R WERNER Schmid is one of those remarkably easy-going people, so much so that he would not strike the unsuspecting observer as a trader.

Apart from his relaxed man ner, he does not don those coloured shirts with the white cuffs, the silk ties and the neat, if not coiffeured, hairstyle. Nor does he fit the image of the Wall Street or City of London types who seem to spend all their earnings on high mortgages and fast cars. Yet Mr Schmid, 39, is a trader and a successful one. He

works at Gutmann, a private Austrian bank formed at the turn of the century. In its bright, tastefully furnished offices in Swartzenburg Platz, spends half the morning.

The vast office conveys a

sense of what Vienna must have been like in the halcyon days of the exchange. Mr Schmid is surrounded by framed share certificates. Some are in old dinars (Yugoslav currency), others are in Hun-gary's pre-war currency, a reminder of the importance of both Vienna and Budapest as trading centres before the Second World War. From about 8 am, Mr Schmid

makes phone calls and checks on his order book. About 80 per cent of buying and selling in



**BROKERS' WORLD** 

Vienna is done over the phone the remainder is done on the bourse floor, where he heads every day at about 11 am. The bourse has none of the speed, excitement and frustrations of London. Still, as Mr Schmid jovially points out, the recent re-awakening of the market has at least created a new generation of Viennese yuppies. Their appearance on the trading floor would have been unthinkable even a year ago. "There used to be a few people here, and mostly always the same faces," says Mr Schmid. "The bourse ticked over. Just about." Now that foreigners are tak-ing a keener and more active look at Vienna, young Austri-

ans are beginning to take the profession seriously. In one of the corners of the bourse sits the crowd from Creditanstalt, the country's biggest bank. A few years ago, you would have seen less than a handful of the bank's traders, fiddling around and killing time. Now there are at least seven people, perched in front seven people, perched in front of their screens or chatting, making sure they do not crease their Wall Street-type shirts.

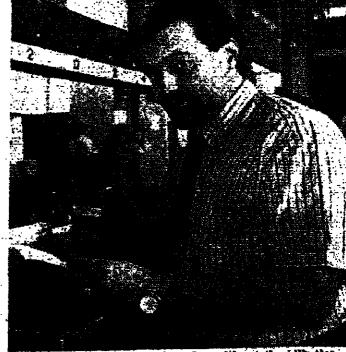
Next to them is Girozentrale, number two in the rankings. There, the yuppy set is far more casual, some of them even wearing trackshoes, teashirts and jackets. The sweat does not seem to be pouring off them, no sign of panic here. Nor is there in the neighbour-

dressed, quiet and busy mak-ing calculations. Some of the brokers are not enthusiastic about the changes. "These computers and things, it's not the same," bemoans a gentle-speaking vet-eran. "All those young people. And before, well there'd be a man who would chalk up on the board the prices, the rises and falls. But now. Well. It all has to be fast."

ing Länderbank quarter, where the staff, in contrast to their

neighbours, are all soberly

Mr Schmid has no problems with the speed, probably because he thinks that for far



Werner Schmid: successful trader without the kilk thes

too long the Vienna exchange reflected the amazingly slow pace of life in the Austrian capital. Now, finally, the country's citizens are looking outwards. one thing he really appreciates is the increasing role played by the big banks. "Back in 1985, we had a real break. The foreigners started coming back. And what happened? Instead of rising to the challenge, the banks did not trade. The big banks didn't bother making an effort. They were making an effort. They were not able to handle the volume. But not only that. They were not taking risks. They would

what is a market which dozen't move both ways?"

As he completes his order book, Mr Schmid prepares to return to the office for a long afternoon, of further phone calls. After all Well Street is only waking up.

Meanwhile, curious spectators look down from the halcony, wondering what is going on. Slowly but surely, the Vienness are realising there is more to money than locking it away in a savings account.

away in a savings account. Now that is real change.

This is the latest article in a weekly series.

# Amsterdam hits new high as Swedish turnover soars

THERE were a few sparks of to finish only slightly higher, interest in Europe yesterday, losing further ground in the Swedish markets, where new highs were reached. But trading in leading bourses was marked by a lack of energy. writes Our Markets Staff.

AMSTERDAM reached another record high in moderate volume worth Fl 743m as investors made the most of good news in the form of a stronger dollar - helpful for the exporters - and gains in leading overseas markets.

The CBS all-share index put on 1.2 to 206.3 and the tendency index was up 1.6 at 198.4. NMB was popular again, with interest stimulated by a US broker's recommendation and rumours of a stock split. It gained Fl 4 to Fl 282.50 for a two-day rise of 2.5 per cent. Hoogovens was the most

active stock, rising F12.30 to F1116.80 in the run-up to its Hunter Douglas, the window covers maker, lost Fl 1.70 to Fl 117.80 after reporting higher first half profits on Tuesday. One analyst said most of the growth appeared to stem from growth appeared to stem from lower tax charges, which had caused some disappointment.

Transport and storage stocks were boosted by news of higher first half cargo handling fig-ures at Rotterdam harbour. STOCKHOLM enjoyed one of

its heaviest day's trading this year. The Affärsvärlden index rose 14.7 to 1,327.9, its 72nd record in 155 trading days so far in 1989, on turnover worth more than SKr510m, up from Tuesday's SKr360m.

Ericsson, which has benefited from analysts' recommen-dations, continued its advance. The telecommunications group's free B shares, which climbed above SKr600 last week, breached SKr700 before finishing SKr20 ahead at

FRANKFURT made a brief attempt to find some strength again, but shares slipped back

after-market.

The DAX index ended 7.39
up at 1,581.04, near its low for
the day, after hitting 1,594 earlier. The FAZ index at midsession showed a gain of 8.72 to 655.82. Volume recovered to an active DM5.2bn.

The strong opening, followed by a steady decline, was a sign that the consolidation phase was not yet over, said an

VW led the early rise, reaching DM477 amid high expectations of next year's results, but rumours of a forthcoming capi-tal increase ate into gains. The share price closed DM4.50 higher at DM469.50. Tuesday's poorer-than-expec-ted results from Hoechst con-

tinued to depress the chemi-cals sector as investors realised they had been over-optimistic about profits prospects. Hoechst lost DM180 to DM297 and Bayer DM3.50 to DM311.
PARIS found it hard to shake off the sluggish state induced by the four-day week-

end and shares ended narrowly mixed. Most buying interest appeared to come from abroad, particularly London, since many French investors and dealers were on their summer

"I think it may be rather a deadly week," commented one broker. Turnover was estimated at FFr1.6bn to FFr1.8bn. The OMF 50 index was 1.04 higher at 518.64. The CAC General index, based on opening prices and thus reflecting activity on Friday, reached a record high of 509.80, up 2.6. The Suez bid for Cie Indus-trielle and Victoire continued

to generate some interest, with Suez rising FFr4.80 to

**SOUTH AFRICA** THE rise in the gold price and the weakening of the financial rand buoyed gold stocks which closed sharply higher in busy dealings. Platinums also rose. company with an indirect stake in Industrielle, rising FFr29, or 5 per cent, to FFr589. Cie Bancaire climbed FFr25 to FFr705. It is an affiliate of Paribas, seen as a possible backer for industrielle if the group fights the Suez bid, which is expected to receive official clearance tomorrow. Bancaire is also regarded as a beneficiary of lower interest

ZURICH was tipped off its day's highs by profit-taking, but most shares still rose in moderate trading. The Crédit Suisse index added 4.9 to 666.1. Ciba-Geigy, the pharmaceuti-cals company, recovered from a low of SFr4,480 to close up SFr30 at SFr4,550 after announcing first-half group net profits up 23 per cent - below expectations - and predicting a rise in annual profits.

MILAN eased in fairly busy August account. Cir, Mr Carlo De Benedetti's holding com-pany, continued to decline before today's rights issue, los-ing L20 to L5,990 and falling to L5,900 after the close. The Comit index shed 2,95 to 693,22. MADRID ended lower as investors reacted to the sharply higher July inflation figure published on Monday. figure published on Monday. However, the general index lost only 0.36 to 311.42, with support coming from Telefonica, which rose 4.75 percentage points to 207.50 per cent of par. BRUSSRIS returned from its a two-day holiday with an uneventful day's trading.

Group AG, a leading insurer, rose BFr600 to BFr10,000 on hopes that French group Suez, with which it has strong links, would succeed in its bid for Victoire.

Cockerill, the state-owned steelmaker, closed BFr35 lower at BFr357 in lively trade after news of its share issue.

OSLO bounced back after several days of lacklustre trading. The all-share index rose 8.84 to 504.71. **ASIA PACIFIC** 

# Rising yen lifts buoyant Nikkei past 35,000

Tokyo

HEARTENED by a rising yen and higher government bond prices, investors in the Tokyo market shook off the summer doldrums yesterday and drove shares to a record high, writes Yuriko Mita in Tokyo.

The market was buoyant throughout the day. Small-lot trading and index-linked institutional buying combined forces to push the Nikkei average to a close above the 35,000 level for the first time, surging 273.46 to 35,084.15. On August 2, the index breached 35,000 during the

trading session, but then fell back to close below it. The pre-vious record close was 34,953.87 on July 31. Yesterday, the Nik-kei moved between a high of 35,086.10 and a low of 34,819.29. Investor interest initially centred on expensive, high-technology, blue chips, but buying soon spread to smaller shares that had been lagging.

Share volume improved to 580m, up from Tuesday's 415m. Advances led declines by 621 to 258, with 205 issues unchanged.
The Topix index of all listed shares moved up 17.28 to 2,650.61; in London, the ISE/Nikkei 50 rose 3.44 from the Tokyo close to 2,112.59. With the approach of the

securities firms' half year accounts in September, many brokers were eager to promote what one analyst called "their favourite cause" – heavy-capital issues, such as steels and shipbuilders. Nippon Steel, the most

active issue, rose Y2 to Y832 on volume of 23.11m shares. volume of 23.11m shares. Rumours persisted that life insurance firms and trust banks were buying as part of their pitches to win contracts to manage the company's pension funds.

Tokyo Steel hit a record of Y5,400 during the session and was the third most active stock with 11.79m shares traded But

with 11.79m shares traded. But later profit-taking sent it down Y30 to close at Y5,270. Bridgestone, which, with two

turers, has won a big tyre order from Iran was the second most active stock with volume of 18.1m shares. Its stock has been perceived as undervalued and investors have been impressed by sales of its golf balls. The stock reached Y1,830, an all-time high, before closing at Y1,800, up Y50.

Osaka also gained ground, with the OSE average climbing 125.02 to 34,925.81. Volume reached 76m shares.

Roundup

THE BEST performer in the Asia Pacific region yesterday was New Zealand, followed by

ended only slightly changed. NEW ZEALAND surged to a post-crash high on signs of continued economic growth and cuts in interest rates. The Bar-clays Index gained 54.29, or 2.4 per cent, to 2,277.21, passing the previous post-crash peak of 2,259.85 reached on August 8. Volume was heavy at 47m shares, up from the previous

day's 36m, as local investors day's 36m, as local investors displayed renewed confidence. Figures showing a trade account surplus for the March quarter revealed that growth was continuing, not flattening out as some had predicted.

The market was also encour-

aged by a cut in home loan-

Fletcher Challenge, the largest domestic home builder, gained 14 cents to NZ\$5.80. AUSTRALIA was encouraged by Tuesday's Federal budget and the announcement of a

sell, but not buy back

ily current account deficit at the low end of expectations. The All Ordinaries index rose 6.0 to 1,719.4, although profit-taking trimmed an earlier 19point gain. Turnover amounted to 117m shares worth A\$248m. HONG KONG strode ahead in morning trading, but gave up gains as nervous sellers emerged. The Hang Seng index ended 2:29 lower at 2,635.90. Another government land

auction, due today, and half-

Hang Seng Bank were cited as reasons for the caution. But volume climbed to HK\$1.06bn from HK3911m on Tuesday.

Hopewell featured with a 10 cent rise to HKS3 press reports concerning a loan to finance its road-building plans in China's Guangdong province.
SINGAPORE recovered from earlier losses to end slightly

higher, encouraged by the rebound in Tokyo. The Straits Times industrial index gained 5.73 to 1,377.80 in very active trading of 111m shares.

TAIWAN continued to advance, with the weighted index adding 114.08, or 1.2 per cent. to 9.689.76.

# _ira 40.000.000.000

Construction and Project Financing

# Società Dell'Acqua Pia Antica Marcia Per Azioni

# The New Sports Stadium Turin

for the 1990 World Cup Soccer Series

Funding provided by:

Security Pacific Bank AG

Financière Européenne

(Deutschland) AG

Citibank, N.A.

London Branch

Turin Head Office

Japan Leasing (Europe) PLC B.S.F.E. - Banque de la Société

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce

Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino

As Italian Paying Agent, Trustee Bank: Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino

### FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and County NatWest/Wood Mackenzie in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS _	TUESDAY AUGUST 15 1989						MONDAY AUGUST 14 1989			DOLLAR INDEX		
Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dollar Index	Day's Change %	Pound Starling Index	Local Currency Index	Day's change % local currency	Gross Div. Yield	US Dollar Index	Pound Starling Index	Local Currency Index	1999 High	1989 Low	Year ago (approx
Australia (85)	148.94	- 1.0	140.38	131.16	-0.3	4.74	150,43	140.80	131.57	157.12	128,28	145,81
Austria (19)	136.39	+0.0	128.55	137.73	+0.0	1.77	136.37	127.64	137.73	139.65	92.84	87.34
Belgium (63)	132.81	-0.2	125.18	133.63	÷0.0	4.14	133,14	124.62	133.63	137.97	125.58	112.20
Canada (124)	151.60	-0.1	142.89	129.81	+0.3	8.08	151.73	142.02	129.43	153.59	124.67	118.30
Denmark (36)	194.31	-0.4	183.14	199.60	-0.2	1.57	195.09	182.59	199.99	219.89	165.35	
Finland (26)	136.15	+0.2	128.33	125.04	+0.4	2.20	135,90	127.19	124.58	159.16		122.6
France (126)	127.43	0.5	120.11	131.48	+0.0	2.87	128.02	119.82	131.48	133.44	125.81 112.57	125.3
West Germany (100)	94.53	<b>- 1.5</b>	89.10	95.66	-1.1	2.13	96.01	89.86	96.76	100.53		89.9
Hong Kong (48)	110.73	<b></b> 0.1	104.37	110.98	-0.1	4.87	110.82	103.73	111.07	140.33	79.56	73.70
reland (17)	159.08	- 0.9	149.93	163.25	-0.7	2.57	160.58	150.30	164.38		86.41	105.40
taly (97)	91.54	- 0.3	86.27	95.57	+0.0	2.34	91.81			166.69	125.00	129.13
Japan (455)	186.49	-0.4	175.77	167.57	+0.0	0.48	187,23	85.94	95.57	95.04	74.97	72.1
Malaysia (36)	191.54	-0.9	180.54	197.63	-0.8	2.43	193.22	175.24	167.58	200.11	164.22	164.00
Mexico (13)	270.86	+0.8	255.29	753.10	+0.9	0.67		180.85	199.13	193.38	143.35	148.74
Netherland (43)	126.49	- 0.3	119.22	126,72	+0.1	4.09	268.62 138.60	251.42	746.71	277.40	153.32	150,43
Yew Zealand (20)	78.54	+0.7	74.02	71.23			126.82	118.70	126.53	130.67	110.63	101,8
Norway (24)	174.24	-0.2	164,22	167.79	+1.2	4.85	77.99	72.99	70.40	81.13	62.64	78.38
Singapore (26)	170.41	-0.1	160.62		+0.1	1.54	174.54	163.36	167.55	198.39	139.92	114.0
South Africa (60)	152.48	+0.3		153.69	<b>−0.1</b>	1.81	170.62	159.69	153.91	170.62	124.57	129.04
Spain (43)	154.68	-0.2	143.71	137.44	+0.3	4.00	152.08	142.34	137.08	154,31	115.35	112.B
Sweden (35)	186.07	+0.6	145.79	142.49	+0.0	3,61	154,93	145.01	142.49	158.06	143,14	146.45
			175.37	181.46	+0.7	1.92	184,90	173.07	180.11	188.94	138.45	
Switzerland (64)	89.47	-1.2	84.32	93.04	-1.1	2.03	90.58	84.78	94.09	94.16		113.34
United Kingdom (310)	150.79	-0.6	142.13	142.13	+0.0	4.10	151.77	142.08			67.81	75.93
JSA (551)	140.31	+0.4	132.25	140.31	+0.4	3.24	139.70		142.06	158.41	133.28	131.26
urope (1003)	126.64	-0.7	119.36					130.76	139.70	142.07	112.13	106.40
Nordic (121)	168.10	+0.2	158.44	123.97	-0.2	3.31	127.50	119.34	124.21	132.62	112.63	103,88
Pacific Basin (670)	182.22	-0.4		160.48	+0.3	1,78	167.84	157.09	159,96	178.38	137.95	109.55
uro - Pacific (1673)	160.08		171.75	164.03	+0.0	0.70	182.98	171.24	164.05	194.72	160.44	
		-0.5	150.88	147.95	-0.1	1.54	160.87	150.57	148.06	166.98		160.97
torth America (675)	140.88	+0.4	132.79	139.67	+0.4	3.23	140,32	131.34			141.58	138.14
urope Ex. UK (693)	111.30	-0.7	104,90	112.76	-0.4	3.23 2.72	112.08		139.08	142.64	112.79	107.03
acific Ex. Japan (215)	130.97	-0.6	123,44	119.65	- Ď.Ž	4.47	131.71	104.91	113.18	116.28	96.30	86.89
Vorld Ex. US (1870)	159.78	<b>- 0.5</b>	150.59	147.47	- 0.1	1.61	160.53	123.28	119.84	137.65	111.93	124.52
Vorid Ex. UK (2111)	151.86	-0.1	143.13	145.30	+0.1	1.96		150.25	147.55	166.35	141.4 <del>9</del>	137,21
Vorld Ex. So. At. (2361)	151.75	-0.2	143.03	145.04	+0.1		152,06	142.32	145.14	155.66	136,98	124.72
Norld Ex. Japan (1966)	135.39	+0.0	127.61	133.54		2.13	152.02	14 <u>2.2</u> 9	144,89	155.92	136.67	125,38
	464.75			133.34	+0.2	3.32	135.42	126.75	133,29	138.23	114.51	106.72
he World Index (2421)	151.75	-0.2	143.03	144.99	+0.1	2.15	152.02	142.28	144.84	155.89	136.68	125.29
Copyright, The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and County NatWest Securities Limited. 1987  Latest prices were unavailable for this edition. Markets closed August 15: Austria, Beigium, France Italy and Spain.  Following changes in foreign ownership restrictions the market capitalisation of Brit Aerospace (UK) has been increased.												

The undersigned structured,

Project and Leisure Finance Group Security Pacific Bank AG, Frankfurt

arranged and advised on this transaction.

Security Pacific Merchant Bank is the business name of Security Pacific National Bank

